TOSHIBA Photocoupler GaA{As IRed & Photo-IC

# **TLP115**

High Speed, Long Distance Isolated Line Receiver Microprocessor System Interfaces Digital Isolation For A / D, D / A Conversion **Computer-Peripheral Interfaces Ground Loop Elimination** 

The TOSHIBA mini flat coupler TLP115 is small outline coupler, suitable for surface mount assembly.

TLP115 consists of a GaAtAs light emitting diode, optically coupled to an integrated high gain, high speed shielded photo detector whose output is an open collector schottky clamped transistor.

The shield, which shunts capacitively coupled common noise to ground, provides a guaranteed transient immunity specification of 1000V / µs.

- Input current thresholds: IF=10mA (max.)
- Switching speed: 10MBd (typ.)
- Common mode transient immunity: ±1000V / µs (min.)
- Guaranteed performance over temp.: 0~70°C
- Isolation voltage: 2500Vrms (min.)
- UL recognized: UL1577, file no. E67349

### **Schematic**



Note. A 0.1µF bypass capacitor must be connected between pins 4 and 6.



### Pin Configuration(top view)



- 5 : V<sub>O</sub>(Output) 6 : V<sub>CC</sub>

### Truth Table(positive logic)

Input	Output
Н	L
L	Н

## Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic			Symbol	Rating	Unit
	Forward current		١ <sub>F</sub>	20	mA
	Pulse forward current	(Note 1)	I <sub>FP</sub>	40	mA
LED	Peak transient forward current	(Note 2)	I <sub>FPT</sub>	1	А
	Reverse voltage		V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
	Output current		Ι <sub>Ο</sub>	25	mA
tor	Output voltage	)		7	V
Detector	Supply voltage (1 minute maximum)		V <sub>CC</sub>	7	V
	Output power dissipation		Po	40	mW
Ope	Operating temperature range		T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~85	°C
Storage temperature range		T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~125	°C	
Lead solder temperature(10s)			T <sub>sol</sub>	260	°C
Isolation voltage (AC, 1min., RH ≤ 60%, Note 4)		BVS	BV <sub>S</sub> 2500		

(Note 1) 50% duty cycle, 1ms pulse width.

(Note 2) Pulse width  $\leq 1\mu s$ , 300pps.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage, low level	V <sub>FL</sub>	-3	0	1.0	V
Input current, high level	I <sub>FH</sub>	13	16	20	mA
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	5	5.5	V
Fan out (TTL load, each channel)	Ν	—	—	8	-
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	0	—	70	°C

# Electrical Characteristics (unless otherwise specified, Ta = 0~70°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.5~5.5V, V<sub>FL</sub> $\leq$ 1.0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.*	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA, Ta=25°C	—	1.65	1.80	V
Forward voltage temperature coefficient	V <sub>F</sub> / Ta	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	_	-2	_	mV / °C
Reverse current	IR	V <sub>R</sub> =5V, Ta=25°C	—	_	10	μA
Capacitance between terminals	CT	V <sub>F</sub> =0, f=1MHz, Ta=25°C	_	45	_	pF
Lich lovel output ourrent	1	V <sub>F</sub> =1.0, V <sub>O</sub> =5.5V	_	_	250	
High level output current	IOH	V <sub>F</sub> =1.0, V <sub>O</sub> =5.5V, Ta=25°C	_	0.5	10	μA
Low level output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA I <sub>OL</sub> =13mA(sinking)	_	0.4	0.6	V
"H level output→ L level output" input current	I <sub>FH</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> =13mA(sinking) V <sub>OL</sub> =0.6V	_	_	10	mA
High level supply current	ICCH	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.5V, I <sub>F</sub> =0	—	7	15	mA
Low level supply current	ICCL	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.5V, I <sub>F</sub> =16mA	_	12	18	mA
Input–output insulation leakage current	I <sub>S</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> =3540V, t=5s Ta=25°C (Note 4)	_	_	100	μA
Isolation resistance	R <sub>S</sub>	R.H.≤ 60%, V <sub>S</sub> =500V DC Ta=25°C (Note 4)	5×10 <sup>10</sup>	10 <sup>14</sup>	_	Ω
Stray capacitance between input to output	CS	V <sub>S</sub> =0, f=1MHz Ta=25°C (Note 4)	—	0.8	_	pF

\* All typical values are V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, Ta=25°C

## Switching Characteristics( $V_{CC} = 5V$ , Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Cir– cuit	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Propagation delay time $(H \rightarrow L)$	t <sub>pHL</sub>	1	$\begin{array}{l} \text{I}_{\text{F}}\text{=}0 \rightarrow 16\text{mA} \\ \text{C}_{\text{L}}\text{=}15\text{pF}, \ \text{R}_{\text{L}}\text{=}350\Omega \end{array}$	Ι	60	120	ns
Propagation delay time (L→H)	t <sub>pLH</sub>	1	$\begin{array}{l} I_{F}\texttt{=}16 {\rightarrow} \ 0mA \\ C_{L}\texttt{=}15pF, \ R_{L}\texttt{=}350\Omega \end{array}$		60	120	ns
Output rise fall time (10–90%)	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	2	R <sub>L</sub> =350Ω, C <sub>L</sub> =15pF I <sub>F</sub> =0 <b>茌</b> 16mA		30		ns
Common mode transient immunity at high output level	CM <sub>H</sub>	2	I <sub>F</sub> =0mA, V <sub>CM</sub> =400V <sub>p-p</sub> V <sub>O(min)</sub> =2V, R <sub>L</sub> =350Ω	1000	_	_	V/µs
Common mode transient immunity at low output level	CML	2	I <sub>F</sub> =16mA, V <sub>CM</sub> =400V <sub>p-p</sub> V <sub>O(max)</sub> =0.8V, R <sub>L</sub> =350Ω	-1000	_	_	V / µs

(Note 4) Device considered a two-terminal device: Pins 1 and 3 shorted together, and pins 4, 5 and 6 shorted together.

(Note 5) The V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage to each TLP115 isolator must be bypassed by 0.1µF capacitor. This can be either a ceramic or solid tantalum capacitor with good high frequency characteristic and should be connected as close as possible to package V<sub>CC</sub> and GND pins of each device.

(Note 6) Maximum electrostatic discharge voltage for any pins: 180V(C=200pF, R=0)

## Test Circuit 1: Switching Time Test Circuit



 $C_{L}$  is approximately 15pF which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

## Test Circuit 2: Common Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit



 $C_{\text{L}}$  is approximately 15pF which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

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Forward current IF (mA)











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t<sub>pHL,</sub> t<sub>pLH</sub> - Ta 120 = 4kΩ Rı + -(su) \_ 100 Propagation delay time t<sub>pHL</sub>, t<sub>pLH</sub> 1kΩ 80 × 350 Ω + 4 60 RL = 350 Ω 40 IF = 16mA 1kΩ VCC = 5V 4kΩ • t<sub>pHL</sub> 20 – – t<sub>pLH</sub> 0 - 20 0 20 40 60 80 Ambient temperature Ta (°C)

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