

# Low Cost, 3 1/2 Digit DPM for OEM Applications

## AD2010

#### FEATURES

LED Display with Latched Digital Outputs Small Size, Lightweight Automatic Zero Correction; Max Error: 0.05% ±1 Digit High Normal Mode Rejection: 40dB @ 50 or 60Hz Optional Ratiometric Operation Leading "0" Display Blanking 5VDC Powered

APPLICATIONS Medical/Scientific/Analytic Instruments Data Acquisition Systems Industrial Weighing Systems Readouts in Engineering Units Digital Thermometers

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Analog Devices' model AD2010 represents an advance in price/ performance capabilities of 3½ digit digital panel meters. The AD2010 offers  $0.05\% \pm 1$  digit maximum error with bipolar, single ended input, resolution of  $100\mu$ V, and a common mode rejection ratio of 60dB (CMRR) at  $\pm 200$ mV (CMV).

The AD2010 features a light-emitting-diode (LED) display with a full scale range of 0 to  $\pm$ 199.9 millivolts, latched digital data outputs and control interface signals, and leading zero display blanking. Automatic-zero correction circuitry measures and compensates for offset and offset drift errors, thereby providing virtually no error. Another useful feature of the AD2010 is its 5V dc operation. The AD2010 can operate from the users' 5V dc system supply, thereby eliminating the shielding and decoupling needed for line powered units when the ac line must be routed near signal leads.

To satisfy most application requirements, the conversion rate of the AD2010 is normally 4 readings per second. However, an external trigger may be applied to vary the sampling rates from a maximum of 24 readings per second down to an indefinite hold time. The AD2010 can also be connected for automatic conversion at its maximum conversion rate. During conversion, the previous reading is held by the latched logic. The numeric readout is available as BCD data. Application of the metering system in a computer or data logging system is made easy with the availability of the "overrange," "polarity," "overload," and "status" signals.

A simplified block diagram of the AD2010, illustrating the features described above is shown in Figure 1.

#### For detailed information, contact factory.

#### REV. A

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Figure 1. Simplified Functional Block Diagram

### IMPROVED NOISE IMMUNITY, ACCURACY AND ZERO STABILITY

Dual-slope integration, as used in the AD2010 and as described in the theory of operation section, offers several design benefits.

- Conversion accuracy, for example, is independent of both the timing capacitor value and the clock frequency, since they affect both the up ramp and down ramp integration in the same ratio.
- Normal mode noise at line frequencies or its harmonics is rejected since the average value of this noise is zero over the integration period.
- To achieve zero stability, a time interval during each conversion is provided to allow the automatic-zero correction circuitry to measure and compensate for offset and offset drift errors, thereby, providing virtually no zero error.

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# AD2010 — SPECIFICATIONS (typical at +25°C and +5V dc unless otherwise noted)

<ul> <li>DISPLAY OUTPUT</li> <li>Display consists of four LED's (0.27" (6.9mm) high). for data digits plus 100% overrange and polarity indication.</li> <li>Overload - three data digits display zeros and flashes.</li> <li>Decimal Points - selectable at input connector.</li> <li>Leading "0" Display Blanking - controlled externally.</li> <li>INPUT</li> <li>Full Scale Range - 0 to ±199.9 millivolts</li> <li>Automatic Zero</li> <li>Automatic Polarity</li> <li>Bias Current - 3nA</li> <li>DC Impedance - 100MΩ</li> <li>Overvoltage Protection - 20V sustained, 50V momentary without damage.</li> <li>Decimal Points (3) - illuminate with logic "1", extin- guish with logic "0".</li> <li>ACCURACY</li> <li>Maximum Error - 0.05% of reading ±1 digit</li> <li>Resolution 0.1 millivolt</li> <li>Tmperature Range - 0: to ±50°C operating -30°C to ±85°C storage</li> <li>Temperature Coefficient - ±50ppn/°C</li> <li>NORMAL MODE REJECTION</li> <li>OMB @ 00H7</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maximum Conversion Rate - Automatic - The AD2010         <ul> <li>can also be connected for automatic conversion at its             maximum conversion rate by connecting the "status"             output back into the "hold" input. In this manner the             status signal going high at the end of one conversion             immediately initiates a new conversion. The pulses             appearing on the status line can be used to step a             multiplexer directly, since the built-in drift-correct             delay of 8.33ms will allow settling of the input prior             to conversion. A logic "0" applied to the "EXT TRIGGER"             will inhibit the automatic trigger mode.             <u>External Hold</u> - Logic "0" or ground applied to this in-             put disables the internal trigger and the last conversion is             held and displayed. For a new conversion under internal             control the input must be opened or at logic "1". For a             new conversion under external control, a positive pulse             of less than 1.0ms can be applied (as previously explained).         </li> <li>OUTPUTS         <ul>             status - logic "0" indicates overload (&gt;199.9mV)             logic "1" - latched - 6TTL loads, indicates                  overrange.</ul></li>             Verload - logic "0" - conversion in process             logic "1" - latched - 6TTL loads, indicates             positive polarity input.</ul></li> </ul>
• 60dB @ ±200m	POWER
<ul> <li>External Trigger - up to 24 conversions per second</li> <li>Internal Trigger - 4 conversions per second</li> <li>Automatic - A new conversion is initiated automatically upon completion of conversion in process; conversion rate will vary from 24/sec to 40/sec depending on input magnitude.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>+5V dc ±5%, 500mA</li> <li>WARM UP</li> <li>Essentially none to specified accuracy</li> <li>ADJUSTMENTS</li> <li>Range potention eter for full scale calibration Calibra-</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Hold and Read upon command.</li> </ul>	tion recommended every six months.
<ul> <li>CONVERSION TIME</li> <li>Normal Conversion - 42ms max (full scale input)</li> <li>Overload Conversion - 62ms max</li> <li>INTERFACE SIGNALS</li> </ul>	SIZE • 3"W x 1.8"H x 0.84"D (76.2 x 45.7 x 21.3mm) (overall depth for case and printed circuit board extension is 1.40" (35.6mm)).
<ul> <li>DTL/TTL Compatible IN OUT logic "0" &lt;0.8V &lt;0.4V logic "1" &gt;2.0V &gt;2.4V</li> <li>Inputs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ORDERING GUIDE</li> <li>AD2010 - Standard AD2010 as described above - tuned for peak normal mode rejection at 60Hz and its harmonics.</li> </ul>
External Trigger – Operation in the "External Trigger" mode requires that the "External Hold" input be a logic "0" or ground.	WEIGHT • 4 oz. (113.5gm)
Negative Trigger Pulses – Applying a logical "low" to the "HOLD" input disables the internal trigger. A negative trigger pulse (logic "1" to logic "0") of 1.0µs minimum applied to the "EXT TRIGGER" in-	OVERALL DIMENSIONS All dimensions are given in inches and (mm).
put will initiate conversion in the same manner as the internal oscillator. The external trigger should not be repeated, however, until the "status" indicates com-	PIN "A" KEY PIN "S" 0.30 (7.62) MIN.
pletion of the conversion in process. <u>Positive Trigger Pulses</u> – The "HOLD" input can be used to trigger the AD2010 from a "normally low" inclusion of the AD2010 from a "normally low"	1.41 (35.8) MAX. 0.840 (21.3) MAX.
signal with the "EXT TRIGGER" input open or logic "1". Following a "hold" a new reading will be initiated on the leading edge of the "hold" signal. Thus, a momentary positive pulse on the "HOLD" input can be used to	3.020 (76.7) MAX
trigger the AD2010. The drift correct interval, how-	LENS
ever, begins on the trailing edge of the positive pulse, so if the pulse width exceeds 1ms, the conversion will actually be initiated by the internal trigger.	
Specifications subject to change without notice.	ADJUSTMENT GAIN ADJUSTMENT

-2-

REV. A