Photocouplers GaAs Infrared LED & Photo Triac

# TLP267J

### 1. Applications

- · Triac Drivers
- · Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs)
- · AC-Output Modules
- · Solid-State Relays

#### 2. General

The TLP267J consists of a non zero crossing photo triac, optically coupled to a gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode. The TLP267J is housed in the SO6 package and guarantees a creepage distance of  $5.0 \, \text{mm}$  (min), a clearance of  $5.0 \, \text{mm}$  (min) and insulation thickness of  $0.4 \, \text{mm}$  (min). Therefore, the TLP267J meets the reinforced insulation class requirements of international safety standards.

#### 3. Features

(1) Peak off-state voltage: 600 V (min)

(2) Non zero crossing functionary (NZC)

(3) Trigger LED current: 3 mA (max)

(4) On-state current: 70 mA (max)

(5) Isolation voltage: 3750 Vrms (min)

(6) Safety standards

UL-approved: UL1577 File No.E67349

cUL-approved: CSA Component Acceptance Service No.5A, File No.E67349

VDE-approved: Option (V4) EN60747-5-5 (Note) Maximum operating insulation voltage: 707 Vpeak Highest permissible overvoltage: 6000 Vpeak

Note: When an EN60747-5-5 approved type is needed, please designate the **Option (V4)**.

Table Trigger LED Current (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C)

Rank	I <sub>FT</sub> Rank Marking	Test Condition	Test Condition Trigger LED Current I <sub>FT</sub> (min)		Unit
None	3	V <sub>T</sub> = 6 V	_	3	mA
(IFT2)	2	V <sub>T</sub> = 6 V	_	2	

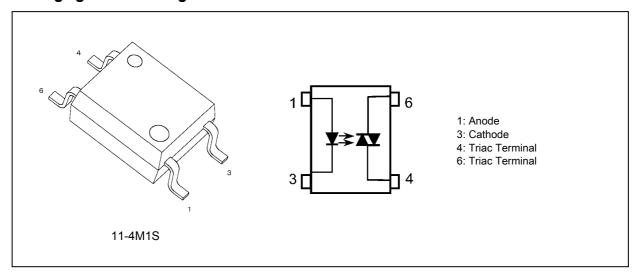
Note: Specify both the part number and a rank in this format when ordering.

Example: TLP267J (IFT2)

For safety standard certification, however, specify the part number alone.

Example: TLP267J

### 4. Packaging and Pin Assignment



#### 5. Mechanical Parameters

Characteristics	2.54-mm pitch	Unit
Creepage distances	5.0 (min)	mm
Clearance distances	5.0 (min)	
Internal isolation thickness	0.4 (min)	

### 6. Product Naming Conventions

Type of package used for shipment is denoted by a symbol suffix after a part number. The method of classification is as below.

Example: TLP267J(TPL,E(T

Part number: TLP267J Tape type: TPL (Note 1)

[[G]]/RoHS COMPATIBLE: E (Note 2)

Domestic ID (Country/Region of origin: Thailand): (T

Note 1: At the part of tape type, below options are used.

TPL, TPR

Note 2: Please contact your Toshiba sales representative for details on environmental information such as the product's RoHS compatibility.

RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment.



### 7. Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25 °C)

	Characteristics		Symbol	Note	Rating	Unit
LED	Input forward current		I <sub>F</sub>		30	mA
	Input forward current derating	(T <sub>a</sub> ≥ 53 °C)	$\Delta I_F/\Delta T_a$		-0.3	mA/°C
	Input forward current (pulsed)		I <sub>FP</sub>	(Note 1)	1	Α
	Input reverse voltage		V <sub>R</sub>		5	V
	Junction temperature		Tj		125	°C
	Input power dissipation		P <sub>D</sub>		50	mW
Detector	Off-state output terminal voltage		$V_{DRM}$		600	V
	R.M.S. on-state current	(T <sub>a</sub> = 25 °C)	I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>		70	mA
	R.M.S. on-state current	(T <sub>a</sub> = 70 °C)	I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>		40	
	R.M.S. on-state current derating	(T <sub>a</sub> ≥ 25 °C)	$\Delta I_{T(RMS)}/\Delta T_a$		-0.67	mA/°C
	ON-state current (pulsed)		I <sub>ONP</sub>	(Note 2)	2	Α
	Peak non-repetitive surge current		I <sub>TSM</sub>	(Note 3)	1.2	Α
	Junction temperature		Tj		125	°C
	Output power dissipation		Po		200	mW
Common	Operating temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>		-40 to 100	°C
	Storage temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>		-55 to 125	
	Lead soldering temperature	(10 s)	T <sub>sol</sub>	_	260	
	Isolation voltage	AC, 60 s, R.H. ≤ 60 %	BV <sub>S</sub>	(Note 4)	3750	Vrms

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 1: Pulse width (PW)  $\leq$  100  $\mu$ s, 100 pps

Note 2: Pulse width (PW)  $\leq$  100  $\mu$ s, 120 pps

Note 3: Pulse width (PW) ≤ 10 ms

Note 4: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1 and 3 are shorted together, and pins 4 and 6 are shorted together.

### 8. Recommended Operating Conditions (Note)

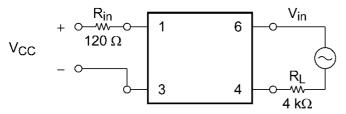
Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
AC mains voltage	V <sub>AC</sub>		_	_	240	V
Input forward current	I <sub>F</sub>		4.5	6	7.5	mA
ON-state current (pulsed)	I <sub>ONP</sub>		_	_	1	Α
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>		-25	_	85	°C

Note: The recommended operating conditions are given as a design guide necessary to obtain the intended performance of the device. Each parameter is an independent value. When creating a system design using this device, the electrical characteristics specified in this datasheet should also be considered.



# 9. Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C)

	Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
LED	Input forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>		I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA	1.0	1.27	1.4	V
	Input reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>		V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V	_		10	μΑ
	Input capacitance	Ct		V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz	_	30	_	pF
Detector	Peak off-state current	I <sub>DRM</sub>		V <sub>DRM</sub> = 600 V	_	10	1000	nA
	Peak on-state voltage	V <sub>TM</sub>		I <sub>TM</sub> = 70 mA	_	1.7	2.8	V
	Holding current	Ι <sub>Η</sub>		_	_	0.2	_	mA
	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	dv/dt		V <sub>in</sub> = 240 V, T <sub>a</sub> = 85 °C See Fig. 9.1		500		V/μs
	Critical rate of rise of commutating voltage (dv/dt)	dv/dt(c)		$V_{in}$ = 60 Vrms, $I_T$ = 15 mA See Fig. 9.1	_	0.2	_	



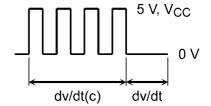


Fig. 9.1 dv/dt Test Circuit

## 10. Coupled Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25 °C)

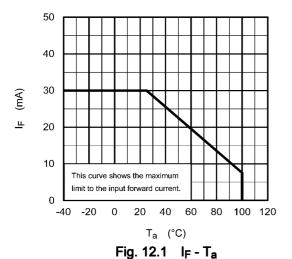
Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Trigger LED current	I <sub>FT</sub>		V <sub>T</sub> = 6 V	_	_	3	mA
Turn-on time	t <sub>on</sub>		$V_D$ = 6 $\rightarrow$ 4 V, $R_L$ = 100 $\Omega$ , $I_F$ = Rated $I_{FT} \times$ 1.5 mA			100	μS

# 11. Isolation Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, $T_a$ = 25 °C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Total capacitance (input to output)	Cs	(Note 1)	V <sub>S</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		0.8	1	pF
Isolation resistance	R <sub>S</sub>	(Note 1)	V <sub>S</sub> = 500 V, R.H. ≤ 60%	1 × 10 <sup>12</sup>	1014		Ω
Isolation voltage	BVS	(Note 1)	AC, 60 s	3750	_	_	Vrms
			AC, 1 s in oil		10000	_	
			DC, 60 s in oil	_	10000	1	Vdc

Note 1: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1 and 3 are shorted together, and pins 4 and 6 are shorted together.

# 12. Characteristics Curves (Note)



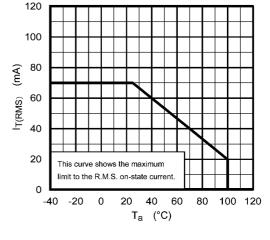


Fig. 12.2 I<sub>T(RMS)</sub> - T<sub>a</sub>

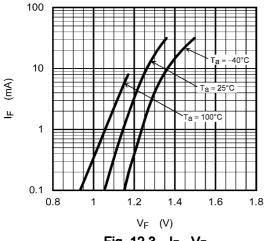


Fig. 12.3  $I_F - V_F$ 

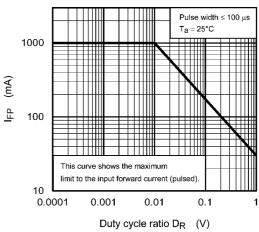


Fig. 12.4 I<sub>FP</sub> - D<sub>R</sub>

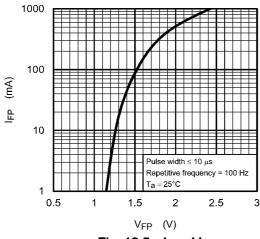


Fig. 12.5 IFP - VFP

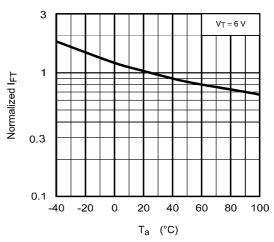


Fig. 12.6 Normalized I<sub>FT</sub> - T<sub>a</sub>

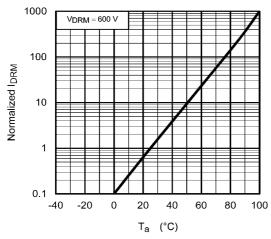


Fig. 12.7 Normalized I<sub>DRM</sub> - T<sub>a</sub>

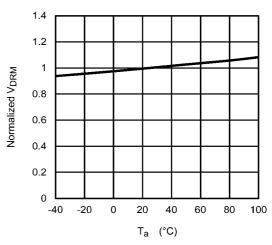


Fig. 12.8 Normalized V<sub>DRM</sub> - T<sub>a</sub>

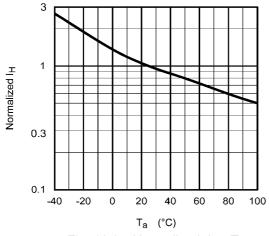


Fig. 12.9 Normalized I<sub>H</sub> - T<sub>a</sub>

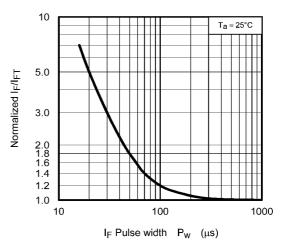


Fig. 12.10 Normalized I<sub>F</sub>/I<sub>FT</sub> - I<sub>F</sub>\_P<sub>W</sub>

Note: The above characteristics curves are presented for reference only and not guaranteed by production test, unless otherwise noted.

### 13. Soldering and Storage

### 13.1. Precautions for Soldering

The soldering temperature should be controlled as closely as possible to the conditions shown below, irrespective of whether a soldering iron or a reflow soldering method is used.

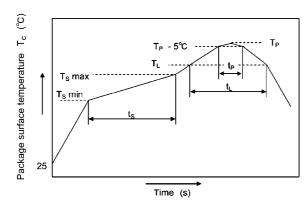
· When using soldering reflow.

The soldering temperature profile is based on the package surface temperature.

(See the figure shown below, which is based on the package surface temperature.)

Reflow soldering must be performed once or twice.

The mounting should be completed with the interval from the first to the last mountings being 2 weeks.



	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Preheat temperature	Ts	150	200	°C
Preheat time	ts	60	120	s
Ramp-up rate (T <sub>L</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )			3	°C/s
Liquidus temperature	T <sub>L</sub>	217		°C
Time above T <sub>L</sub>	t <sub>L</sub>	60	150	s
Peak temperature	T <sub>P</sub>		260	°C
Time during which $T_c$ is between ( $T_P - 5$ ) and $T_P$	t <sub>P</sub>		30	s
Ramp-down rate (T <sub>P</sub> to T <sub>L</sub> )			6	°C/s

Fig. 13.1.1 An example of a temperature profile when lead(Pb)-free solder is used

· When using soldering flow

Apply preheating of 150 °C (package surface temperature) for 60 to 120 seconds.

Mounting condition of 260 °C within 10 seconds is recommended.

Flow soldering must be performed once.

· When using soldering Iron

Complete soldering within 10 seconds for lead temperature not exceeding 260  $^{\circ}$ C or within 3 seconds not exceeding 350  $^{\circ}$ C.

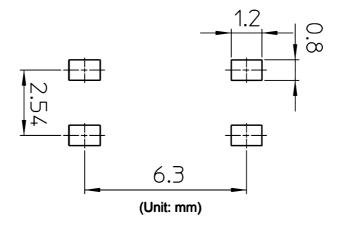
Heating by soldering iron must be done only once per lead.

### 13.2. Precautions for General Storage

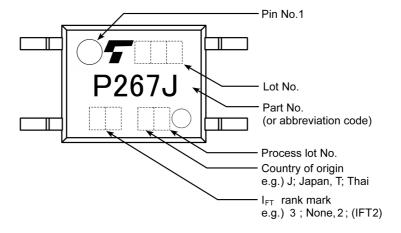
- · Avoid storage locations where devices may be exposed to moisture or direct sunlight.
- Follow the precautions printed on the packing label of the device for transportation and storage.
- Keep the storage location temperature and humidity within a range of 5 °C to 35 °C and 45% to 75%, respectively.
- Do not store the products in locations with poisonous gases (especially corrosive gases) or in dusty conditions.
- Store the products in locations with minimal temperature fluctuations. Rapid temperature changes during storage can cause condensation, resulting in lead oxidation or corrosion, which will deteriorate the solderability of the leads.
- · When restoring devices after removal from their packing, use anti-static containers.
- · Do not allow loads to be applied directly to devices while they are in storage.
- If devices have been stored for more than two years under normal storage conditions, it is recommended that you check the leads for ease of soldering prior to use.



## 14. Land Pattern Dimensions (for reference only)



## 15. Marking (Note)



Note: A different marking is used for photocouplers that have been qualified according to option (V4) of EN60747. See Fig. 16.4.



### 16. EN60747-5-5 Option (V4) Specification

· Part number: TLP267J (Note)

• The following part naming conventions are used for the devices that have been qualified according to option (V4) of EN60747.

Example: TLP267J(V4-TPL, E(T

V4: EN60747 option TPL: Tape type

E: [[G]]/RoHS COMPATIBLE (Note 1)

Note: Use TOSHIBA standard type number for safety standard application.

e.g.,  $TLP267J(V4) \rightarrow TLP267J$ 

Note 1: Please contact your Toshiba sales representative for details on environmental information such as the product's RoHS compatibility.

RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment.

	Description	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Application classification				
for rated mains voltao for rated mains voltao			I-IV I-III	_
Climatic classification			55 / 100 / 21	_
Pollution degree			2	_
Maximum operating insula	ation voltage	VIORM	707	Vpeak
Input to output test voltag $V_{pr} = 1.6 \times V_{IORM}$ , ty $t_p = 10$ s, partial disc	pe and sample test	V <sub>pr</sub>	1131	Vpeak
Input to output test voltag $V_{pr} = 1.875 \times V_{IORM}$ $t_p = 1 \text{ s, partial discharge}$	, 100 % production test	V <sub>pr</sub>	1325	Vpeak
Highest permissible overvoltage	· ·	V <sub>TR</sub>	6000	Vpeak
		I <sub>si</sub> P <sub>so</sub> T <sub>s</sub>	250 400 150	mA mW °C
Insulation resistance	$V_{IO}$ = 500 V, $T_a$ = 25 °C $V_{IO}$ = 500 V, $T_a$ = 100 °C $V_{IO}$ = 500 V, $T_a$ = $T_s$	R <sub>si</sub>	≥ 10 <sup>12</sup> ≥ 10 <sup>11</sup> ≥ 10 <sup>9</sup>	Ω

Fig. 16.1 EN60747 Insulation Characteristics



Minimum creepage distance	Cr	5.0 mm
Minimum clearance	Cl	5.0 mm
Minimum insulation thickness	ti	0.4 mm
Comparative tracking index	CTI	175

Fig. 16.2 Insulation Related Specifications (Note)

Note: If a printed circuit is incorporated, the creepage distance and clearance may be reduced below this value. (e. g., at a standard distance between soldering eye centers of 3.5 mm). If this is not permissible, the user shall take suitable measures.

Note: This photocoupler is suitable for **safe electrical isolation** only within the safety limit data. Maintenance of the safety data shall be ensured by means of protective circuits.



Fig. 16.3 Marking on packing for EN60747

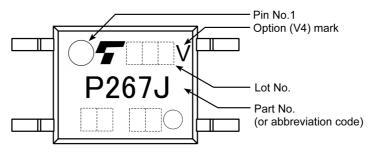
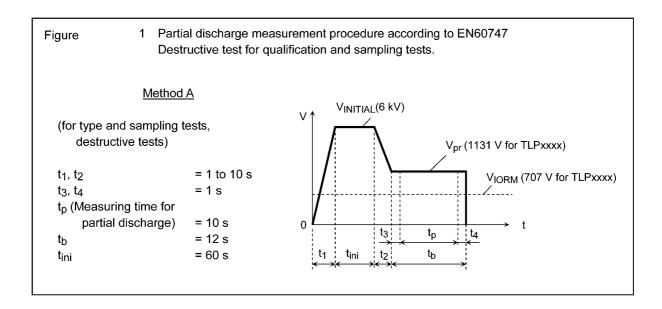
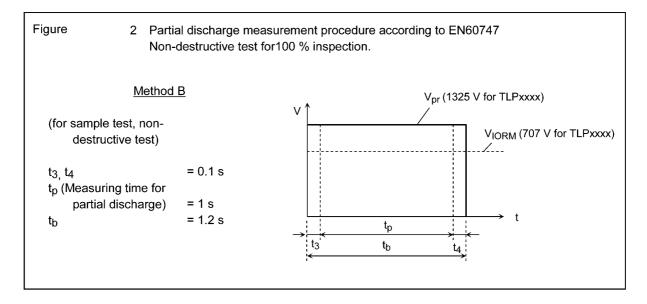


Fig. 16.4 Marking Example (Note)

Note: The above marking is applied to the photocouplers that have been qualified according to option (V4) of EN60747.





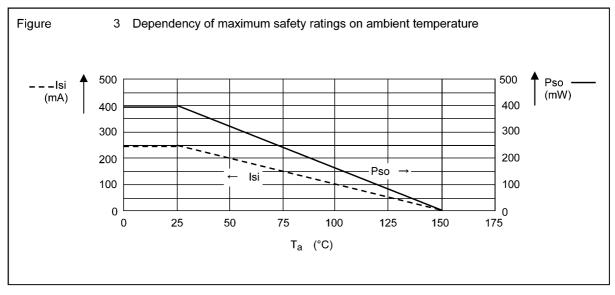
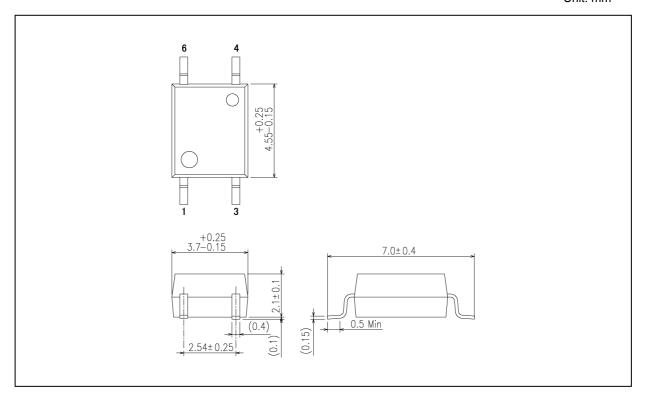


Fig. 16.5 Measurement Procedure



# Package Dimensions

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.08 g (typ.)

	Package Name(s)
TOSHIBA: 11-4M1S	



#### RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

- Toshiba Corporation, and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively "TOSHIBA"), reserve the right to make changes to the information in this document, and related hardware, software and systems (collectively "Product") without notice.
- This document and any information herein may not be reproduced without prior written permission from TOSHIBA. Even with TOSHIBA's
  written permission, reproduction is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration/omission.
- Though TOSHIBA works continually to improve Product's quality and reliability, Product can malfunction or fail. Customers are responsible for complying with safety standards and for providing adequate designs and safeguards for their hardware, software and systems which minimize risk and avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of Product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property, including data loss or corruption. Before customers use the Product, create designs including the Product, or incorporate the Product into their own applications, customers must also refer to and comply with (a) the latest versions of all relevant TOSHIBA information, including without limitation, this document, the specifications, the data sheets and application notes for Product and the precautions and conditions set forth in the "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" and (b) the instructions for the application with which the Product will be used with or for. Customers are solely responsible for all aspects of their own product design or applications, including but not limited to (a) determining the appropriateness of the use of this Product in such design or applications; (b) evaluating and determining the applicability of any information contained in this document, or in charts, diagrams, programs, algorithms, sample application circuits, or any other referenced documents; and (c) validating all operating parameters for such designs and applications.
  TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR CUSTOMERS' PRODUCT DESIGN OR APPLICATIONS.
- PRODUCT IS NEITHER INTENDED NOR WARRANTED FOR USE IN EQUIPMENTS OR SYSTEMS THAT REQUIRE EXTRAORDINARILY HIGH LEVELS OF QUALITY AND/OR RELIABILITY, AND/OR A MALFUNCTION OR FAILURE OF WHICH MAY CAUSE LOSS OF HUMAN LIFE, BODILY INJURY, SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE AND/OR SERIOUS PUBLIC IMPACT ("UNINTENDED USE"). Except for specific applications as expressly stated in this document, Unintended Use includes, without limitation, equipment used in nuclear facilities, equipment used in the aerospace industry, medical equipment, equipment used for automobiles, trains, ships and other transportation, traffic signaling equipment, equipment used to control combustions or explosions, safety devices, elevators and escalators, devices related to electric power, and equipment used in finance-related fields. IF YOU USE PRODUCT FOR UNINTENDED USE, TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR PRODUCT. For details, please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative.
- · Do not disassemble, analyze, reverse-engineer, alter, modify, translate or copy Product, whether in whole or in part.
- Product shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any
  applicable laws or regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as guidance for Product use. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any
  infringement of patents or any other intellectual property rights of third parties that may result from the use of Product. No license to any
  intellectual property right is granted by this document, whether express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise.
- ABSENT A WRITTEN SIGNED AGREEMENT, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THE RELEVANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE
  FOR PRODUCT, AND TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY LAW, TOSHIBA (1) ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER,
  INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES OR LOSS, INCLUDING
  WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF OPPORTUNITIES, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION AND LOSS OF DATA, AND
  (2) DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES AND CONDITIONS RELATED TO SALE, USE OF PRODUCT,
  OR INFORMATION, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
  PURPOSE, ACCURACY OF INFORMATION, OR NONINFRINGEMENT.
- GaAs (Gallium Arsenide) is used in Product. GaAs is harmful to humans if consumed or absorbed, whether in the form of dust or vapor.
   Handle with care and do not break, cut, crush, grind, dissolve chemically or otherwise expose GaAs in Product.
- Do not use or otherwise make available Product or related software or technology for any military purposes, including without limitation, for the design, development, use, stockpiling or manufacturing of nuclear, chemical, or biological weapons or missile technology products (mass destruction weapons). Product and related software and technology may be controlled under the applicable export laws and regulations including, without limitation, the Japanese Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law and the U.S. Export Administration Regulations. Export and re-export of Product or related software or technology are strictly prohibited except in compliance with all applicable export laws and regulations.
- Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS compatibility of Product.
   Please use Product in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES OR LOSSES OCCURRING AS A RESULT OF NONCOMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.