# LINEAR TECHNOLOGY

# LTM8042/LTM8042-1
## µModule Boost LED Driver and Current Source

## FEATURES

- **True Color PWM™ with 3000:1 Dimming Ratio**
- **Operates in Boost, Buck Mode or Buck-Boost Mode**
- **Wide Input Voltage Range:**
  **Operation from 3V to 30V**
  **Transient Protection to 40V**
- **Gate Driver for Optional PWM Dimming with P-channel MOSFET**
- Adjustable Frequency: 250kHz to 2MHz
- Constant-Current and Constant-Voltage Regulation
- Low Shutdown Current: <1µA
- RoHS Compliant Package with Gold Pad Finish
- Tiny, Low Profile (9mm × 15mm × 2.82mm) Surface Mount LGA Package

## APPLICATIONS

- Display Backlighting
- Automotive and Avionic Lighting
- Illumination
- Scanners

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## DESCRIPTION
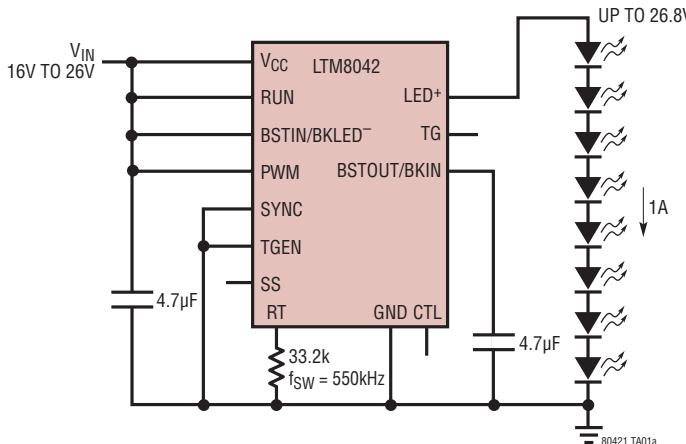
The LTM®8042 is a complete µModule® Boost LED Driver specifically designed to drive LEDs up to 1A, while the LTM8042-1 drives up to 350mA. It combines a boost power topology with a unique current loop to operate as a constant-current source. The PWM input provides as much as 3000:1 LED dimming, while 10:1 analog dimming can be accomplished by a single resistor or analog voltage applied to the CTL pin. As with any boost topology, the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 has an uninterrupted current path between its input and output and is thus intolerant to a short-circuit or overload from the output to ground.

| # WHITE LEDS | LED CURRENT | 12V$_{IN}$ | 24V$_{IN}$ |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | 1A | LTM8042 | |
| 7 | 350mA | LTM8042-1 | |
| 8 | 1A | | LTM8042 |
| 9 | 350mA | | LTM8042-1 |
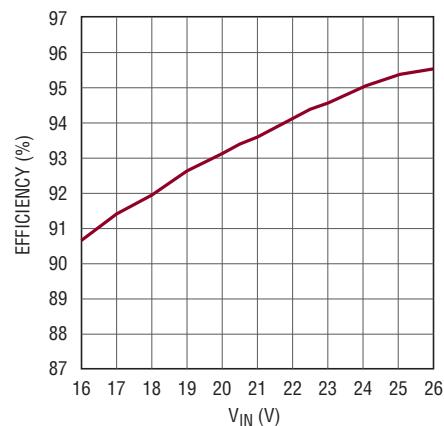
The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 is packaged in a thermally enhanced, compact overmolded land grid array (LGA) package. The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 is Pb-free and a RoHS compliant.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

**µModule Boost LED Driver, Driving 8 White LEDs at 1A**



80421 TA01a

**Efficiency vs V$_{IN}$**



80421 TA01b
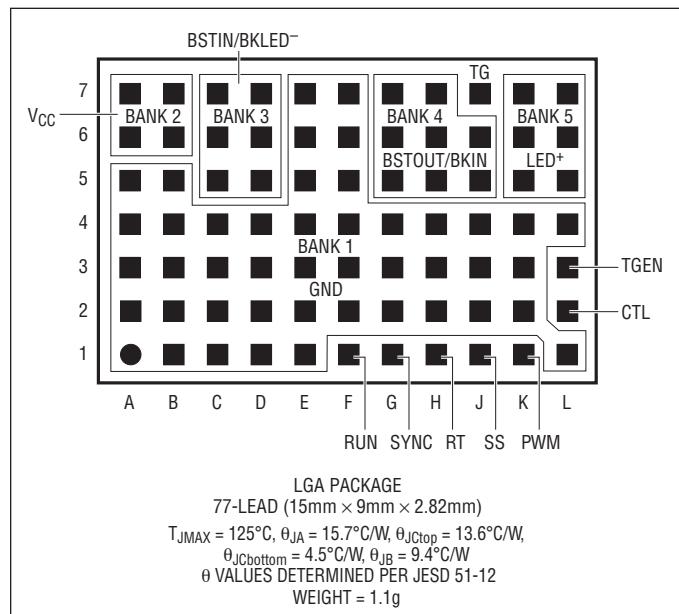
# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

**(Note 1)**

$V_{CC}$, RUN, PWM, TGEN, BSTIN/BKLED$^-$ ..................40V
BSTOUT/BKIN, TG, LED$^+$ ........................................43V
TG Pin Below LED$^+$ ...............................................10V
CTL, SYNC, SS.........................................................6V
RT ..........................................................................3V
Internal Operating Temperature
(Notes 3, 4) ........................................−40°C to 125°C
Solder Temperature ............................................ 245°C
Storage Temperature ............................−55°C to 125°C

# PIN CONFIGURATION



LGA PACKAGE
77-LEAD (15mm × 9mm × 2.82mm)
$T_{JMAX}$ = 125°C, $\theta_{JA}$ = 15.7°C/W, $\theta_{JCtop}$ = 13.6°C/W,
$\theta_{JCbottom}$ = 4.5°C/W, $\theta_{JB}$ = 9.4°C/W
θ VALUES DETERMINED PER JESD 51-12
WEIGHT = 1.1g

# ORDER INFORMATION

| LEAD FREE FINISH | TRAY | PART MARKING* | PACKAGE DESCRIPTION | TEMPERATURE RANGE |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LTM8042EV#PBF | LTM8042EV#PBF | LTM8042V | 77-Lead (15mm × 9mm × 2.82mm) LGA | −40°C to 125°C |
| LTM8042IV#PBF | LTM8042IV#PBF | LTM8042V | 77-Lead (15mm × 9mm × 2.82mm) LGA | −40°C to 125°C |
| LTM8042EV-1#PBF | LTM8042EV-1#PBF | LTM8042-1V | 77-Lead (15mm × 9mm × 2.82mm) LGA | −40°C to 125°C |
| LTM8042IV-1#PBF | LTM8042IV-1#PBF | LTM8042-1V | 77-Lead (15mm × 9mm × 2.82mm) LGA | −40°C to 125°C |

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges. *The temperature grade is identified by a label on the shipping container.

For more information on lead free part marking, go to: http://www.linear.com/leadfree/
This product is only offered in trays. For more information go to: http://www.linear.com/packaging/

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# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full internal operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A$ = 25°C. $V_{CC}$ = 5V, buck mode with 4Ω load.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $V_{CC(MIN)}$ | Minimum Input DC Voltage | | ● | 3 | | | V |
| $I_{LED}$ | LTM8042 LED Current | CTL Open<br>CTL Open, $R_{CTL}$ = 6.81k | | 0.9<br>0.45 | 0.5 | 1.05<br>0.55 | A<br>A |
| | LTM8042-1 LED Current | <br>$R_{CTL}$ = 6.81k | | 0.34<br>0.17 | | 0.39<br>0.20 | A<br>A |
| $V_{CLAMP}$ | Open LED Clamp Voltage | Boost Mode, LED+ Open | | | 36 | | V |
| $\Delta I_{OUT}/I_{OUT}$ | Output Current Line Regulation | LTM8042, 6V < BSTOUT/BKIN < 30V<br>LTM8042-1, 6V < BSTOUT/BKIN < 30V | | | 0.5<br>0.5 | | %<br>% |
| $I_{QVCC}$ | $V_{CC}$ Supply Current | PWM = 0V<br>RUN = 0V | | | 4.2<br>0.1 | <br>1 | mA<br>µA |
| $f_{SW}$ | Switching Frequency | RT = 90.9k<br>RT = 22.1k<br>RT = 6.04k | | 0.22<br>0.68<br>1.7 | 0.25<br>0.8<br>2 | 0.27<br>0.92<br>2.3 | MHz<br>MHz<br>MHz |
| $I_{SS}$ | Soft-Start Pin Current | SS = 0.5V, Out of Pin | | 6 | 9 | 12 | µA |
| $f_{SYNC}$ | Synchronization Frequency Range | | | 0.3 | | 2.5 | MHz |
| $I_{SYNC}$ | SYNC Pull-Down Current (Into the Pin) | $V_{SYNC}$ = 2V | | | 60 | | µA |
| $V_{SYNC(IL)}$ | SYNC Input Low | | | | | 0.4 | V |
| $V_{SYNC(IH)}$ | SYNC Input High | | | 1.5 | | | V |
| $I_{CTL}$ | CTL Input Bias Current | CTL = 0V, Flows Out of Pin | | | 100 | | µA |
| $V_{RUN(IH)}$ | RUN Input Voltage High | | | 1.5 | | | V |
| $V_{RUN(IL)}$ | RUN Input Voltage Low | | | | | 0.4 | V |
| $I_{RUN}$ | RUN Pin Bias Current | | | | 60 | 100 | µA |
| $V_{PWM(IH)}$ | PWM Input Voltage High | | | 1.5 | | | V |
| $V_{PWM(IL)}$ | PWM Input Voltage Low | | | | | 0.4 | V |
| $I_{PWM}$ | PWM Pin Bias Current | | | | 60 | 120 | µA |
| $V_{TG(OH)}$ | TG Output High Voltage | Relative to LED+, 100k from LED+ to TG | | | 0 | | V |
| $V_{TG(OL)}$ | TG Output Low Voltage | Relative to LED+, 100k from LED+ to TG | | | −7 | | V |
| $V_{TGEN(IH)}$ | TGEN Input Voltage High | PWM = 0V | | 1.5 | | | V |
| $V_{TGEN(IL)}$ | TGEN Input Voltage Low | | | | | 0.4 | V |
| $I_{TGEN}$ | TGEN Pin Bias Current | | | | 100 | 200 | µA |

**Note 1:** Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

**Note 2:** Absolute maximum voltage at $V_{CC}$, RUN, PWM, TGEN, BSTIN/BKLED⁻ pins is 40V for non-repetitive one second transients and 30V for continuous operation.

**Note 3:** The LTM8042E/LTM8042E-1 are guaranteed to meet performance specifications from 0°C to 125°C ambient. Specifications over the full −40°C to 125°C internal operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.

The LTM8042I/LTM8042I-1 are guaranteed to meet specifications over the full −40°C to 125°C internal operating temperature range. Note that the maximum internal temperature is determined by specific operating conditions in conjunction with board layout, the rated package thermal resistance and other environmental factors.
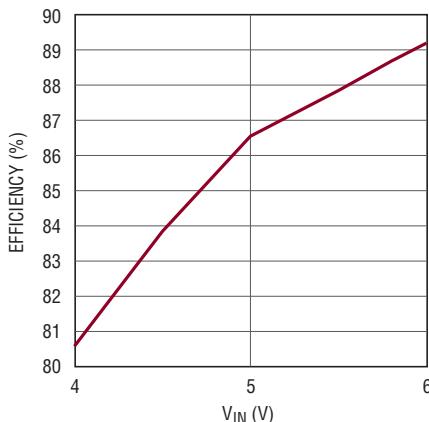
**Note 4:** This device includes overtemperature protection that is intended to protect the device during momentary overload conditions. Junction temperature will exceed the maximum internal operating temperature when overtemperature protection is active. Continuous operation above the specified maximum operating junction temperature may impair device reliability.

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.
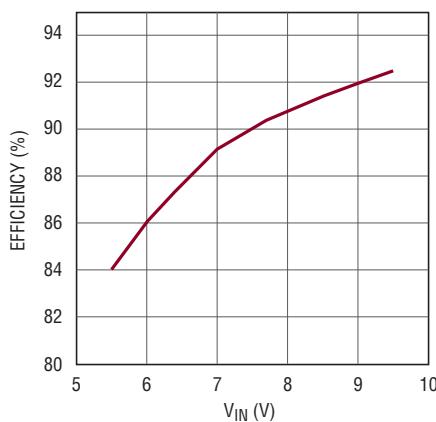
## LTM8042

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 6.8V at 1A LED String**
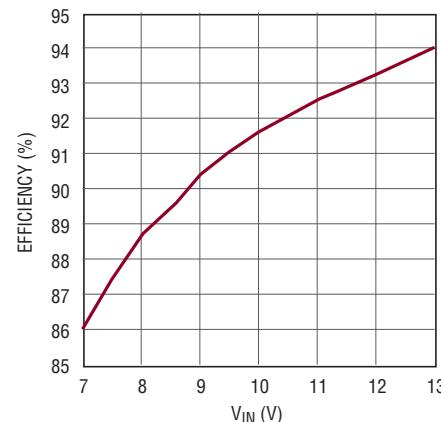
80421 G01

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 10.1V at 1A LED String**
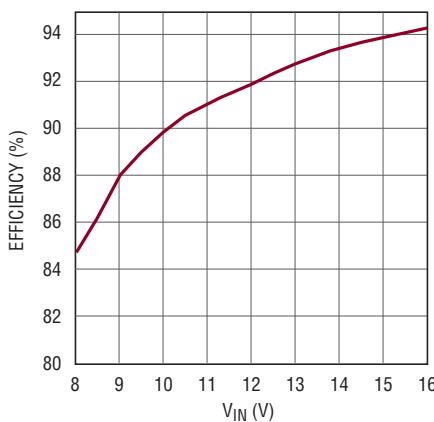
80421 G02

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 13.4V at 1A LED String**
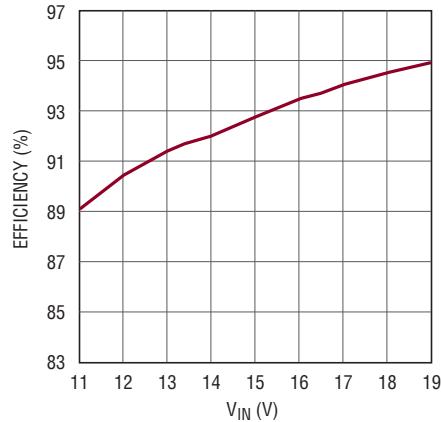
80421 G03

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 16.7V at 1A LED String**
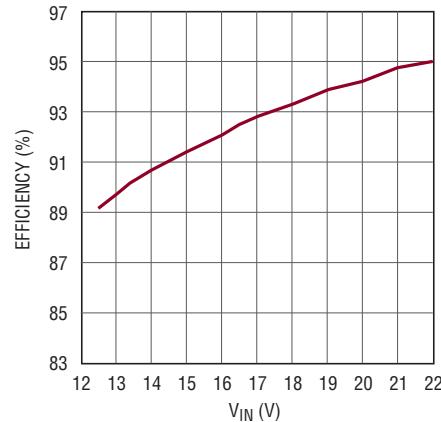
80421 G04

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 20.1V at 1A LED String**
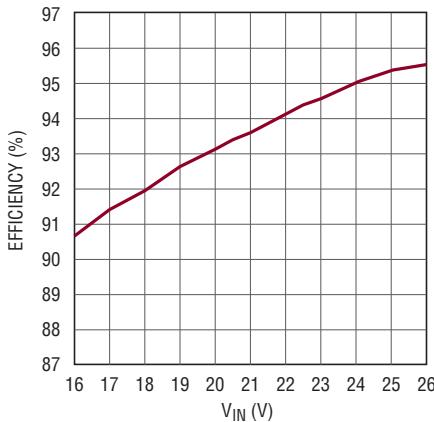
80421 G05

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 23.4V at 1A LED String**
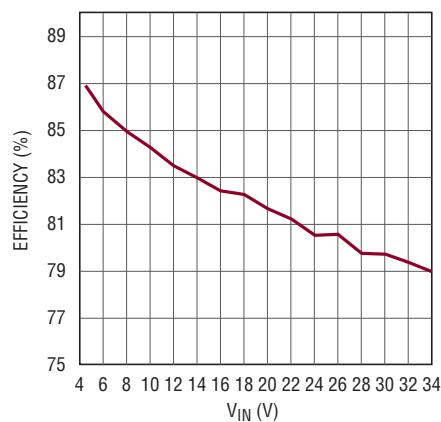
80421 G06

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 26.8V at 1A LED String**
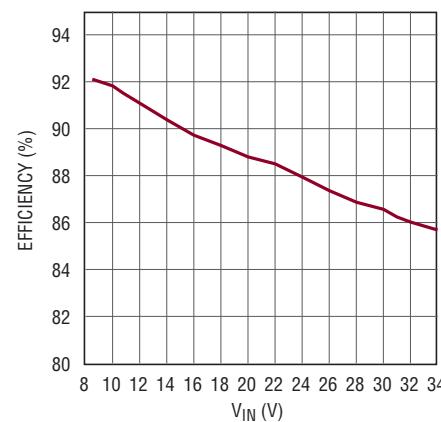
80421 G07

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 3.5V at 1A LED String**
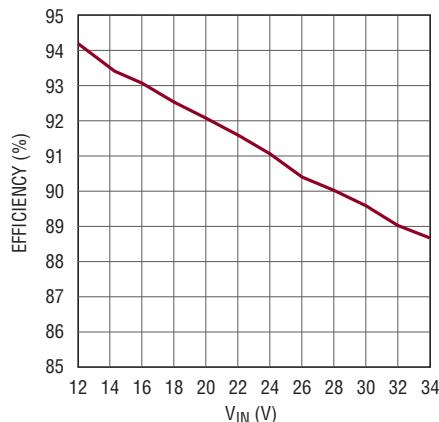
80421 G08

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 6.8V at 1A LED String**
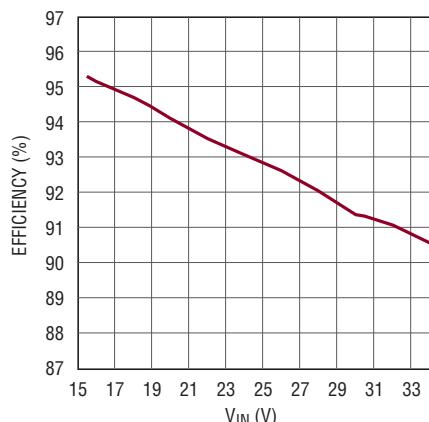
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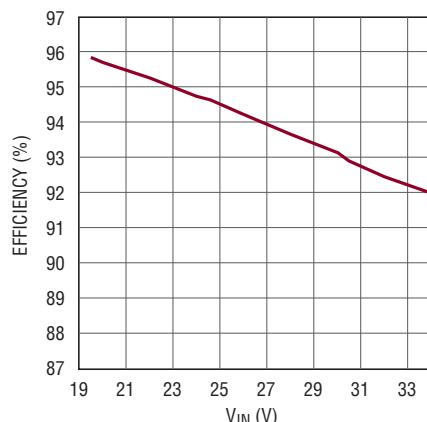
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# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.

## LTM8042

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 10.1V at 1A LED String**
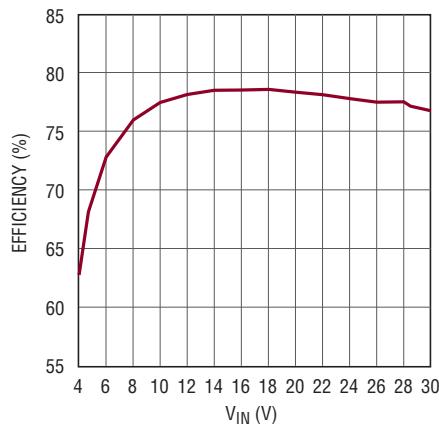
**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 13.4V at 1A LED String**
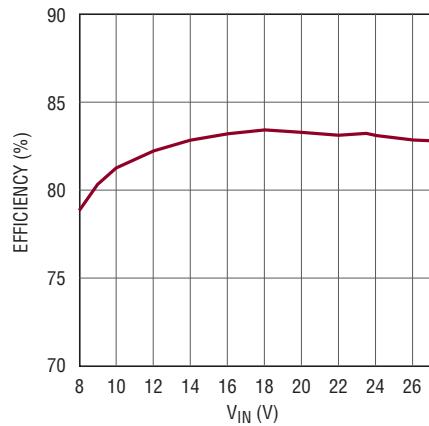
**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 16.7V at 1A LED String**
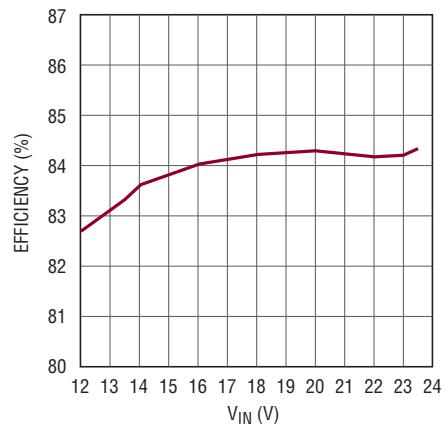
80421 G10

80421 G11

80421 G12

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck-Boost Mode, 3.6V at 1A LED String**
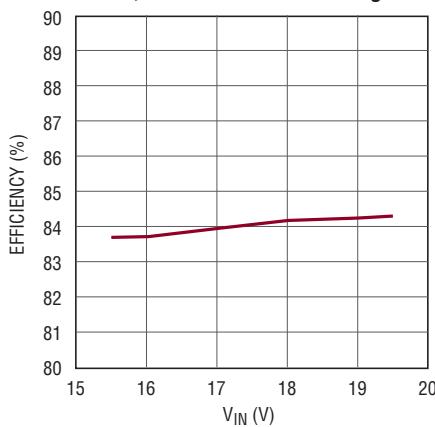
**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck-Boost Mode, 6.8V at 1A LED String**
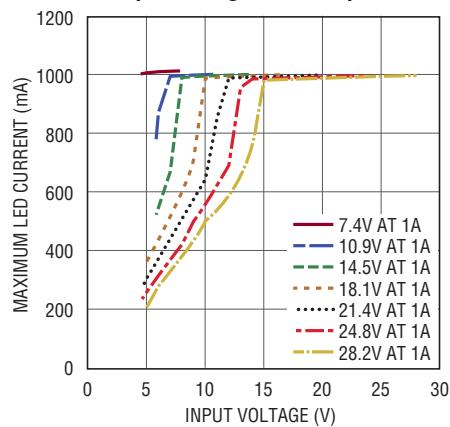
**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck-Boost Mode, 10.1V at 1A LED String**

80421 G13

80421 G14

80421 G15

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck-Boost Mode, 13.4V at 1A LED String**

**Maximum LED Current vs Input Voltage, Boost Operation**

- 7.4V AT 1A
- 10.9V AT 1A
- 14.5V AT 1A
- 18.1V AT 1A
- 21.4V AT 1A
- 24.8V AT 1A
- 28.2V AT 1A

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80421 G17

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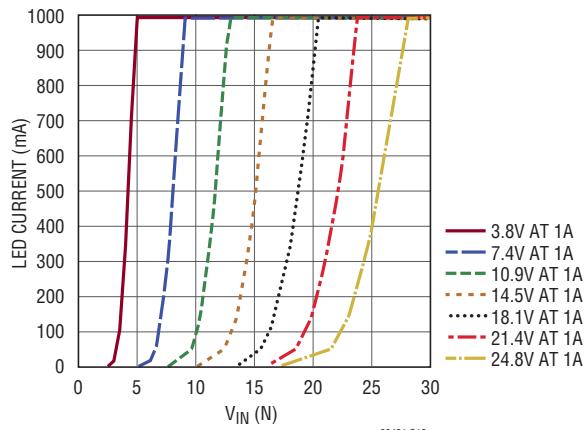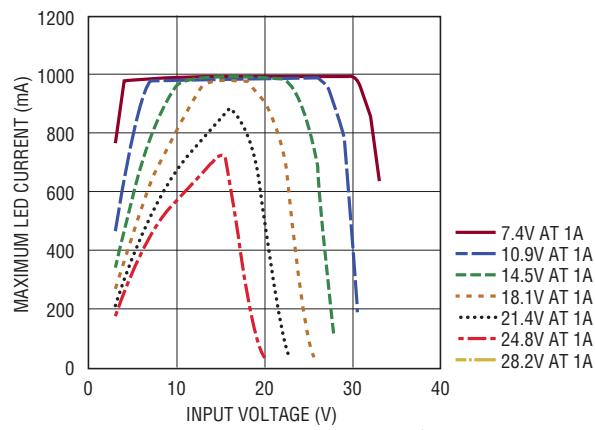
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.

## LTM8042
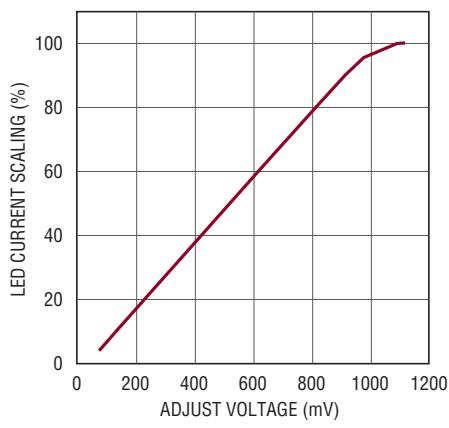
**Maximum LED Current vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode**
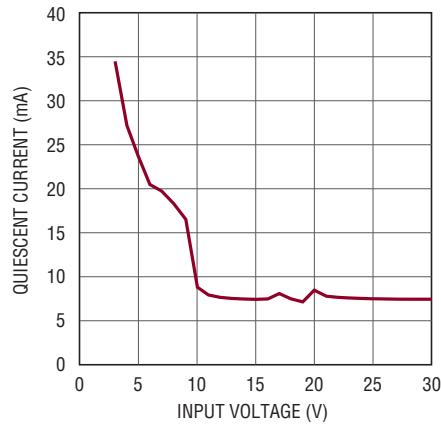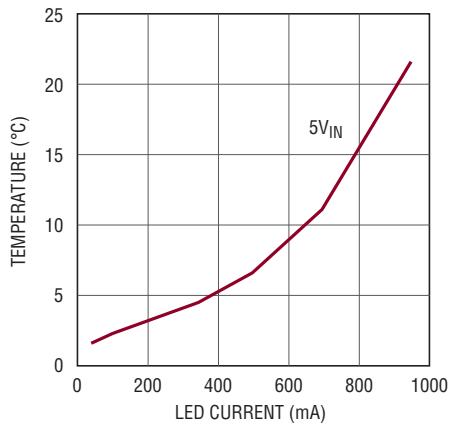


80421 G18

**Maximum LED Current vs Input Voltage, Buck-Boost Mode**



80421 G19

**LED Current vs CTL Voltage**



80421 G20

**Quiescent Current vs Input Voltage, Open LED**



80421 G21
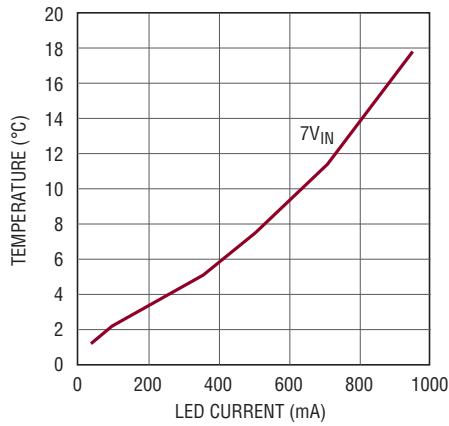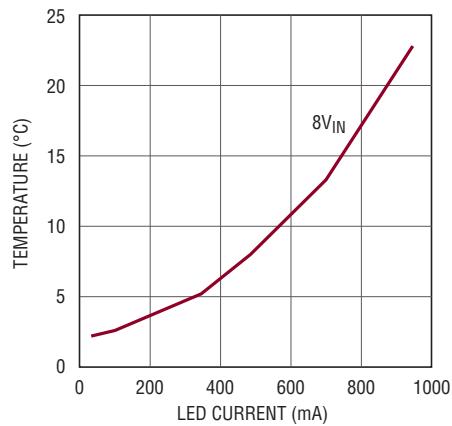
**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Boost Operation, 8.3V at 1A LED String**



80421 G22
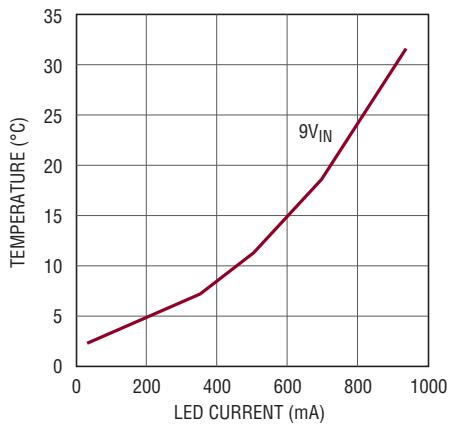
**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Boost Operation, 10.9V at 1A LED String**



80421 G23
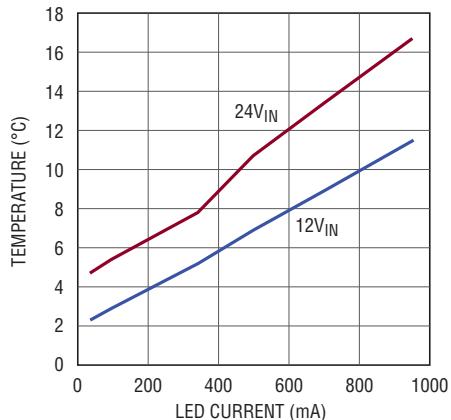
**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Boost Operation, 13.6V at 1A LED String**
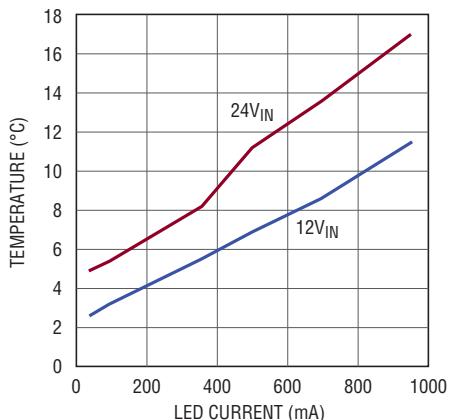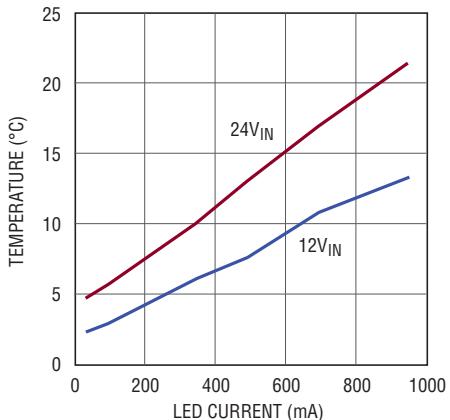


80421 G24

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Boost Operation, 18.1V at 1A LED String**
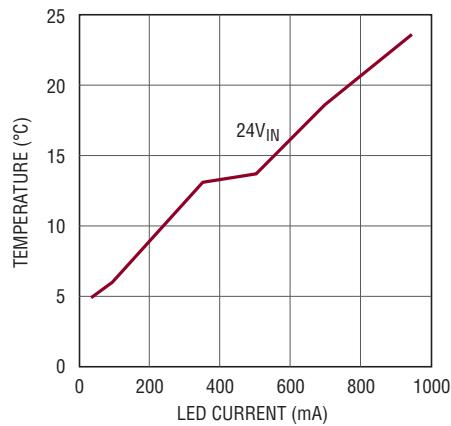


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# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.

## LTM8042

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 2.9V at 1A LED String**
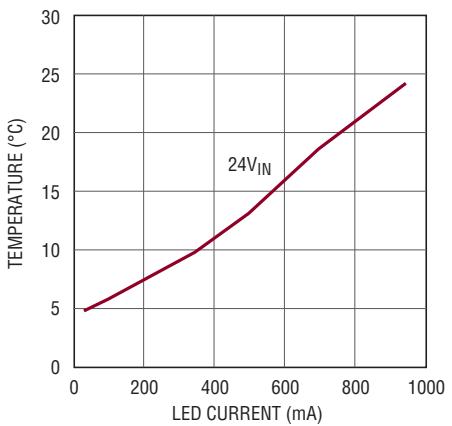


80421 G26

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 3.8V at 1A LED String**



80421 G27

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 8.3V at 1A LED String**
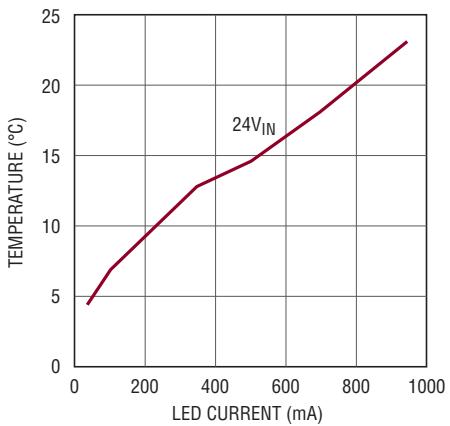


80421 G28

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 10.9V at 1A LED String**
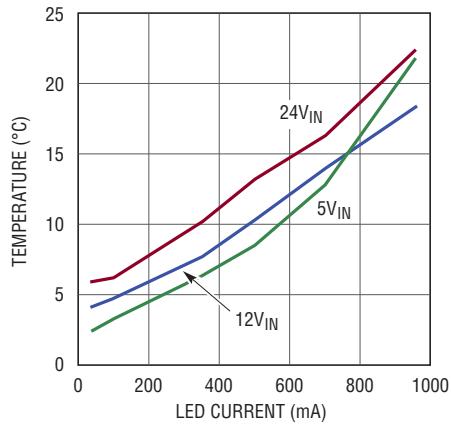


80421 G29

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 13.6V at 1A LED String**
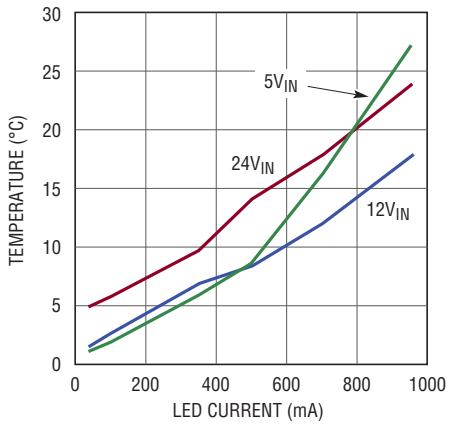


80421 G30

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 18.1V at 1A LED String**
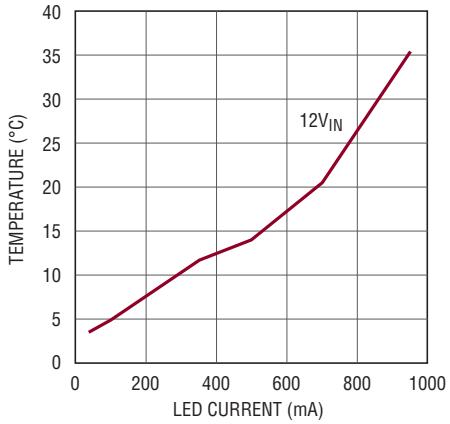


80421 G31

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 2.9V at 1A LED String**



80421 G32

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 3.8V at 1A LED String**



80421 G33

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 8.3V at 1A LED String**



80421 G34
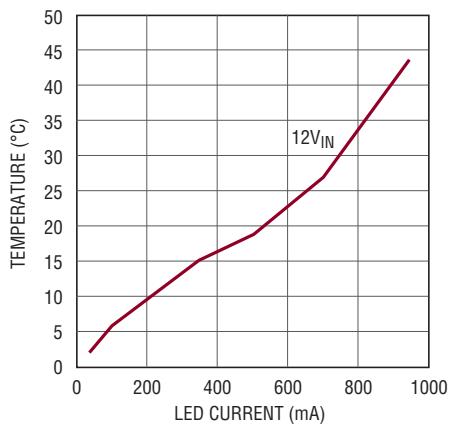
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# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.
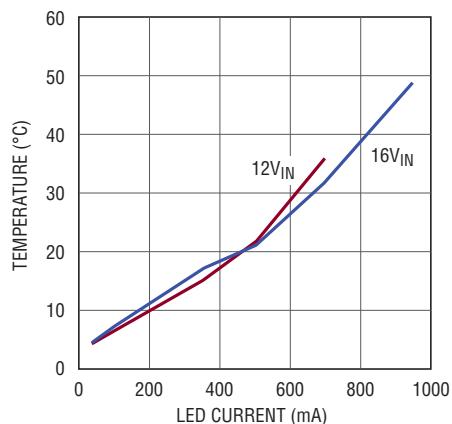
## LTM8042

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 10.9V at 1A LED String**
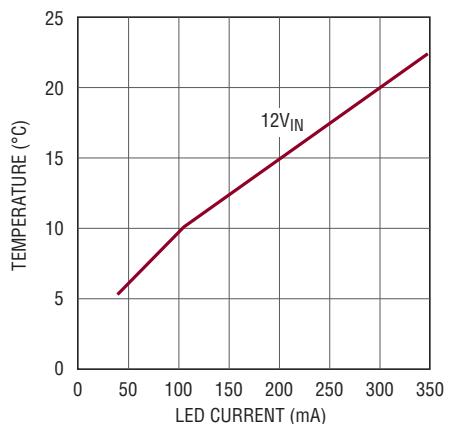


80421 G35

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 13.6V at 1A LED String**



80421 G36
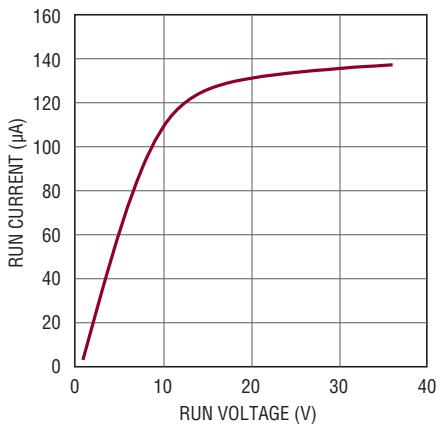
**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 15.5V at 350mA LED String**



80421 G37

## LTM8042/LTM8042-1
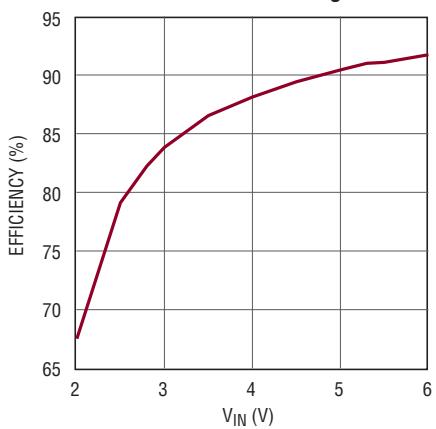
**RUN Pin Current vs Voltage**



80421 G38
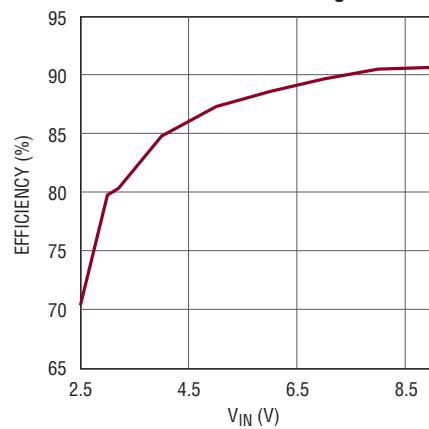
## LTM8042-1

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 6.7V at 350mA LED String**
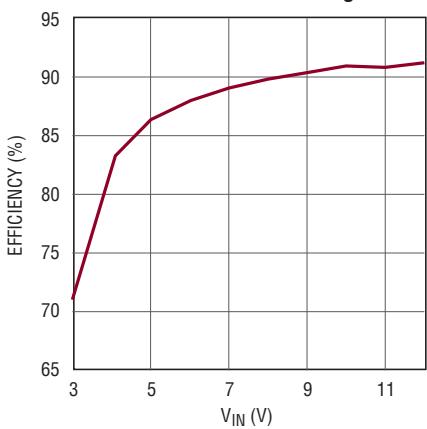


80421 G39

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 9.7V at 350mA LED String**
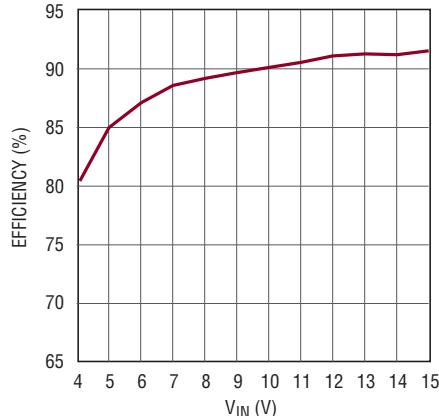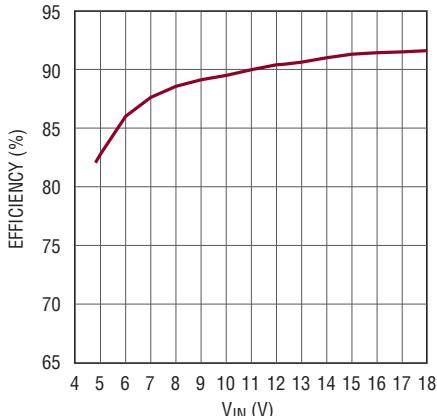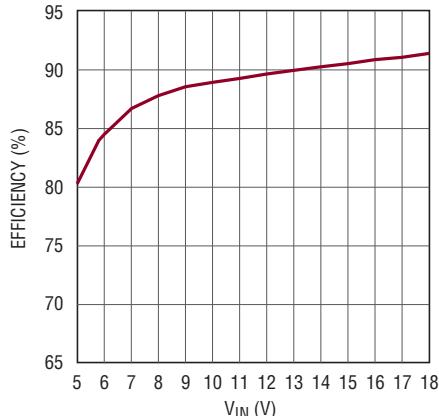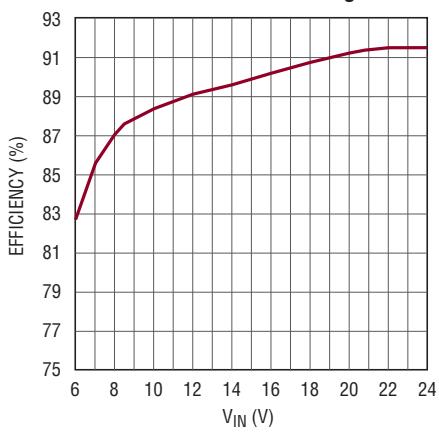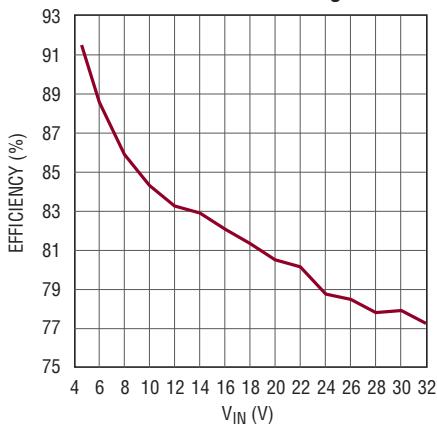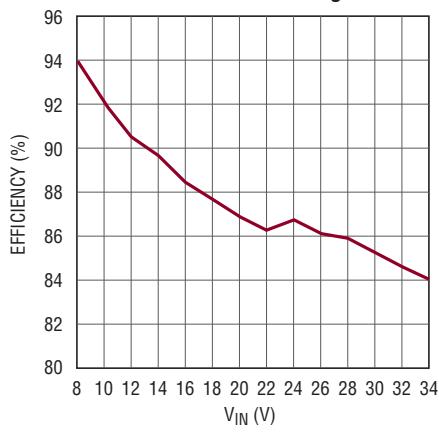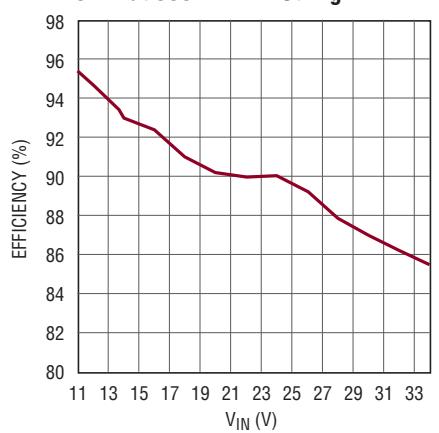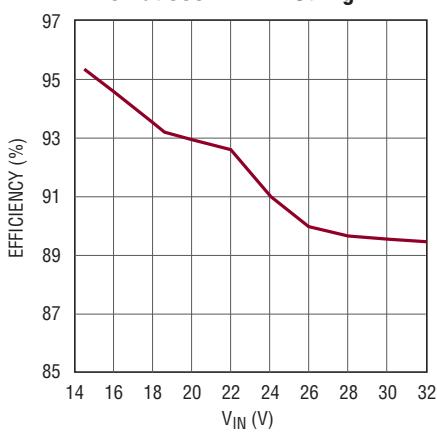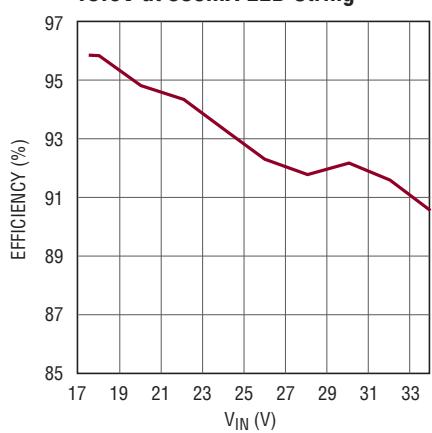


80421 G40

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 12.6V at 350mA LED String**



80421 G41
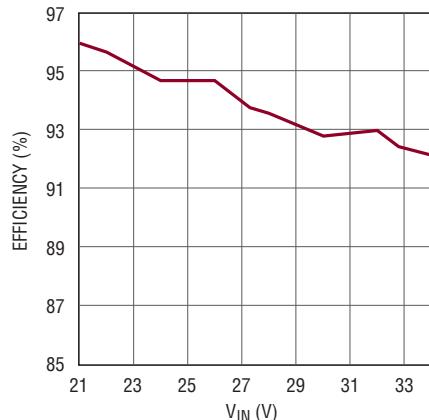
LINEAR
TECHNOLOGY

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.

**LTM8042-1**

### Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 15.6V at 350mA LED String



80421 G42

### Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 18.6V at 350mA LED String



80421 G43

### Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 21.6V at 350mA LED String



80421 G44

### Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Boost Operation, 24.8V at 350mA LED String



80421 G45

### Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 3.7V at 350mA LED String



80421 G46

### Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 6.7V at 350mA LED String



80421 G47

### Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 9.7V at 350mA LED String



80421 G48

### Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 12.6V at 350mA LED String



80421 G49

### Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 15.6V at 350mA LED String



80421 G50

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# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.
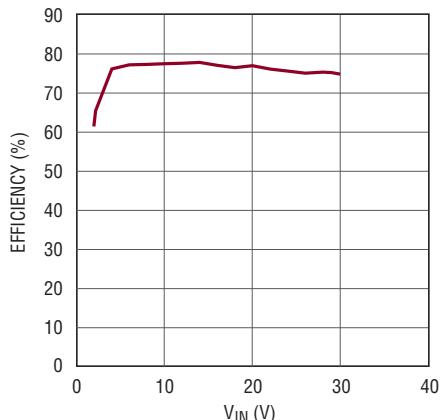
## LTM8042-1

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck Mode, 18.6V at 350mA LED String**
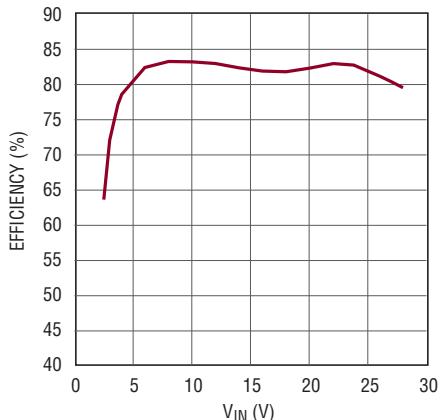


80421 G51

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck-Boost Mode, 3.7V at 350mA LED String**
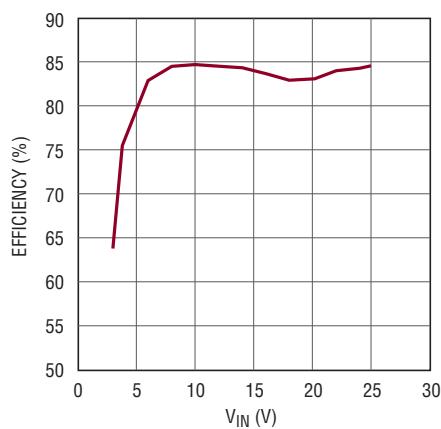


80421 G52

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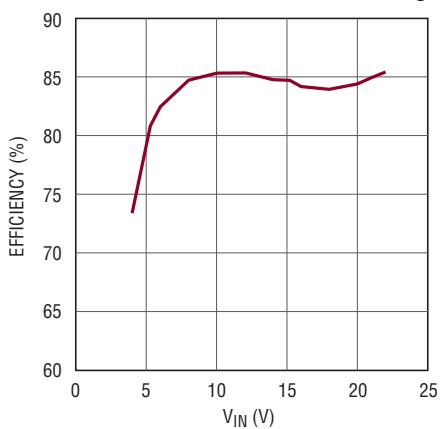


80421 G53

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck-Boost Mode, 9.7V at 350mA LED String**
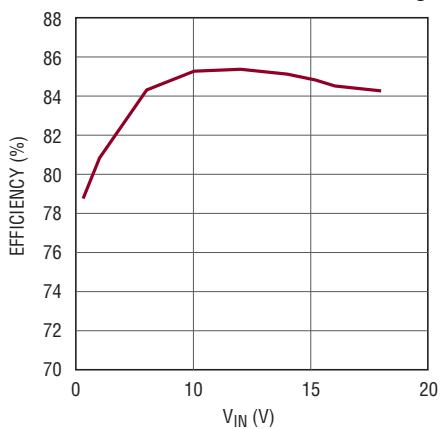


80421 G54

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck-Boost Mode, 12.6V at 350mA LED String**
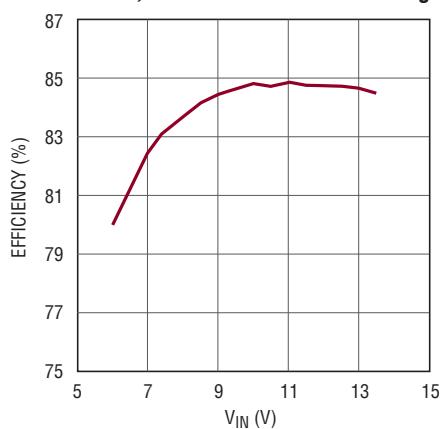


80421 G55

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck-Boost Mode, 15.6V at 350mA LED String**
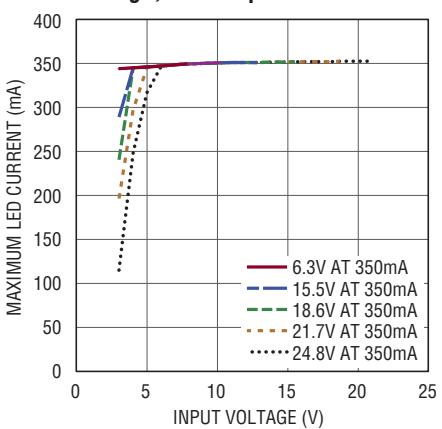


80421 G56

**Efficiency vs $V_{IN}$, Buck-Boost Mode, 18.6V at 350mA LED String**
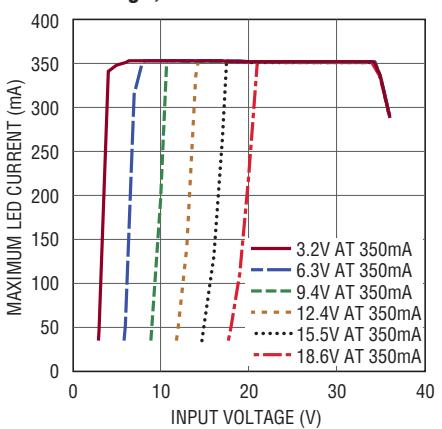


80421 G57

**Maximum LED Current vs Input Voltage, Boost Operation**



6.3V AT 350mA
15.5V AT 350mA
18.6V AT 350mA
21.7V AT 350mA
24.8V AT 350mA

80421 G58

**Maximum LED Current vs Input Voltage, Buck Mode**
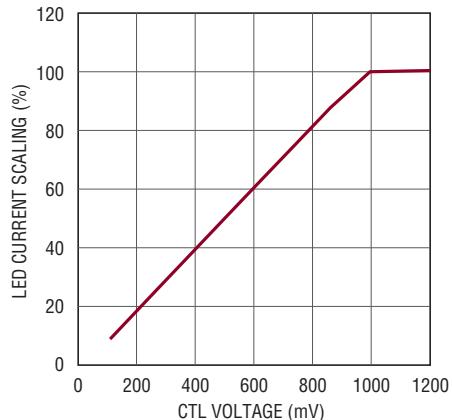


3.2V AT 350mA
6.3V AT 350mA
9.4V AT 350mA
12.4V AT 350mA
15.5V AT 350mA
18.6V AT 350mA

80421 G59

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# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A$ = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.
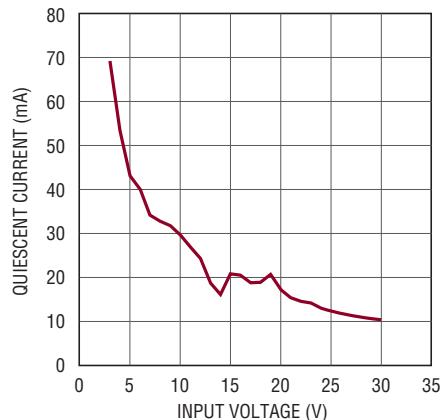
**LTM8042-1**

**Maximum LED Current vs Input Voltage, Buck-Boost Mode**



3.2V AT 350mA
6.3V AT 350mA
9.4V AT 350mA
12.4V AT 350mA
15.5V AT 350mA
18.6V AT 350mA
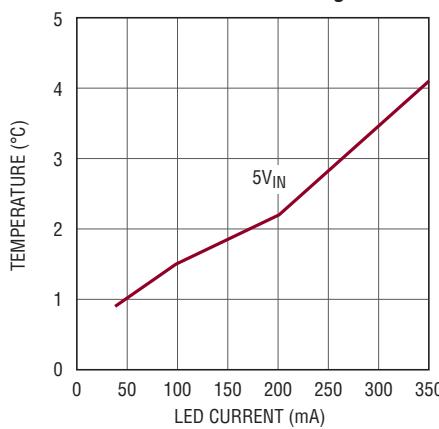
80421 G60

**LED Current vs CTL Voltage**
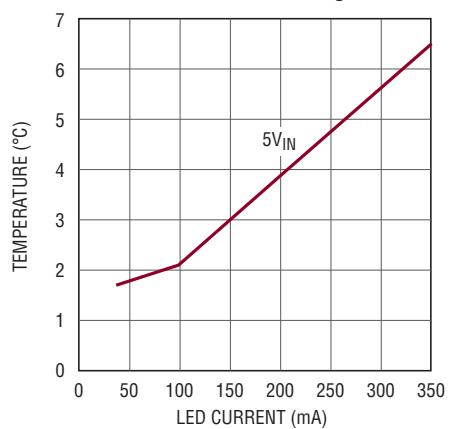


80421 G61

**Quiescent Current vs Input Voltage, Open LED**
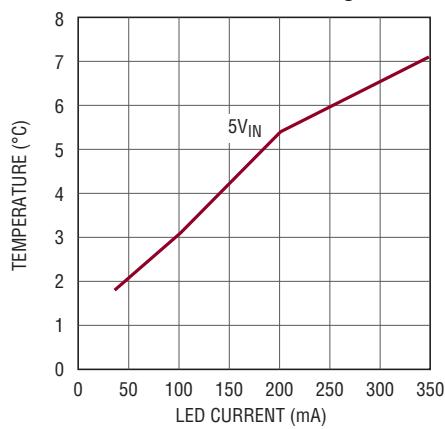


80421 G62

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Boost Operation, 6.8V at 350mA LED String**



5V$_{IN}$
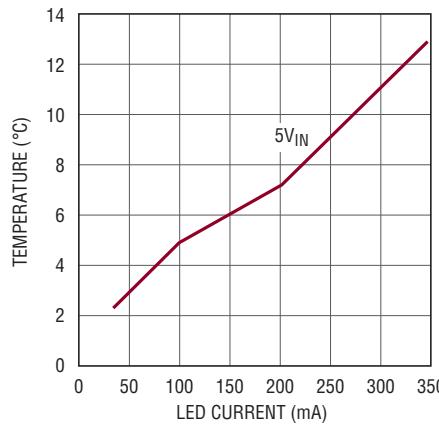
80421 G63

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Boost Operation, 9.4V at 350mA LED String**



5V$_{IN}$
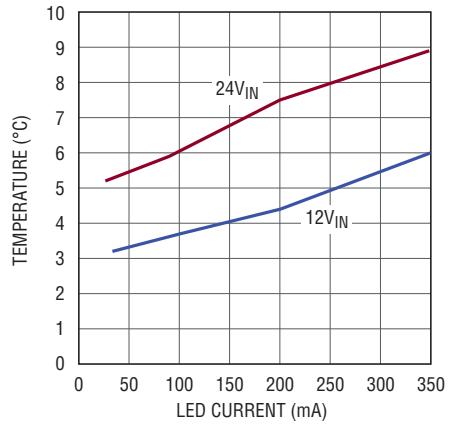
80421 G64

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Boost Operation, 11.2V at 350mA LED String**



5V$_{IN}$
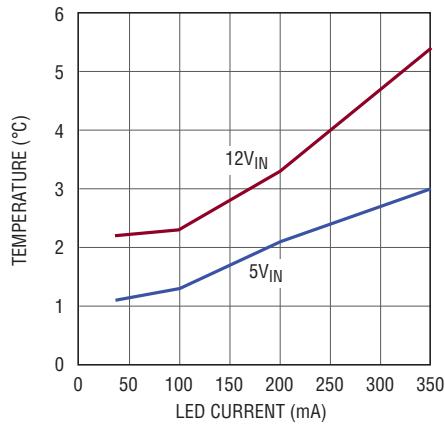
80421 G65

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Boost Operation, 15.5V at 350mA LED String**



5V$_{IN}$

80421 G66

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 2.3V at 350mA LED String**



24V$_{IN}$

12V$_{IN}$

80421 G67

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 3.2V at 350mA LED String**
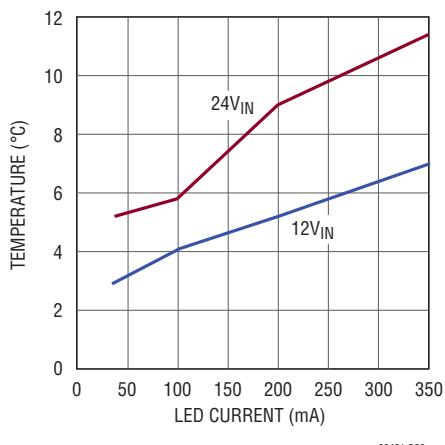


12V$_{IN}$

5V$_{IN}$

80421 G68

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# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.
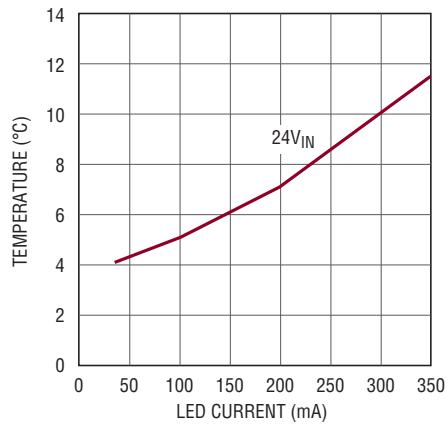
**LTM8042-1**

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 6.8V at 350mA LED String**
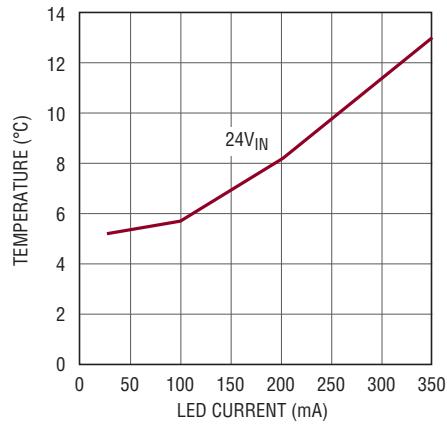


80421 G69

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 9.4V at 350mA LED String**
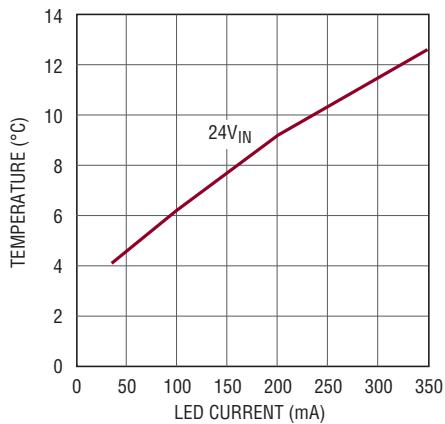


80421 G70

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 11.2V at 350mA LED String**
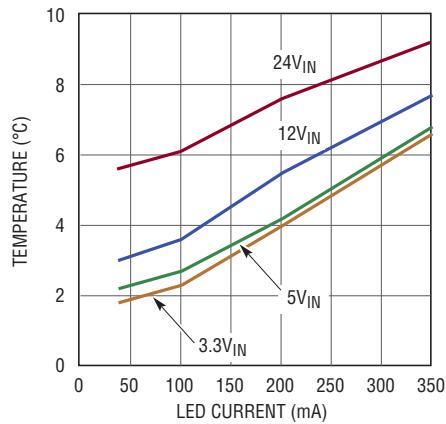


80421 G71

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck Mode, 15.5V at 350mA LED String**
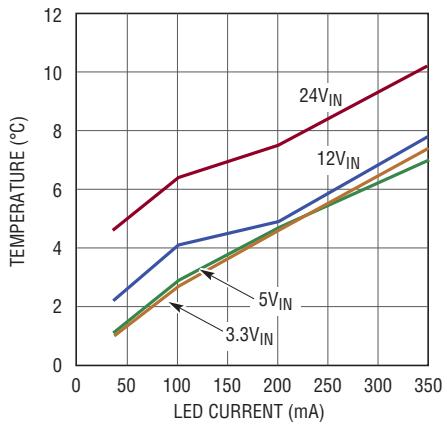


80421 G72

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 2.3V at 350mA LED String**
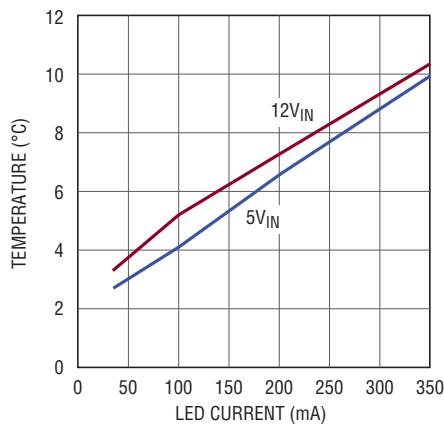


80421 G73

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 3.2V at 350mA LED String**
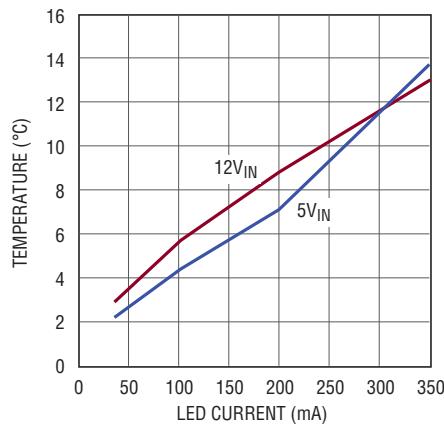


80421 G74

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 6.8V at 350mA LED String**



80421 G75

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 9.4V at 350mA LED String**
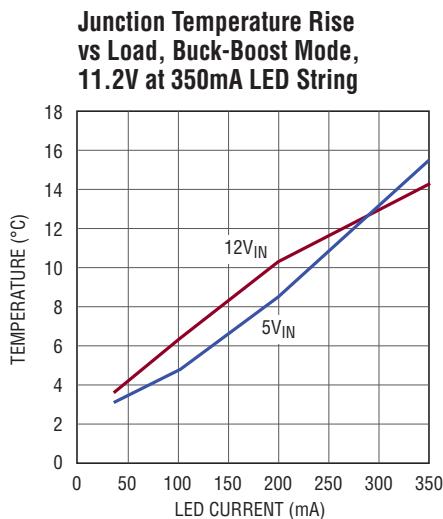


80421 G76
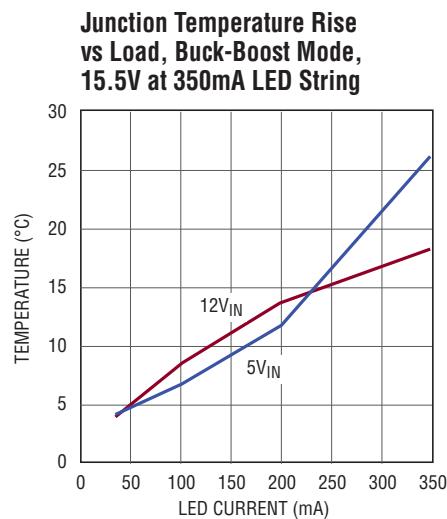
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# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.

**LTM8042-1**

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 11.2V at 350mA LED String**



80421 G77

**Junction Temperature Rise vs Load, Buck-Boost Mode, 15.5V at 350mA LED String**



80421 G78

# PIN FUNCTIONS

**GND (Bank 1):** Signal and Power Return. Tie these pads to a local ground plane below the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 and the circuit components. In most applications, the bulk of the heat flow out of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 is through these pads, so the printed circuit design has a large impact on the thermal performance of the part. See the PCB Layout and Thermal Considerations sections for more details.

**V$_{CC}$ (Bank 2):** Internal Housekeeping Power for the LTM8042/LTM8042-1. Connect to an external power source between 3V and 30V. The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 can withstand transients of 40V.

**BSTIN/BKLED⁻ (Bank 3):** Power Input for Boost Operation, as Well as the Cathode Connection for the LED String in Buck Mode. If the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 is used in boost mode, these pins must be locally decoupled.

**BSTOUT/BKIN (Bank 4):** Output of the Boost Converter, as Well as the Input for Buck Mode. If the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 is used in buck mode, these pins must be locally decoupled.

**LED⁺ (Bank 5):** Connect this to the anode of the LED string. This can also be connected to the PWM dimming MOSFET if used.

**RUN (Pin F1):** Module Enable. Tie to 1.5V or higher to enable the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 or 0.4V or less to disable device.

**SYNC (Pin G1):** Frequency Synchronization Pin. Tie an external clock signal here. The RT resistor should be chosen to program a switching frequency that is 20% slower than SYNC pulse frequency. Tie the SYNC pin to GND if this feature is not used.

**RT (Pin H1):** Timing Resistor Pin. Used to program the switching frequency of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 by connecting a resistor from this pin to GND. The Applications Information section of the data sheet includes a table to determine the resistance value based on the desired switching frequency. Minimize capacitance at this pin.

**SS (Pin J1):** Soft-Start Pin. Place a soft-start capacitor here. Leave the pin open if not used.

# PIN FUNCTIONS
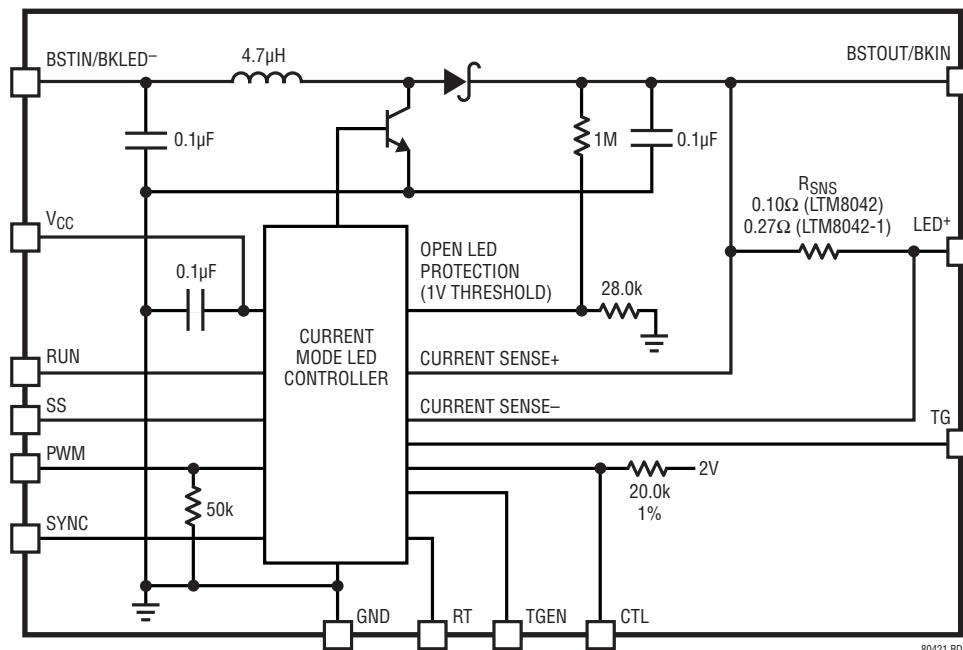
**TG (Pin J7):** Top Gate Driver Output. In response to an active high PWM signal, this pin will drive the gate of an external series P-channel MOSFET device low. An internal 7V clamp protects the PFET gate. This pin can also be used to disconnect the load when RUN is pulled low. Leave TG unconnected if not used.

**PWM (Pin K1):** Pulse Width Modulation Input Pin. A low signal turns off the LED string, disables the main switch and pulls the TG pin high. Drive above 1.55V to deliver current to the output. Tie the PWM pin to the RUN pin if not used. There is an equivalent 50k resistor from PWM pin to ground internally.

**CTL (Pin L2):** LED Current Adjustment Pin. Apply a voltage between approximately 1V and 0V to modulate the LED$^+$ output current, or tie a resistor to GND to modulate the LED$^+$ current. CTL is internally tied to a 2V precision reference via a 20k 1% resistor. Leave floating if unused.

**TGEN (Pin L3):** Top Gate (TG) Enable Input Pin. Tie to 1.5V or higher to enable the P-channel MOSFET driver function. Tie the TGEN pin to ground if the TG function is not used. There is an internal 40k resistor from TGEN to GND.

# BLOCK DIAGRAM

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# OPERATION

The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 is a complete, full featured, current mode regulator specifically designed to drive light emitting diodes (LEDs) or other loads where a constant current up to 1A (350mA for the LTM8042-1) is required.

The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 can operate in any of three LED drive topologies: boost, buck mode and buck-boost mode. The device features both analog and PWM dimming, a PWM P-channel MOSFET driver, and a suite of control functions: RUN control, soft-start, user programmable switching frequency, and external frequency synchronization.

Operation can be best understood by referring to the Block Diagram. The power stage is a boost converter that regulates the output current by reading the voltage across a power sense resistor that is in series with the output.

As with any boost topology, there is an uninterrupted current path between the input and output terminals. Current between these two terminals is not limited, so **the device is intolerant to a short-circuit or overload from any of the output terminals (LED⁺, BSTOUT/BKIN) to GND.**

There are two ways to dim a LED with the LTM8042/LTM8042-1. One way is to adjust the current on the LED array by setting the analog voltage on the CTL pin. The CTL pin is internally pulled up to a precision 2V reference through a 1% 20k resistor. Leaving the CTL pin floating sets the LED pin current to 1A. Reducing the voltage below 1.1V on the CTL pin proportionally reduces the current flowing out of LED⁺. This can be accomplished by connecting a resistor from the CTL pin to GND, forming a divider network with the internal 20k resistor, or by driving the CTL pin directly to a voltage source, such as a DAC.

The other way the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 can dim a LED array is by pulse width modulation using the PWM pin and an optional external P-channel MOSFET. The external P-channel MOSFET can be conveniently operated by the integrated gate driver at pin TG. The gate drive function can be enabled or disabled by the TGEN pin.

If the PWM pin is pulled high, the part operates normally. If the PWM pin is unconnected or pulled low, the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 stops switching and the internal control circuitry is held in its present state. This way, the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 "remembers" the current sourced from the LED⁺ output until PWM is pulled high again. This leads to a highly linear relationship between pulse width and output light, allowing for a large and accurate dimming range.

The RUN pin is used to deactivate the LTM8042/LTM8042-1. When the RUN pin is pulled to a logic low state, the device is shut down and draws typically less than 1µA of current.

The SS pin is used to limit inrush current during start-up. The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 integrates a current source with this function, so only a capacitor is necessary to establish the soft-start characteristics of the output current.

The switching frequency is set by applying a single resistor from the RT pin to GND, allowing operation anywhere from 250kHz to 2MHz, and the SYNC pin allows synchronization to an external source between 300kHz and 2.5MHz.

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

For most applications, the design process is straight forward, summarized as follows:

1. Decide whether the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 should operate in boost, buck, or buck-boost mode.

2. Look at Tables 1 through 6 and find the line that best matches the input and output conditions of the system under consideration.

3. Connect $C_{IN}$, $C_{OUT}$, $C_{VCC}$ and $R_T$ as indicated in the appropriate table.

4. Connect the remaining pins as needed by the system requirements.

While these component combinations have been tested for proper operation, it is incumbent upon the user to verify proper operation over the intended system's line, load and environmental conditions.

If the desired LED current is not listed in Tables 1 through 6, set it by applying the proper voltage the CTL pin. Graphs of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 LED current scaling vs CTL voltage are given in the Typical Performance Characteristics section. If a voltage source is not available to drive the CTL pin, a resistor may be applied from the CTL pin to GND. The CTL pin is internally pulled up to a 2V reference voltage through a 20k resistor (please see the Block Diagram for details).

## Open LED Protection

The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 has internal open LED circuit protection. If the LED is absent or fails open, the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 clamps the voltage on the LED+ and BSTOUT/BKIN pin to protect the output against overvoltage. The internal boost switching converter then regulates its output to 36V. In buck mode, the full open LED voltage is stood off by the internal power Schottky diode. At high operating temperatures, the power Schottky reverse leakage current will rise. This increases the power dissipation within the diode, which raises the junction temperature. This temperature rise can be large, so care needs to be taken at high operating temperatures.

## Setting the Switching Frequency

The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 uses a constant frequency architecture that can be programmed over a 250kHz to 2MHz range with a single external timing resistor from the RT pin to ground. Table 7 shows suggested $R_T$ selections for a variety of switching frequencies.

**Table 7. Switching Frequency vs $R_T$**

| SWITCHING FREQUENCY (kHz) | $R_T$ (kΩ) |
|---|---|
| 250 | 86.6 |
| 500 | 37.4 |
| 800 | 21.0 |
| 1000 | 15.8 |
| 1500 | 9.09 |
| 2000 | 6.04 |

The other way to set the operating frequency of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 is to drive the SYNC pin with an external signal. For proper operation, a resistor should be connected at the RT pin and be able to generate a switching frequency 20% lower than the external clock when the external clock is absent.

In general, a lower switching frequency should be used where either very high or very low switching duty cycle operation is required, or high efficiency is desired. Selection of a higher switching frequency will allow use of smaller value external components and yield a smaller solution size and profile.

## Operating Modes

The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 employs a ground referred power switch to implement a boost power switching circuit. As such, it can be used to implement the three most popular LED driving topologies: boost, buck mode, and buck-boost mode. Example layouts of each operating mode are given in Figures 2 through 4 and schematics are shown in the Typical Applications section.
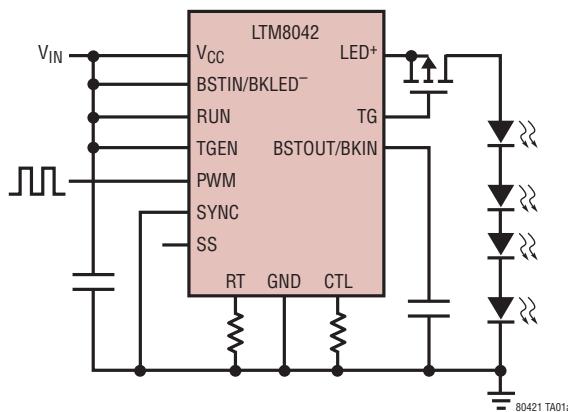
# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Which mode to use depends upon the operating conditions. Boost is generally selected when the voltage across the LED string is always higher than the input voltage. Buck mode is the dual of boost, used when the voltage across the LED string is always lower than $V_{IN}$. Finally, buck-boost mode is used when the $V_{IN}$ can vary both above and below the voltage across the LED string.

The land grid array of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 is designed to conveniently accommodate all three operating modes. Please refer to the PCB Layout section for suggested examples of how to lay out each operating mode.

### Dimming Control

There are two methods to control the current source for dimming using the LTM8042/LTM8042-1. One method uses the PWM pin to modulate the current source between zero and full current to achieve a precisely programmed average current. To make this method of current control more accurate, the switch demand current is internally stored during the quiescent phase (PWM low). This feature minimizes recovery time when the PWM signal returns high. When using PWM dimming, use a P-channel MOSFET disconnect switch in the LED current path (see Figure 1) to prevent the output capacitor from discharging during the PWM off-time. Enable this function by pulling TGEN above 1.5V.



**Figure 1. The LTM8042/LTM8042-1
Can Control a P-Channel PWM Switch**

The minimum PWM on or off-time will depend on the choice of operating frequency through the RT input pin or the SYNC pin. When using the SYNC function, the SYNC and PWM signals must have the rising edges aligned to achieve the optimized high PWM dimming ratio. For best current accuracy, the minimum PWM low or high time should be at least six switching cycles (3µs for $f_{SW}$ = 2MHz). The maximum PWM period is determined by the system. The maximum PWM dimming ratio (PWM$_{RATIO}$) can be calculated from the maximum PWM period ($T_{MAX}$) and the minimum PWM pulse width ($T_{MIN}$) as follows:

$$PWM_{RATIO} = \frac{T_{MAX}}{T_{MIN}} \tag{1}$$

A set of values that give a 3000:1 dimming ratio, for example, would be a switching frequency of $f_{SW}$ = 2MHz, $T_{MAX}$ = 9ms and $T_{MIN}$ = 3µs. Equation (1) becomes:

$$PWM_{RATIO} = 9ms/3µs = 3000:1$$

The second method of dimming control uses the CTL pin to linearly adjust the current sense threshold during the PWM high state. When the CTL pin voltage is less than 1V, the LED current is:

$$I_{LED} = V_{CTL}$$

When $V_{CTL}$ is higher than 1.1V, the LED current is clamped to 1A.

The LED current programming feature can be used in conjunction with the PWM to possibly increase the total dimming range by an additional factor of ten.

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

**PCB Layout**

Most of the headaches associated with PCB layout have been alleviated or even eliminated by the high level of integration of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1. The device is nevertheless a switching power supply, and care must be taken to minimize EMI and ensure proper operation. Even with the high level of integration, you may fail to achieve specified operation with a haphazard or poor layout. See Figures 2, 3 and 4 for suggested layouts of boost, buck and buck-boost operating modes.

Ensure that the grounding and heat sinking are acceptable. A few rules to keep in mind are:

1. Place the $R_T$ resistor as close as possible to its respective pins.

2. Place the $C_{IN}$ and $C_{VCC}$ capacitor as close as possible to the $V_{IN}$ and GND connections of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1.

3. Place the $C_{OUT}$ capacitor as close as possible to the BSTOUT/BKIN or BSTIN/BKLED⁻ and GND connection of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1.

4. Place the $C_{IN}$, $C_{VCC}$ and $C_{OUT}$ capacitors such that their ground current flows directly adjacent to or underneath the LTM8042/LTM8042-1.

5. Connect all of the GND connections to as large a copper pour or plane area as possible on the top layer. Avoid breaking the ground connection between the external components and the LTM8042/LTM8042-1.

Use vias to connect the GND copper area to the board's internal ground planes. Liberally distribute these GND vias to provide both a good ground connection and thermal path to the internal planes of the printed circuit board. Pay attention to the location and density of the thermal vias in Figures 2 through 4. The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 can benefit from the heat sinking afforded by vias that connect to internal GND planes at these locations, due to their proximity to internal power handling components. The optimum number of thermal vias depends upon the printed circuit board design. For example, a board might use very small via holes. It should employ more thermal vias than a board that uses larger holes.
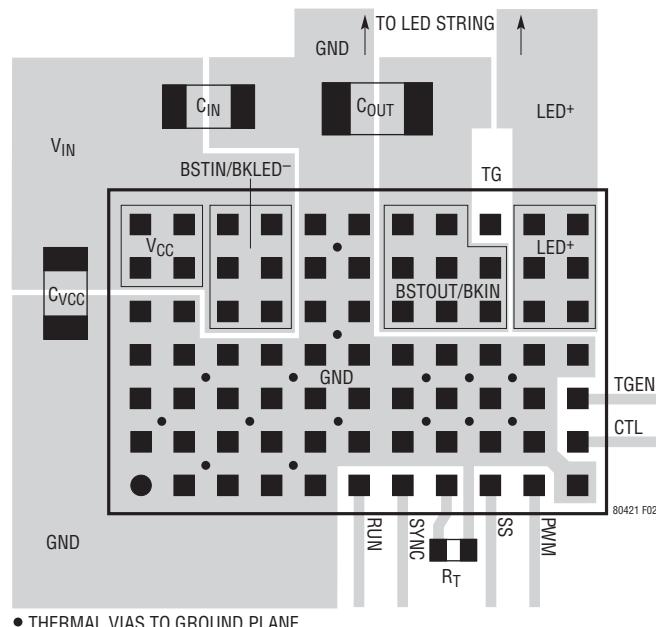


**Figure 2. Suggested Layout for Boost Operation**

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION
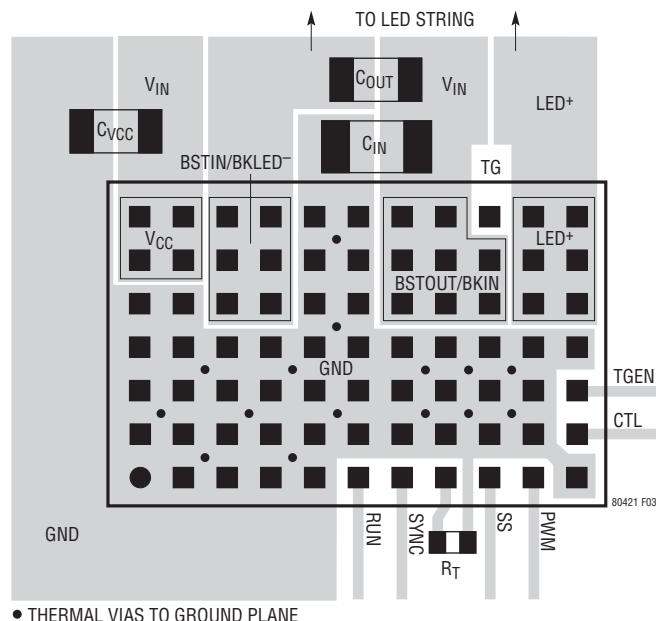


**Figure 3. Suggested Layout for Buck Mode**
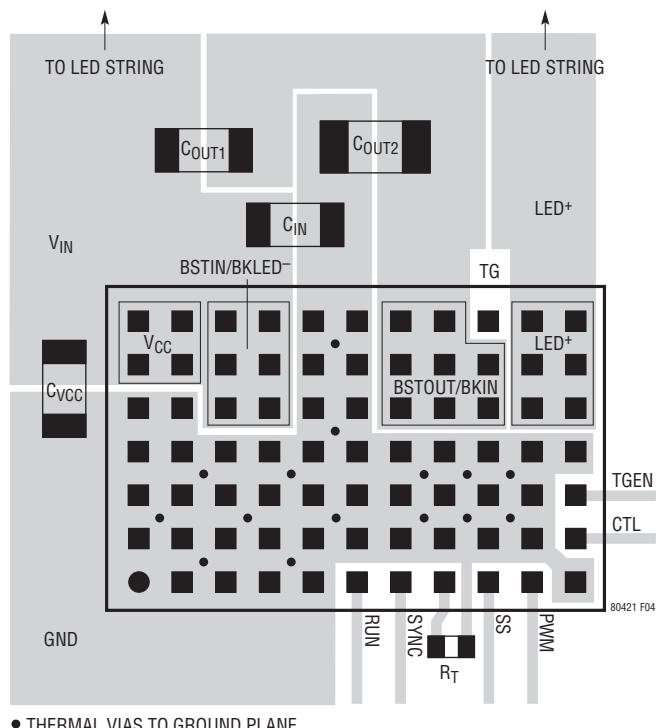


**Figure 4. Suggested Layout for Buck-Boost Mode**

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

**Table 1. LTM8042 Recommended Values and Configuration for Boost (T$_A$ = 25°C)**

| V$_{IN}$ RANGE (BSTIN/ BKLED⁻) | V$_{CC}$ | C$_{IN}$ (BSTIN/BKLED⁻ TO GND) | C$_{OUT}$ (BSTOUT/BKIN TO GND) | LED STRING VOLTAGE (LED⁺ TO GND) | LED STRING CURRENT | R$_{CTL}$ | RT (OPTI-MAL) | f (OPTI-MAL) | RT (MIN) | f (MAX) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3V to 3.6V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 3V to 5.1V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 35mA | 523 | 76.8k | 275k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 3V to 6.3V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 35mA | 523 | 69.8k | 300k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 3V to 9.3V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 12V to 16V | 35mA | 523 | 48.7k | 400k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 3V to 10V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 35mA | 523 | 37.4k | 500k | 27.4k | 650k |
| 3V to 12.6V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 35mA | 523 | 33.2k | 550k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 3.7V to 15V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 24V to 32V | 35mA | 523 | 30.1k | 600k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 3V to 3.85V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 100mA | 1.30k | 86.6k | 250k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 3V to 5.6V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 100mA | 1.30k | 76.8k | 275k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 3V to 7V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 100mA | 1.30k | 69.8k | 300k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 3V to 10.2V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 12V to 16V | 100mA | 1.30k | 48.7k | 400k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 4V to 12.6V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 100mA | 1.30k | 37.4k | 500k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 4V to 14.5V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 100mA | 1.30k | 30.1k | 600k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 6.3V to 18.7V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 24V to 32V | 100mA | 1.30k | 24.9k | 700k | 21.0k | 800k |
| 3V to 3.8V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 350mA | 4.75k | 27.4k | 650k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 3V to 5.5V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 350mA | 4.75k | 27.4k | 650k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 3.3V to 7V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 350mA | 4.75k | 27.4k | 650k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 4.1V to 10V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 12V to 16V | 350mA | 4.75k | 19.6k | 850k | 15.8k | 1M |
| 5.5V to 12.5V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 350mA | 4.75k | 18.2k | 900k | 12.4k | 1.2M |
| 6.4V to 15V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 350mA | 4.75k | 16.9k | 950k | 14.0k | 1.1M |
| 9V to 20.8V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 24V to 32V | 350mA | 4.75k | 16.9k | 950k | 14.0k | 1.1M |
| 3V to 3.8V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 500mA | 7.32k | 27.4k | 650k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 3.3V to 5.7V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 500mA | 7.32k | 24.9k | 700k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 4V to 7.2V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 500mA | 7.32k | 24.9k | 700k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 5.2V to 10.4V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 12V to 16V | 500mA | 7.32k | 18.2k | 900k | 12.4k | 1.2M |
| 7V to 13V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 500mA | 7.32k | 18.2k | 900k | 14.0k | 1.1M |
| 8.2V to 15.5V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 500mA | 7.32k | 18.2k | 900k | 14.0k | 1.1M |
| 11.8V to 21.2V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 50V | 24V to 32V | 500mA | 7.32k | 16.9k | 950k | 15.8k | 1M |
| 3.3V to 3.5V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 10V4 | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 700mA | 11.8k | 27.4k | 650k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 4V to 5.8V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 700mA | 11.8k | 24.9k | 700k | 21.0k | 800k |
| 5V to 7.6V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 700mA | 11.8k | 24.9k | 700k | 22.6k | 750k |
| 7V to 11V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 16V | 12V to 16V | 700mA | 11.8k | 18.2k | 900k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 9.5V to 13.5V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 700mA | 11.8k | 18.2k | 900k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 11V to 16V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 700mA | 11.8k | 18.2k | 900k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 16.5V to 21V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 50V | 24V to 32V | 700mA | 11.8k | 16.9k | 950k | 15.8k | 1M |
| 5V to 5.8V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 1A | Open | 30.1k | 600k | 22.6k | 750k |
| 6.4V to 7.7V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 1A | Open | 30.1k | 600k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 8.6V to 11.3V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 16V | 12V to 16V | 1A | Open | 24.9k | 700k | 22.6k | 750k |
| 11.3V to 13.8V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 1A | Open | 21.0k | 800k | 19.6k | 850k |
| 13.4V to 16.5V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 25V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 1A | Open | 27.4k | 650k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 20.5V to 22.5V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 25V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 50V | 24V to 32V | 1A | Open | 33.2k | 550k | 30.1k | 600k |

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Table 2. LTM8042 Recommended Values and Configuration for Buck Mode ($T_A$ = 25°C)

| $V_{IN}$ RANGE (BSTOUT/BKIN) | $V_{CC}$ | $CV_{CC}$ | $C_{IN}$ (BSTOUT/BKIN TO GND) | $C_{OUT}$ (BSTOUT/BKIN TO BSTIN/BKLED⁻) | LED STRING VOLTAGE (LED⁺ TO BSTIN/ BKLED⁻) | LED STRING CURRENT | $R_{CTL}$ | RT (OPTI-MAL) | f (OPTI-MAL) | RT (MIN) | f (MAX) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4.4V to 5.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 6.8V to 14V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 9.6V to 26V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 6V to 9V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 12.5V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1210 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 16.6V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1210 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 46.4k | 420k |
| 21.8V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1210 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 33.2k | 550k |
| 24.5V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1210 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 26.1k | 670k |
| 4.5V to 21V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 100mA | 1.30k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 6.8V to 33.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 100mA | 1.30k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 9.9V to 33.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 6V to 9V | 100mA | 1.30k | 76.8k | 275k | 69.8k | 300k |
| 13V to 33.4V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 100mA | 1.30k | 69.8k | 300k | 48.7k | 400k |
| 17.2V to 33.1V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 100mA | 1.30k | 37.4k | 500k | 31.6k | 575k |
| 23V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 100mA | 1.30k | 24.9k | 700k | 19.1k | 870k |
| 26V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 100mA | 1.30k | 21.0k | 800k | 12.4k | 1.2M |
| 5.2V to 33.6V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 350mA | 4.75k | 61.9k | 330k | 54.9k | 365k |
| 7V to 33.4V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 350mA | 4.75k | 30.1k | 600k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 10.5V to 33.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 6V to 9V | 350mA | 4.75k | 21.0k | 800k | 15.8k | 1M |
| 14.5V to 33.2V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 350mA | 4.75k | 12.4k | 1.2M | 8.25k | 1.6M |
| 19.2V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 350mA | 4.75k | 11.0k | 1.3M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 25V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 350mA | 4.75k | 11.0k | 1.3M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 4.9V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 500mA | 7.32k | 37.4k | 500k | 33.2k | 550k |
| 7.3V to 33.2V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 500mA | 7.32k | 21.0k | 800k | 18.2k | 900k |
| 10.7V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 6V to 9V | 500mA | 7.32k | 15.8k | 1M | 11.0k | 1.3M |
| 14.1V to 32.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 500mA | 7.32k | 15.8k | 1M | 7.50k | 1.7M |
| 18.5V to 32.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 500mA | 7.32k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74 | 2.5M |
| 24.3V to 32.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 500mA | 7.32k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 5V to 33.2V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 700mA | 11.8k | 33.2k | 550k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 7.3V to 32.7V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 700mA | 11.8k | 21.0k | 800k | 18.2k | 900k |
| 10.8V to 32.7V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 6V to 9V | 700mA | 11.8k | 15.8k | 1M | 11.0k | 1.3M |
| 14.4V to 32.2V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 700mA | 11.8k | 15.8k | 1M | 7.50k | 1.7M |
| 18.8V to 31.7V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 700mA | 11.8k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 24.3V to 31.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 700mA | 11.8k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 5V to 32V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 1A | Open | 33.2k | 550k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 7.2V to 32V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 1A | Open | 21.0k | 800k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 10.8V to 31V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 6V to 9V | 1A | Open | 15.8k | 1M | 11.0k | 1.3M |
| 14.3V to 30.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 1A | Open | 15.8k | 1M | 7.50k | 1.7M |
| 18.9V to 30.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 1A | Open | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 24.6V to 30.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 1A | Open | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |

# LTM8042/LTM8042-1

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Table 3. LTM8042 Recommended Values and Configuration for Buck-Boost Mode ($T_A$ = 25°C)

| $V_{IN}$ RANGE (BSTIN/ BKLED⁻) | $V_{CC}$ | $CV_{CC}$ ($V_{CC}$ to GND) | $C_{IN}$ (BSTIN/BKLED⁻ TO GND) | $C_{OUT1}$ (BSTOUT/BKIN TO BSTIN/ BKLED⁻) | $C_{OUT2}$ (BSTOUT/BKIN TO GND) | LED STRING VOLTAGE (LED⁺ to BSTIN/ BKLED⁻) | LED STRING CURR- ENT | $R_{CTL}$ | RT (OPTI- MAL) | f (OPTI- MAL) | RT (MIN) | f (MAX) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3V to 6V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 3V to 14V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 3V to 20V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 3V to 21V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 35mA | 523 | 86.6k | 250k | 57.6k | 350k |
| 3V to 17.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 35mA | 523 | 48.7k | 400k | 27.4k | 650k |
| 3V to 13V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 35mA | 523 | 37.4k | 500k | 10.0k | 1.4M |
| 3.5V to 10.1V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 35mA | 523 | 22.6k | 750k | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 3V to 21V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 100mA | 1.30k | 86.6k | 250k | 69.8k | 300k |
| 3V to 22.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 100mA | 1.30k | 48.7k | 400k | 43.2k | 450k |
| 3V to 23.4V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 100mA | 1.30k | 37.4k | 500k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 3V to 21.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 8V to 12V | 100mA | 1.30k | 21.0k | 800k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 3V to 17.9V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 100mA | 1.30k | 19.6k | 850k | 11.0k | 1.3M |
| 3V to 12.6V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 100mA | 1.30k | 19.6k | 850k | 4.02k | 2.4M |
| 3.7V to 9.7V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 100mA | 1.30k | 19.6k | 850k | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 3V to 28V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 350mA | 4.75k | 43.2k | 450k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 3V to 27.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 350mA | 4.75k | 33.2k | 550k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 4.5V to 24.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 350mA | 4.75k | 24.9k | 700k | 10.7k | 1.35M |
| 5.5V to 20.7V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 8V to 12V | 350mA | 4.75k | 15.8k | 1M | 6.19k | 1.9M |
| 7V to 17.1V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 350mA | 4.75k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 8.2V to 11.4V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 350mA | 4.75k | 18.2k | 900k | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 3V to 23V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 500mA | 7.32k | 27.4k | 650k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 4.5V to 27V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 500mA | 7.32k | 21.0k | 800k | 19.6k | 850k |
| 6V to 24V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 500mA | 7.32k | 15.8k | 1M | 10.0k | 1.4M |
| 7.3V to 20.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 8V to 12V | 500mA | 7.32k | 15.8k | 1M | 6.34k | 1.85M |
| 9.4V to 15V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 500mA | 7.32k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 4.2V to 23.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 700mA | 11.8k | 24.9k | 700k | 22.6k | 750k |
| 4.7V to 27V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 700mA | 11.8k | 16.9k | 950k | 15.8k | 1M |
| 6.1V to 23V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 700mA | 11.8k | 16.9k | 950k | 9.09k | 1.5M |
| 7.3V to 20V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 8V to 12V | 700mA | 11.8k | 16.9k | 950k | 6.19k | 1.9M |
| 10.5V to 16.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 700mA | 11.8k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 4.7V to 28.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 1A | Open | 24.9k | 700k | 22.6k | 750k |
| 6.7V to 26.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 1A | Open | 22.6k | 750k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 9V to 23.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 1A | Open | 22.6k | 750k | 10.0k | 1.4M |
| 13.5V to 20V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 8V to 12V | 1A | Open | 22.6k | 750k | 5.76k | 2M |

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# LTM8042/LTM8042-1

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Table 4. LTM8042-1 Recommended Values and Configuration for Boost ($T_A = 25°C$)

| $V_{IN}$ RANGE (BSTIN/BKLED⁻) | $V_{CC}$ | $C_{IN}$ (BSTIN/BKLED⁻ TO GND) | $C_{OUT}$ (BSTOUT/BKIN TO GND) | LED STRING VOLTAGE (LED⁺ TO GND) | LED STRING CURRENT | $R_{CTL}$ | RT (OPTIMAL) | f (OPTIMAL) | RT (MIN) | f (MAX) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1V to 3.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 69.8k | 300k |
| 1.2V to 5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 35mA | 1.27k | 76.8k | 275k | 61.9k | 330k |
| 1.6V to 6V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 35mA | 1.27k | 69.8k | 300k | 57.6k | 350k |
| 2.2V to 9.2V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 12V to 16V | 35mA | 1.27k | 48.7k | 400k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 2.7V to 10V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 35mA | 1.27k | 37.4k | 500k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 3V to 12.8V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 35mA | 1.27k | 33.2k | 550k | 27.4k | 650k |
| 3.7V to 14.7V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 24V to 32V | 35mA | 1.27k | 33.2k | 550k | 27.4k | 650k |
| 1.1V to 3.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 100mA | 3.40k | 86.6k | 250k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 1.5V to 5.6V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 100mA | 3.40k | 76.8k | 275k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 2.4V to 7.1V | 3V to 30V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 100mA | 3.40k | 69.8k | 300k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 3.1V to 10.4V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 12V to 16V | 100mA | 3.40k | 48.7k | 400k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 4V to 12V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 100mA | 3.40k | 37.4k | 500k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 4.9V to 14.9V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 100mA | 3.40k | 30.1k | 600k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 6.1V to 18.8V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 24V to 32V | 100mA | 3.40k | 24.9k | 700k | 21.0k | 800k |
| 2.4V to 3.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4.7µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 350mA | 19.6k | 27.4k | 650k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 2.8V to 5.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 350mA | 19.6k | 27.4k | 650k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 3.2V to 7V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 350mA | 19.6k | 27.4k | 650k | 16.9k | 950k |
| 4.1V to 10V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 12V to 16V | 350mA | 19.6k | 19.6k | 850k | 15.8k | 1M |
| 4.8V to 12.3V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 350mA | 19.6k | 18.2k | 900k | 12.4k | 1.2M |
| 5.8V to 15V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 1µF 1206 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 350mA | 19.6k | 16.9k | 950k | 14.0k | 1.1M |
| 8.5V to 20.8V | Connect to BSTIN/BKLED⁻ | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 50V | 24V to 32V | 350mA | 19.6k | 16.9k | 950k | 14.0k | 1.1M |

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Table 5. LTM8042-1 Recommended Values and Configuration for Buck Mode ($T_A = 25°C$)

| V_IN RANGE (BSTOUT/ BKIN) | V_CC | CV_CC | C_IN (BSTOUT/BKIN TO GND) | C_OUT (BSTOUT/BKIN TO BSTIN/BKLED⁻) | LED STRING VOLTAGE (LED⁺ TO BSTIN/ BKLED⁻) | LED STRING CURRENT | R_CTL | R (OPTI-MAL) | f (OPTI-MAL) | RT (MIN) | f (MAX) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4.3V to 8.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 6.6V to 20V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 9.5V to 31.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 6V to 9V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 12.5V to 33V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1210 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 16.6V to 33.2V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1210 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 46.4k | 420k |
| 21.8V to 33.6V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1210 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 33.2k | 550k |
| 24.4V to 33.1V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1210 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 26.1k | 670k |
| 4.3V to 19.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 100mA | 3.40k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 6.5V to 33.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 100mA | 3.40k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 9.6V to 34.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 6V to 9V | 100mA | 3.40k | 76.8k | 275k | 57.6k | 350k |
| 12.6V to 34.4V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 100mA | 3.40k | 69.8k | 300k | 48.7k | 400k |
| 17V to 34.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 100mA | 3.40k | 37.4k | 500k | 31.6k | 575k |
| 22.8V to 34.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 100mA | 3.40k | 24.9k | 700k | 19.1k | 870k |
| 26.2V to 34.4V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 100mA | 3.40k | 21.0k | 800k | 12.4k | 1.2M |
| 4.6V to 34.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 350mA | 19.6k | 61.9k | 330k | 54.9k | 365k |
| 6.7V to 34.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1206 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 350mA | 19.6k | 30.1k | 600k | 24.9k | 700k |
| 10.3V to 34.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 6V to 9V | 350mA | 19.6k | 21.0k | 800k | 15.8k | 1M |
| 13.7V to 34.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 350mA | 19.6k | 19.6k | 850k | 8.25k | 1.6M |
| 18.6V to 34.6V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 350mA | 19.6k | 14.0k | 1.1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 24.1V to 34.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 350mA | 19.6k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 27.3V to 32.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 4.7µF 1210 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 350mA | 19.6k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

**Table 6. LTM8042-1 Recommended Values and Configuration for Buck-Boost Mode (T$_A$ = 25°C)**

| V$_{IN}$ RANGE (BSTIN/ BKLED$^-$) | V$_{CC}$ | CV$_{CC}$ (V$_{CC}$ TO GND) | C$_{IN}$ (BSTIN/BKLED$^-$ TO GND) | C$_{OUT1}$ (BSTOUT/BKIN TO BSTIN/ BKLED$^-$) | C$_{OUT2}$ (BSTOUT/BKIN TO GND) | LED STRING VOLTAGE (LED$^+$ TO BSTIN/ BKLED$^-$) | LED STRING CUR-RENT | R$_{CTL}$ | RT (OPTI-MAL) | f (OPTI-MAL) | RT (MIN) | f (MAX) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1V to 9.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 1.1V to 21V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 1.3V to 24V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 86.6k | 250k |
| 1.5V to 20.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 35mA | 1.27k | 86.6k | 250k | 43.2k | 450k |
| 2.2V to 16.9V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 35mA | 1.27k | 48.7k | 400k | 30.1k | 600k |
| 3V to 12V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 35mA | 1.27k | 37.4k | 500k | 10.0k | 1.4M |
| 3.8V to 9V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 35mA | 1.27k | 22.6k | 750k | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 1.1V to 24V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 100mA | 3.40k | 86.6k | 250k | 69.8k | 300k |
| 1.3V to 27V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 100mA | 3.40k | 48.7k | 400k | 43.2k | 450k |
| 1.6V to 24V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 100mA | 3.40k | 37.4k | 500k | 33.2k | 550k |
| 1.9V to 21.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 100mA | 3.40k | 21.0k | 800k | 19.6k | 850k |
| 2.5V to 17V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 100mA | 3.40k | 19.6k | 850k | 8.25k | 1.6M |
| 3V to 12V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 100mA | 3.40k | 19.6k | 850k | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 3.7V to 9V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 18V to 24V | 100mA | 3.40k | 15.8k | 1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 2.2V to 29V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 2V to 4V | 350mA | 19.6k | 43.2k | 450k | 37.4k | 500k |
| 2.7V to 27.5V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 50V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 4V to 6V | 350mA | 19.6k | 27.4k | 650k | 18.2k | 900k |
| 3.7V to 23.8V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 10V | 1µF 0805 X7R 10V | 6V to 9V | 350mA | 19.6k | 18.2k | 900k | 9.09k | 1.5M |
| 3.8V to 20.2V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 8V to 12V | 350mA | 19.6k | 14.0k | 1.1M | 6.19k | 1.9M |
| 5.3V to 15.2V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 12V to 16V | 350mA | 19.6k | 14.0k | 1.1M | 3.74k | 2.5M |
| 7.4V to 9.3V | 3V to 30V | 1µF 0805 X7R 50V | 1µF 0805 X7R 16V | 2.2µF 1206 X7R 16V | 1µF 1206 X7R 25V | 15V to 21V | 350mA | 19.6k | 18.2k | 900k | 3.74k | 2.5M |

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

**Thermal Considerations**

The LTM8042/LTM8042-1 output current may need to be derated if it is required to operate in a high ambient temperature or deliver a large amount of continuous power. The amount of current derating is dependent upon the input voltage, output power and ambient temperature. The temperature rise curves given in the Typical Performance Characteristics section can be used as a guide. These curves were generated by an LTM8042/LTM8042-1 mounted to a 51cm$^2$ 4-layer FR4 printed circuit board. Boards of other sizes and layer count can exhibit different thermal behavior, so it is in-cumbent upon the user to verify proper operation over the intended system's line, load and environmental operating conditions.

The thermal resistance numbers listed in the Pin Configuration section of the data sheet are based on modeling the µModule package mounted on a test board specified per JESD51-9 ("Test Boards for Area Array Surface Mount Package Thermal Measurements"). The thermal coefficients provided are based on JESD 51-12 ("Guidelines for Reporting and Using Electronic Package Thermal Information").

For increased accuracy and fidelity to the actual application, many designers use finite element analysis (FEA) to predict thermal performance. To that end, the Pin Configuration section of the data sheet typically gives four thermal coefficients:

1. $\theta_{JA}$: thermal resistance from junction to ambient.

2. $\theta_{JCBOTTOM}$: thermal resistance from junction to the bottom of the product case.

3. $\theta_{JCTOP}$: thermal resistance from junction to top of the product case.

4. $\theta_{JB}$: thermal resistance from junction to the printed circuit board.

While the meaning of each of these coefficients may seem to be intuitive, JEDEC has defined each to avoid confusion and inconsistency. These definitions are given in JESD 51-12, and are quoted or paraphrased in the following:

1. $\theta_{JA}$ is the natural convection junction-to-ambient air thermal resistance measured in a one cubic foot sealed enclosure. This environment is sometimes referred to as "still air" although natural convection causes the air to move. This value is determined with the part mounted to a JESD 51-9 defined test board, which does not reflect an actual application or viable operating condition.

2. $\theta_{JCBOTTOM}$ is the junction-to-board thermal resistance with all of the component power dissipation flowing through the bottom of the package. In the typical µModule regulator, the bulk of the heat flows out the bottom of the package, but there is always heat flow out into the ambient environment. As a result, this thermal resistance value may be useful for comparing packages but the test conditions don't generally match the user's application.

3. $\theta_{JCTOP}$ is determined with nearly all of the component power dissipation flowing through the top of the package. As the electrical connections of the typical µModule regulator are on the bottom of the package, it is rare for an application to operate such that most of the heat flows from the junction to the top of the part. As in the case of $\theta_{JCBOTTOM}$, this value may be useful for comparing packages but the test conditions don't generally match the user's application.

4. $\theta_{JB}$ is the junction-to-board thermal resistance where almost all of the heat flows through the bottom of the µModule regulator and into the board, and is really the sum of the $\theta_{JCBOTTOM}$ and the thermal resistance of the bottom of the part through the solder joints and through a portion of the board. The board temperature is measured a specified distance from the package, using a two sided, two layer board. This board is described in JESD 51-9.

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The most appropriate way to use the coefficients is when running a detailed thermal analysis, such as FEA, which considers all of the thermal resistances simultaneously. None of them can be individually used to accurately predict the thermal performance of the product, so it would be inappropriate to attempt to use any one coefficient to correlate to the junction temperature versus load graphs given in the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 data sheet.

A graphical representation of these thermal resistances is given in Figure 5.

The blue resistances are contained within the μModule regulator, and the green are outside.

The die temperature of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 must be lower than the maximum rating of 125°C, so care should be taken in the layout of the circuit to ensure good heat sinking of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1. The bulk of the heat flow out of the LTM8042/LTM8042-1 is through the bottom of the module and the LGA pads into the printed circuit board. Consequently, a poor printed circuit board design can cause excessive heating, resulting in impaired performance or reliability. Please refer to the PCB Layout section for printed circuit board design suggestions.
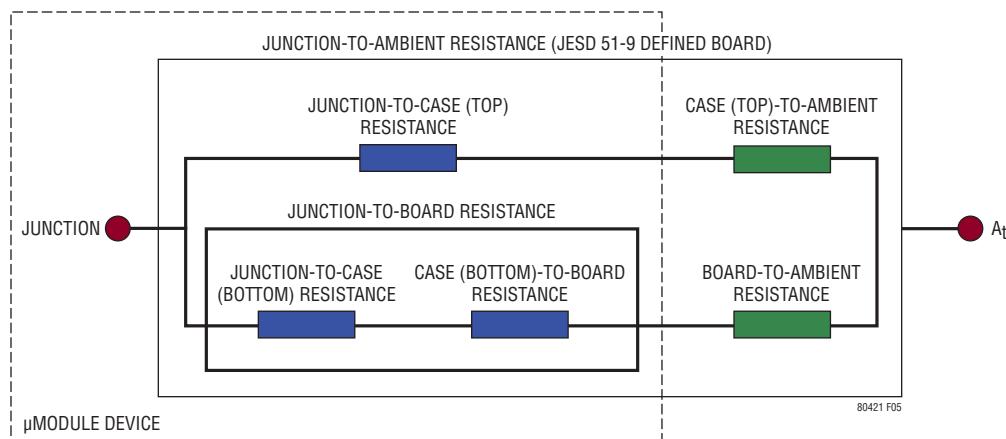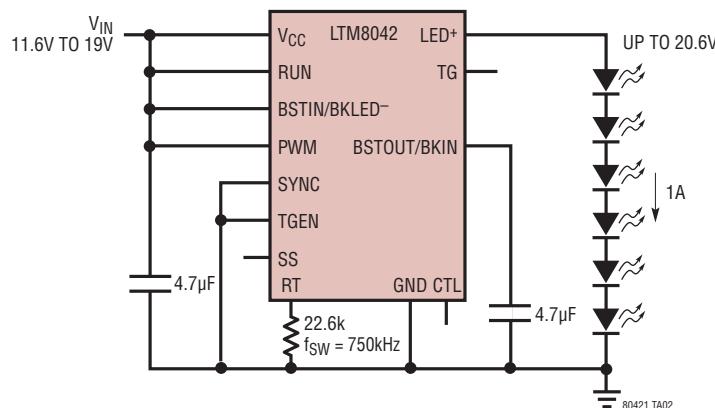


**Figure 5**

# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

**Boost Operation, Driving 6 White LEDs at 1A**
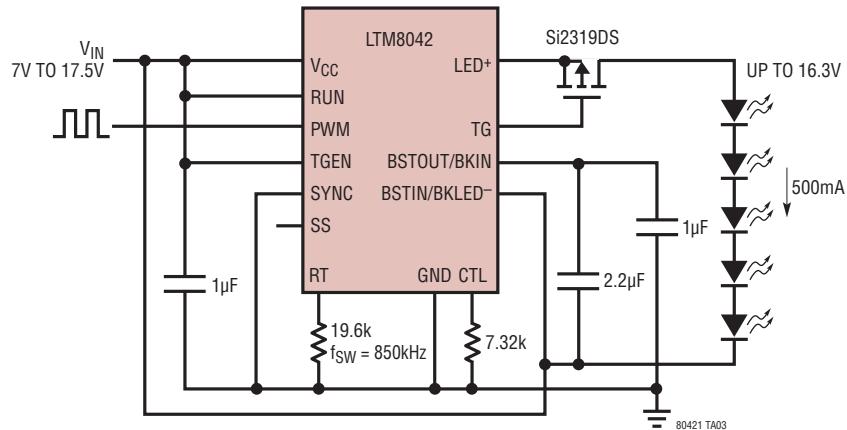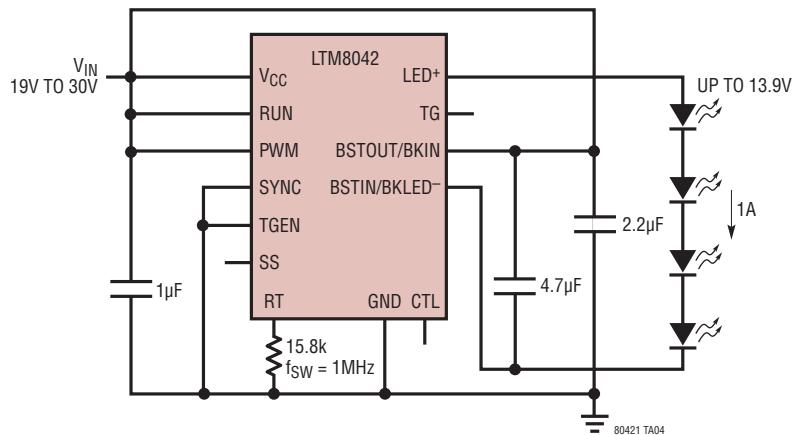
# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
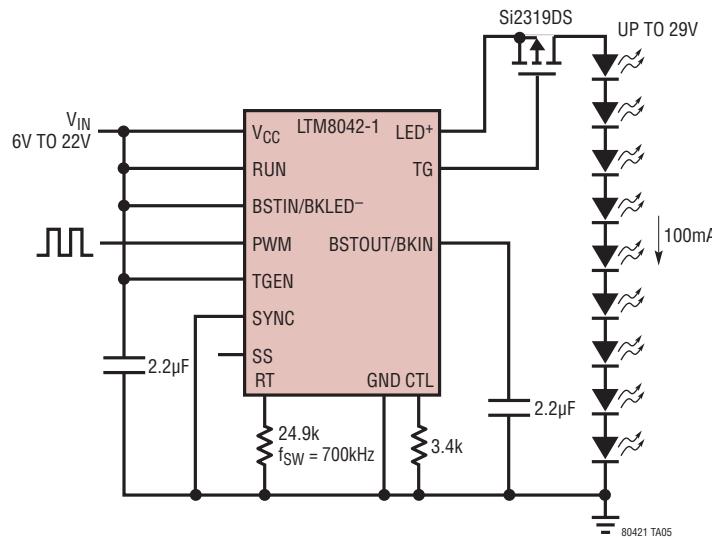
**Buck-Boost Mode, Driving 5 White LEDs at 500mA with PWM Dimming**



**Buck Mode, Driving 4 White LEDs at 1A**



**Boost Operation, Driving 9 White LEDs at 100mA**

80421fa
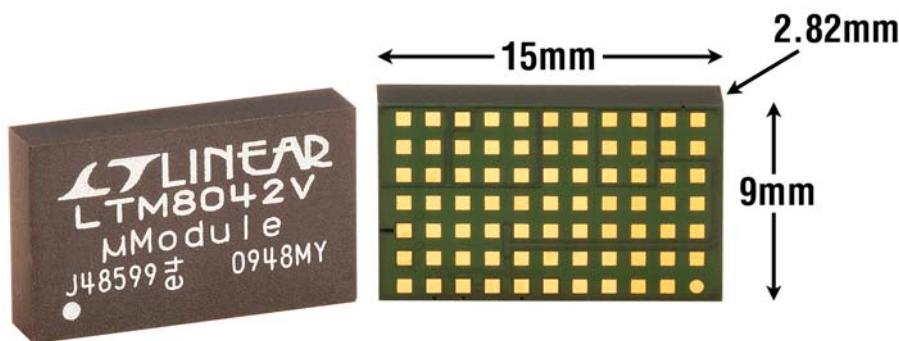
# PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

**Pin Assignment Table**
**(Arranged by Pin Number)**

| PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A1 | GND | B1 | GND | C1 | GND | D1 | GND | E1 | GND | F1 | RUN |
| A2 | GND | B2 | GND | C2 | GND | D2 | GND | E2 | GND | F2 | GND |
| A3 | GND | B3 | GND | C3 | GND | D3 | GND | E3 | GND | F3 | GND |
| A4 | GND | B4 | GND | C4 | GND | D4 | GND | E4 | GND | F4 | GND |
| A5 | GND | B5 | GND | C5 | BSTIN/BKLED– | D5 | BSTIN/BKLED– | E5 | GND | F5 | GND |
| A6 | $V_{CC}$ | B6 | $V_{CC}$ | C6 | BSTIN/BKLED– | D6 | BSTIN/BKLED– | E6 | GND | F6 | GND |
| A7 | $V_{CC}$ | B7 | $V_{CC}$ | C7 | BSTIN/BKLED– | D7 | BSTIN/BKLED– | E7 | GND | F7 | GND |

| PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| G1 | SYNC | H1 | RT | J1 | SS | K1 | PWM | L1 | GND |
| G2 | GND | H2 | GND | J2 | GND | K2 | GND | L2 | CTL |
| G3 | GND | H3 | GND | J3 | GND | K3 | GND | L3 | TGEN |
| G4 | GND | H4 | GND | J4 | GND | K4 | GND | L4 | GND |
| G5 | BSTOUT/BKIN | H5 | BSTOUT/BKIN | J5 | BSTOUT/BKIN | K5 | LED+ | L5 | LED+ |
| G6 | BSTOUT/BKIN | H6 | BSTOUT/BKIN | J6 | BSTOUT/BKIN | K6 | LED+ | L6 | LED+ |
| G7 | BSTOUT/BKIN | H7 | BSTOUT/BKIN | J7 | TG | K7 | LED+ | L7 | LED+ |
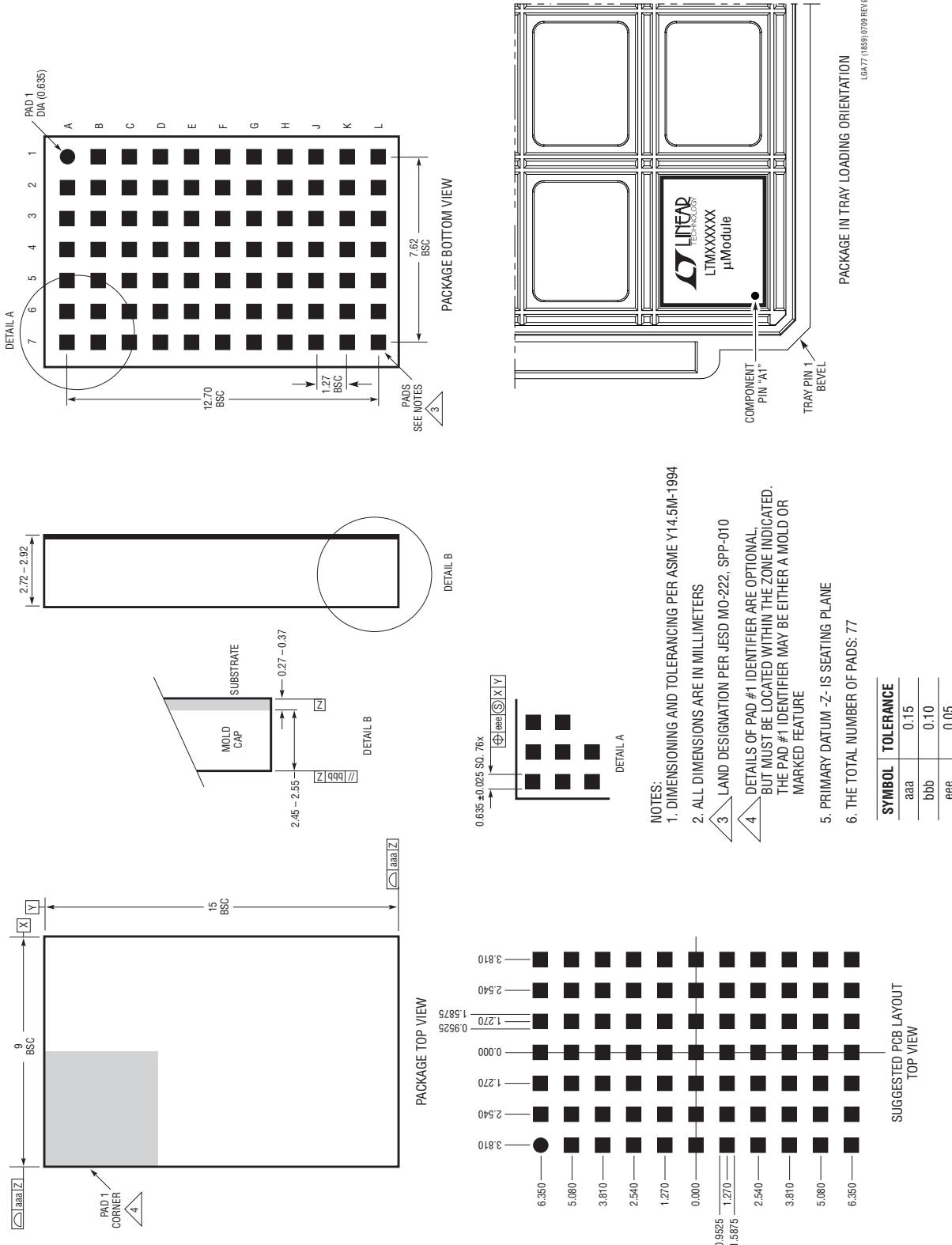
# PACKAGE PHOTOGRAPH

# PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

**LGA Package**
**77-Lead (15mm × 9mm × 2.82mm)**
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1859 Rev Ø)

PACKAGE BOTTOM VIEW

PAD 1 DIA (0.635)

7.62 BSC

12.70 BSC

1.27 BSC

PADS SEE NOTES

DETAIL A

PACKAGE IN TRAY LOADING ORIENTATION

LTMXXXXX
μModule

COMPONENT PIN "A1"

TRAY PIN 1 BEVEL

LGA 77 (1859) 0709 REV Ø

2.72 – 2.92

DETAIL B

0.27 – 0.37

SUBSTRATE

MOLD CAP

2.45 – 2.55

DETAIL B

0.635 ±0.025 SQ. 76x

DETAIL A

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
3. LAND DESIGNATION PER JESD MO-222, SPP-010
4. DETAILS OF PAD #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE PAD #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE
5. PRIMARY DATUM -Z- IS SEATING PLANE
6. THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PADS: 77

| SYMBOL | TOLERANCE |
|--------|-----------|
| aaa    | 0.15      |
| bbb    | 0.10      |
| eee    | 0.05      |

PACKAGE TOP VIEW

15 BSC

9 BSC

PAD 1 CORNER

SUGGESTED PCB LAYOUT TOP VIEW

3.810
2.540
1.5875
1.270
0.9525
0.000
1.270
2.540
3.810

6.350
5.080
3.810
2.540
1.270
0.000
0.9525
1.270
1.5875
2.540
3.810
5.080
6.350

# REVISION HISTORY

| REV | DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGE NUMBER |
|-----|------|-------------|-------------|
| A | 01/11 | Updated features. | 1 |
| | | Updated $I_{LED}$ conditions in the Electrical Characteristics section. | 3 |
| | | Updated text in the Operation section. | 15 |
| | | Updated text in the Setting the Switching Frequency section. | 16 |

# TYPICAL APPLICATION

**Boost Operation, Driving 9 Red LEDs at 350mA with Analog Dimming**



# RELATED PARTS

| PART NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | COMMENTS |
|---|---|---|
| LTM8040 | 36V, 1A, µModule LED Driver and Current Source | $4V \le V_{IN} \le 36V$; Open LED and Short-Circuit Protection, 9mm × 15mm × 4.32mm LGA Package |
| LTM8032 | EMC 36V, 2A, µModule Regulator | EN55022 Class B Compliant; $0.8V \le V_{OUT} \le 10V$ |
| LTM4607 | Buck-Boost µModule Regulator | $4.5V \le V_{IN} \le 36V$; $0.8V \le V_{OUT} \le 25V$, 15mm × 15mm × 2.8mm |

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