- Low r<sub>DS(on)</sub>...7 Ω Typ
- Avalanche Energy . . . 30 mJ
- Eight Power DMOS Transistor Outputs of 100-mA Continuous Current
- 250-mA Current Limit Capability
- ESD Protection . . . 2500 V
- Output Clamp Voltage . . . 33 V
- Devices Are Cascadable
- Low Power Consumption

#### description

The TPIC6C595 is a monolithic, medium-voltage, low-current power 8-bit shift register designed for use in systems that require relatively moderate load power such as LEDs. The device contains a built-in voltage clamp on the outputs for inductive transient protection. Power driver applications include relays, solenoids, and other low-current or medium-voltage loads.

This device contains an 8-bit serial-in, parallel-out shift register that feeds an 8-bit D-type storage register. Data transfers through both the shift and storage registers on the rising edge of the shift register clock (SRCK) and the register clock (RCK), respectively. The device transfers data out the serial output (SER OUT) port on the rising edge of SRCK. The storage register transfers data to the output buffer when shift register clear ( $\overline{CLR}$ ) is high. When  $\overline{CLR}$  is low, the input shift register is cleared. When output enable ( $\overline{G}$ ) is held high, all data in the output buffers is held low and all drain

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#### logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

outputs are off. When  $\overline{G}$  is held low, data from the storage register is transparent to the output buffers. When data in the output buffers is low, the DMOS transistor outputs are off. When data is high, the DMOS transistor outputs have sink-current capability. The SER OUT allows for cascading of the data from the shift register to additional devices.



This device contains circuits to protect its inputs and outputs against damage due to high static voltages or electrostatic fields. These circuits have been qualified to protect this device against electrostatic discharges (ESD) of up to 2 kV according to MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015; however, it is advised that precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum-rated voltages to these high-impedance circuits. During storage or handling, the device leads should be shorted together or the device should be placed in conductive foam. In a circuit, unused inputs should always be connected to an appropriated logic voltage level, preferably either V<sub>CC</sub> or ground. Specific guidelines for handling devices of this type are contained in the publication *Guidelines for Handling Electrostatic-Discharge-Sensitive (ESDS) Devices and Assemblies* available from Texas Instruments.



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#### description (continued)

Outputs are low-side, open-drain DMOS transistors with output ratings of 33 V and 100 mA continuous sink-current capability. Each output provides a 250-mA maximum current limit at  $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ . The current limit decreases as the junction temperature increases for additional device protection. The device also provides up to 2500 V of ESD protection when tested using the human-body model and 200 V machine model.

The TPIC6C595 is characterized for operation over the operating case temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C.

### logic diagram (positive logic)





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#### schematic of inputs and outputs



# absolute maximum ratings over recommended operating case temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Logic supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)	
Logic input voltage range, V <sub>1</sub>	-0.3 V to 7 V
Power DMOS drain-to-source voltage, V <sub>DS</sub> (see Note 2)	
Continuous source-to-drain diode anode current	250 mA
Pulsed source-to-drain diode anode current (see Note 3)	500 mA
Pulsed drain current, each output, all outputs on, $I_D$ , $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ (see Note 3)	250 mA
Continuous drain current, each output, all outputs on, $I_D$ , $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	100 mA
Peak drain current single output, I <sub>DM</sub> ,T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C (see Note 3)	250 mA
Single-pulse avalanche energy, E <sub>AS</sub> (see Figure 4)	
Avalanche current, I <sub>AS</sub> (see Note 4)	200 mA
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T <sub>J</sub>	−40°C to 150°C
Operating case temperature range, T <sub>C</sub>	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values are with respect to GND.

2. Each power DMOS source is internally connected to GND.

3. Pulse duration  $\leq$  100  $\mu$ s and duty cycle  $\leq$  2%.

4. DRAIN supply voltage = 15 V, starting junction temperature ( $T_{JS}$ ) = 25°C, L = 1.5 H,  $I_{AS}$  = 200 mA (see Figure 4).

#### DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_C \le 25^{\circ}C$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING
D	1087 mW	8.7 mW/°C	217 mW
Ν	1470 mW	11.7 mW/°C	294 mW



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### recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Logic supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	5.5	V
High-level input voltage, VIH	0.85 V <sub>CC</sub>		V
Low-level input voltage, VIL		0.15 V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Pulsed drain output current, $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{CC} = 5$ V, all outputs on (see Notes 3 and 5 and Figure 11)		250	mA
Setup time, SER IN high before SRCK <sup>↑</sup> , t <sub>SU</sub> (see Figure 2)	20		ns
Hold time, SER IN high after SRCK↑, t <sub>h</sub> (see Figure 2)	20		ns
Pulse duration, t <sub>W</sub> (see Figure 2)	40		ns
Operating case temperature, T <sub>C</sub>	-40	125	°C

### electrical characteristics, $V_{CC}$ = 5 V, $T_{C}$ = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V(BR)DSX	Drain-to-source breakdown voltage	I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA		33	37		V	
V <sub>SD</sub>	Source-to-drain diode forward voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA			0.85	1.2	V	
Ver	High-level output voltage, SER OUT	I <sub>OH</sub> = -20 μA,	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	4.4	4.49		V	
VOH		$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA},$	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	4	4.2		V	
Ve	Low-level output voltage, SER OUT	I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA,	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		0.005	0.1	V	
VOL		$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA},$	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		0.3	0.5	v	
IIН	High-level input current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	AI = ACC			1	μA	
۱ <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	$V_{I} = 0$			-1	μA	
laa	Logic supply current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	All outputs off		20	200	A	
ICC			All outputs on		150	500	μA	
I <sub>CC(FRQ)</sub>	Logic supply current at frequency	fSRCK = 5 MHz, All outputs off,	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, See Figures 2 and 6		1.2	5	mA	
۱ <sub>N</sub>	Nominal current	$V_{DS(on)} = 0.5 V,$ $T_{C} = 85^{\circ}C,$	I <sub>N</sub> = I <sub>D</sub> , See Notes 5, 6, and 7		90		mA	
		V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V,	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V		0.1	5		
IDSX	Off-state drain current	V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,		0.15	8	μΑ	
rDS(on)		I <sub>D</sub> = 50 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V			6.5	9		
	Static drain-source on-state resistance	$I_D = 50 \text{ mA},$ $T_C = 125^{\circ}C,$ $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	See Notes 5 and 6 and Figures 7 and 8		9.9	12	Ω	
		I <sub>D</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V			6.8	10		

NOTES: 3. Pulse duration  $\leq$  100  $\mu$ s and duty cycle  $\leq$  2%.

5. Technique should limit  $T_J - T_C$  to 10°C maximum.

6. These parameters are measured with voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current-carrying contacts.

Nominal current is defined for a consistent comparison between devices from different sources. It is the current that produces a voltage drop of 0.5 V at T<sub>C</sub> = 85°C.



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### switching characteristics, V\_{CC} = 5 V, T\_C = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output from $\overline{G}$			80		ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output from $\overline{G}$			50		ns
tpd	Propagation delay time, SRCK to SEROUT	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, I <sub>D</sub> = 75 mA, See Figures 1, 2, and 9		20		ns
tr	Rise time, drain output			100		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time, drain output			80		ns
ta	Reverse-recovery-current rise time	I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA, di/dt = 10 A/µs,		100		
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse-recovery time	See Notes 5 and 6 and Figure 3		120		ns

NOTES: 5. Technique should limit  $T_J-T_C$  to 10°C maximum.

6. These parameters are measured with voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current-carrying contacts.

#### thermal resistance

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN MA	K UNIT
R <sub>0JA</sub> Thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient	D package	All 8 outputs with equal power	11	5 °C/W
	memai resistance, junction-to-ambient	N package	All o outputs with equal power	8



- NOTES: A. The word generator has the following characteristics:  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns,  $t_W = 300$  ns, pulsed repetition rate (PRR) = 5 kHz,  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ .
  - B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

### Figure 1. Resistive-Load Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

- NOTES: A. The word generator has the following characteristics:  $t_f \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns,  $t_W = 300$  ns, pulsed repetition rate (PRR) = 5 kHz,  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ .
  - B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.





NOTES: A. The DRAIN terminal under test is connected to the TP K test point. All other terminals are connected together and connected to the TP A test point.

B. The V<sub>GG</sub> amplitude and R<sub>G</sub> are adjusted for di/dt = 10 A/ $\mu$ s. A V<sub>GG</sub> double-pulse train is used to set I<sub>F</sub> = 0.1 A, where t<sub>1</sub> = 10  $\mu$ s, t<sub>2</sub> = 7  $\mu$ s, and t<sub>3</sub> = 3  $\mu$ s.

#### Figure 3. Reverse-Recovery-Current Test Circuit and Waveforms of Source-to-Drain Diode



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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



#### SINGLE-PULSE AVALANCHE ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

#### VOLTAGE AND CURRENT WAVEFORMS

NOTES: A. The word generator has the following characteristics:  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ . B. Input pulse duration,  $t_w$ , is increased until peak current  $I_{AS} = 200 \text{ mA}$ . Energy test level is defined as  $E_{AS} = I_{AS} \times V_{(BR)DSX} \times \tilde{t_{av}}/2 = 30 \text{ mJ}.$ 





# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

NOTE A: Technique should limit  $T_J - T_C$  to 10°C maximum.



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### THERMAL INFORMATION



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### THERMAL INFORMATION



D PACKAGE<sup>†</sup> NORMALIZED JUNCTION-TO-AMBIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs

<sup>†</sup> Device mounted on FR4 printed-circuit board with no heat sink

NOTES:  $Z_{\Theta A}(t) = r(t) R_{\Theta JA}$  $t_w = pulse duration$ 

 $t_{\rm C}$  = cycle time

 $d = duty cycle = t_W/t_C$ 





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