

Low-Power, Slew-Rate-Limited RS-485/RS-422 Transceivers

Description

The SN75176 is low-power transceivers for RS-485 and RS- 422 communication. IC contains one driver and one receiver.

The driver slew rates of the SN75176 is not limited, allowing them to transmit up to 10 Mbps.

These transceivers draw between 120μ A and 500μ A of supply current when unloaded or fully loaded with disabled drivers. All parts operate from a single 5V supply. Drivers are short-circuit current limited and are protected against excessive power dissipation by thermal shutdown circuitry that places the driver outputs into a high-impedance state.

The receiver input has a fail-safe feature that guarantees a logic-high output if the input is open circuit. The SN75176 is designed for half-duplex applications.



Features

- Low Quiescent Current: 300µA
- -7V to +12V Common-Mode Input Voltage Range
- Three-State Outputs
- 50ns Propagation Delays, 5ns Skew
- Full-Duplex and Half-Duplex Versions Available
- Operate from a Single 5V Supply
- Allows up to 32 Transceivers on the Bus
- Data rate: 10 Mbps
- Current-Limiting and Thermal Shutdown for Driver Overload Protection
- Enhanced ESD Specifications: ±15kV IEC61000-4-2 Air Discharge ±8kV IEC61000-4-2 Contact Discharge

Pin Description



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (V _{CC}) 12V	Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
Control Input Voltage -0.5V to (V_{CC} + 0.5V)	8-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C) 727mW
Driver Input Voltage (DI) -0.5V to (V _{CC} + 0.5V)	8-Pin SOP (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C) 471mW
Driver Output Voltage (A, B) -8V to +12.5V	Operating Temperature Ranges 0°C to +70°C
Receiver Input Voltage (A, B) -8V to +12.5V	Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C
Receiver Output Voltage (RO) -0.5V to (V_{CC} +0.5V)	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) +260°C

* Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those

indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied.

Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = 5V ±5%, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_MAX, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TY P	МАХ	UNIT S
Differential Driver Output (no load)	V _{OD1}					5	V
Differential Driver Output	V _{OD2}	R = 50Ω (RS-422)		2			V
(with load)		R = 27Ω (RS-485),	Figure 1	1.5		5	
Change in Magnitude of Driver Differential Output Voltage for Complementary Output States	ΔV_{OD}	R = 27Ω or 50Ω, Fig	R = 27Ω or 50Ω, Figure 1			0.2	V
Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage	V _{oc}	R = 27Ω or 50Ω, Fig	gure 1			3	V
Change in Magnitude of Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage for Complementary Output States	ΔV_{OD}	R = 27Ω or 50Ω, Figure 1				0.2	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	DE, DI <u>, R</u> E		2.0			V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	DE, DI, RE				0.8	V
Input Current	I _{IN1}	DE, DI, RE				±2	μA
Input Current	I _{IN2}	DE = 0V;	V _{IN} = 12V			1.0	mA
(A, B)		$V_{CC} = 0V \text{ or } 5.25V$	V _{IN} = -7V			-0.8	
Receiver Differential Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	-7V ≤ V _{CM} ≤12V		-0.2		0.2	V
Receiver Input Hysteresis	ΔV_{TH}	V _{CM} = 0V			70		mV
Receiver Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _O = -4mA, VID = 200mV		3.5			V
Receiver Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _o = 4mA, VID = -200mV				0.4	V

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continue)

(VCC = 5V ±5%, TA = TMIN to TMAX, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Three-State (high impedance) Output Current at Receiver	IOZR	0.4V ≤ VO ≤ 2.4V			±1	μA
Receiver Input Resistance	RIN	-7V ≤ VCM ≤ 12V	12			kΩ
No-Load Supply Current	I _{cc}	DE = V _{CC}		500	900	
(Note 3)		RE = 0V or V _{CC}		300	500	μA
		DE = 0V				
Driver Short-Circuit Current	I _{OSD1}	$-7V \le V_{O} \le 12V$ (Note 4)	35		250	mA
VO = High Driver Short-Circuit Current	I _{OSD2}	-7V ≤ V ₀ ≤12V (Note 4)	35		250	mA
VO = Low						
Receiver Short-Circuit Current	I _{OSR}	$0V \le V_{O} \le V_{CC}$	7		95	mA
ESD Protection		A, B, Y and Z pins, tested using Human Body Model		±15		kV

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = 5V ±5%, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
Driver Input to Output	t _{PLH}	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$	10	55	60		
	t _{PHL}	$C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$	10	55	60	ns	
Driver Output Skew to Output	t _{skew}	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega, C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$		5	10	ns	
Driver Enable to Output High	t _{zH}	C _L = 100pF, S2 closed		40	70	ns	
Driver Enable to Output Low	t _{zL}	C_L = 100pF, S1 closed		40	70	ns	
Driver Disable Time from Low	t _{LZ}	C _L = 15pF, S1 closed		40	70	ns	
Driver Disable Time from High	t _{HZ}	C _L = 15pF, S2 closed		40	70	ns	
Receiver Input to Output	t _{PLH}	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$	20	60	100	200	
	t _{PHL}	$C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$	20	60	100	ns	
t _{PLH} - t _{PHL} Differential Receiver Skew	t _{skD}	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 \text{pF}$		5	10	ns	
Receiver Enable to Output Low	t _{ZL}	C _{RL} = 15pF, S1 closed		30	50	ns	
Receiver Enable to Output High	t _{zH}	C_{RL} = 15pF, S2 closed		30	50	ns	
Receiver Disable Time from Low	t_{LZ}	C_{RL} = 15pF, S1 closed		30	50	ns	
Receiver Disable Time from High	t _{HZ}	C_{RL} = 15pF, S2 closed		30	50	ns	
Maximum Data Rate	f_{MAX}		2.5	10	20	Mbps	

Note 1: All currents into device pins are positive; all currents out of device pins are negative. All voltages are referenced to device ground unless otherwise specified.

Note 2: All typical specifications are given for V_{CC}=5V and T_A=+25°C.

Note 3: Supply current specification is valid for loaded transmitters when DE=0V.

Note 4: Applies to peak current.

V_{CM} --7V to +12V

TEST CIRCUITS



Figure 1. Driver V_{OD} and V_{OC}

Figure 2. Driver $V_{\text{OD}}\,$ with Varying Common-Mode Voltage

V



Figure 3. Receiver V_{OH} and V_{OL}



Figure 4. Driver Differential Output Delay and Transition Times

TEST CIRCUITS







Figure 6. Driver Enable and Disable Times (t_{PZH}, t_{PSH}, t_{PHZ})



Figure 7. Driver Enable and Disable Times (t_{PZL} , t_{PSL} , t_{PLZ})

TEST CIRCUITS



Figure 8. Receiver Propagation Delay



Figure 9. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

Note 5: The input pulse is supplied by a generator with the following characteristics: PRR = 250kHz, 50% duty cycle, tr \leq 6.0ns, Z_O = 50 Ω . **Note 6:** C_L includes probe and stray capacitance.

Function Tables

Transmitting							
INPUTS			OUTP	UTSX			
RE	DE	DI	Z	Y			
Х	1	1	0	1			
Х	1	0	1	0			
0	0	Х	Z	Z			
1	0	Х	Z	Z			

Receiving					
	INPU	OUTPUTS			
RE	DE	A-B	RO		
0	0	+0.2V	1		
0	0	-0.2V	0		
0	0	open	1		
1	0	Х	Z		

X-don't care Z-high impedance

Typical Information



Figure 10. SN75176 Typical RS-485 Network

Driver Output Protection

Excessive output current and power dissipation caused by faults or by bus contention are prevented by two mechanisms. A foldback current limit on the output stage provides immediate protection against short circuits over the whole common-mode voltage range. In addition, a thermal shutdown circuit forces the driver outputs into a high-impedance state if the die temperature rises excessively.

Propagation Delay

Skew time is simply the difference between the low-to-high and high-to-low propagation delay. Small driver/receiver skew times help maintain a symmetrical mark-space ratio (50% duty cycle).

The receiver skew time, [tPRLH - tPRHL], is under 10ns. The driver skew times are 5ns for the SN75176.

Typical Applications

SN75176 transceivers are designed for bidirectional data communications on multipoint bus transmission lines. Figure 10 shows typical network applications circuits. These parts can also be used as line repeaters, with cable lengths longer than 4000 feet.

To minimize reflections, the line should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance, and stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.