

# 800 mA Fixed-Output CMOS LDO with Shutdown

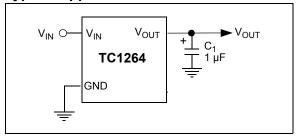
## **Features**

- · Very Low Dropout Voltage
- · 800 mA Output Current
- · High Output Voltage Accuracy
- · Standard or Custom Output Voltages
- · Overcurrent and Overtemperature Protection

## **Applications**

- · Battery Operated Systems
- · Portable Computers
- · Medical Instruments
- Instrumentation
- · Cellular/GSM/PHS Phones
- · Linear Post-Regulators for SMPS
- · Pagers

# **Typical Application**



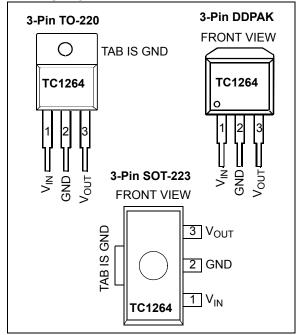
## **Description**

The TC1264 is a fixed output, high accuracy (typically  $\pm 0.5\%$ ) CMOS low dropout regulator. Designed specifically for battery-operated systems, the TC1264's CMOS construction eliminates wasted ground current, significantly extending battery life. Total supply current is typically 80  $\mu$ A at full load (20 to 60 times lower than in bipolar regulators).

TC1264 key features include ultra low noise operation, very low dropout voltage (typically 450 mV at full load), and fast response to step changes in load.

The TC1264 incorporates both over temperature and over current protection. The TC1264 is stable with an output capacitor of only  $1\mu F$  and has a maximum output current of 800 mA. It is available in 3-Pin SOT-223, 3-Pin TO-220 and 3-Pin DDPAK packages.

# **Package Type**



# 1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# Absolute Maximum Ratings †

 † Notice: Stresses above those listed under "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### DC CHARACTERISTICS

**Electrical Specifications:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $V_{IN} = V_R + 1.5V$ , (**Note 1**),  $I_L = 100 \,\mu\text{A}$ ,  $C_L = 3.3 \,\mu\text{F}$ ,  $\overline{\text{SHDN}} > V_{IH}$ ,  $I_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ . **Boldface** type specifications apply for junction temperatures of -40°C to +125°C.

$T_A$ = +25°C. <b>Boldface</b> type specifications apply for junction temperatures of -40°C to +125°C.							
Parameters	Sym	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions	
Input Operating Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	2.7	_	6.0	٧	Note 2	
Maximum Output Current	I <sub>OUTMAX</sub>	800	_	_	mA		
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> - 2.5%	V <sub>R</sub> ± 0.5%	V <sub>R</sub> + 2.5%	V	$V_R \ge 2.5V$	
		V <sub>R</sub> - 2%	V <sub>R</sub> ± 0.5%	V <sub>R</sub> + 3%		V <sub>R</sub> = 1.8V	
		V <sub>R</sub> – 7%	_	V <sub>R</sub> + 3%		I <sub>L</sub> = 0.1 mA to 800 mA ( <b>Note 3</b> )	
V <sub>OUT</sub> Temperature Coefficient	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /ΔT	_	40	_	ppm/°C	Note 4	
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	_	0.007	0.35	%	$(V_R + 1V) \le V_{IN} \le 6V$	
Load Regulation (Note 5)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/V_{OUT}$	-0.01	0.002	0	%/mA	$I_L = 0.1 \text{ mA to } I_{OUTMAX}$	
Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	V <sub>IN</sub> –V <sub>OUT</sub>	_	20	30	mV	$V_R \ge 2.5V$ , $I_L = 100 \mu A$	
		_	50	160		I <sub>L</sub> = 100 mA	
		_	150	480		I <sub>L</sub> = 300 mA	
		_	260	800		I <sub>L</sub> = 500 mA	
		_	450	1300		I <sub>L</sub> = 800 mA	
		_	1000	1200		V <sub>R</sub> = 1.8V, I <sub>L</sub> = 500 mA	
		_	1200	1400		I <sub>L</sub> = 800 mA	
Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	_	80	130	μA	SHDN = V <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>L</sub> = 0	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	_	64	_	db	F ≤ 1 kHz	
Output Short Circuit Current	I <sub>OUTSC</sub>	_	1200	_	mA	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	

- **Note 1:**  $V_R$  is the regulator output voltage setting.
  - 2: The minimum  $V_{IN}$  has to justify the conditions:  $V_{IN} \ge V_R + V_{DROPOUT}$  and  $V_{IN} \ge 2.7V$  for  $I_L = 0.1$  mA to  $I_{OUTMAX}$ .
  - 3: This accuracy represents the worst-case over the entire output current and temperature range.

4: 
$$TCV_{OUT} = \frac{(V_{OUTMAX} - V_{OUTMIN}) - 10^6}{V_{OUT} \times \Delta T}$$

- 5: Regulation is measured at a constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is tested over a load range from 0.1 mA to the maximum specified output current. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
- **6:** Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at a 1.5V differential.
- 7: Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a current pulse equal to I<sub>LMAX</sub> at V<sub>IN</sub> = 6V for T = 10 ms.
- 8: The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of ambient temperature, the maximum allowable junction temperature and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air (i.e., T<sub>A</sub>, T<sub>J</sub>, θ<sub>JA</sub>). Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation causes the device to initiate thermal shutdown. Please see **Section 5.0 "Thermal Considerations"** for more details..

# DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated,  $V_{IN} = V_R + 1.5V$ , (Note 1),  $I_L = 100 \mu A$ ,  $C_L = 3.3 \mu F$ ,  $\overline{SHDN} > V_{IH}$ ,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ . Boldface type specifications apply for junction temperatures of -40°C to +125°C.

Parameters	Sym	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
Thermal Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta P_{D}$	_	0.04	_	V/W	Note 7
Output Noise	eN	_	260	_	nV/√Hz	I <sub>L</sub> = I <sub>OUTMAX</sub> , F = 10 kHz

Note 1:  $V_R$  is the regulator output voltage setting.

2: The minimum  $V_{IN}$  has to justify the conditions:  $V_{IN} \ge V_R + V_{DROPOUT}$  and  $V_{IN} \ge 2.7V$  for  $I_L = 0.1$  mA to  $I_{OUTMAX}$ .

3: This accuracy represents the worst-case over the entire output current and temperature range.

4:  $TCV_{OUT} = \frac{(V_{OUTMAX} - V_{OUTMIN}) - 10^6}{V_{OUT} \times \Delta T}$ 

5: Regulation is measured at a constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is tested over a load range from 0.1 mA to the maximum specified output current. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.

**6:** Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at a 1.5V differential.

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8: The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of ambient temperature, the maximum allowable junction temperature and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air (i.e., T<sub>A</sub>, T<sub>J</sub>, θ<sub>JA</sub>). Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation causes the device to initiate thermal shutdown. Please see **Section 5.0 "Thermal Considerations"** for more details..

# **TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameters	Sym	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
Temperature Ranges						
Specified Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	_	+125	°C	(Note 1)
Operating Temperature Range	TJ	-40	_	+125	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>	-65	_	+150	°C	
Thermal Package Resistances						•
Thermal Resistance, 3L-SOT-223	$\theta_{JA}$	_	59	_	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 3L-DDPAK	$\theta_{JA}$	_	71	_	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 3L-TO-220	$\theta_{\sf JA}$	_	71	_	°C/W	

Note 1: Operation in this range must not cause T<sub>J</sub> to exceed Maximum Junction Temperature (+125°C).

#### 2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

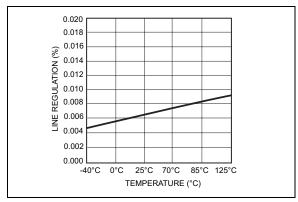


FIGURE 2-1: Temperature.

Line Regulation vs.

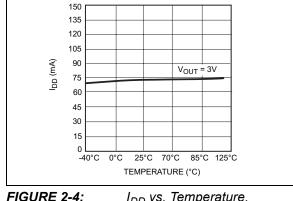


FIGURE 2-4: I<sub>DD</sub> vs. Temperature.

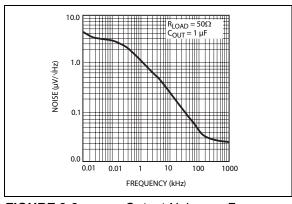


FIGURE 2-2: Output Noise vs. Frequency.

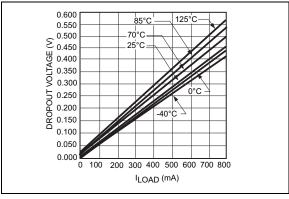


FIGURE 2-5: 3.0V Dropout Voltage vs. I<sub>LOAD</sub>.

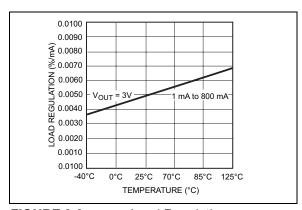


FIGURE 2-3: Temperature.

Load Regulation vs.

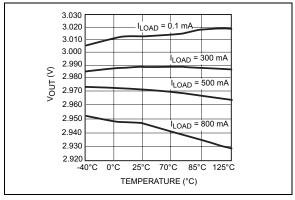


FIGURE 2-6:

 $3.0V\ V_{OUT}\ vs. Temperature.$ 

# 3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Pin No. 3-Pin SOT-223 3-Pin TO-220 3-Pin DDPAK	Symbol	Description
1	V <sub>IN</sub>	Unregulated supply input
2	GND	Ground terminal
3	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Regulated voltage output.

# 3.1 Unregulated Supply (V<sub>IN</sub>)

3.3 Regulated Output Voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ )

Unregulated supply input.

Regulated voltage output.

# 3.2 Ground (GND)

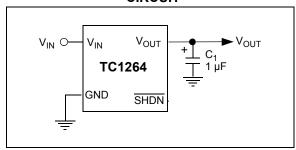
Ground terminal.

## 4.0 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TC1264 is a precision, fixed output LDO. Unlike bipolar regulators, the TC1264's supply current does not increase with load current. In addition,  $V_{OUT}$  remains stable and within regulation over the entire 0mA to  $I_{LOADMAX}$  load current range (an important consideration in RTC and CMOS RAM battery back-up applications).

Figure 4-1 shows a typical application circuit.

# FIGURE 4-1: TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



# 4.1 Output Capacitor

A 1  $\mu F$  (min) capacitor from  $V_{OUT}$  to ground is required. The output capacitor should have an effective series resistance greater than  $0.1\Omega$  and less than  $5\Omega$ . A 1  $\mu F$  capacitor should be connected from  $V_{IN}$  to GND if there is more than 10 inches of wire between the regulator and the AC filter capacitor, or if a battery is used as the power source. Aluminum electrolytic or tantalum capacitor types can be used. (Since many aluminum electrolytic capacitors freeze at approximately -30°C, solid tantalums are recommended for applications operating below -25°C.) When operating from sources other than batteries, supply-noise rejection and transient response can be improved by increasing the value of the input and output capacitors and employing passive filtering techniques.

## 5.0 THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 5.1 Thermal Shutdown

Integrated thermal protection circuitry shuts the regulator off when die temperature exceeds 160°C. The regulator remains off until the die temperature drops to approximately 150°C.

## 5.2 Power Dissipation

The amount of power the regulator dissipates is primarily a function of input and output voltage, and output current. The following equation is used to calculate worst-case actual power dissipation:

### **EQUATION 5-1:**

$$P_D = (V_{INMAX} - V_{OUTMIN})I_{LOADMAX}$$

Where:

P<sub>D</sub> = Worst-case actual power dissipation

 $V_{INMAX}$  = Maximum voltage on  $V_{IN}$ 

 $V_{OUTMIN}$  = Minimum regulator output voltage

I<sub>LOADMAX</sub> = Maximum output (load) current

The maximum allowable power dissipation (Equation 5-2) is a function of the maximum ambient temperature ( $T_{AMAX}$ ), the maximum allowable die temperature ( $T_{JMAX}$ ) and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air ( $\theta_{JA}$ ).

### **EQUATION 5-2:**

$$P_{DMAX} = \frac{(T_{JMAX} - T_{AMAX})}{\theta_{JA}}$$

Where all terms are previously defined.

Table 5-1 and Table 5-2 show various values of  $\theta_{JA}$  for the TC1264 packages.

TABLE 5-1: THERMAL RESISTANCE
GUIDELINES FOR TC1264 IN
SOT-223 PACKAGE

Copper Area (Topside)*	Copper Area (Backside)	Board Area	Thermal Resistance $(\theta_{JA})$	
2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	45°C/W	
1000 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	45°C/W	
225 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	53°C/W	
100 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	59°C/W	
1000 sq mm	1000 sq mm	1000 sq mm	52°C/W	
1000 sq mm	0 sq mm	1000 sq mm	55°C/W	

<sup>\*</sup> Tab of device attached to topside copper

TABLE 5-2: THERMAL RESISTANCE
GUIDELINES FOR TC1264 IN
3-PIN DDPAK/TO-220
PACKAGE

Copper Area (Topside)*	Copper Area (Backside)	Board Area	Thermal Resistance $(\theta_{JA})$	
2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	25°C/W	
1000 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	27°C/W	
125 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	35°C/W	

<sup>\*</sup> Tab of device attached to topside copper

Equation 5-1 can be used in conjunction with Equation 5-2 to ensure regulator thermal operation is within limits. For example:

Given:

 $V_{\text{INMAX}}$  = 3.3V ± 10%  $V_{\text{OUTMIN}}$  = 2.7V ± 0.5%  $I_{\text{LOADMAX}}$  = 275 mA  $T_{\text{JMAX}}$  = 125°C  $T_{\text{AMAX}}$  = 95°C

 $\theta_{\text{JA}} = 59^{\circ}\text{C/W} \text{ (SOT-223)}$ 

Find:

- Actual power dissipation.
- 2. Maximum allowable dissipation

Actual power dissipation:

$$P_D \approx (V_{INMAX} - V_{OUTMIN})I_{LOADMAX}$$
  
 $P_D = (3.3 \times 1.1) - (2.7 \times .995)275 \times 10^{-3}$   
 $P_D = 260 \text{ mW}$ 

Maximum allowable power dissipation:

$$P_{DMAX} = \frac{T_{JMAX} - T_{AMAX}}{\theta_{JA}}$$

$$P_{DMAX} = \frac{(125 - 95)}{59}$$

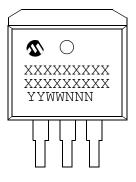
$$P_{DMAX} = 508 \text{ mW}$$

In this example, the TC1264 dissipates a maximum of 260 mW; below the allowable limit of 508 mW. In a similar manner, Equation 5-1 and Equation 5-2 can be used to calculate maximum current and/or input voltage limits. For example, the maximum allowable  $V_{IN}$ , is found by substituting the maximum allowable power dissipation of 508mW into Equation 5-1, from which  $V_{INMAX}$  = 4.6V.

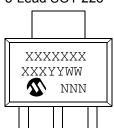
## 6.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

# 6.1 Package Marking Information

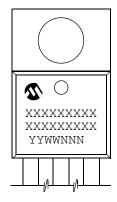
#### 3-Lead DDPAK



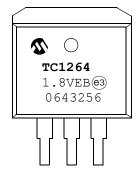
3-Lead SOT-223



3-Lead TO-220



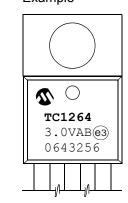




Example



Example



Legend: XX...X Customer-specific information

Y Year code (last digit of calendar year)
YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
WW Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')

NNN Alphanumeric traceability code

e3 Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)

This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (@3)

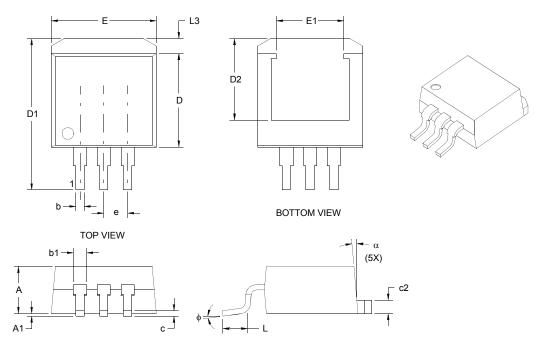
can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

Note:

# 3-Lead Plastic (EB) (DDPAK)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



		Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS	
Dim	ension Limi	ts	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins				3			3	
Pitch		е		1.00 BSC			2.54 BSC	
Overall Height		Α	.170	.177	.183	4.32	4.50	4.65
Standoff	§	A1	.000	.005	.010	0.00	0.13	0.25
Overall Width		Е	.385	.398	.410	9.78	10.11	10.41
Exposed Pad Width		E1		.256 REF		6.50 REF		
Molded Package Length		D	.330	.350	.370	8.38	8.89	9.40
Overall Length		D1	.549	.577	.605	13.94	14.66	15.37
Exposed Pad Length		D2		.303 REF		7.70 REF		
Lead Thickness		С	.014	.020	.026	0.36	0.51	0.66
Pad Thickness		c2	.045		.055	1.14		1.40
Lower Lead Width		b	.026	.032	.037	0.66	0.81	0.94
Upper Lead Width		b1	.049 .050 .051		.051	1.24	1.27	1.30
Foot Length		L	.068	-	.110	1.73		2.79
Pad Length		L3	.045	-	.067	1.14		1.70
Foot Angle		ф		-	8°	-		8°
Mold Draft Angle		α	3°		7°	3°		7°

<sup>\*</sup> Controlling Parameter

#### Notes

Dimensions D and E do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side. BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically, exact value shown without tolerances.

See ASME Y14.5M

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

See ASME Y14.5M

JEDEC equivalent: TO-252

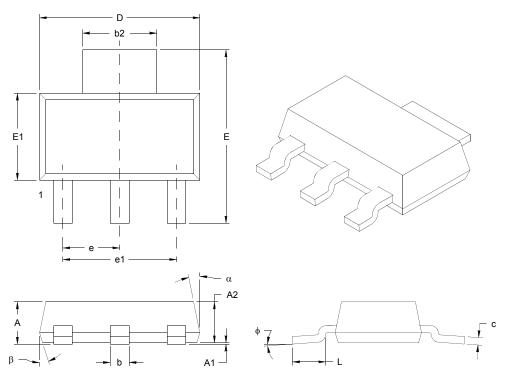
Drawing No. C04-011

Revised 07-19-05

<sup>§</sup> Significant Characteristic

# 3-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (DB) (SOT-223)

**Ste:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	INCHES			MILLIMETERS*		
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Pitch	е		.091 BSC			2.30 BSC	
Outside lead pitch (basic)	e1		.181 BSC			4.60 BSC	
Overall Height	Α	-	1	.071	1	-	1.80
Standoff	A1	.001	1	.004	0.02	-	0.10
Molded Package Height	A2	.061	.063	.065	1.55	1.60	1.65
Overall Width	E	.264	.276	.287	6.70	7.00	7.30
Molded Package Width	E1	.130	.138	.146	3.30	3.50	3.70
Overall Length	D	.248	.256	.264	6.30	6.50	6.70
Lead Thickness	С	.009	.012	.014	0.23	0.30	0.35
Lead Width	b	.026	.030	.033	0.65	0.76	0.85
Tab Lead Width	b2	.114	.118	.124	2.90	3.00	3.15
Foot Length	L	.035	_	-	0.90	-	_
Lead Angle	ф	0°	-	10°	_	0.37	10°
Mold Draft Angle, Top	α	10°	ı	16°	10°	_	16°
Mold Draft Angle, Bottom	β	10°	_	16°	10°	-	16°

<sup>\*</sup> Controlling Parameter

#### Notes

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .005" (0.127mm) per side. BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

See ASME Y14.5M

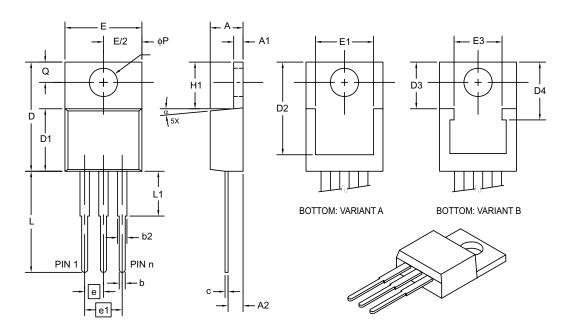
JEDEC Equivalent TO-261 AA

Drawing No. C04-032

Revised 09-13-05

# 3-Lead Plastic Transistor Outline (AB) (TO-220)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		3			3	
Pitch	е		.100 BSC			2.54 BSC	
Overall Pin Pitch	e1		.200 BSC			5.08 BSC	
Overall Height	Α	.140	-	.190	3.56	-	4.83
Tab Thickness	A1	.020	-	.055	0.51	-	1.40
Base to Lead	A2	.080	-	.120	2.03	-	3.05
Overall Width	E	.380	-	.420	9.65	-	10.67
Exposed Tab Width	E1	.270	-	.350	6.86	-	8.89
- (SEE BOTTOM VARIANT B)	E3	.251	.256	.261	6.38	6.50	6.63
Hole Center to Tab Edge	Q	.100	-	.120	2.54	-	3.05
Overall Length	D	.560	-	.650	14.22	-	16.51
Molded Package Length	D1	.330	-	.361	8.38	-	9.17
Exposed Tab Length	D2	.480	-	.507	12.19	-	12.88
- (SEE BOTTOM VARIANT B)	D3	.243	.248	.253	6.17	6.30	6.43
- (SEE BOTTOM VARIANT B)	D4	.303	.308	.313	7.70	7.82	7.95
Tab Length	H1	.230	-	.270	5.84	-	6.86
Mounting Hole Diameter	φР	.139	-	.156	3.53	-	3.96
Lead Length	L	.500	-	.580	12.70	-	14.73
Lead Shoulder	L1	-	-	.250	2.10	-	6.35
Foot Angle	α	0	-	8°	0	-	8°
Lead Thickness	С	.012	-	.024	0.30	-	0.61
Lead Width	b	.015	.027	.040	0.38	0.69	1.02
Shoulder Width	b2	.045	.057	.070	1.14	1.45	1.78

<sup>\*</sup>Controlling Parameter

#### Notes:

Dimensions D1 and E do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side. BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

See ASME Y14.5M

Drawing No. C04-158

# TC1264

NOTES:

# **APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY**

# **Revision C (October 2006)**

- Section 1.0 "Electrical Characteristics": Changed dropout voltage voltage typical value for  $I_L$  = 500 mA from 700 to 1000 and maximum value from 1000 to 1200 for. Changed typical value for  $I_L$  = 800 mA from 890 to 1200
- Section 6.0 "PackAging Information": Added package marking information and package outline drawings
- · Added disclaimer to package outline drawings.

# Revision B (May 2002)

· Not Documented

## **Revision A (March 2002)**

· Original Release of this Document.

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NOTES:

# PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

 $\label{thm:condition} \mbox{To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales of fice.}$ 

PART NO.	<u>x.xx xx xx</u>	Examples:
Device	Voltage Package Tape and Option Reel	a) TC1264-1.8VAB 1.8V LDO, TO-220-3 pkg. b) TC1264-2.5VAB 2.5V LDO, TO-220-3 pkg. c) TC1264-3.0VAB 3.0V LDO, TO-220-3 pkg. d) TC1264-3.3VAB 3.3V LDO, TO-220-3 pkg.
Device	TC1264 Fixed Output CMOS LDO	a) TC1264-1.8VEBTR 1.8V LDO, DDPAK-3 pkg., Tape and Reel b) TC1264-2.5VEBTR 2.5V LDO, DDPAK-3 pkg.,
Voltage Option:*	1.8V = 1.8V 2.5V = 2.5V 3.0V = 3.0V 3.3V = 3.3V	Tape and Reel c) TC1264-3.0VEBTR 3.0V LDO, DDPAK-3 pkg., Tape and Reel d) TC1264-3.3VEBTR 3.3V LDO, DDPAK-3 pkg.,
	* Other output voltages are available. Please contact your local Microchip sales office for details.	a) TC1264-1.8VDB 1.8V LDO, SOT-223 pkg. b) TC1264-1.8VDBTR 1.8V LDO, SOT-223 pkg.,
Package	AB = Plastic (TO-220), 3-Lead DB = Plastic (SOT-223), 3-lead DBTR = Plastic (SOT-223), 3-lead, Tape and Reel  EB = Plastic Transistor Outline (DDPAK), 3-Lead, Tape and Reel	Tape and Reel c) TC1264-2.5VDB 2.5V LDO, SOT-223 pkg. d) TC1264-2.5VDBTR 2.5V LDO, SOT-223 pkg., Tape and Reel e) TC1264-3.0VDB 3.0V LDO, SOT-223 pkg. f) TC1264-3.0VDBTR 3.0V LDO, SOT-223 pkg., Tape and Reel
		g) TC1264-3.3VDB 3.3V LDO, SOT-223 pkg. h) TC1264-3.3VDBTR 3.3V LDO, SOT-223 pkg., Tape and Reel

# TC1264

NOTES:

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- · Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
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