High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch Rev. 3.1 — 23 September 2021

Product data sheet

1 General description

CBTU02043 is a high-speed differential 1-to-2 switch chip optimized to interface with USB Type-C connector for mobile and PC applications. This high performance switch chip can be used for single port USB3.1, PCIe-Gen3, MIPI high-speed serial interface applications. It can also support DP1.4 or 4 single-ended DDR channels. The CBTU02043 chip can also provide 2-to-1 MUX function by selecting 1 (Port A) out of two differential ports (Port B or C) for other applications.

The pinouts are optimized for USB3.1 Type-C DeMUX application and achieve very low crosstalk to meet the stringent USB Type-C crosstalk spec. The small package and pinning is ideal for smartphone USB Type-C application.

CBTU02043 is available in 1.6 mm x 2.4 mm x 0.5 mm HUQFN16 package with 0.4 mm pitch.

2 Features and benefits

- Optimized for USB Type-C connector PCB routing for signal integrity
 - Minimize crosstalk to meet stringent USB Type-C requirement
 - Minimize via with friendly USB Type-C PCB layout
- One port (two bidirectional differential channels) 1-to-2 switch
 - Low insertion loss: -1.4 dB at 5 GHz; -0.9 dB at 2.5 GHz; -0.5 dB at 100 MHz
 - Low off-state isolation: -20 dB at 5 GHz; -40 dB at 100 MHz
 - Low return loss: -16 dB at 2.5 GHz; -12 dB @ 5 GHz
 - Low ON-state resistance: 10 Ω (typ)
 - Bandwidth: 12 GHz (typ)
 - Very low DDNEXT crosstalk: < -37 dB at 5 GHz
 - VIC common mode input voltage VIC: 0 V to 2 V
 - Differential input voltage VID: <1.6 V
 - Intra-pair skew: <6 ps
- VDD Power Supply voltage range: 1.62 V to 3.63 V
- Low current consumption:
 - 200 µA (typ) for active mode
 - 3 µA (typ) for power-saving
- CMOS SEL and XSD pins
- Back current protection on all I/O pins of these switches
- Patent pending high performance analog pass-gate technology
- All channels support rail-to-rail input voltage (up to 2.4 V)
- HUQFN16 1.6 mm × 2.4 mm × 0.5 mm package with 0.4 mm pitch
- ESD: 2000 V HBM; 1000 V CDM
- Operating temperature range: -40 °C to 85 °C



High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

3 Application diagram



4 Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information							
Type number	Topside	Package					
	marking	Name	Description	Version			
CBTU02043HE	43	HUQFN16	Plastic, super thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 1.6 mm x 2.4 mm x 0.5 mm; 0.4 mm pitch	SOT1832-1			

4.1 Ordering options

Table 2. Ordering options

Type number	Orderable part number	Package	Packing method	Minimum order quantity	Temperature
CBTU02043HE	CBTU02043HEJ	HUQFN16	REEL 13" Q1/T1 *STANDARD MARK SMD	10000	T_{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C

CBTU02043 Product data sheet

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

5 Block diagram



6 Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



Refer to Section 12 for package related information.

6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description						
Symbol	Pin	Туре	Description			
Data path	signals					
A0N	9	differential I/O	USB3.1 differential TX signals for A port			
A0P	10	differential I/O				
B0P	8	differential I/O	USB3.1 differential TX signals for B port			
B0N	7	differential I/O				
CON	6	differential I/O	USB3.1 differential TX signals for C port			
C0P	5	differential I/O				
A1P	13	differential I/O	USB3.1 differential RX signals for A port			
A1N	14	differential I/O				
B1P	2	differential I/O	USB3.1 differential RX signals for B port			
B1N	1	differential I/O				
C1N	16	differential I/O	USB3.1 differential RX signals for C port			
C1P	15	differential I/O				
Control sig	gnal					
SEL	12	GPIO input	Input signal driven by GPIO			
			When SEL = LOW, Port A and Port B are mutually connected			
			When SEL = HIGH, port A and port C are mutually connected			
XSD	3	CMOS input	Shutdown pin; should be driven LOW for normal operation. When HIGH, all paths are switched off (high impedance state). And supply current consumption is minimized.			
Power sup	ply					
VDD	4	power	Power supply range between 1.62 V and 3.63 V			
Ground co	onnection					
GND	11	ground	0 V; must connect to PCB ground			
NC	center pad	not connected	Center pad is not connected to the device ground pin inside the package. Recommend to connect center pad to PCB ground			

7 Functional description

Refer to Figure 2 of CBTU02043.

The CBTU02043 provides a shutdown function to minimize power consumption when the application is not active, but power to the CBTU02043 is provided. The XSD pin (power down HIGH) places all channels in high -impedance state while reducing current consumption to near-zero. When XSD pin is LOW, the device operates normally.

CBTU02043 Product data sheet

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

Table 4. ON/OFF control table						
XSD	D SEL					
HIGH	X	A, B and C ports are high-Z				
LOW	LOW	A to B ports and vice versa				
LOW	HIGH	A to C ports and vice versa				

Application examples 8



Limiting values 9

Table 5. Limiting values ^[1]

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V _{DD}	supply voltage		[2]	-0.3	+4.4	V
VI	input voltage of control pins		[2]	-0.3	+4.4	V
V _{IO}	voltage of I/O pins of switches		[2]	-0.3	+2.6	V
T _{stg}	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
V _{ESD}	electrostatic discharge	НВМ	[3]	-	2000	V
	voltage	CDM	[4]	-	1000	V

[1] Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods

[2]

may affect device reliability. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to network ground terminal. Human Body Model: ANSI/EOS/ESD-S5.1-1994, standard for ESD sensitivity testing, Human Body Model - Component [3]

[4] Component level; Electrostatic Discharge Association, Rome, NY, USA.

10 Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Operating conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VDD	supply voltage	3.3 V supply option	1.62	-	3.63	V
VI	input voltage	CMOS inputs	-0.3	-	VDD	V
		switch I/O pins	-0.3	-	+2.4	V
T _{amb}	ambient operating temperature	operating in free air	-40	-	+85	°C

11 Characteristics

11.1 Device general characteristics

Table 7. General characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур ^[1]	Max	Unit
I _{DD}	supply current	XSD = HIGH (disable)	-	3	10	μA
		XSD = LOW (enable)	-	250	450	μA
t _{startup}	start-up time	supply voltage ramping up to valid with XSD = LOW to channel specified operating characteristics	-	-	30	μs
t _{en}	enable time	XSD going LOW to channel specified operating characteristics	-	90	220	μs
t _{rcfg}	reconfiguration time	SEL state changes ^[2]	-	18	30	ns

Typical values are at VDD = 1.8 V; T_{amb} = 25 $^\circ C$, and maximum loading Smooth transition without glitch [1]

[2]

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch



11.2 Switch channel characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
DDIL	differential insertion loss	Channel is off					
		f = 5 GHz	-	-20	-	dB	
		f = 100 MHz	-	-40	-	dB	
		Channel is on		1	1		
		f = 5 GHz	-	-1.4	-	dB	
		f = 2.5 GHz	-	-0.9	-	dB	
		f = 100 MHz	-	-0.7	-	dB	
B _{-3dB}	bandwidth		-	12	-	GHz	
DDRL	differential return loss	f = 5 GHz	-	-12	-	dB	
		f = 2.5 GHz	-	-16	-	dB	
DDNEXT	High-Speed Differential near-	A0 to A1 or B0 to B1 or C0 to C1 ports					
	end crosstalk	f = -5 GHz	-	-	-37	dB	
DDFEXT	High-Speed far-end crosstalk	A to B or A to C ports (or vice versa)					
		f = -5 GHz	-	-	-20	dB	
Vi	input voltage	Switch I/O pins	-0.3	-	2.4	V	
V _{IC}	Common-mode input voltage	for all switch ports	0	-	2.0	V	
V _{ID_PP}	Differential input voltage		-	1.2	1.6	V	
I _{IH}	HIGH-level input leakage current	High–speed switch I/O; A, B and C ports; XSD = HIGH; V _I = 2.0 V	-	-	1.5	μA	
IIL	LOW-level input leakage current	High–speed switch I/O; A, B and C ports; XSD = HIGH; V _I = GND	-	-	1.5	μA	
V _{IK}	Input negative clamping voltage	Voltage on high-speed channel pins; II = -18 mA	-	-	-1.2	V	
			1				

 Table 8. Dynamic and static characteristics

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{PD}	propagation delay	From A port to B or C port or vice versa	-	33	45 ^[1]	ps
t _{sk}	Intra-pair skew	Skew between P and N for all the ports	-	6	-	ps
R _{onse}	single-end ON-state resistance	Switch ON resistance with source current is 18 mA	-	10	14	Ω
Z _{input}	DC CM input impedance	XSD = High and $V_I > 0 V$	-	3000 ^[1]	-	KΩ
C _{in}	input capacitance at 2.5 GHz	$VDD = 1.8 V; V_1 = 1.4 V or floating$	-	622 ^[1]	-	fF

Table 8. Dynamic and static characteristics...continued

[1] Guaranteed by design

11.3 Control signals characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		1.4	-	-	V
VIL	LOW-level input voltage		-0.3	-	0.4	V
I _{IH}	HIGH-level input leakage current	Measured with input at V _I = VDD	-	-	1.5	μA
IIL	LOW-level input leakage current	Measured with input at $V_I = 0 V$	-	-	1.5	μA

Table 9. SEL input buffer characteristics

Table 10. XSD input buffer characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		0.75 % VDD	-	-	V
VIL	LOW-level input voltage		-0.3	-	0.25 % VDD	V
IIH	HIGH-level input leakage current	Measured with input at V _I = VDD	-	-	1.5	μA
IIL	LOW-level input leakage current	Measured with input at V _I = 0 V	-	-	1.5	μA

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

12 Package outline



Figure 6. Package outline SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16)

13 Packing information

13.1 SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16); Reel pack, SMD, 13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118

13.1.1 Packing method



Table 11. Dimensions and quantities

Reel dimensions d × w (mm) ^[1]	SPQ/PQ (pcs) ^[2]		Outer box dimensions I × w × h (mm)
330 × 8	10000	1	342 × 338 × 27

[1] d = reel diameter; w = tape width.

[2] Packing quantity dependent on specific product type.

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

View ordering and availability details at <u>NXP order portal</u>, or contact your local NXP representative.

13.1.2 Product orientation



13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions



Table 12. Carrier tape dimensionsIn accordance with IEC 60286-3.

A ₀ (mm)	B ₀ (mm)	K ₀ (mm)	T (mm)	P ₁ (mm)	W (mm)
1.79 ± 0.05	2.50 ± 0.05	0.65 ± 0.05	0.23 ± 0.02	4.0 ± 0.5	8.0 ± 0.3/-0.1

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch





Table 13. Reel dimensionsIn accordance with IEC 60286-3.

A [nom]	W2 [max]	B [min]	C [min]	D [min]
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
330	14.4	1.5	12.8	20.2

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

13.1.5 Barcode label



Table 14. Barcode label dimensions

	Reel barcode label I × w (mm)
100 × 75	36 × 75

14 Soldering of SMD packages

This text provides a very brief insight into a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in Application Note *AN10365 "Surface mount reflow soldering description"*.

14.1 Introduction to soldering

Soldering is one of the most common methods through which packages are attached to Printed Circuit Boards (PCBs), to form electrical circuits. The soldered joint provides both the mechanical and the electrical connection. There is no single soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and Surface Mount Devices (SMDs) are mixed on one printed wiring board; however, it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. Reflow soldering is ideal for the small pitches and high densities that come with increased miniaturization.

14.2 Wave and reflow soldering

Wave soldering is a joining technology in which the joints are made by solder coming from a standing wave of liquid solder. The wave soldering process is suitable for the following:

- Through-hole components
- Leaded or leadless SMDs, which are glued to the surface of the printed circuit board

Not all SMDs can be wave soldered. Packages with solder balls, and some leadless packages which have solder lands underneath the body, cannot be wave soldered. Also,

CBTU02043

leaded SMDs with leads having a pitch smaller than ~0.6 mm cannot be wave soldered, due to an increased probability of bridging.

The reflow soldering process involves applying solder paste to a board, followed by component placement and exposure to a temperature profile. Leaded packages, packages with solder balls, and leadless packages are all reflow solderable.

Key characteristics in both wave and reflow soldering are:

- · Board specifications, including the board finish, solder masks and vias
- · Package footprints, including solder thieves and orientation
- · The moisture sensitivity level of the packages
- Package placement
- Inspection and repair
- · Lead-free soldering versus SnPb soldering

14.3 Wave soldering

Key characteristics in wave soldering are:

- Process issues, such as application of adhesive and flux, clinching of leads, board transport, the solder wave parameters, and the time during which components are exposed to the wave
- · Solder bath specifications, including temperature and impurities

14.4 Reflow soldering

Key characteristics in reflow soldering are:

- Lead-free versus SnPb soldering; note that a lead-free reflow process usually leads to higher minimum peak temperatures (see <u>Figure 12</u>) than a SnPb process, thus reducing the process window
- Solder paste printing issues including smearing, release, and adjusting the process window for a mix of large and small components on one board
- Reflow temperature profile; this profile includes preheat, reflow (in which the board is heated to the peak temperature) and cooling down. It is imperative that the peak temperature is high enough for the solder to make reliable solder joints (a solder paste characteristic). In addition, the peak temperature must be low enough that the packages and/or boards are not damaged. The peak temperature of the package depends on package thickness and volume and is classified in accordance with Table 15 and Table 16

Package thickness (mm)	Package reflow temperature (°C)		
	Volume (mm ³)		
	< 350	≥ 350	
< 2.5	235	220	
≥ 2.5	220	220	

CBTU02043

Package thickness (mm)	Package reflow temperature (°C) Volume (mm ³)			
	< 350	350 to 2000	> 2000	
< 1.6	260	260	260	
1.6 to 2.5	260	250	245	
> 2.5	250	245	245	

Table 16. Lead-free process (from J-STD-020D)

Moisture sensitivity precautions, as indicated on the packing, must be respected at all times.

Studies have shown that small packages reach higher temperatures during reflow soldering, see <u>Figure 12</u>.



For further information on temperature profiles, refer to Application Note *AN10365 "Surface mount reflow soldering description"*.

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

15 Soldering: PCB footprint



16 Abbreviations

Table 17. Abbreviations		
Acronym	Description	
CDM	Charged Device Model	
Gbps	Gigabits per second	
НВМ	Human Body Model	

17 Revision history

Table 18. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes		
CBTU02043 v.3.1	20210923	Product data sheet	2021090221	CBTU02043 v.3		
Modifications:	to +85 °C"	 <u>Section 2, Table 2, Table 6</u>: Temperature range increased from "-10 °C to +85 °C" to "-40 °C to +85 °C" <u>Table 8</u>: Added condition for HIGH and LOW-level input leakage current 				
CBTU02043 v.3	20180719	Product data sheet	-	CBTU02043 v.2		
Modifications:	• <u>Table 2</u> : Correc	• <u>Table 2</u> : Corrected temperature range from "-40 °C to +85 °C" to "-10 °C to +85 °C"				
CBTU02043 v.2	20180423	Product data sheet	-	CBTU02043 v.1.1		
Modifications:	• <u>Table 8,</u> t _{PD} : Ti	ghtened performance spec from	n 80 ps (typ) to 33ps	(typ), 45ps (max)		
CBTU02043 v.1.1	20170531	Product data sheet	-	CBTU02043 v.1		
Modifications:	Removed "Cor	npany Confidential" watermark,	released to public	,		
CBTU02043 v.1	20161102	Product data sheet	-	-		

18 Legal information

18.1 Data sheet status

Document status ^{[1][2]}	Product status ^[3]	Definition
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[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

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Product data sheet

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

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CBTU02043

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

Tables

Tab. 1.	Ordering information	2
Tab. 2.	Ordering options	2
Tab. 3.	Pin description	4
Tab. 4.	ON/OFF control table	5
Tab. 5.	Limiting values	. 5
Tab. 6.	Operating conditions	6
Tab. 7.	General characteristics	6
Tab. 8.	Dynamic and static characteristics	7
Tab. 9.	SEL input buffer characteristics	8

Figures

Fig. 1.	Application diagram2
Fig. 2.	Block diagram
Fig. 3.	Pin configuration for HUQFN16
	(transparent top view)3
Fig. 4.	USB Type-C smartphone application5
Fig. 5.	Enable time definition7
Fig. 6.	Package outline SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16)9
Fig. 7.	Reel dry pack for SMD: Light weight reel 10
Fig. 8.	Product orientation in carrier tape11

Tab. 10.	XSD input buffer characteristics	.8
Tab. 11.	Dimensions and quantities	10
	Carrier tape dimensions	
Tab. 13.	Reel dimensions	12
Tab. 14.	Barcode label dimensions	13
Tab. 15.	SnPb eutectic process (from J-STD-020D)	14
Tab. 16.	Lead-free process (from J-STD-020D)	15
Tab. 17.	Abbreviations	17
Tab. 18.	Revision history	17

Fig. 9.	Carrier tape dimensions	11
Fig. 10.	Schematic view of reel	12
Fig. 11.	Example of typical box and reel information	
	barcode label	13
Fig. 12.	Temperature profiles for large and small	
	components	15
Fig. 13.	PCB footprint for SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16);	
	reflow soldering	16

CBTU02043

High-speed differential 1-to-2 switch

Contents

2 Features and benefits 3 Application diagram 4 Ordering information 4.1 Ordering options 5 Block diagram 6 Pinning information 6.1 Pinning information 6.2 Pin description 7 Functional description 8 Application examples 9 Limiting values 10 Recommended operating conditions 11 Device general characteristics 12 Switch channel characteristics 13 Control signals characteristics 14 Package outline 15 Soldering code (12NC) ending 118 15 Soldering 14.1 Introduct orientation 15 Soldering 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2	1
 4 Ordering information	1
 4.1 Ordering options	2
 5 Block diagram 6 Pinning information 6.1 Pinning 6.2 Pin description 7 Functional description 8 Application examples 9 Limiting values 10 Recommended operating conditions 11 Characteristics 12 Switch channel characteristics 13 Control signals characteristics 14 Package outline 13 Packing information 13.1 SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16); Reel pack, SMD, 13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 13.1.1 Packing method 13.1.2 Product orientation 13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14 Soldering of SMD packages 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.4 Reflow soldering 	2
6 Pinning information 6.1 Pinning 6.2 Pin description 7 Functional description 8 Application examples 9 Limiting values 10 Recommended operating conditions 11 Characteristics 11.1 Device general characteristics 11.2 Switch channel characteristics 11.3 Control signals characteristics 12 Package outline 13 Packing information 13.1 SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16); Reel pack, SMD, 13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 13.1.1 Packing method 13.1.2 Product orientation 13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14 Soldering of SMD packages 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering	2
 6.1 Pinning	3
 6.2 Pin description	3
 Functional description Application examples Limiting values Recommended operating conditions Characteristics Device general characteristics Switch channel characteristics Control signals characteristics Package outline Packing information SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16); Reel pack, SMD, 13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 Packing method Sotrier tape dimensions Reel dimensions Reel dimensions Reel dimensions Introduction to soldering Wave soldering Wave soldering Reel over soldering Reel over soldering 	3
 Application examples Limiting values Recommended operating conditions Characteristics Device general characteristics Switch channel characteristics Control signals characteristics Package outline Packing information SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16); Reel pack, SMD, 13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 Packing method SALI Product orientation Carrier tape dimensions Reel dimensions Reel dimensions Reel dimensions Mathematical and reflow soldering Wave soldering Wave soldering Reel over soldering Reel over soldering 	4
9 Limiting values 10 Recommended operating conditions 11 Characteristics 11.1 Device general characteristics 11.2 Switch channel characteristics 11.3 Control signals characteristics 12 Package outline 13 Packing information 13.1 SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16); Reel pack, SMD, 13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 13.1.1 Packing method 13.1.2 Product orientation 13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14 Soldering of SMD packages 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering	4
10 Recommended operating conditions 11 Characteristics 11.1 Device general characteristics 11.2 Switch channel characteristics 11.3 Control signals characteristics 12 Package outline 13 Packing information 13.1 SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16); Reel pack, SMD, 13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 13.1.1 Packing method 13.1.2 Product orientation 13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering	5
 11 Characteristics	5
 11.1 Device general characteristics	
 11.2 Switch channel characteristics 11.3 Control signals characteristics 12 Package outline 13 Packing information 13.1 SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16); Reel pack, SMD, 13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 13.1.1 Packing method 13.1.2 Product orientation 13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14 Soldering of SMD packages 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering 14.4 Reflow soldering 	6
 11.3 Control signals characteristics	6
 Package outline	7
 Packing information	
 13.1 SOT1832-1 (HUQFN16); Reel pack, SMD, 13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118	9
13" Q1/T1 standard product orientation; Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 13.1.1 Packing method	10
Orderable part number ending ,118 or J; Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 13.1.1 Packing method 13.1.2 Product orientation 13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering	
Ordering code (12NC) ending 118 13.1.1 Packing method 13.1.2 Product orientation 13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14 Soldering of SMD packages 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering	
13.1.1 Packing method 13.1.2 Product orientation 13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14 Soldering of SMD packages 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering 14.4 Reflow soldering	
13.1.2 Product orientation 13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14 Soldering of SMD packages 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering 14.4 Reflow soldering	
13.1.3 Carrier tape dimensions 13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14 Soldering of SMD packages 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering 14.4 Reflow soldering	
13.1.4 Reel dimensions 13.1.5 Barcode label 14 Soldering of SMD packages 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering 14.4 Reflow soldering	
13.1.5Barcode label14Soldering of SMD packages14.1Introduction to soldering14.2Wave and reflow soldering14.3Wave soldering14.4Reflow soldering	
14Soldering of SMD packages14.1Introduction to soldering14.2Wave and reflow soldering14.3Wave soldering14.4Reflow soldering	
 14.1 Introduction to soldering 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering 14.4 Reflow soldering 	
 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering 14.3 Wave soldering 14.4 Reflow soldering 	
14.3 Wave soldering14.4 Reflow soldering	
14.4 Reflow soldering	
5	
15 Soldering: PCB footprint	
16 Abbreviations	
17 Revision history	
18 Legal information	18

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