

## **2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter**

## ***General Description***

The MAX9502 small, low-power video amplifier with integrated reconstruction filter operates from a supply voltage as low as 2.5V. The small size and the low minimum supply voltage make the MAX9502 ideal for portable applications such as mobile phones, digital still cameras, and camcorders.

The MAX9502 DC-couples the input and the output, resulting in a very small solution. The MAX9502 input can be directly connected to the output of a video digital-to-analog converter (DAC). The reconstruction filter is implemented as a 4th-order Chebyshev with a minimum passband of 5.5MHz, 3dB attenuation at 8MHz, and 55dB attenuation at 27MHz.

The output amplifier provides a closed-loop gain of +6dB (MAX9502G) or +12dB (MAX9502M), and can drive a 2Vp-p video signal into a  $150\Omega$  load to ground. The output signal is level-shifted so the sync tip is 110mV (typ) above ground.

The MAX9502 operates from a 2.5V to 3.6V single supply and consumes only 5.3mA quiescent supply current. An active-low shutdown mode reduces the supply current to 0.01 $\mu$ A.

The MAX9502 is available in tiny 6-pin µDFN (1mm x 1.5mm x 0.8mm) and 5-pin SC70 packages. The device is specified over the -40°C to +85°C extended temperature range.

## **Applications**

- Mobile Phones/Smartphones
- Digital Still Cameras
- Portable Media Players
- Camcorders

### **Other Portable Video Amplifiers**

PRODUCT	FEATURES
MAX9503	DirectDrive™, LPF, DC-coupled input/output, 50dB at 27MHz, TQFN
MAX9505	DirectDrive, LPF, DC-coupled input/output, 50dB at 27MHz analog switch, TQFN
MAX4090	Video amplifier, input clamp, $\mu$ DFN, SOT23, SC70
MAX9504	Video amplifier, 2 DC-coupled loads, optional DC offset bias, $\mu$ DFN, SOT23

### Features

- ◆ Tiny 6-Pin µDFN (1mm x 1.5mm x 0.8mm) and 5-Pin SC70 Packages
  - ◆ DC-Coupled Input and Output Save Board Space
  - ◆ 4-Pole Chebyshev Filter
  - ◆ 5.5MHz Passband
  - ◆ 55dB Attenuation at 27MHz
  - ◆ 0.01µA Low-Current Shutdown Mode
  - ◆ 2.5V to 3.6V Single-Supply Operation
  - ◆ Video Amplifier with Fixed Gains of +6dB (MAX9502G) or +12dB (MAX9502M)

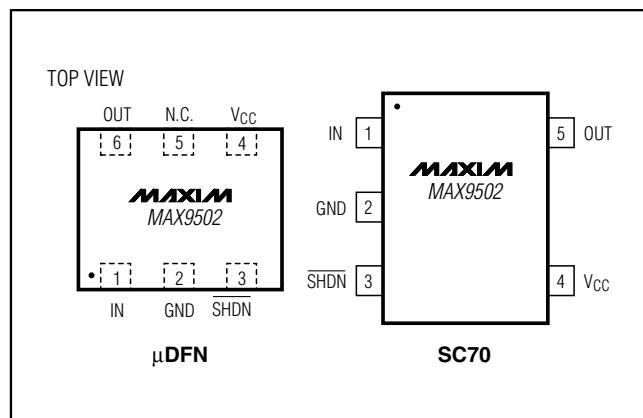
## **Ordering Information**

PART*	PIN-PACKAGE	GAIN (dB)	TOP MARK
MAX9502GEXK-T	5 SC70-5	+6	ARV
MAX9502GELT-T	6 µDFN-6 (L611-1)	+6	AU
MAX9502MEXK-T	5 SC70-5	+12	ARW
MAX9502MELT-T	6 µDFN-6 (L611-1)	+12	AV

*\*All devices are specified over the -40°C to +85°C operating temperature range.*

*Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.*

## **Pin Configurations**



# 2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V <sub>CC</sub> to GND	-0.3V to +4V
S <sub>H</sub> DN, IN, OUT to GND	-0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)
OUT Short-Circuit Duration to V <sub>CC</sub> , GND	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)	
5-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW/°C above +70°C)	.247mW
6-Pin µDFN (derate 2.1mW/°C above +70°C)	.168mW

Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = S<sub>H</sub>DN = 3.0V, GND = 0V, no load, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>CC</sub>	Guaranteed by PSRR		2.5	3.6		V
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, 2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V, S <sub>H</sub> DN = V <sub>CC</sub>		5.3	9		mA
Shutdown Supply Current	I <sub>S</sub> HDN	V <sub>S</sub> HDN = 0V		0.01	1		µA
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by DC voltage gain (MAX9502G)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V	0	1.05		V
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V	0	1.2		
		Guaranteed by DC voltage gain (MAX9502M)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V	0	0.525		
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V	0	0.6		
Input Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V		3.5	10		µA
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	ΔV <sub>IN</sub> /ΔI <sub>IN</sub>		17			MΩ
DC Voltage Gain (Note 2)	A <sub>V</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> = 150Ω to GND, V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V to 3V	MAX9502G	5.5	6	6.5	dB
			MAX9502M	11.5	12	12.5	
Output Sync-Tip Level	V <sub>STIP</sub>	Measured at OUT, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, R <sub>L</sub> = 150Ω to GND		110	230		mV
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>OUT</sub>	MAX9502G, R <sub>L</sub> = 150Ω to GND	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V, 0 ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 1.05V	1.97	2.1	2.23	VP-P
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V, 0 ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 1.2V	2.26	2.4	2.54	
		MAX9502M, R <sub>L</sub> = 150Ω to GND	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V, 0 ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 0.525V	1.97	2.1	2.23	
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V, 0 ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 0.6V	2.26	2.4	2.54	
Output Short-Circuit Current Threshold	I <sub>SC</sub>	Sourcing (Note 3)		95			mA
Output Resistance	R <sub>OUT</sub>			0.15			Ω
Shutdown Output Impedance	R <sub>OUT(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> HDN = 0V		4			kΩ
DC Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR <sub>DC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, 2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V		50	90		dB
<b>LOGIC INPUTS (S<sub>H</sub>DN)</b>							
Logic-Low Level	V <sub>IL</sub>			0.8			V
Logic-High Level	V <sub>IH</sub>			2.0			V
Logic Input Current	I <sub>IL</sub>	S <sub>H</sub> DN = GND and V <sub>CC</sub>		1			µA

# 2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter

MAX9502

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $V_{CC} = SHDN = 3.0V$ ,  $GND = 0V$ ,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Passband Flatness		$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ , $f = 100kHz$ to $5.5MHz$ , flatness is referred to $100kHz$		-1		+1	dB
Attenuation	$f_{dt}$	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ , attenuation is referred to $100kHz$	$f = 8MHz$		3		dB
			$f = 27MHz$	35	55		
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$f = 100kHz$			56		dB
Output Impedance	$Z_{OUT}$	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$ DC; $f = 5MHz$			2.5		$\Omega$
Differential Gain Error	DG	NTSC, $V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$	MAX9502G	0.4			%
			MAX9502M	0.4			
Differential Phase Error	DP	NTSC, $V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$	MAX9502G	0.4			degrees
			MAX9502M	0.4			
2T Pulse-to-Bar K Rating		2T = 250ns; bar time is $18\mu s$ ; the beginning 2.5% and the ending 2.5% of the bar time are ignored			0.2		K%
2T Pulse Response		2T = 250ns			0.3		K%
2T Bar Response		2T = 250ns; bar time is $18\mu s$ ; the beginning 2.5% and the ending 2.5% of the bar time are ignored			0.4		K%
Nonlinearity		5-step staircase			0.4		%
Line Time Distortion					0		%
Field Time Distortion					0		%
Group-Delay Variation	$\Delta(d\phi/d\omega)$	$f = 100kHz$ to $5.5MHz$	MAX9502G	30			ns
			MAX9502M	30			
Peak Signal to RMS Noise	SNR	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ , $100kHz$ to $5MHz$	MAX9502G	68			dB
			MAX9502M	65			
Enable Time	$t_{ON}$	$V_{SHDN} = 3V$ , $V_{OUT}$ settled to within 1% of the final voltage	MAX9502G ( $V_{IN} = 1V$ )	800			ns
			MAX9502M ( $V_{IN} = 0.5V$ )	800			
Disable Time	$t_{OFF}$	$V_{SHDN} = 0V$ , $V_{OUT}$ settled to below 1% of the output voltage	MAX9502G ( $V_{IN} = 1V$ )	220			ns
			MAX9502M ( $V_{IN} = 0.5V$ )	175			

**Note 1:** All devices are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

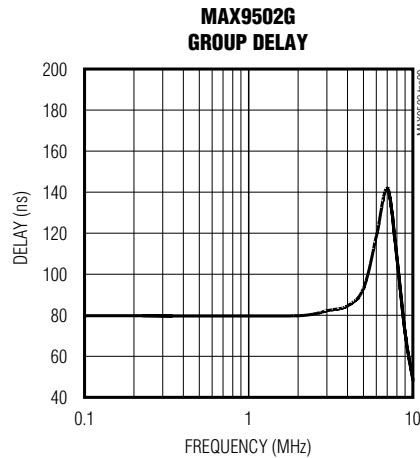
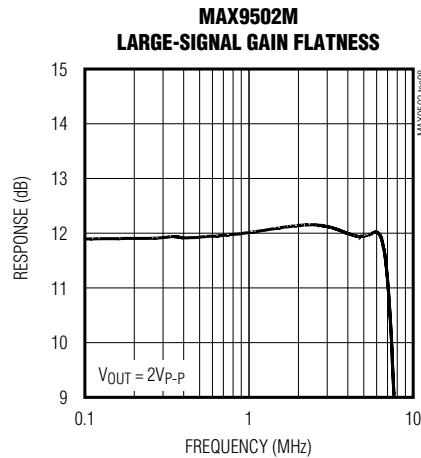
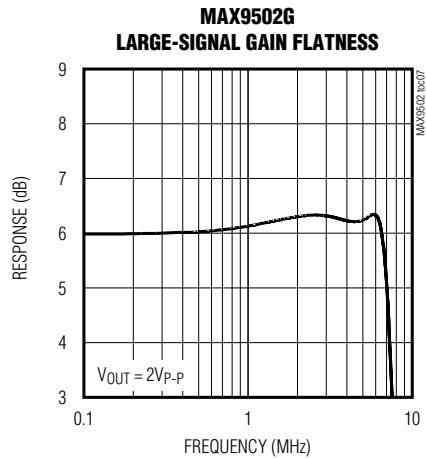
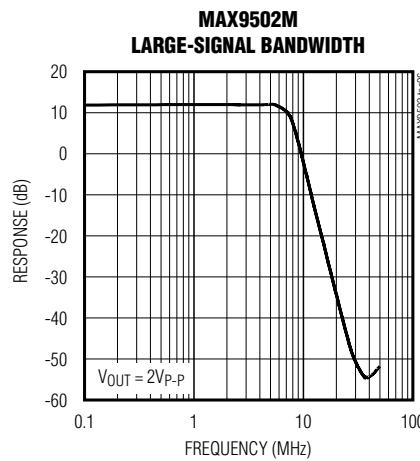
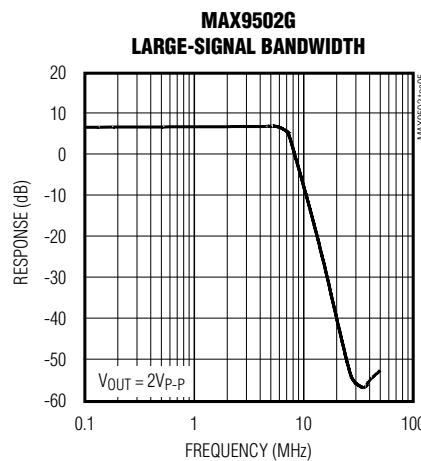
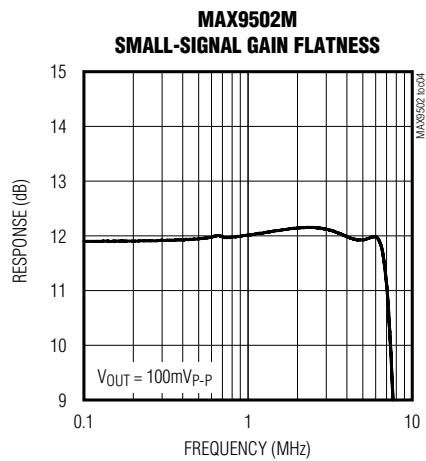
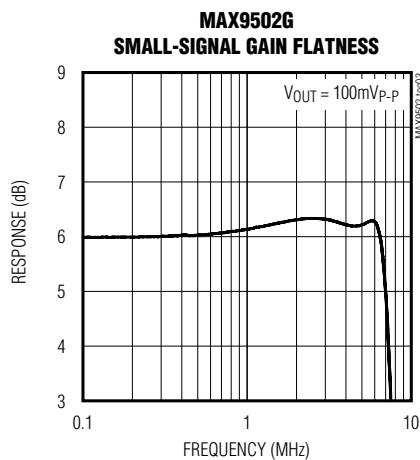
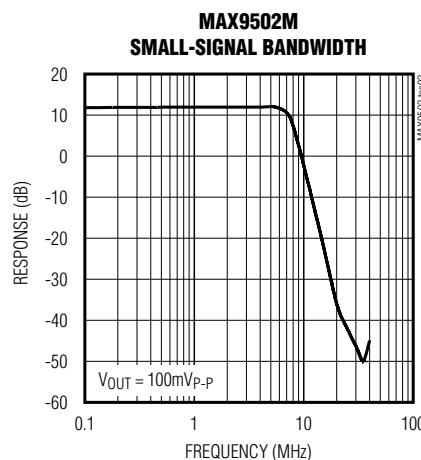
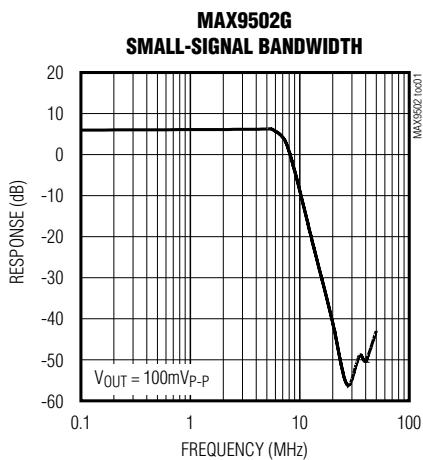
**Note 2:** DC voltage gain ( $A_V$ ) is a two-point measurement in which the output voltage swing is divided by the input voltage swing.

**Note 3:** Short-circuit current is the trip current for the protection. During the protection, OUT is switched alternatively on and off.

# 2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter

## Typical Operating Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = SHDN = 3.0V$ , GND = 0V,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND.)

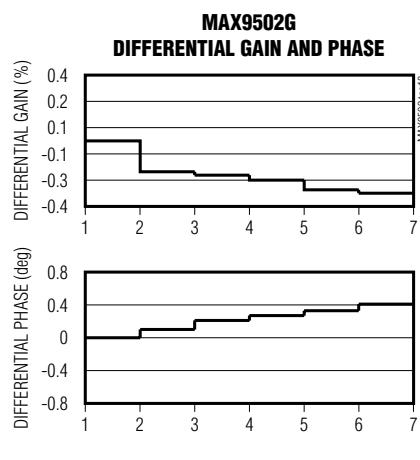
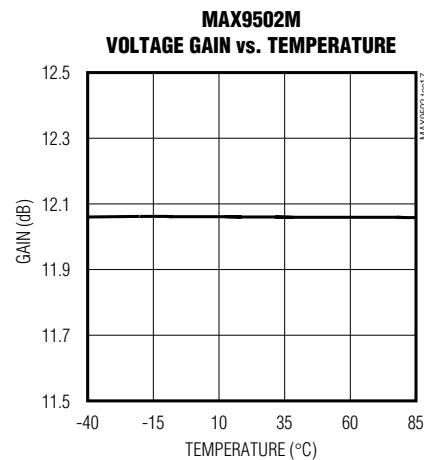
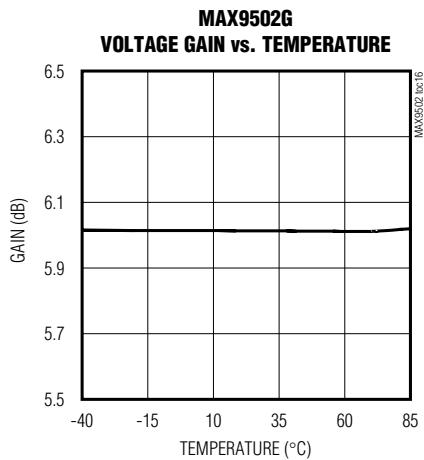
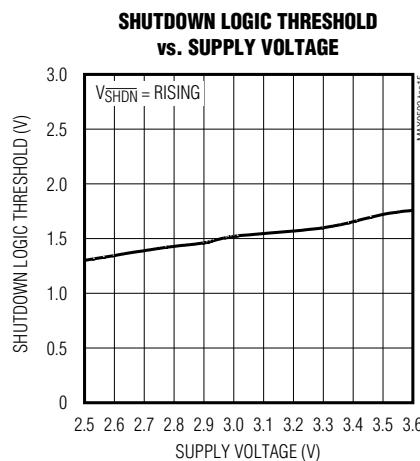
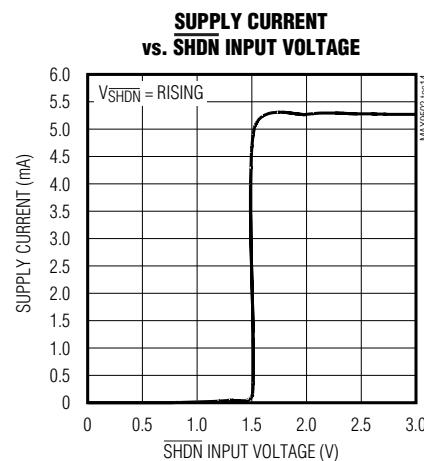
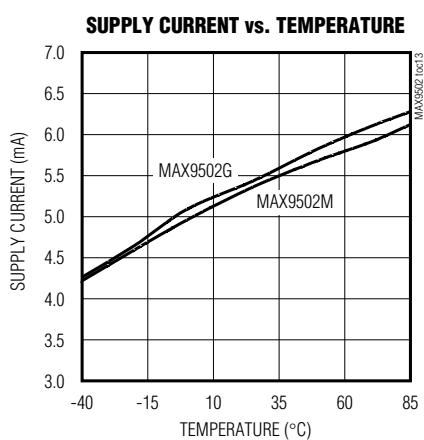
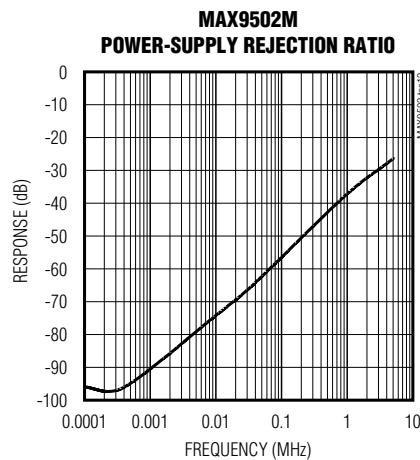
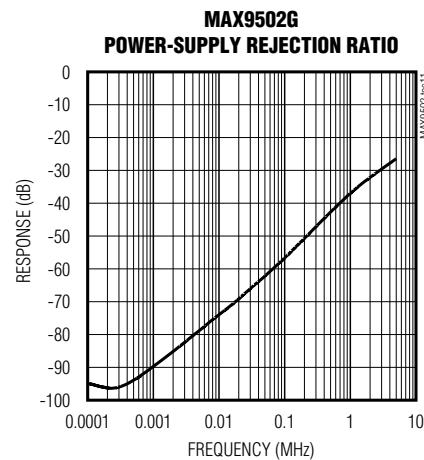
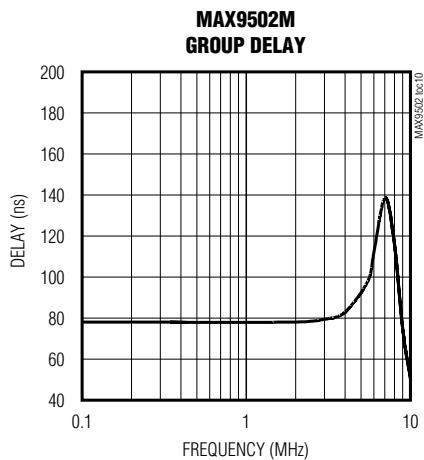


# 2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter

**MAX9502**

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

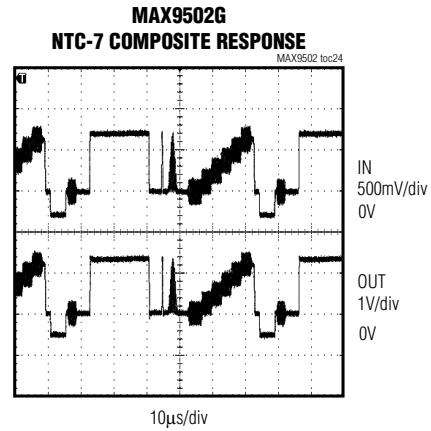
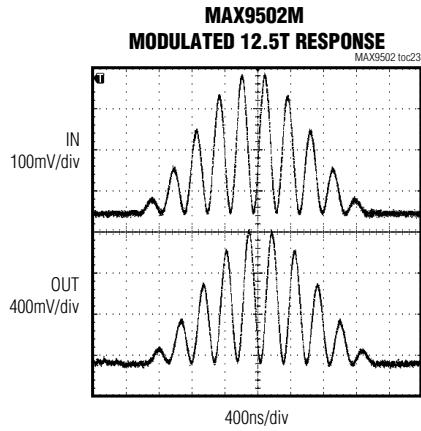
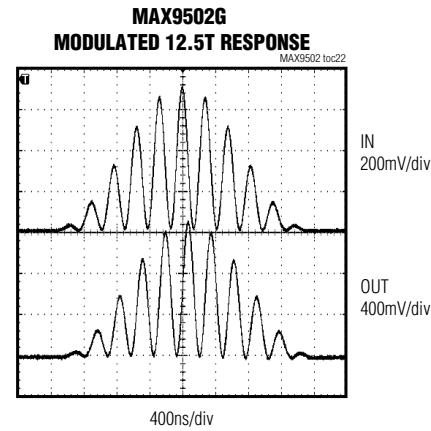
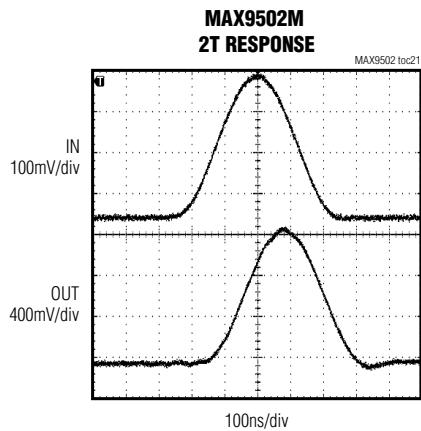
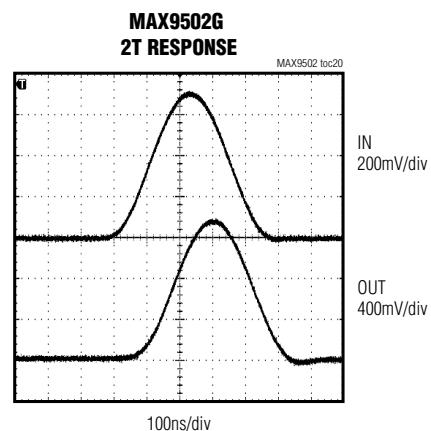
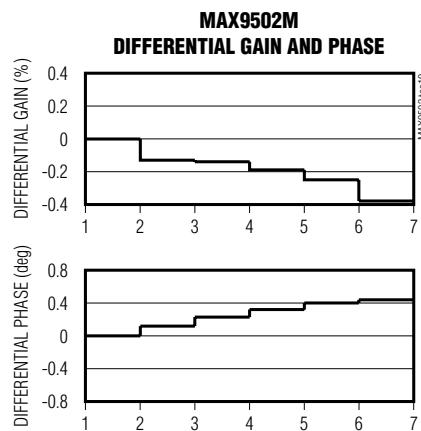
( $V_{CC} = SHDN = 3.0V$ , GND = 0V,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND.)



## 2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter

### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

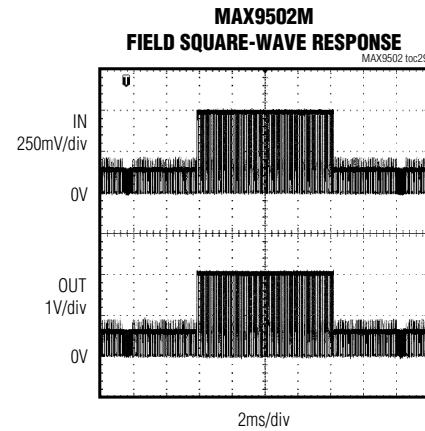
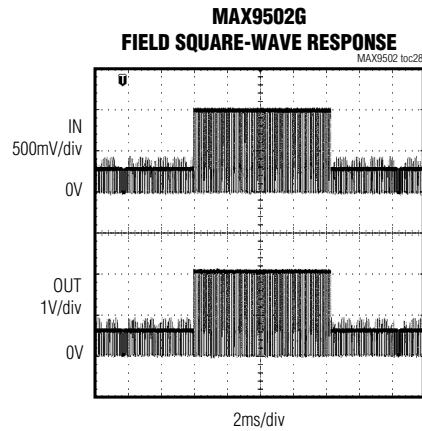
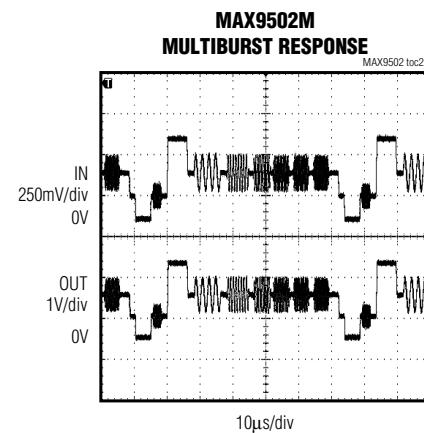
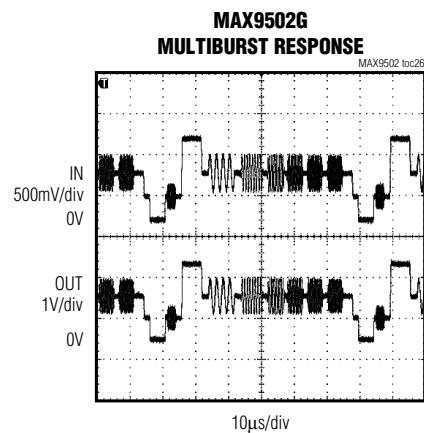
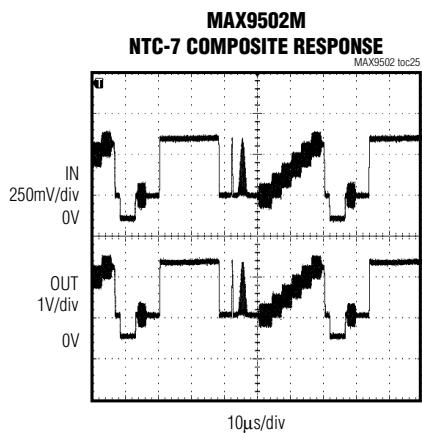
( $V_{CC} = SHDN = 3.0V$ , GND = 0V,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND.)



## 2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter

### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{CC} = SHDN = 3.0V$ , GND = 0V,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND.)



### Pin Description

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
µDFN	SC70		
1	1	IN	Video Input
2	2	GND	Ground
3	3	SHDN	Active-Low Shutdown Input. Connect to GND to shutdown.
4	4	Vcc	Positive Power Supply
5	—	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.
6	5	OUT	Video Output

# 2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter

## Detailed Description

The MAX9502 filters and amplifies the video DAC output in applications such as digital still cameras and mobile phones. The MAX9502 consists of a lowpass filter and an output video buffer capable of driving a standard  $150\Omega$  video load to ground. The MAX9502G output buffer provides a fixed gain of +6dB, while the MAX9502M output buffer provides a fixed gain of +12dB.

### Filter

The MAX9502 contains a 4th-order Chebyshev reconstruction filter. The Chebyshev-type response features a 0.4dB flat passband for NTSC and PAL signals. The stopband offers 55dB (typ) of attenuation at 27MHz and above (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

### Output Amplifier

The MAX9502G features a +6dB gain, while the MAX9502M features a +12dB gain. Operating from a 2.5V to 3.0V supply, the output amplifier is able to drive a 2V signal into a  $150\Omega$  video load to ground. Operating from a 3.0V to 3.6V supply, the output amplifier is able to drive a 2.4VP-P signal into a  $150\Omega$  video load to ground. The output is typically offset 110mV above ground to guarantee linear operation of the amplifier. The MAX9502 output only sources current; all loads should be connected to ground.

### Short-Circuit Protection

The MAX9502 typical application circuit includes a  $75\Omega$  back-termination resistor that limits short-circuit currents for an external short applied at the video output. The MAX9502 features internal output short-circuit protection to prevent device damage in prototyping and applications where the amplifier output can be directly shorted.

Short-circuit protection activates if the output is short-circuited and the output current exceeds 95mA. During short-circuit protection, the output of the MAX9502 is shut off for 12 $\mu$ s and then turns on for 0.8 $\mu$ s. If the short is still present, the MAX9502 output shuts off again. Extended short circuits result in a pulsed output. The device resumes normal operation after the short is removed.

## Applications Information

### Input Considerations

The MAX9502 input is DC-coupled. When the supply voltage is between a 2.5V and 3V supply, the input voltage range extends from ground to 1.05V for the MAX9502G and from ground to 0.525V for the MAX9502M. When the supply voltage is between 3V and 3.6V, the input voltage range extends from ground to 1.2V for the MAX9502G and from ground to 0.6V for the MAX9502M. The MAX9502G accepts a composite video

signal with a sync tip from 0 to 50mV and the MAX9502M accepts a composite video signal with a sync tip from 0 to 25mV. A typical current-output DAC that operates from a single supply usually creates a composite video signal with a sync tip very close to ground. Hence, the DAC output can be directly connected to the MAX9502 input. Keep the board trace as short as possible to minimize parasitic stray capacitance and prevent unintentional high-frequency attenuation.

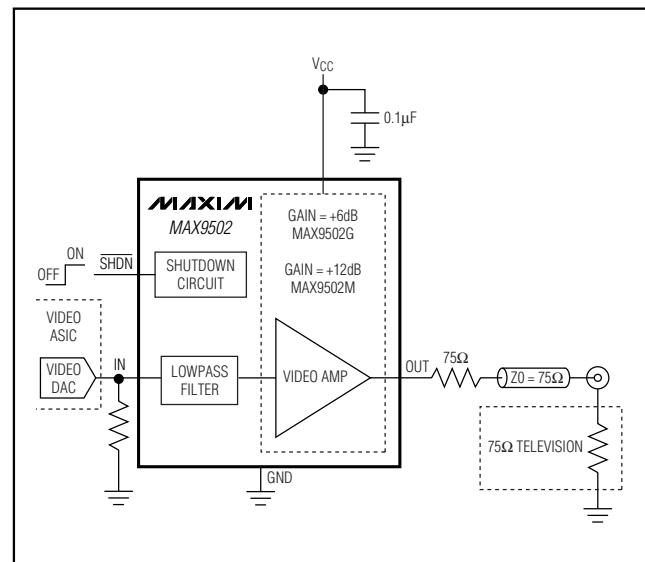
### Output Considerations

The MAX9502 output must be DC-coupled. No AC-coupling capacitors are allowed. The MAX9502 connects directly to the video cable through a  $75\Omega$  series back-termination resistor. The other end of the cable should be properly terminated with a  $75\Omega$  resistor as well. Because of this configuration, the peak-to-peak amplitude as well as the DC level of the signal is divided by two. The MAX9502 output signal is level-shifted up so the sync tip is around 110mV.

### Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout Considerations

The MAX9502 operates from a single-supply voltage down to 2.5V, allowing for low-power consumption. Bypass VCC to GND with a  $0.1\mu F$  capacitor. Place all external components as close to the device as possible.

## Typical Operating Circuit



## Chip Information

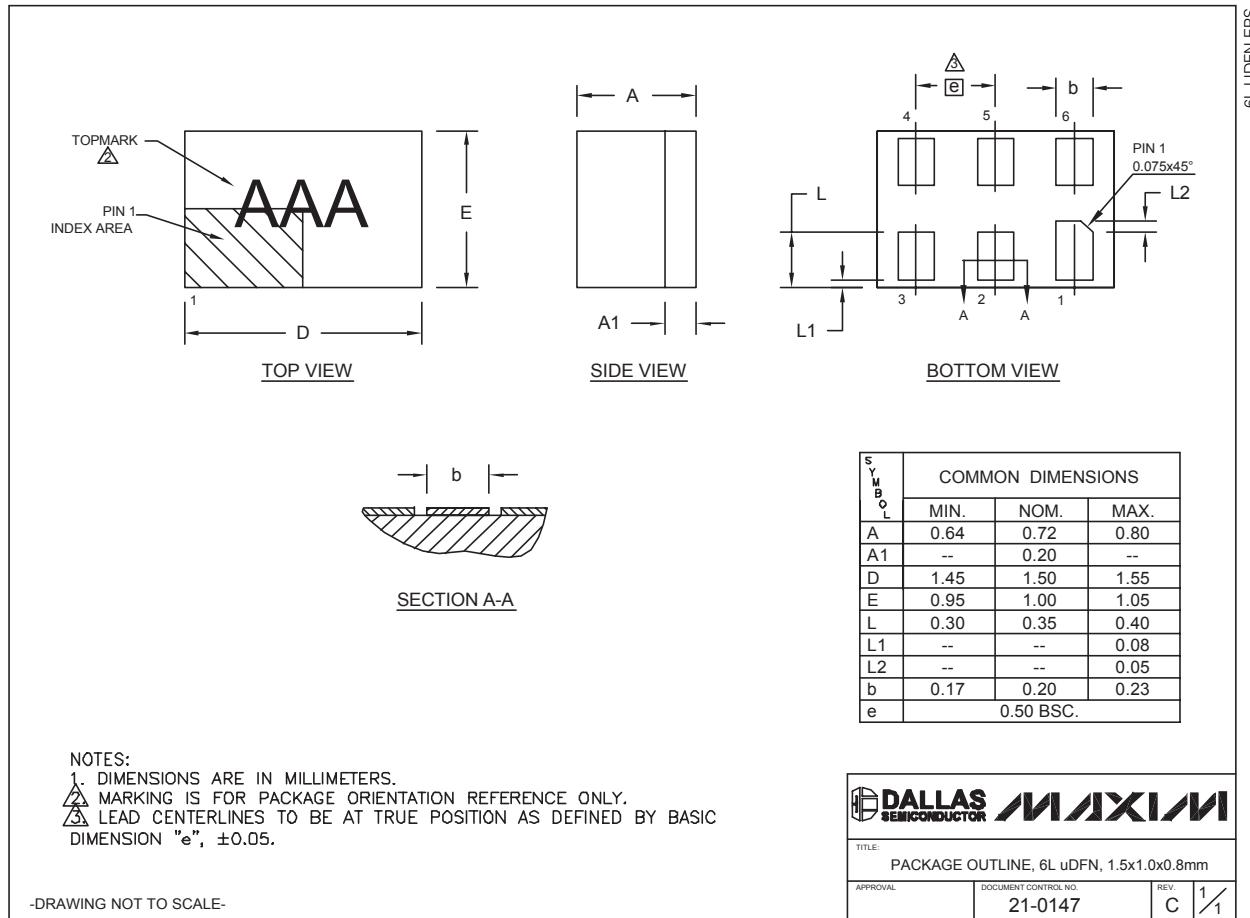
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# 2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter

## Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)

**MAX9502**

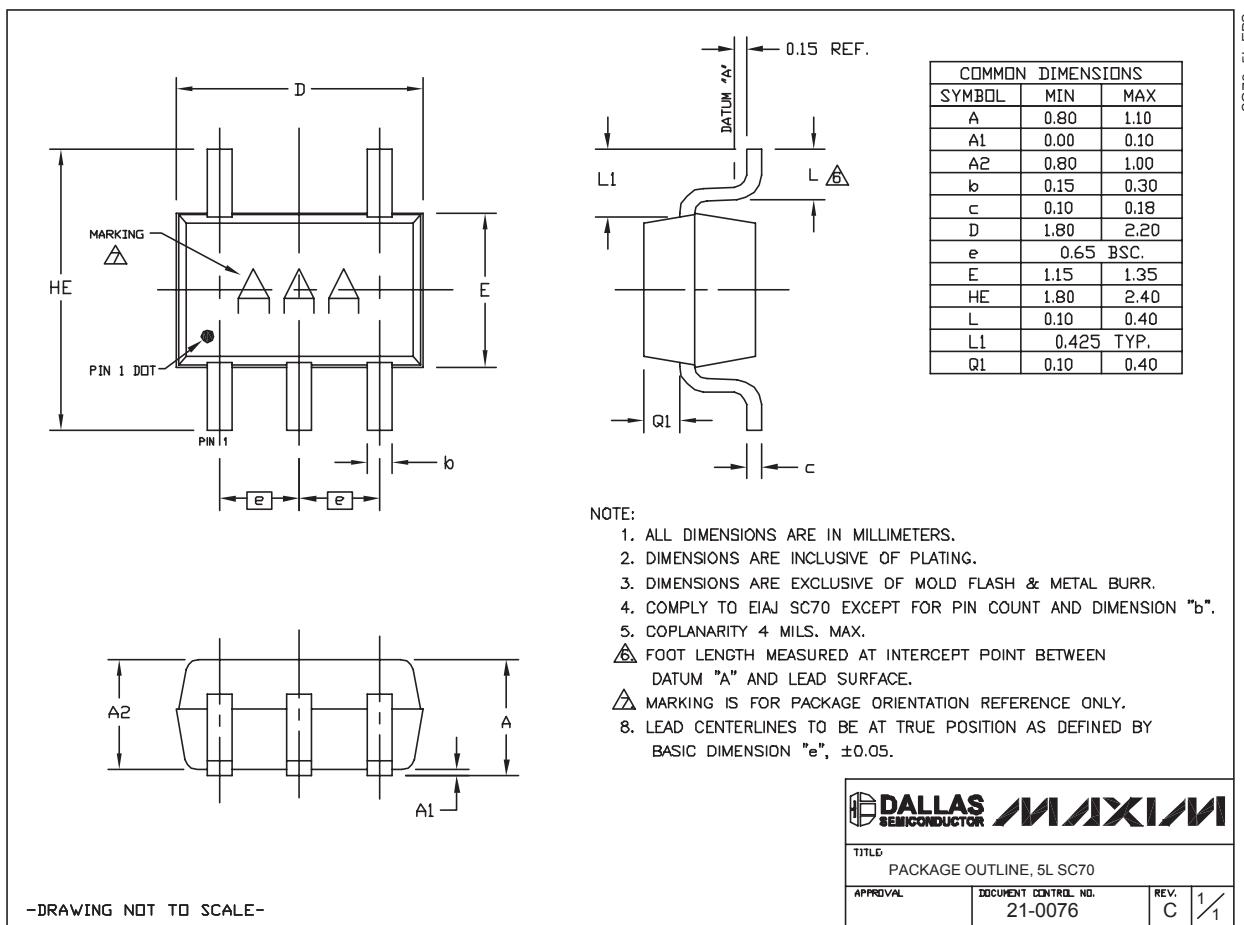


# 2.5V Video Amplifier with Reconstruction Filter

**MAX9502**

## Package Information (continued)

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