## 

## ±15kV ESD-Protected, Low-Voltage, SPDT/SPST, CMOS Analog Switches

#### **General Description**

**Features** 

The MAX4561/MAX4568/MAX4569 are low-voltage, ESD-protected analog switches. The normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) inputs are protected against  $\pm 15$ kV electrostatic discharge (ESD) without latchup or damage, and the COM input is protected against 2.5kV ESD.

These switches operate from a single +1.8V to +12V supply. The 70 $\Omega$  at 5V (120 $\Omega$  at 3V) on-resistance is matched between channels to 2 $\Omega$  max, and is flat (4 $\Omega$  max) over the specified signal range. The switches can handle Rail-to-Rail<sup>®</sup> analog signals. Off-leakage current is only 0.5nA at +25°C and 5nA at +85°C. The digital input has +0.8V to +2.4V logic thresholds, ensuring TTL/CMOS-logic compatibility when using a single +5V supply. The MAX4561 is a single-pole/double-throw (SPDT) switch. The MAX4568 NO and MAX4569 NC are single-pole/single-throw (SPST) switches.

The MAX4561 is available in a 6-pin SOT23 package, and the MAX4568/MAX4569 are available in 5-pin SOT23 packages.

#### \_Applications

High-ESD Environments Battery-Powered Systems Audio and Video Signal Routing Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems Sample-and-Hold Circuits Communications Circuits

Rail-to-Rail is a registered trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd.

#### ESD-Protected NO, NC ±15kV—Human Body Model ±15kV—IEC 1000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge ±8kV—IEC 1000-4-2, Contact Discharge

- Guaranteed On-Resistance
  70Ω +5V Supply
  120Ω with Single +3V Supply
- On-Resistance Match Between Channels (2Ω max)
- Low On-Resistance Flatness: 4Ω max
- Guaranteed Low Leakage Currents
  0.5nA Off-Leakage (at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C)
  0.5nA On-Leakage (at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C)
- Guaranteed Break-Before-Make at 5ns (MAX4561 only)
- Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling Capability
- TTL/CMOS-Logic Compatible with +5V Supplies
- Industry Standard Pin-Outs MAX4561 Pin Compatible with MAX4544 MAX4568/MAX4569 Pin Compatible with MAX4514/MAX4515

#### Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	SOT TOP MARK	
MAX4561EUT-T	-40°C to +85°C	6 SOT23	AAIE	
MAX4568EUK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23	ADOE	
MAX4569EUK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23	ADOF	

Pin Configurations/Functional Diagrams/Truth Tables



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#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V+ to GND0.3 to +13V IN, COM, NO, NC to GND (Note 1)0.3V to (V+ + 0.3V)	ESD Protection per Method 3015.7 V+, GND, IN, COM±2.5kV
Continuous Current (any terminal)t10mA	NO, NC±15kV
Peak Current	Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )
(NO, NC, COM; pulsed at 1ms 10% duty cycle)±30mA	SOT23 (derate 8.7mW/°C above +70°C)696mW
ESD Protection per Method IEC 1000-4-2 (NO, NC)	Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C
Air-Gap Discharge±15kV	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Contact Discharge±8kV	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Note 1: Signals on NO, NC, COM, or IN exceeding V+ or GND are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward current to maximum current rating.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply

 $(V_{+} = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V_{H} = +2.4V, V_{IL} = +0.8V, T_{A} = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at  $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C.$ ) (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
ANALOG SWITCH								
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NO</sub> , V <sub>NC</sub>			0		V+	V	
On-Resistance	Devi	V+ = 4.5V, I <sub>COM</sub> = 1mA;	$T_A = +25 \degree C$		45	70	Ω	
On-mesistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1V, 3.5V$	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			75		
On-Resistance Match Between Channels	ARest	V+ = 4.5V, I <sub>COM</sub> =1mA;	$T_A = +25 ^{\circ}C$		0.5	2	Ω	
(Note 4)	ΔR <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1V, 3.5V$	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			3		
On-Resistance Flatness	_	$V_{+} = 4.5V, I_{COM} = 1mA;$ $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		2	4	Ω	
(Note 5)	RFLAT(ON)	$V_{\rm NO} \text{ or } V_{\rm NC} = 1V, 2.25V, 3.5V$	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			5		
Off-Leakage Current	I <sub>NO(OFF)</sub> ,	V+ = 5.5V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 1V, 4.5V;	$T_A = +25 \degree C$	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA	
(NO or NC)	INC(OFF)	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 4.5V, 1V$	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$	-5		5	ПА	
COM Off-Leakage Current		$V{+} = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 1V, 4.5V; \\ V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 4.5V, 1V$	$T_A = +25 ^{\circ}C$	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA	
(MAX4568/MAX4569 only)	ICOM(OFF)		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$	-5		5		
		$V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 1V, 4.5V;$	$T_A = +25 ^{\circ}C$	-1		1		
OM On-Leakage Current ICOM(ON) VNO or VNC = 1V, 4.5V or $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$	-10		10	nA		
LOGIC INPUT		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·			·	
Input Logic High	VIH			2.4			V	
Input Logic Low	VIL					0.8	V	
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } V_{+}$		-1		1	μA	

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply (continued)

 $(V + = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V_{IH} = +2.4V, V_{IL} = +0.8V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C.$ ) (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHAR	ACTERISTIC	S						•
		$V_{NO}$ , $V_{NC} = 3V$ , $R_L = 300\Omega$ ,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			90	150	
Turn-On Time	ton	C <sub>L</sub> = 35pF; Figure 1	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$				180	ns
Turn-Off Time	torr	$V_{NO}, V_{NC} = 3V, R_L = 300\Omega,$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			40	80	
Tum-On Time	tOFF	C <sub>L</sub> = 35pF, Figure 1	$T_A = T_M$	IN to T <sub>MAX</sub>			100	ns
Break-Before-Make Delay (MAX4561 only)	tBBM	$V_{NO}$ , $V_{NC}$ = 3V, $R_L$ = 300 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 35pF, Figure 2			5	50		ns
Obarra kaisatian	0	$V_{GEN} = 2V, C_1 = 1.0nF,$	TA =	MAX4561		17		
Charge Injection	Q	R <sub>GEN</sub> = 0; Figure 3	+25°C	MAX4568/9		6		рС
NO or NC Off Capacitance	COFF	$V_{NO} = V_{NC} = GND,$ f = 1MHz, Figure 4	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			20		pF
COM Off-Capacitance (MAX4568/MAX4569 only)	Ссом	V <sub>COM</sub> = GND, f = 1MHz, Figure 4	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			12		pF
	COM	$V_{COM} = V_{NO}, V_{NC} = GND,$ f = 1MHz, Figure 4	T <sub>A</sub> = MAX4561			31		_
COM On-Capacitance			+25°C MAX4568/9		20		pF	
Off-Isolation (Note 6)	VISO	$\label{eq:NO} \begin{split} V_{NO} &= V_{NC} = 1 V_{RMS}, \\ R_L &= 50 \Omega; \ C_L = 5 p F, \\ f &= 1 M Hz; \ Figure \ 5 \end{split}$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			-75		dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$R_L = 600\Omega$ , 5Vp-p, f = 20Hz to 20kHz	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			0.01		%
	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		5°C		110		mA	
ESD SCR Holding Current	lΗ		T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C			70		
POWER SUPPLY								
Power-Supply Range	V+				1.8		12	V
Positive Supply Current	l+	$V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{ N } = 0 \text{ or } V_{+}$		+25°C		0.05	1	μA
	IT	$v_{\pm} = 0.0v, v_{\parallel}v_{\parallel} = 0.01v_{\pm}$	$T_A = 1$	T <sub>MIN</sub> to T <sub>MAX</sub>			10	μΛ

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply

 $(V + = +2.7V \text{ to } +3.6V, V_{IH} = +2.0V, V_{IL} = +0.6V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
ANALOG SWITCH								
	R <sub>ON</sub>	$I_{COM} = 1$ mA, V <sub>NO</sub> or V <sub>NC</sub> = 1.5V, V+ = 2.7V	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		75	120	Ω	
On-Resistance			$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			150		
LOGIC INPUT			•					
Input Logic High	VIH			2.0			V	
Input Logic Low	VIL					0.6	V	
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS								
Turn-On Time		$\label{eq:VNO} \begin{array}{l} V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1.5 \text{V}, \ R_L = 300 \Omega, \\ C_L = 35 \text{pF}, \ \text{Figure 1} \end{array}$	$T_A = +25 \degree C$		150	250	ns	
	ton		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			300		
T 0"T	tOFF	$\label{eq:VNO} \begin{array}{l} V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1.5 \text{V}, \ \text{R}_L = 300 \Omega, \\ C_L = 35 \text{pF}, \ \text{Figure 1} \end{array}$	$T_A = +25 \degree C$		60	100	ns	
Turn-Off Time			$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			150		
Break-Before-Make Delay (MAX4561 only)	Т <sub>ВВМ</sub>	$\label{eq:NO} \begin{array}{l} V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 3V,  R_L = 300\Omega, \\ C_L = 35pF,  Figure \; 2 \end{array}$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	1.5	80		ns	

Note 2: The algebraic convention, where the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum, is used in this data sheet.

**Note 3:** Parameters are 100% tested at +25°C and guaranteed by correlation at the full rated temperature.

**Note 4:**  $\Delta R_{ON} = R_{ON}(MAX) - R_{ON}(MIN)$ .

Note 5: Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and the minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal ranges.

**Note 6:** Off-Isolation = 20log<sub>10</sub> (VCOM/VNO), VCOM = output, VNO = input to off switch.

#### **Typical Operating Characteristics**



#### \_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)



MAX4561/MAX4568/MAX4569

<u>///XI///</u>

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

#### \_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 





#### \_Pin Description

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION		
MAX4561	MAX4568	MAX4569		FUNCTION	
1	4	4	IN	Logic Control Input	
2	5	5	V+	Positive Supply Voltage	
3	3	3	GND	Ground	
4	-	2	NC	Analog Switch Normally Closed Terminal	
5	1	1	COM	Analog Switch Common Terminal	
6	2	_	NO	Analog Switch Normally Open Terminal	

#### **Applications Information**

Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings because stresses beyond the listed ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.

Proper power-supply sequencing is recommended for all CMOS devices. Always sequence V+ on first, followed by the logic inputs, NO/NC, or COM.

#### Operating Considerations for \_\_\_\_\_High-Voltage Supply

The MAX4561/MAX4568/MAX4569 are capable of +12V single-supply operation with some precautions. The absolute maximum rating for V+ is +13V (referenced to GND). When operating near this region, bypass V+ with a  $0.1\mu$ F min capacitor to ground as close to the device as possible.

#### ±15kV ESD Protection

The MAX4561/MAX4568/MAX4569 are ±15kV ESD-protected at the NC/NO terminals in accordance with IEC1000-4-2. To accomplish this, bidirectional SCRs are included on-chip between these terminals. When the voltages at these terminals go Beyond-the-Rails™, the corresponding SCR turns on in a few nanoseconds and bypasses the surge safely to ground. This method is superior to using diode clamps to the supplies because unless the supplies are very carefully decoupled through low-ESR capacitors, the ESD current through the diode clamp could cause a significant spike in the supplies. This may damage or compromise the reliability of any other chip powered by those same supplies.

There are diodes from NC/NO to the supplies in addition to the SCRs. A resistance in series with each of these diodes limits the current into the supplies during an ESD strike. The diodes protect these terminals from overvoltages that are not a result of ESD strikes. These diodes also protect the device from improper powersupply sequencing.

Once the SCR turns on because of an ESD strike, it remains on until the current through it falls below its "holding current." The holding current is typically 110mA in the positive direction (current flowing into the NC/NO terminal) at room temperature (see SCR Holding Current vs. Temperature in the Typical Operating Characteristics). Design the system so that any sources connected to NC/NO are current-limited to a value below the holding current to ensure the SCR turns off when the ESD event is finished and normal operation resumes. Also, remember that the holding current varies significantly with temperature. The worst case is at +85°C when the holding currents drop to 70mA. Since this is a typical number to guarantee turnoff of the SCRs under all conditions, the sources connected to these terminals should be current-limited to no more than half this value. When the SCR is latched, the voltage across it is approximately 3V. The supply voltages do not affect the holding current appreciably. The sources connected to the COM side of the switches need not be current limited since the switches turn off internally when the corresponding SCR(s) latch.

Even though most of the ESD current flows to GND through the SCRs, a small portion of it goes into V+. Therefore, it is a good idea to bypass the V+ with  $0.1\mu$ F capacitors directly to the ground plane.

ESD protection can be tested in various ways. Inputs are characterized for protection to the following:

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- $\bullet \pm 15 kV$  using the Human Body Model
- •±8kV using the Contact Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2 (formerly IEC 801-2)
- •±15kV using the Air-Gap Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2 (formerly IEC 801-2)

#### ESD Test Conditions

Contact Maxim Integrated Products for a reliability report that documents test setup, methodology, and results.

#### Human Body Model

Figure 6 shows the Human Body Model, and Figure 7 shows the waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which can be discharged into the test device through a  $1.5k\Omega$  resistor.

#### IEC 1000-4-2

The IEC 1000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment; it does not specifically refer to integrated circuits. The MAX4561 enables the design of equipment that meets Level 4 (the highest level) of IEC 1000-4-2, without additional ESD protection components.

The major difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 1000-4-2 is higher peak current in IEC 1000-4-2. Because series resistance is lower in the IEC 1000-4-2 ESD test model (Figure 8), the ESD withstand voltage measured to this standard is generally lower than that measured using the Human Body Model. Figure 9 shows the current waveform for the  $\pm$ 8kV IEC 1000-4-2 Level 4 ESD Contact Discharge test.

The Air-Gap test involves approaching the device with a charged probe. The Contact Discharge method connects the probe to the device before the probe is energized.

#### Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 69 (MAX4561) 39 (MAX4568/MAX4569)

PROCESS: CMOS





Figure 1. Switching Time











/N/IXI/N



Figure 4. Channel On/Off-Capacitance



Figure 6. Human Body ESD Test Model



Figure 8. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Test Model

# Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)



Figure 5. Off-Isolation/On-Channel



Figure 7. Human Body Model Current Waveform



Figure 9. IED 1000-4-2 ESD Generator Current Waveform





#### \_Package Information (continued)



NOTES

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Printed USA

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