General Description

The MAX4511/MAX4512/MAX4513 are quad, singlepole/single-throw (SPST), fault-protected analog switches. They are pin-compatible with the industry-standard nonprotected DG201/DG202/DG213. These new switches feature fault-protected inputs and Rail-to-Rail[®] signal handling capability. The normally open (NO_) and normally closed (NC_) terminals are protected from overvoltage faults up to 36V during power-up or power-down. During a fault condition, the NO_ or NC_ terminal becomes an open circuit and only nanoamperes of leakage current flow from the source, but the switch output (COM_) furnishes up to 10mA of the appropriate polarity supply voltage to the load. This ensures unambiguous rail-to-rail outputs when a fault begins and ends.

On-resistance is 175Ω max and is matched between switches to 10Ω max. The off-leakage current is only 0.5nA at +25°C and 10nA at +85°C.

The MAX4511 has four normally closed switches. The MAX4512 has four normally open switches. The MAX4513 has two normally closed and two normally open switches.

These CMOS switches can operate with dual power supplies ranging from $\pm 4.5V$ to $\pm 18V$ or a single supply between +9V and +36V.

All digital inputs have +0.8V and +2.4V logic thresholds, ensuring both TTL- and CMOS-logic compatibility when using $\pm 15V$ or a single +12V supply.

Applications

ATE Equipment

Data Acquisition

Industrial and Process-Control Systems

Avionics

Redundant/Backup Systems

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4511CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4511CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4511C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX4511EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4511ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4511MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

* Contact factory for dice specifications.

Rail-to-Rail is a registered trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd.

///XI//

Features

- ±40V Fault Protection with Power Off
 ±36V Fault Protection with ±15V Supplies
- + All Switches Off with Power Off
- Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling
- Output Clamped to Appropriate Supply Voltage During Fault Condition; No Transition Glitch
- 175Ω max Signal Paths with ±15V Supplies
- No Power-Supply Sequencing Required
- ±4.5V to ±18V Dual Supplies
 +9V to +36V Single Supply
- Low Power Consumption, <2mW</p>
- Four Separately Controlled SPST Switches
- Pin-Compatible with Industry-Standard DG411/DG412/DG413, DG201/DG202/DG213
- TTL- and CMOS-Compatible Logic Inputs with Single +9V to +15V or ±15V Supplies

/Pin Configurations Functional Diagrams/Truth Tables



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Voltages Referenced to GND)

V+0.3V to +44.0V	Plastic DIP (de
V44.0V to +0.3V	Narrow SO (de
V+ to V0.3V to +44.0V	CERDIP (derate
COM_, IN_ (Note 1)(V 0.3V) to (V+ + 0.3V)	Operating Tempe
NC_, NO_ (Note 2)(V+ - 36V) to (V- + 36V)	MAX451_C_ E
NC_, NO_ to COM36V to +36V	MAX451_E_ E .
Continuous Current into Any Terminal±30mA	MAX451_MJE .
Peak Current into Any Terminal	Storage Tempera
(pulsed at 1ms, 10% duty cycle)±50mA	Lead Temperatur

Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C) (Note 2) Plastic DIP (derate 10.53mW/°C above +70°C)
Operating Temperature Ranges
MAX451_C_E0°C to +70°C
MAX451_E_E40°C to +85°C
MAX451_MJE55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)+300°C

Note 1: COM_ and IN_ pins are not fault protected. Signals on COM_ or IN_ exceeding V+ or V- are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current rating.

Note 2: NC_ and NO_ pins are fault protected. Signals on NC_ or NO_ exceeding -36V to +36V may damage the device. These limits apply with power applied to V+ or V-, or ±40V with V+ = V- = 0.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies

(V+ = +15V, V- = -15V, GND = 0V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP (Note 3)	MAX	UNITS		
ANALOG SWITCH									
Fault-Protected Analog Signal Range	V _{NO_} , V _{NC_}	Applies with power on or off (Note 2)	C, E, M	-36		36	V		
Fault-Free Analog Signal Range	V _{NO_} , V _{NC_}	Applies with power on or off (Note 2)	C, E, M	V-		V+	V		
Non-Protected Analog Signal Range (COM_ Output)	V _{COM} _	Applies with power on or off (Note 1)	С, Е, М	V 0.3		V+ + 0.3	V		
			+25°C		125	160			
COMNO_ or COMNC_ On-Resistance	R_{ON} $V_{COM} = \pm 10V, I_{COM} = 1mA$	C, E			200	Ω			
			М			250			
COMNO_ or COMNC_			+25°C		3	6			
On-Resistance Match Between	ΔR_{ON}	ΔR_{ON}	ΔR_{ON}	$V_{COM} = \pm 10V$, $I_{COM} = 1mA$	C, E			10	Ω
Channels (Note 4)			М			15			
NO or NC Off Lookage Current		V(22) (14)()	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5			
NO_ or NC_ Off Leakage Current (Note 5)	I _{NO_} (OFF), I _{NC} (OFF)	$V_{COM} = \pm 14V;$ V_{NO} , $V_{COM} = \mp 14V$	C, E	-10		10	nA		
	inc_(orr)		М	-200		200			
		1411	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5			
COM_ Off Leakage Current (Note 5)	ICOM_(OFF)	$V_{COM} = \pm 14V;$ $V_{NO}, V_{COM} = \mp 14V$	C, E	-10		10	nA		
			М	-200		200			
			+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5			
COM_ On Leakage Current (Note 5)	ICOM_(ON)	$V_{COM} = \pm 14V$	C, E	-20		20	nA		
			М	-400		400]		

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (continued)

(V+ = +15V, V- = -15V, GND = 0V, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP (Note 3)	MAX	UNITS
FAULT (V+ = +15V, V- = -15V, un	less otherwise no	oted.)					
			+25°C	-10		10	
COM_ Output Leakage Current, Supplies On	I _{COM} _	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = ±33V	C, E	-200		200	– nA
Supplies On			М	-1		1	μA
			+25°C	-20		20	
NO_ or NC_ Off Input Leakage Current, Supplies On	I _{NO_} , I _{NC_}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = ±25V, V_{COM} = ∓ 10V	C, E	-200		200	– nA
Current, Supplies On		VCOM_ = + 10V	М	-10		10	μA
			+25°C	-20	0.1	20	
NO_ or NC_ Input Leakage Current, Supplies Off	I _{NO_} , I _{NC_}	, $I_{NC_{-}}$ $V_{NO_{-}}$ or $V_{NC_{-}} = \pm 40V$, V+ = 0, V- = 0	C, E	-200		200	– nA
Current, Supplies Off			М	-10		10	μA
COM_ On Output Current,	1	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 33V	25.0	8	11	13	
Supplies On	ICOM_	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = -33V	+25°C	-12	-10	-7	- mA
COM_ On Output Resistance,	5		+25°C		1	2.5	
Supplies On	R _{COM} _	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = ±33V	C, E, M			3	kΩ
LOGIC INPUT							
IN_ Input Logic Threshold High	V _{IN_H}		C, E, M		1.9	2.4	V
IN_ Input Logic Threshold Low	VIN_L		C, E, M	0.8	1.9		V
IN_ Input Current Logic High			+25°C	-1	0.03	1	- μΑ
or Low	IINH_, IINL	$ V_{NL} = 0.8V \text{ or } 2.4V$	C, E, M	-5		5	
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTER	RISTICS						
		$V_{COM_{-}} = \pm 10V, R_{L_{-}} = 2k\Omega,$ Figure 2	+25°C		350	500	
Turn-On Time	ton		C, E			600	ns
			М			900	1
			+25°C		200	400	
Turn-Off Time	toff	$V_{COM} = \pm 10V, R_{L} = 2k\Omega,$	C, E			500	ns
		Figure 2	М			750	1
Break-Before-Make Time Delay (MAX4513 Only)	t _{BBM}	$V_{COM_} = \pm 10V, R_{L_} = 2k\Omega,$ Figure 3	+25°C	50	100		ns
Charge Injection (Note 6)	Q	$\begin{array}{l} C_L = 1.0 n F, \ V_{NO_} = 0, \\ R_S = 0 \Omega, \ Figure \ 4 \end{array}$	+25°C		1.5	5	рС
NO_ or NC_ Off-Capacitance	C _{N_(OFF)}	f = 1MHz, Figure 5	+25°C		10		pF
COM_ Off-Capacitance	CCOM_(OFF)	f = 1MHz, Figure 5	+25°C		5		pF
COM_ On-Capacitance	CCOM_(ON)	f = 1MHz, Figure 5	+25°C		10		pF
Off Isolation (Note 7)	VCISO	$\label{eq:RL} \begin{array}{l} R_L = 50 \Omega, \ C_L = 15 pF, \\ V_N = 1 V_{RMS}, \ f = 1 M Hz, \ Figure \ 6 \end{array}$	+25°C		-62		dB
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk (Note 9)	V _{CT}	$\label{eq:RL} \begin{array}{l} R_L = 50\Omega, \ C_L = 15 pF, \\ V_N = 1 V_{RMS}, \ f = 1 M Hz, \ Figure \ 6 \end{array}$	+25°C		-66		dB

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (continued)

(V+ = +15V, V- = -15V, GND = 0V, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25$ °C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP (Note 3	MAX	UNITS
POWER SUPPLY		1					•
Power-Supply Range	V+, V-		C,E, M	±4.5		±18	V
V. Supply Current	+		+25°C		280	400	
V+ Supply Current	1+	All $V_{IN} = 0$ or $5V$	C, E, M			600	- μΑ
V- Supply Current		- All VIN = 0 or 5V	+25°C		90	200	
	1-		C, E, M			300	- μΑ
	All $V_{IN} = 0$ or 15V	+25°C	-1	0.01	1		
CND Supply Current			C, E, M			10	μΑ
GND Supply Current	IGND	All $V_{IN} = 5V$	+25°C		150	250	
			All $V_{IN} = 5V$	C, E, M			450

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +12V Supply

(V+ = +10.8V to +13.2V, V- = 0, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP (Note 3	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH							
Fault-Protected Analog Signal Range	V _{NO_} , V _{NC_}	Applies with power on or off (Note 2)	С, Е, М	-36		36	V
Fault-Free Analog Signal Range	V _{NO_} , V _{NC_}	Applies with power on or off (Note 2)	C, E, M	0		V+	V
Non-Protected Analog Signal Range (COM_ Output)	V _{COM} _	Applies with power on or off (Note 1)	C, E, M	-0.3		V+ + 0.3	V
		101	+25°C		260	390	
COMNO_ or COMNC_ On-Resistance	Ron	$V_{+} = 12V, V_{COM} = 10V,$ $I_{COM} = 1mA$	C, E			450	Ω
On Resistance			М			525	
COMNO_ or COMNC_			+25°C		4	10	
On-Resistance Match Between	ΔR_{ON}	$V_{+} = 12V, V_{COM} = 10V, I_{COM} = 1mA$	C, E			20	Ω
Channels (Note 4)			М			30	
			+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5	
NO_ or NC_ Off Leakage Current (Notes 5, 9)	ION_(OFF), INC_(OFF)	$V_{+} = 12V; V_{COM} = 10V; V_{NO}, V_{NC} = 0 \text{ or } 12V$	C, E	-10		10	nA
			М	-200		200	
	ICOM_(OFF)	V+ = 12V; V _{COM} _ = 0; V _{NO_} , V _{NC} _ = 12V	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5	
COM_ Off Leakage Current (Notes 5, 9)			C, E	-10		10	nA
			М	-200		200	
	ICOM_(ON)	V+ = 12V, V _{COM} _ = 10V or 12V	+25°C	-0.5	0.01	0.5	
COM_ On Leakage Current (Notes 5, 9)			C, E	-20		20	nA
			М	-400		400]
FAULT							
			+25°C	-10		10	nA
COM_ Output Leakage Current, Supply On	ICOM_	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = ±30V, V+ = 12V	C, E	-200		200	
Surrent, Supply Sh			М	-1		1	μA
			+25°C	-20		20	nA
NO_ or NC_ Off Input Leakage Current, Supply On	I _{NO_} , I _{NC_}	$V_{NO_{-}} \text{ or } V_{NC_{-}} = \pm 25V,$ $V_{COM_{-}} = 0, V_{+} = 12V$	C, E	-200		200	
Surrent, Supply Sh			М	-10		10	μA
		N/	+25°C	-20	0.1	20	nA
NO_ or NC_ Input Leakage Current, Supply Off	I _{NO_} , I _{NC_}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = ±40V, V+ = 0, V- = 0	C, E	-200		200	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	М	-10		10	μA
COM_ Output Current, Supply On	ICOM_	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 25V, V+ = 12V	+25°C	2	3	5	mA
COM_ Output Resistance, Supply On	R _{COM} _	$V_{NO_{-}}$ or $V_{NC_{-}} = 10V$ V+ = 12V	+25°C		2.4	5	kΩ

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +12V Supply (continued)

(V+ = +10.8V to +13.2V, V- = 0, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25$ °C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP (Note 3)	MAX	UNITS
LOGIC INPUT	1						
IN_ Input Logic Threshold High	V _{IN_H}		С, Е, М		1.8	2.4	V
IN_ Input Logic Threshold Low	V _{IN_L}		С, Е, М	0.8	1.8		V
IN_ Input Current Logic High or Low	I _{IN_H} , I _{IN_L}	V _{IN} = 0.8V or 2.4V	+25°C C, E, M	-1 -5	0.03	1 5	μΑ
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTE	RISTICS		0, L, W	-0		5	
		$V_{COM} = 10V, R_{L} = 2k\Omega,$	+25°C		500	1000	
Turn-On Time	ton	Figure 2	C, E, M			1500	ns
		0	+25°C		400	900	
Turn-Off Time	toff	Figure 2	C, E, M			1200	ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay (MAX4513 Only)	tBBM	$V_{COM_} = 10V, R_{L_} = 2k\Omega,$ Figure 3	+25°C	50	100		ns
Charge Injection (Note 6)	Q	$\label{eq:cl} \begin{array}{l} C_L = 1.0nF, \ V_{NO_} = 0, \\ R_S = 0\Omega, \ Figure \ 4 \end{array}$	+25°C		1	5	рС
NO_ or NC_ Off Capacitance	C _{N_} (OFF)	f = 1MHz, Figure 5	+25°C		9		pF
COM_ Off Capacitance	CCOM_ (OFF)	V _{COM} = GND, f = 1MHz, Figure 5	+25°C		9		pF
COM_ On Capacitance	C _{COM} _(ON)	$V_{COM} = V_{NO} = GND,$ f = 1MHz, Figure 5	+25°C		22		pF
Off Isolation (Note 7)	V _{ISO}	$\begin{array}{l} R_L=50\Omega,C_L=15pF,\\ V_{N_{-}}=1V_{RMS},f=1MHz,Figure~6 \end{array}$	+25°C		-62		dB
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk (Note 8)	V _{CT}	$\begin{array}{l} R_L=50\Omega,C_L=15pF,\\ V_{N_{-}}=1V_{RMS},f=1MHz,Figure5 \end{array}$	+25°C		-65		dB
POWER SUPPLY	L						
Power-Supply Range	V+		C,E, M	9		36	V
V+ Supply Current	1+	All $V_{IN} = 0$ or $5V$	+25°C		150	300	μA
			С, Е, М			450	μ, ,
		All $V_{IN} = 0$ or $12V$	+25°C		50	100	
V- and GND Supply Current	I _{GND}		С, Е, М			200	μA
	·GND	All $V_{IN} = 5V$	+25°C		150	300	
			С, Е, М			450	

Note 1: COM_ and IN_ pins are not fault protected. Signals on COM_ or IN_ exceeding V+ or V- are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current rating.

Note 2: NC_ and NO_ pins are fault protected. Signals on NC_ or NO_ exceeding -36V to +36V may damage the device. These limits apply with power applied to V+ or V-, or ±40V with V+ = V- = 0.

Note 3: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

Note 4: $\Delta R_{ON} = \Delta R_{ON}(MAX) - \Delta R_{ON}(MIN)$.

Note 5: Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum rated hot temperature and guaranteed by correlation at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.

Note 6: Guaranteed by design.

Note 7: Off isolation = 20 log10 [V_{COM} / (V_{NC} or V_{NO})], V_{COM} = output, V_{NC} or V_{NO} = input to off switch.

Note 8: Between any two switches.

Note 9: Leakage testing for single-supply operation is guaranteed by testing with dual supplies.



Typical Operating Characteristics

SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE vs. VCOM AND SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE vs. V_{COM} (DUAL SUPPLIES) **TEMPERATURE (DUAL SUPPLIES)** vs. V_{COM} (SINGLE SUPPLY) 350 200 1000 v-= 0 $V_{+} = +5V$ 180 +85°C V. +51/ 300 $V_{-} = -5V$ 160 G SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE (Ω) SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE (Q) 250 +12V SWITCH ON-RESISITANCE 140 $V_{+} = +10V$ V- = -12V 120 = -10V 200 = +15V V+ 100 121 +20\ 150 80 A = +25°C V+ +24V $T_A = -55^{\circ}C$, 40° 60 100 +30V 40 +15\ V+ . +20V 50 -15V V + = +15V20 V - = -20VV - = -15V0 0 100 -15 -10 10 15 -15 -5 15 -20 -5 0 5 20 -10 0 5 10 25 30 0 5 10 15 20 V_{COM} (V) V_{COM} (V) V_{COM} (V) CHARGE INJECTION SWITCH ON-RESISTANCE vs. VCOM ID(ON), IS(OFF), AND ID(OFF) AND TEMPERATURE (SINGLE SUPPLY) vs. V_{COM} (DUAL SUPPLIES) LEAKAGES vs. TEMPERATURE 14 400 100n $T_A = +125^{\circ}C$ $V_{+} = +15V$ I_{COM(OFF)} @V_{NO} = -14V, 85°C 350 12 V- = -15V $V_{COM} = +14V$ 10n 300 ICOM(OFF) @VNO = +14V 10 VCOM = -14VDUAL ±15V +25°C TA 40 1n 1000 LEAKAGE (A) 250 SUPPLIES 8 ICOM(ON) @VNO Q (pC) 200 -14V = VCOM ICOM(ON) @VNO 6 150 $= V_{COM} = +14V$ INO(OFF) @V_{NO} = -14V, V_{COM} = +14V TA -55°C 4 SINGLE +12V 100 / SUPPLY 10p 2 50 $I_{NO(OFF)} @V_{NO} = +14V,$ V+ = +12V $V_{COM} = -14V$ 0 0 1р 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 -50 -25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150 -15 -10 -5 0 5 10 15 TEMPERATURE (°C) V_{COM} (V) V_{COM} (V) ON AND OFF TIMES **POWER-SUPPLY CURRENT** ON AND OFF TIMES vs. TEMPERATURE vs. TEMPERATURE vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE 600 1000 600 900 500 500 _____t_{on} (Dual supplies) 800 ton t_{on} (SINGLE SUPPLY) SUPPLY CURRENT (µA) 700 400 400 (SII) 400 (SII) 400 300 t^{0EE} (us) 500 ly+ 300 IGND ^ک 400 ťoľ, 200 200 300 tore W. (SINGLE **LOFE** 200 SUPPLY) 100 100 toff 100 (DUAL SUPPLIES) 0 0 0 0 -50 -25 0 25 50 75 100 125 -50 -25 0 25 50 75 100 125 5 10 15 20 TEMPERATURE (°C) TEMPERATURE (°C) SUPPLY VOLTAGE (±V)

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$



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MAX4511/MAX4512/MAX4513

_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 16, 9, 8	IN1–IN4	Logic Control Digital Inputs
2, 15, 10, 7	COM1– COM4	Analog Switch Common* Terminals
3, 14, 11, 6	NO1–NO4 or NC1–NC4	Analog Switch Fault-Protected Normally Open* or Normally Closed* Terminals
4	V-	Negative Analog Supply Voltage Input. Connect to GND for single-supply operation.
5	GND	Ground. Connect to digital ground. (Analog signals have no ground reference.)
12	N.C.	No Connection—not internally connected
13	V+	Positive Analog and Digital Supply-Voltage Input. Internally connected to substrate.

*As long as the voltage on NO_ or NC_ does not exceed V+ or V-, NO_ (or NC_) and COM_ pins are identical and interchangeable. Either may be considered as an input or output; signals pass equally well in either direction.



Detailed Description

Overview of Traditional Fault-Protected Switches

The MAX4511/MAX4512/MAX4513 are fault-protected CMOS analog switches with unusual operation and construction. Traditional fault-protected switches are constructed by three series FETs. This produces good off characteristics, but fairly high on-resistance when the signals are within about 3V of each supply rail. As the voltage on one side of the switch approaches within about 3V of either supply rail (a fault condition), the switch impedance becomes higher, limiting the output signal range (on the protected side of the switch) to approximately 3V less than the appropriate polarity supply voltage.

During a fault condition, the output current that flows from the protected side of the switch into its load comes from the fault source on the other side of the switch. If the switch is open or the load is extremely high impedance, the input current will be very low. If the switch is on and the load is low impedance, enough current will flow from the source to maintain the load voltage at 3V less than the supply.





Figure 1. Block Diagram

Overview of MAX4511/MAX4512/MAX4513

The MAX4511/MAX4512/MAX4513 differ considerably from traditional fault-protection switches, with several advantages. First, they are constructed with two parallel FETs, allowing very low on-resistance when the switch is on. Second, they allow signals on the NC_ or NO_ pins that are within or slightly beyond the supply rails to be passed through the switch to the COM terminal, allowing rail-to-rail signal operation. Third, when a signal on NC_ or NO_ exceeds the supply rails by about 50mV (a fault condition), the voltage on COM_ is limited to the appropriate polarity supply voltage. Operation is identical for both fault polarities. The fault-protection extends to $\pm 36V$ from GND.

During a fault condition, the NO_ or NC_ input pin becomes high impedance regardless of the switch state or load resistance. If the switch is on, the COM_ output current is furnished from the V+ or V- pin by "booster" FETs connected to each supply pin. These FETs can typically source or sink up to 10mA. When power is removed, the fault protection is still in effect. In this case, the NO_ or NC_ terminals are a virtual open circuit. The fault can be up to \pm 40V.

The COM_ pins are not fault protected; they act as normal CMOS switch pins. If a voltage source is connected to any COM_ pin, it should be limited to the supply voltages. Exceeding the supply voltage will cause high currents to flow through the ESD protection diodes, possibly damaging the device (see *Absolute Maximum Ratings*).

Pin Compatibility

These switches have identical pinouts to common nonfault-protected CMOS switches. Care should be exercised in considering them for direct replacements in existing printed circuit boards, however, since only the NO_ and NC_ pins of each switch are fault protected.

Internal Construction

Internal construction is shown in Figure 1, with the analog signal paths shown in bold. A single normally open



(NO) switch is shown; the normally closed (NC) configuration is identical except the logic-level translator becomes an inverter. The analog switch is formed by the parallel combination of N-channel FET N1 and Pchannel FET P1, which are driven on and off simultaneously according to the input fault condition and the logic-level state.

Normal Operation

Two comparators continuously compare the voltage on the NO_ (or NC_) pin with V+ and V-. When the signal on NO_ or NC_ is between V+ and V- the switch acts normally, with FETs N1 and P1 turning on and off in response to IN_ signals. The parallel combination of N1 and P1 forms a low-value resistor between NO_ (or NC_) and COM_ so that signals pass equally well in either direction.

Positive Fault Condition

When the signal on NO_ (or NC_) exceeds V+ by about 50mV, the high-fault comparator output is high, turning off FETs N1 and P1. This makes the NO_ (or NC_) pin high impedance regardless of the switch state. If the switch state is "off", all FETs are turned off and both NO_ (or NC_) and COM_ are high impedance. If the switch state is "on", FET P2 is turned on, sourcing current from V+ to COM_.

Negative Fault Condition

When the signal on NO_ (or NC_) exceeds V- by about 50mV, the low-fault comparator output is high, turning off FETs N1 and P1. This makes the NO_ (or NC_) pin high impedance regardless of the switch state. If the switch state is "off," all FETs are turned off and both NO_ (or NC_) and COM_ are high impedance. If the switch state is "on," FET N2 is turned on, sinking current from COM_ to V-.

Transient Fault Response and Recovery When a fast rise-time and fall-time transient on IN_ exceeds V+ or V-, the output (COM_) follows the input (IN_) to the supply rail with only a few nanoseconds delay. This delay is due to the switch on-resistance and circuit capacitance to ground. When the input transient returns to within the supply rails, however, there is a longer output recovery time delay. For positive faults, the recovery time is typically 3.5µs. For negative faults, the recovery time is typically 1.3µs. These values depend on the COM_ output resistance and capacitance, and are not production tested or guaranteed. The delays are not dependent on the fault amplitude. Higher COM_ output resistance and capacitance increase recovery times.

COM_ and IN_ Pins

FETs N2 and P2 can source about ± 10 mA from V+ or Vto the COM_ pin in the fault condition. Ensure that if the COM_ pin is connected to a low-resistance load, the absolute maximum current rating of 30mA is never exceeded, both in normal and fault conditions.

The GND, COM_, and IN_ pins do not have fault protection. Reverse ESD-protection diodes are internally connected between GND, COM_, IN_ and both V+ and V-. If a signal on GND, COM_, or IN_ exceeds V+ or V- by more than 300mV, one of these diodes will conduct heavily. During normal operation these reverse-biased ESD diodes leak a few nanoamps of current to V+ and V-.

Fault-Protection Voltage and Power Off

The maximum fault voltage on the NC_ or NO_ pins is $\pm 36V$ with power applied and $\pm 40V$ with power off.

Failure Modes

The MAX4511/MAX4512/MAX4513 are not lightning arrestors or surge protectors.

Exceeding the fault-protection voltage limits on NO_ or NC_, even for very short periods, can cause the device to fail. The failure modes may not be obvious, and failure in one switch may or may not affect other switches in the same package.

Ground

There is no connection between the analog signal paths and GND. The analog signal paths consist of an N-channel and P-channel MOSFET with their sources and drains paralleled and their gates driven out of phase to V+ and V- by the logic-level translators.

V+ and GND power the internal logic and logic-level translators and set the input logic thresholds. The logic-level translators convert the logic levels to switched V+ and V- signals to drive the gates of the analog switches. This drive signal is the only connection between the power supplies and the analog signals. GND, IN_, and COM_ have ESD-protection diodes to V+ and V-.

IN_ Logic-Level Thresholds

The logic-level thresholds are CMOS and TTL compatible when V+ is +15V. As V+ is raised the threshold increases slightly, and when V+ reaches 25V the level threshold is about 2.8V—above the TTL output high level minimum of 2.4V, but still compatible with CMOS outputs (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

Increasing V- has no effect on the logic-level thresholds, but it does increase the gate-drive voltage to the signal FETs, reducing their on-resistance.



Bipolar Supplies

The MAX4511/MAX4512/MAX4513 operate with bipolar supplies between $\pm 4.5V$ and $\pm 18V$. The V+ and V- supplies need not be symmetrical, but their difference can not exceed the absolute maximum rating of 44V.

Single Supply

The MAX4511/MAX4512/MAX4513 operate from a single supply between +9V and +36V when V- is connected to GND.

High-Frequency Performance

In 50 Ω systems, signal response is reasonably flat up to 50MHz (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*). Above

20MHz, the on-response has several minor peaks that are highly layout dependent. The problem with high-frequency operation is not turning the switch on, but turning it off. The off-state switch acts like a capacitor and passes higher frequencies with less attenuation. At 10MHz, off isolation is about -42dB in 50 Ω systems, becoming worse (approximately 20dB per decade) as frequency increases. Higher circuit impedances also make off isolation worse. Adjacent channel attenuation is about 3dB above that of a bare IC socket and is due entirely to capacitive coupling.

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams



Figure 2. Switch Turn-On/Turn-Off Times



Figure 3. MAX4513 Break-Before-Make Interval



Figure 4. Charge Injection



Figure 5. COM_, NO_, NC_ Capacitance

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)



Figure 6. Frequency Response, Off Isolation, and Crosstalk

Pin Configurations/Functional Diagrams/Truth Tables (continued)







Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4512CPE	$0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4512CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4512C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX4512EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4512ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4512MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
MAX4513CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4513CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4513C/D	$0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$	Dice*
MAX4513EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4513ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4513MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP

* Contact factory for dice specifications.



TRANSISTOR COUNT: 139 SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO: V+

MAX4511/MAX4512/MAX4513

M/IXI/M

_Package Information





_Package Information (continued)

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