

SN75HVD08, SN65HVD08

SLLS550C-NOVEMBER 2002-REVISED JULY 2006

WIDE SUPPLY RANGE RS-485 TRANSCEIVER

FEATURES

- Operates With a 3-V to 5.5-V Supply
- Consumes Less Than 90 mW Quiescent
 Power
- Open-Circuit, Short Circuit, and Idle-Bus Failsafe Receiver
- 1/8th Unit-Load (up to 256 nodes on the bus)
- Bus-Pin ESD Protection Exceeds 16 kV HBM
- Driver Output Voltage Slew-Rate Limited for Optimum Signal Quality at 10 Mbps
- Electrically Compatible With ANSI TIA/EIA-485 Standard

APPLICATIONS

- Data Transmission With Remote Stations Powered From the Host
- Isolated Multipoint Data Buses
- Industrial Process Control Networks
- Point-of-Sale Networks
- Electric Utility Metering

DESCRIPTION

The SN65HVD08 combines a 3-state differential line driver and differential line receiver designed for balanced data transmission and interoperation with ANSI TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO-8482E standard-compliant devices.

The wide supply voltage range and low quiescent current requirements allow the SN65HVD08s to operate from a 5-V power bus in the cable with as much as a 2-V line voltage drop. Busing power in the cable can alleviate the need for isolated power to be generated at each connection of a ground-isolated bus.

The driver differential outputs and receiver differential inputs connect internally to form a differential input/output (I/O) bus port that is designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or not powered. The drivers and receivers have active-high and active-low enables respectively, which can be externally connected together to function as a direction control.



LOGIC DIAGRAM (Positive Logic)





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Power Bus and Return Resistance

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE	PACKAGE MARKING
SN65HVD08D	-40°C to 85°C	SOIC	VP08
SN65HVD08P	–40°C to 85°C	PDIP	65HVD08
SN75HVD08D	0°C to 70°C	SOIC	VN08
SN75HVD08P	0°C to 70°C	PDIP	75HVD08

PACKAGE DISSIPATION RATINGS

PACKAGE	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
SOIC (D)	710 mW	5.7 mW/°C	369 mW
PDIP (P)	1000 mW	8 mW/°C	520 mW

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

			UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{CC}			-0.3 V to 6 V
Voltage range at A or B	-9 V to 14 V		
Input voltage range at D, I	DE, R or RE		-0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
Voltage input range, trans	-25 V to 25 V		
Receiver ouput current, IC			-11 mA to 11 mA
	Liuman Bady Madel (3)	A, B, and GND	16 kV
Electrostatic discharge	Human Body Model ⁽³⁾	All pins	4 kV
	Charged-Device Model ⁽⁴⁾	1 kV	
Continuous total power dis	See Dissipation Rating Table		

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to network ground terminal.

(3) Tested in accordance with JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method A114-A.

(4) Tested in accordance with JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method C101.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{CC}	3		5.5	V	
Input voltage at any bus terminal (s	eparately or common mode), V _I ⁽¹⁾	-7		12	V
High-level input voltage, V_{IH}	Driver, driver enable, and receiver enable inputs	2.25		V_{CC}	V
Low-level input voltage, V_{IL}	Driver, driver enable, and receiver enable inputs	0		0.8	v
Differential input voltage, V _{ID}	-12		12		
High-level output current, I _{OH}	Driver	-60			mA
nigh-level output current, i _{OH}	Receiver				ША
	Driver Receiver			60	mA
Low-level output current, I _{OL}				8	ША
Operating free air temperature	SN75HVD08	0		70	°C
Operating free-air temperature, T _A	SN65HVD08	-40		85	Ĵ

(1) The algebraic convention, in which the least positive (most negative) limit is designated as minimum is used in this data sheet.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OD}	Driver differential output voltage magnitude	R _L = 60 Ω, 375 Ω on each output to -7 V to 12 V, See Figure 1	1.5		V _{CC}	V
$\Delta V_{OD} $	Change in magnitude of driver differential output voltage	$R_L=54 \Omega$	-0.2		0.2	V
V _{OC(PP)}	Peak-to-peak driver common-mode output voltage	Center of two 27- Ω load resistors, See Figure 2		0.5		V
V _{IT+}	Positive-going receiver differential input voltage threshold				-10	mV
V _{IT-}	Negative-going receiver differential input voltage threshold		-200			mV
V _{hys}	Receiver differential input voltage threshold hysteresis(V_{IT+} - V_{IT-})			35		mV
V _{OH}	Receiver high-level output voltage	I _{OH} = -8 mA	2.4			V
V _{OL}	Receiver low-level output voltage	I _{OL} = 8 mA			0.4	V
I _{IH}	Driver input, driver enable, and receiver enable high-level input current		-100		100	μA
I _{IL}	Driver input, driver enable, and receiver enable low-level input current		-100		100	μA
I _{OS}	Driver short-circuit output current	7 V < V _O < 12 V	-265		265	mA
		V _I = 12 V			130	
	Due input current (dischlad driver)	V ₁ = -7 V	-100			
I _I	Bus input current (disabled driver)	V _I = 12 V, V _{CC} = 0 V			130	μA
		V _I = -7 V. V _{CC} = 0 V	-100			
		Receiver enabled, driver disabled, no load			10	
I _{CC}	Supply current	Driver enabled, receiver disabled, no load	16			mA
		Both disabled		5	μA	
		Both enabled, no load			16	mA

DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{PHL}	Driver high-to-low propagation delay time		18		40	
t _{PLH}	Driver low-to-high propagation delay time		18		40	
t _r	Driver 10%-to-90% differential output rise time	$R_L = 54 \Omega, C_L = 50 pF, See Figure 3$	10		55	ns
t _f	Driver 90%-to-10% differential output fall time		10		55	
t _{SK(P)}	Driver differential output pulse skew, t _{PHL} - t _{PLH}				2.5	
		Receiver enabled, See Figures 4 and 5			55	ns
t _{en}	Driver enable time	Receiver disabled, See Figures 4 and 5			6	μs
t _{dis}	Driver disable time	Receiver enabled, See Figures 4 and 5			90	ns

RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted

PARA	NETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MIN TYP MAX		UNIT	
t _{PHL}	Receiver high-to-low propagation delay time			70			
t _{PLH}	Receiver low-to-high propagation delay time				70		
t _r	Receiver 10%-to-90% differential output rise time	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$, See Figure 6			5	ns	
t _f	Receiver 90%-to-10% differential output fall time				5		
t _{SK(P)}	Receiver differential output pulse skew, t _{PHL} - t _{PLH}						
	Receiver enable time	Driver enabled, See Figure 7			15	ns	
t _{en}	Receiver enable time	Driver disabled, See Figure 8			6	μs	
t _{dis}	Receiver disable time	Driver enabled, See Figure 7	7			ns	

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



Figure 1. Driver V_{OD} With Common-Mode Loading Test Circuit



Input: PRR = 500 kHz, 50% Duty Cycle, t_f <6ns, t_f <6ns, Z_0 = 50 Ω

Figure 2. Test Circuit and Definitions for the Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



Generator: PRR = 500 kHz, 50% Duty Cycle, t_r <6 ns, t_f <6 ns, Z_o = 50 Ω

Figure 3. Driver Switching Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



Generator: PRR = 500 kHz, 50% Duty Cycle, t_r <6 ns, t_f <6 ns, Z_o = 50 Ω

Figure 4. Driver High-Level Enable and Disable Time Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



Generator: PRR = 500 kHz, 50% Duty Cycle, t_r <6 ns, t_f <6 ns, Z_o = 50 Ω

Figure 5. Driver Low-Level Output Enable and Disable Time Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



Generator: PRR = 500 kHz, 50% Duty Cycle, t_r <6 ns, t_f <6 ns, Z_o = 50 Ω



Figure 6. Receiver Switching Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



Generator: PRR = 500 kHz, 50% Duty Cycle, t_r <6 ns, t_f <6 ns, Z_o = 50 Ω



Figure 7. Receiver Enable and Disable Time Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms With Drivers Enabled

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



Generator: PRR = 100 kHz, 50% Duty Cycle, t_r <6 ns, t_f <6 ns, Z_o = 50 Ω





DEVICE INFORMATION

Function Tables DRIVER										
INPUT	ENABLE	OUT	PUTS							
D	DE	Α	в							
Н	Н	Н	L							
L	Н	L	н							
Х	L	Z	Z							
Open	н	Н	L							

RECEIVER

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS	ENABLE ⁽¹⁾	OUTPUT ⁽¹⁾
$V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$	RE	R
$V_{ID} \le -0.2 V$ -0.2 V < $V_{ID} < -0.01 V$	L	L 2
$-0.01 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{ID}}$	Ē	H
X Open Circuit Short Circuit		L H H

H = high level; L = low level; Z = high impedance; X = irrelevant;
 ? = indeterminate





EQUIVALENT INPUT AND OUTPUT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



Figure 12.

Figure 11.







The time $t_{pZL}(x)$ is the measure from DE to $V_{OD}(x)$. V_{OD} is valid when it is greater than 1.5 V.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

As electrical loads are physically distanced from their power source, the effects of supply and return line impedance and the resultant voltage drop must be accounted. If the supply regulation at the load cannot be maintained to the circuit requirements, it forces the use of remote sensing, additional regulation at the load, bigger or shorter cables, or a combination of these. The SN65HVD08 eases this problem by relaxing the supply requirements to allow for more variation in the supply voltage over typical RS-485 transceivers.

SUPPLY SOURCE IMPEDANCE

In the steady state, the voltage drop from the source to the load is simply the wire resistance times the load current as modeled in Figure 15.



Figure 15. Steady-State Circuit Model

For example, if you were to provide 5-V \pm 5% supply power to a remote circuit with a maximum load requirement of 0.1 A (one SN65HVD08), the voltage at the load would fall below the 4.5-V minimum of most 5-V circuits with as little as 5.8 m of 28-GA conductors. Table 1 summarizes wire resistance and the length for 4.5 V and 3 V at the load with 0.1 A of load current. The maximum lengths would scale linearly for higher or lower load currents.

 Table 1. Maximum Cable Lengths for Minimum

 Load Voltages at 0.1 A Load

-											
WIRE SIZE	RESISTANCE	4.5 V LENGTH AT 0.1 A	3-v LENGTH AT 0.1 A								
28 Gage	0.213 Ω/m	5.8 m	41.1 m								
24 Gage	0.079 Ω/m	15.8 m	110.7 m								
22 Gage	0.054 Ω/m	23.1 m	162.0 m								
20 Gage	0.034 Ω/m	36.8 m	257.3 m								
18 Gage	0.021 Ω/m	59.5 m	416.7 m								

Under dynamic load requirements, the distributed inductance and capacitance of the power lines may

not be ignored and decoupling capacitance at the load is required. The amount depends upon the magnitude and frequency of the load current change but, if only powering the SN65HVD08, a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor is usually sufficient.

OPTO-ISOLATED DATA BUSES

Long RS-485 circuits can create large ground loops and pick up common-mode noise voltages in excess of the range tolerated by standard RS-485 circuits. A common remedy is to provide galvanic isolation of the data circuit from earth or local grounds.

Transformers, capacitors, or phototransistors most often provide isolation of the bus and the local node. Transformers and capacitors require changing signals to transfer the information over the isolation barrier and phototransistors (opto-isolators) can pass steady-state signals. Each of these methods incurs additional costs and complexity, the former in clock encoding and decoding of the data stream and the latter in requiring an isolated power supply.

Quite often, the cost of isolated power is repeated at each node connected to the bus as shown in Figure 16. The possibly lower-cost solution is to generate this supply once within the system and then distribute it along with the data line(s) as shown in Figure 17.



Figure 16. Isolated Power at Each Node





Figure 17. Distribution of Isolated Power

The features of the SN65HVD08 are particularly good for the application of Figure 17. Due to added supply source impedance, the low quiescent current requirements and wide supply voltage tolerance allow for the poorer load regulation.

AN OPTO ALTERNATIVE

Figure 18 shows a typical circuit.

The ISO150 is a two-channel, galvanically isolated data coupler capable of data rates of 80 Mbps. Each channel can be individually programmed to transmit data in either direction.

Data is transmitted across the isolation barrier by coupling complementary pulses through high-voltage 0.4-pF capacitors. Receiver circuitry restores the pulses to standard logic levels. Differential signal transmission rejects isolation-mode voltage transients up to 1.6 kV/ms.

ISO150 avoids the problems commonly associated with opto-couplers. Optically-isolated couplers require high current pulses and allowance must be made for LED aging. The ISO150's Bi-CMOS circuitry operates at 25 mW per channel with supply voltage range matching that of the SN65HVD08 of 3 V to 5.5 V.



Figure 18. Isolated RS-485 Interface

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Packag Qty	e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
SN65HVD08D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65HVD08DG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65HVD08DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65HVD08DRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65HVD08P	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
SN65HVD08PE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
SN75HVD08D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN75HVD08DG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN75HVD08DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN75HVD08DRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN75HVD08P	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
SN75HVD08PE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. **TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	-	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN65HVD08DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN75HVD08DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1



PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

19-Mar-2008



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65HVD08DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
SN75HVD08DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.

Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.

E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



MECHANICAL DATA

MPDI001A - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED JUNE 1999



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

For the latest package information, go to http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/package/pkg_info.htm



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