

Stereo Audio Codec

with USB Interface, Single-Ended Analog Input/Output, and S/PDIF

Check for Samples: PCM2906C

FEATURES

- On-Chip USB Interface:
 - With Full-Speed Transceivers
 - Fully Compliant with USB 2.0 Specification
 - Certified by USB-IF
 - USB Adaptive Mode for Playback
 - USB Asynchronous Mode for Record
 - Bus Powered
- 16-Bit Delta-Sigma ADC and DAC
- Sampling Rate:
 - DAC: 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
 - ADC: 8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
- On-Chip Clock Generator with Single 12-MHz Clock Source
- S/PDIF Input/Output
- Single Power Supply:
 - 5 V Typical (V_{BUS})
- Stereo ADC:
 - Analog Performance at V_{BUS} = 5 V:
 - THD+N = 0.01%
 - SNR = 89 dB
 - Dynamic Range = 89 dB
 - Decimation Digital Filter:
 - Passband Ripple = ±0.05 dB
 - Stop-Band Attenuation = -65 dB
 - Single-Ended Voltage Input
 - Antialiasing Filter Included
 - Digital HPF Included

Stereo DAC:

- Analog Performance at V_{BUS} = 5 V:
 - THD+N = 0.005%
 - SNR = 96 dB
 - Dynamic Range = 93 dB
- Oversampling Digital Filter:
 - Passband Ripple = ±0.1 dB
 - Stop-Band Attenuation = -43 dB
- Single-Ended Voltage Output
- Analog LPF Included
- Multifunctions:
 - Human Interface Device (HID) Function:
 - Volume and Mute Controls
 - Suspend Flag Function
- 28-Pin SSOP Package

APPLICATIONS

- USB Audio Speaker
- USB Headset
- USB Monitor
- USB Audio Interface Box

DESCRIPTION

The PCM2906C is Texas Instruments' single-chip, USB, stereo audio codec with a USB-compliant full-speed protocol controller and S/PDIF. The USB protocol controller requires no software code. The PCM2906C employs SpAct™ architecture, Tl's unique system that recovers the audio clock from USB packet data. On-chip analog PLLs with SpAct enable playback and record with low clock jitter, as well as independent playback and record sampling rates.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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System Two, Audio Precision are trademarks of Audio Precision, Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.





This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

PACKAGING/ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

| PRODUCT | PACKAGE-LEAD | PACKAGE DESIGNATOR | SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE | PACKAGE MARKING | ORDERING NUMBER | TRANSPORT MEDIA, QUANTITY |
|------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | | | PCM2906CDB | Rails, 47 |
| PCM2906CDB | SSOP-28 | DB | –25°C to +85°C | PCM2906C | PCM2906CDBR | Tape and Reel, 2000 |

⁽¹⁾ For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).

| | PARAMETER | PCM2906C | UNIT | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------|--|
| Supply voltage, V _{BUS} | | -0.3 to 6.5 | V | |
| Ground voltage difference | Itage differences, AGNDC, AGNDP, AGNDX, DGND, DGNDU ±0.1 | | | |
| Digital input valtage | SEL0, SEL1, DIN | -0.3 to 6.5 | V | |
| Digital input voltage | D+, D-, HID0, HID1, HID2, XTI, XTO, DOUT, SSPND | -0.3 to (V _{DDI} + 0.3) < 4 | - V | |
| Analog input voltage | V _{IN} L, V _{IN} R, V _{COM} , V _{OUT} R, V _{OUT} L | -0.3 to $(V_{CCCI} + 0.3) < 4$ | V | |
| | V _{CCCI} , V _{CCP1I} , V _{CCP2I} , V _{CCXI} , V _{DDI} | -0.3 to 4 | V | |
| Input current (any pins ex | ±10 | mA | | |
| Ambient temperature und | er bias | -40 to +125 | °C | |
| Storage temperature, T _{stg} | | -55 to +150 | °C | |
| Junction temperature, T _J | | +150 | °C | |
| Lead temperature (solderi | ng, 5s) | +260 | °C | |
| Package temperature (IR | reflow, peak) | +250 | °C | |

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

THERMAL INFORMATION

| | | PCM2906C | |
|------------------|--|-----------|--------|
| | THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾ | DB (SSOP) | UNITS |
| | | 28 PINS | |
| θ_{JA} | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 64.5 | |
| θ_{JCtop} | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance | 24.5 | |
| θ_{JB} | Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 25.4 | °C 444 |
| Ψ_{JT} | Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 2.0 | °C/W |
| ΨЈВ | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 25.0 | |
| θ_{JCbot} | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | N/A | |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, V_{BUS} , = 5 V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, and 16-bit data (unless otherwise noted).

| | | PC | M2906C | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| DIGITAL INPUT/OUTPUT | • | | | | |
| Host interface | Apply USB Revision 2.0, full speed | | | | |
| Audio data format | USB isochronous data format | | | | |
| NPUT LOGIC | | | | | |
| / _{IH} ⁽¹⁾ | | 2 | | 3.3 | |
| / _{IL} ⁽¹⁾ | | | | 0.8 | |
| / _{IH} ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | | 2.52 | | 3.3 | |
| / _{IL} ^{(2) (3)} | | | | 0.9 | \/D0 |
| / _{IH} ⁽⁴⁾ Input logic level | | 2 | | 5.25 | VDC |
| / _{IL} ⁽⁴⁾ | | | | 0.8 | |
| / _{IH} ⁽⁵⁾ | | 2.52 | | 5.25 | |
| / _{IL} ⁽⁵⁾ | | | | 0.9 | |
| H ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾ | V _{IN} = 3.3 V | | | ±10 | |
| L ⁽¹⁾ (2)(4) | V _{IN} = 0 V | | | ±10 | |
| H (3) | $V_{IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | | 50 | 80 | |
| Input logic current | $V_{IN} = 0 V$ | | | ±10 | μΑ |
| H ⁽⁵⁾ | V _{IN} = 3.3 V | | 65 | 100 | |
| L ⁽⁵⁾ | V _{IN} = 0 V | | | ±10 | |
| OUTPUT LOGIC | | | | | |
| [/] он ⁽¹⁾ | | 2.8 | | | |
| / _{OL} ⁽¹⁾ | | | | 0.3 | |
| /OH (6) | $I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$ | 2.8 | | | VDC |
| Output logic level | I _{OL} = 4 mA | | | 0.5 | VDC |
| ′он ⁽⁷⁾ | $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$ | 2.8 | | | |
| / _{OL} ⁽⁷⁾ | I _{OL} = 2 mA | | | 0.5 | |
| LOCK FREQUENCY | | | | • | |
| Input clock frequency, XTI | | 11.994 | 12 | 12.006 | MHz |

⁽¹⁾ Pins 1, 2: D+, D-.

⁽²⁾ Pin 21: XTI. (3) Pins 5, 6, 7: Pins 5, 6, 7: HID0, HID1, HID2. Pins 8, 9: SEL0, SEL1.

⁽⁵⁾ Pin 24: DIN.

⁽⁶⁾ Pin 25: DOUT. (7) Pin 28: SSPND.

STRUMENTS



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, V_{BUS} , = 5 V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, and 16-bit data (unless otherwise noted).

| | | | PCM2906C | | | |
|----------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN TYP MAX | | | UNIT |
| ADC CH | ARACTERISTICS | | | | * | |
| | Resolution | | | 8, 16 | | Bits |
| | Audio data channel | | | 1, 2 | | Channel |
| ADC Clo | ck Frequency | | , | | | |
| fs | Sampling frequency | | 8, 11.025, 16, | 22.05, 32, 44 | 1.1, 48 | kHz |
| ADC DC | Accuracy | | | | * | |
| | Gain mismatch, channel-to-channel | | | ±1 | ±5 | % of FSR |
| | Gain error | | | ±2 | ±10 | % of FSR |
| | Bipolar zero error | | | ±0 | | % of FSR |
| ADC Dyr | namic Performance ⁽⁸⁾ | | | | <u> </u> | |
| | | $V_{IN} = -1 \text{ dB}^{(9)}, V_{CCCI} = 3.67 \text{ V}$ | | 0.01 | 0.02 | % |
| THD+N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise | $V_{IN} = -1 dB^{(10)}$ | | 0.1 | | % |
| | pius rioise | $V_{IN} = -60 \text{ dB}$ | | 5 | | % |
| | Dynamic range | A-weighted | 81 | 89 | | dB |
| SNR | Signal-to-noise ratio | A-weighted | 81 | 89 | | dB |
| | Channel separation | | 80 | 85 | | dB |
| Analog I | nput | | <u>.</u> | | | |
| | Input voltage | | | 0.6 V _{CCCI} | | V _{PP} |
| | Center voltage | | | 0.5 V _{CCCI} | | V |
| | Input impedance | | | 30 | | kΩ |
| | Antialiasing filter frequency | –3 dB | | 150 | | kHz |
| | response | f _{IN} = 20 kHz | | -0.08 | | dB |
| ADC Dig | ital Filter Performance | | | | | |
| | Passband | | | | 0.454 f _s | Hz |
| | Stop band | | 0.583 f _s | | | Hz |
| | Passband ripple | | | | ±0.05 | dB |
| | Stop-band attenuation | | -65 | | | dB |
| td | Delay time | | | 17.4/f _s | | S |
| | HPF frequency response | –3 dB | 0.0 | 078f _s /1000 | | Hz |

⁽⁸⁾ f_{IN} = 1 kHz, using the System Two™ audio measurement system by Audio Precision™ in RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF in calculation.

⁽⁹⁾ Using external voltage regulator for V_{CCCI} (see Figure 36).

⁽¹⁰⁾ Using internal voltage regulator for V_{CCCI} (see Figure 37).



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

All specifications at $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, and 16-bit data (unless otherwise noted).

| | | | PC | PCM2906C | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|
| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN TYP MA | | | UNIT |
| DAC CH | ARACTERISTICS | | | | * | |
| | Resolution | | | 8, 16 | | Bits |
| | Audio data channel | | | 1, 2 | | Channel |
| DAC Clo | ck Frequency | | 1 | | | |
| f _s | Sampling frequency | | 3 | 2, 44.1, 48 | | kHz |
| DAC DC | Accuracy | | * | | | |
| | Gain mismatch, channel-to-channel | | | ±1 | ±5 | % of FSR |
| | Gain error | | | ±2 | ±10 | % of FSR |
| | Bipolar zero error | | | ±2 | | % of FSR |
| DAC Dyr | namic Performance ⁽¹¹⁾ | | 1 | | | |
| THD+N Total harmonic distort | | V _{OUT} = 0 dB | | 0.005 | 0.016 | % |
| THD+N | plus noise | $V_{OUT} = -60 \text{ dB}$ | | 3 | | % |
| | Dynamic range | EIAJ, A-weighted | 87 | 93 | | dB |
| SNR | Signal-to-noise ratio | EIAJ, A-weighted | 90 | 96 | | dB |
| | Channel separation | | 86 | 92 | | dB |
| Analog C | Output | | | | * | |
| Vo | Output voltage | | | 0.6 V _{CCCI} | | V_{PP} |
| | Center voltage | | | 0.5 V _{CCCI} | | V |
| | Load impedance | AC coupling | 10 | | | kΩ |
| | I DE francisco recordos | –3 dB | | 250 | | kHz |
| | LPF frequency response | f = 20 kHz | | -0.03 | | dB |
| DAC Dig | ital Filter Performance | | <u> </u> | | | |
| | Passband | | | | 0.445 f _s | Hz |
| | Stop band | | 0.555 f _s | | | Hz |
| | Passband ripple | | | | ±0.1 | dB |
| | Stop-band attenuation | | -43 | | | dB |
| t _d | Delay time | | | 14.3 f _s | | s |
| POWER- | SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS | | <u> </u> | | | |
| V _{BUS} | Voltage range | | 4.35 | 5 | 5.25 | VDC |
| | Committee accument | ADC, DAC operation | | 56 | 67 | mA |
| | Supply current | Suspend mode ⁽¹²⁾ | | 250 | | μΑ |
| Б | Devices disable of the | ADC, DAC operation | | 280 | 352 | mW |
| P_D | Power dissipation | Suspend mode ⁽¹²⁾ | | 1.25 | | mW |
| | Internal power-supply voltage (13) | | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | VDC |
| TEMPER | ATURE RANGE | | | | | |
| | Operating temperature rang | ne | -25 | | +85 | °C |

⁽¹¹⁾ f_{OUT} = 1 kHz, using the System Two audio measurement system by Audio Precision in RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF.
(12) In USB suspend state.
(13) Pins 10, 17, 19, 23, 27: V_{CCCI}, V_{CCP1I}, V_{CCP2I}, V_{CCXI}, V_{DDI}.



PIN ASSIGNMENTS

DB PACKAGE SSOP-28 (TOP VIEW)

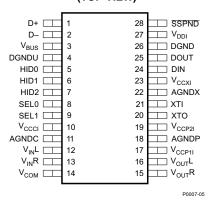
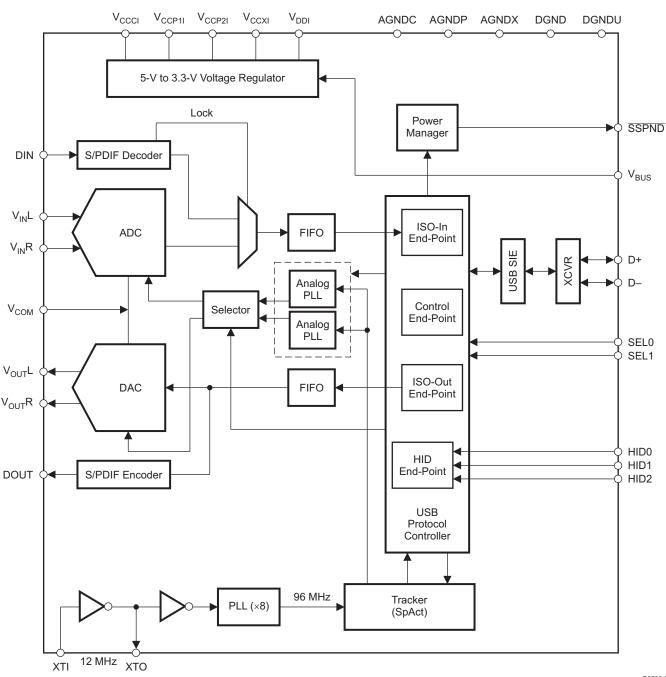


Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

| NAME | NO. | I/O | DESCRIPTION | | | |
|--------------------|-----|-----|---|--|--|--|
| AGNDC | 11 | _ | Analog ground for codec | | | |
| AGNDP | 18 | _ | Analog ground for PLL | | | |
| AGNDX | 22 | _ | nalog ground for oscillator | | | |
| D- | 2 | I/O | USB differential input/output minus ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| D+ | 1 | I/O | USB differential input/output plus ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| DGND | 26 | _ | Digital ground | | | |
| DGNDU | 4 | _ | Digital ground for USB transceiver | | | |
| DIN | 24 | I | S/PDIF input ⁽²⁾ | | | |
| DOUT | 25 | 0 | S/PDIF output | | | |
| HID0 | 5 | I | HID key state input (mute), active-high ⁽³⁾ | | | |
| HID1 | 6 | I | HID key state input (volume up), active-high ⁽³⁾ | | | |
| HID2 | 7 | I | HID key state input (volume down), active-high ⁽³⁾ | | | |
| SEL0 | 8 | I | Must be set to high ⁽⁴⁾ | | | |
| SEL1 | 9 | I | Must be set to high ⁽⁴⁾ | | | |
| SSPND | 28 | 0 | Suspend flag, active-low (Low: suspend, High: operational) | | | |
| V _{BUS} | 3 | _ | Connect to USB power (V _{BUS}) | | | |
| V _{CCCI} | 10 | _ | Internal analog power supply for codec ⁽⁵⁾ | | | |
| V _{CCP1I} | 17 | _ | Internal analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁵⁾ | | | |
| V _{CCP2I} | 19 | _ | Internal analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁵⁾ | | | |
| V _{CCXI} | 23 | _ | Internal analog power supply for oscillator ⁽⁵⁾ | | | |
| V _{COM} | 14 | _ | Common for ADC/DAC (V _{CCCI} /2) ⁽⁵⁾ | | | |
| V_{DDI} | 27 | _ | Internal digital power supply ⁽⁵⁾ | | | |
| $V_{IN}L$ | 12 | I | ADC analog input for L-channel | | | |
| $V_{IN}R$ | 13 | I | ADC analog input for R-channel | | | |
| V _{OUT} L | 16 | 0 | DAC analog output for L-channel | | | |
| $V_{OUT}R$ | 15 | 0 | DAC analog output for R-channel | | | |
| XTI | 21 | ı | Crystal oscillator input ⁽⁶⁾ | | | |
| XTO | 20 | 0 | Crystal oscillator output | | | |

- (1) LV-TTL level.
- (2) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown, 5-V tolerant.
- (3) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which have no direct connection with the internal DAC or ADC. See the *Interface* #3 and *End-Points* sections.
- TTL Schmitt trigger, 5-V tolerant.
- (5) Connect a decoupling capacitor to GND.
- (6) 3.3-V CMOS-level input.

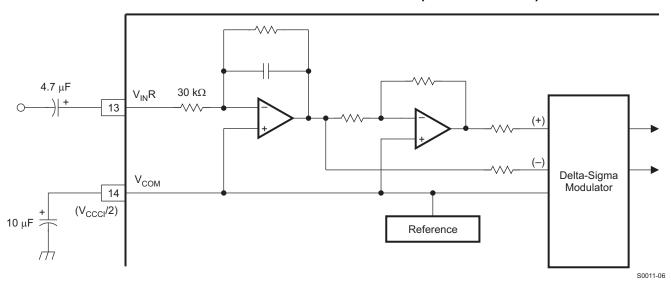
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



B0239-01



BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ANALOG FRONT-END (RIGHT CHANNEL)



G002

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE AT -1 dB

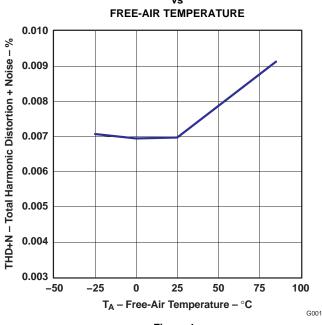


Figure 1.

FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE 95 93 Dynamic Range and SNR - dB 91 **Dynamic Range** 89 **SNR** 87 85 -25 0 25 50 75 -50 100

DYNAMIC RANGE and SNR

Figure 2.

T_A – Free-Air Temperature – °C

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE AT -1 dB

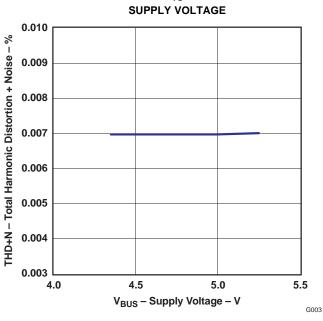


Figure 3.



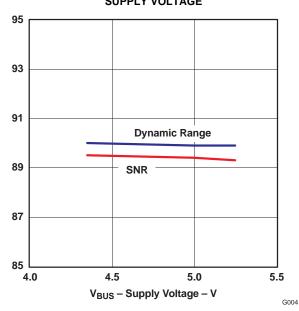
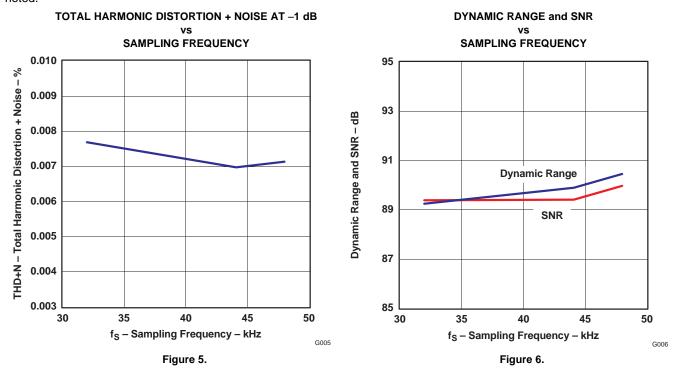


Figure 4.

Dynamic Range and SNR - dB

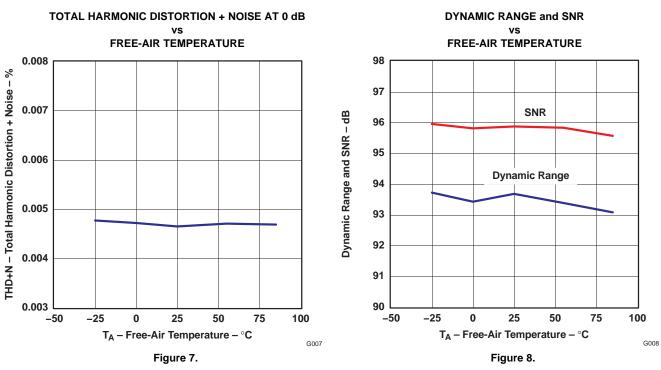
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC (continued)

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC

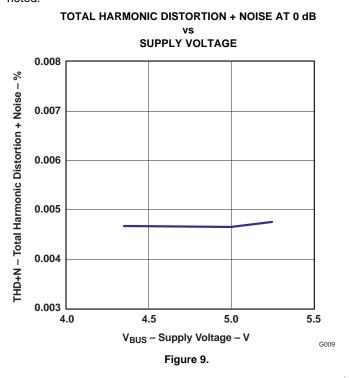
All specifications at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

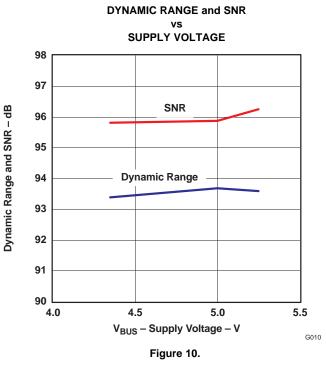


RUMENTS

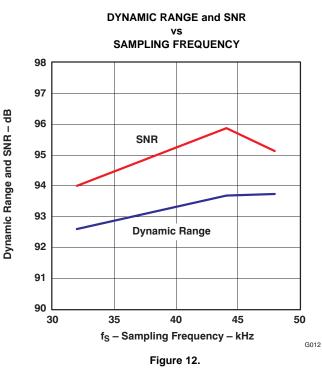
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC (continued)

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.





TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE AT 0 dB SAMPLING FREQUENCY 0.008 THD+N – Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise – % 0.007 0.006 0.005 0.004 0.003 35 30 40 45 50 f_S – Sampling Frequency – kHz G011 Figure 11.



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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: SUPPLY CURRENT

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

OPERATIONAL and SUSPEND SUPPLY CURRENT

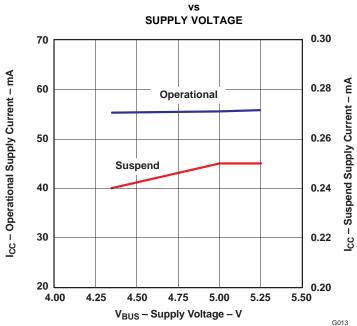
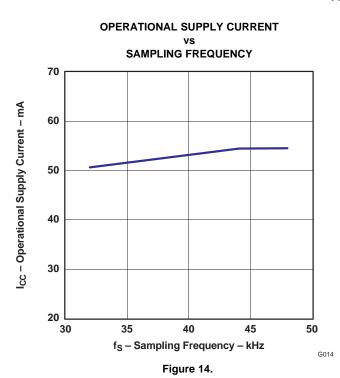
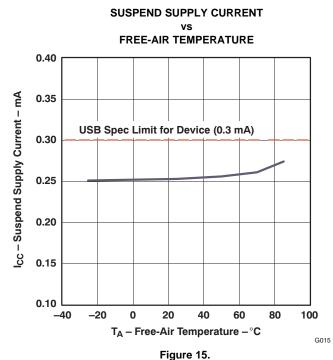


Figure 13.



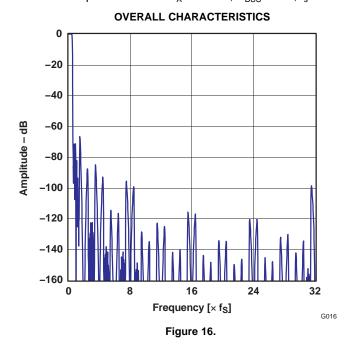


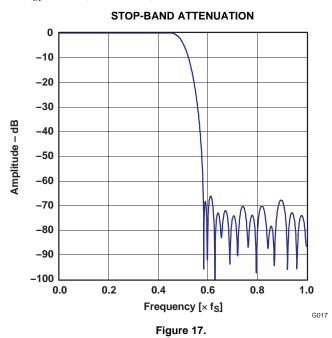
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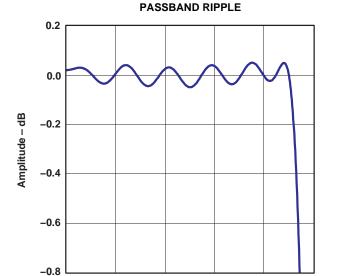
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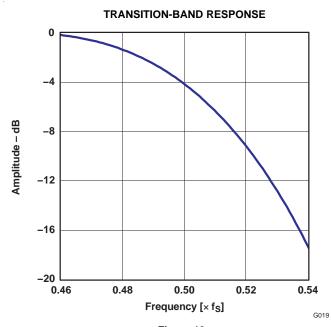
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC DIGITAL DECIMATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.









Frequency [× f_S]
Figure 18.

0.3

0.2

Figure 19.

0.1

0.0

0.5

G018

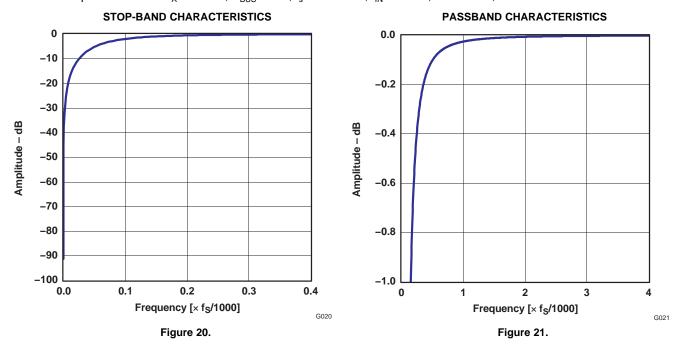
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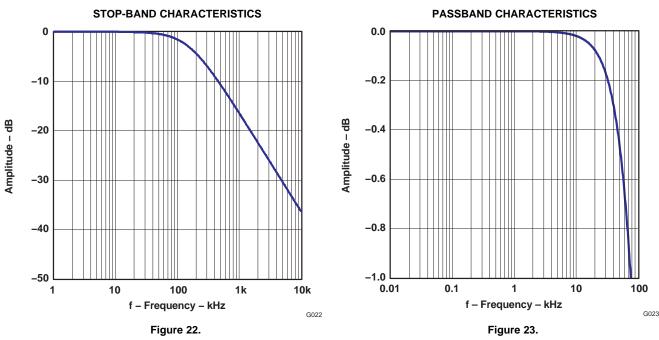
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC DIGITAL HIGH-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



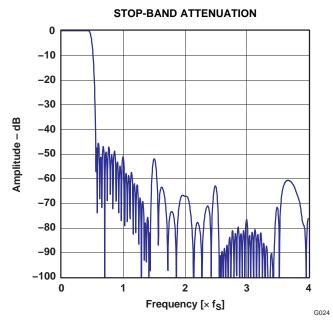
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC ANALOG ANTIALIASING FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC DIGITAL INTERPOLATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



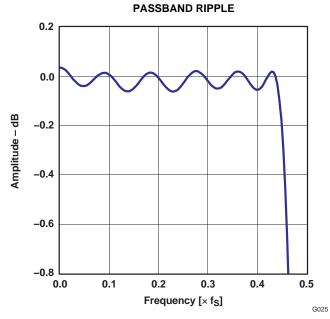
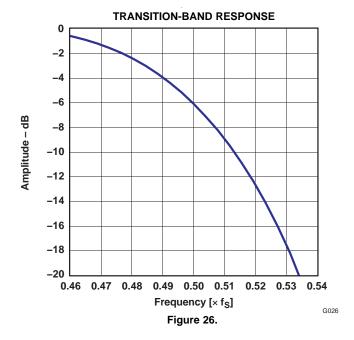


Figure 24.

Figure 25.



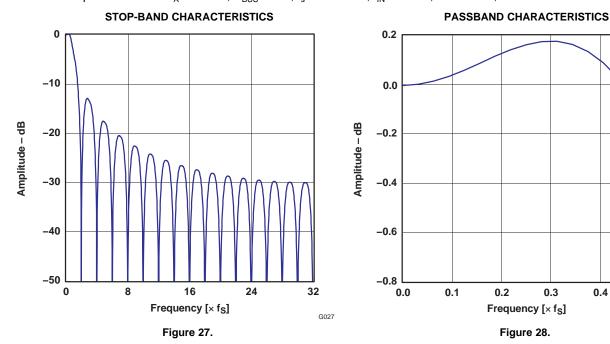
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

0.5

G028

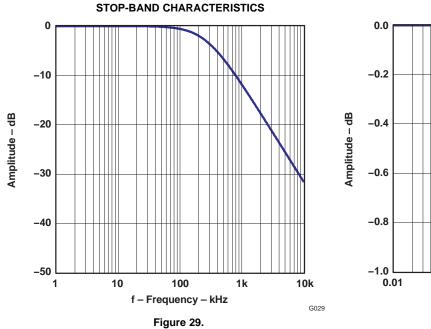
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC ANALOG FIR FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC ANALOG LOW-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_s = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



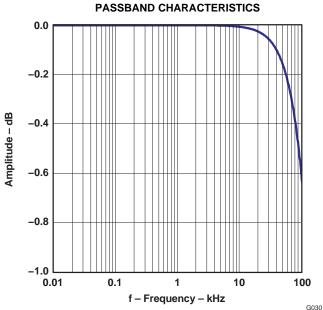


Figure 30.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

USB INTERFACE

Control data and audio data are transferred to the PCM2906C via D+ (pin 1) and D- (pin 2). All data to/from the PCM2906C are transferred at full speed. The device descriptor contains the information described in Table 2.

Table 2. Device Descriptor

| USB revision | 2.0 compliant |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Device class | 0x00 (device defined interface level) |
| Device sub class | 0x00 (not specified) |
| Device protocol | 0x00 (not specified) |
| Max packet size for end-point 0 | 8 byte |
| Vendor ID | 0x08BB |
| Product ID | 0x29C6 |
| Device release number | 1.0 (0x0100) |
| Number of configurations | 1 |
| Vendor string | String #1 (see Table 4) |
| Product string | String #2 (see Table 4) |
| Serial number | Not supported |

The configuration descriptor contains the information described in Table 3.

Table 3. Configuration Descriptor

| Interface Four interfaces | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Power attribute | 0x80 (Bus powered, no remote wakeup) | | |
| Max power | 0xFA (500 mA) | | |

The string descriptor contains the information described in Table 4.

Table 4. String Descriptor

| #0 | 0x0409 |
|----|----------------------------------|
| #1 | BurrBrown from Texas Instruments |
| #2 | USB AUDIO CODEC |



DEVICE CONFIGURATION

Figure 31 illustrates the USB audio function topology. The PCM2906C has four interfaces. Each interface consists of alternative settings.

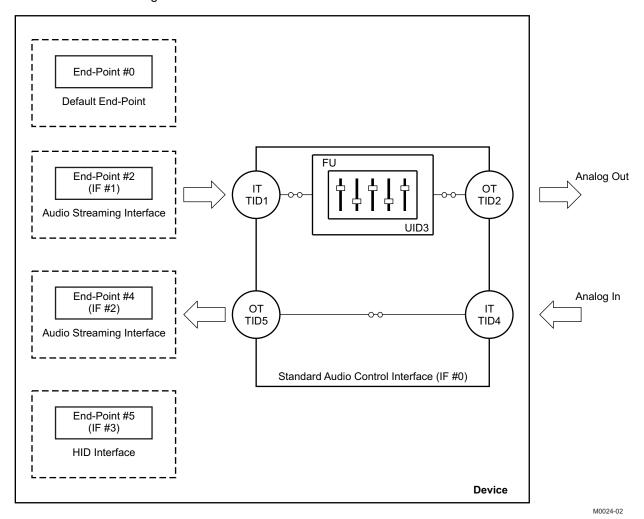


Figure 31. USB Audio Function Topology

Interface #0

Interface #0 is the control interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #0. Alternative setting #0 describes the standard audio control interface. The audio control interface consists of a single terminal. The PCM2906C has the following five terminals:

- Input terminal (IT #1) for isochronous-out stream
- · Output terminal (OT #2) for audio analog output
- Feature unit (FU #3) for DAC digital attenuator
- Input terminal (IT #4) for audio analog input
- Output terminal (OT #5) for isochronous-in stream

Input terminal #1 is defined as a *USB stream* (terminal type 0x0101). Input terminal #1 can accept two-channel audio streams consisting of left and right channels. Output terminal #2 is defined as a *speaker* (terminal type 0x0301). Input terminal #4 is defined as a *line connector* (terminal type 0x0603). Output terminal #5 is defined as a *USB stream* (terminal type 0x0101). Output terminal #5 can generate two-channel audio streams composed of left and right channel data. Feature unit #3 supports the following sound control features:

- Volume control
- Mute control

The built-in digital volume controller can be manipulated by an audio-class-specific request from 0 dB to -64 dB in 1-dB steps. Changes are made by incrementing or decrementing by one step (1 dB) for every 1/f_S time interval until the volume level has reached the requested value. Each channel can be set for different values. The master volume control is not supported. A request to the master volume is stalled and ignored. The built-in digital mute controller can be manipulated by audio-class-specific request. A master mute control request is acceptable. A request to an individual channel is stalled and ignored.

Interface #1

04

Interface #1 is the audio streaming data-out interface. Interface #1 has the five alternative settings listed in Table 5. Alternative setting #0 is the zero-bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

ALTERNATIVE SAMPLING RATE TRANSFER SETTING DATA FORMAT MODE (kHz) 00 Zero bandwidth 01 16-bit Stereo Twos complement (PCM) Adaptive 32, 44.1, 48 02 Mono Twos complement (PCM) 32, 44.1, 48 16-bit Adaptive 03 8-bit Stereo Twos complement (PCM) Adaptive 32, 44.1, 48

Twos complement (PCM)

Table 5. Interface #1 Alternative Settings

Product Folder Link(s): PCM2906C

Adaptive

32, 44.1, 48

8-bit

Mono



Interface #2

Interface #2 is the audio streaming data-in interface. Interface #2 has the 19 alternative settings listed in Table 6. Alternative setting #0 is the zero-bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

Table 6. Interface #2 Alternative Settings

| ALTERNATIVE SETTING | | DAT | TA FORMAT | TRANSFER MODE | SAMPLING RATE (kHz) |
|------------------------|---|--------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| 00 | | | Zero Bandwidth | • | |
| 01 | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 48 |
| 02 | 16-bit | Mono | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 48 |
| 03 | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 44.1 |
| 04 | 16-bit | Mono | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 44.1 |
| 05 | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 32 |
| 06 | 06 16-bit Mono Twos complement (PCM) Asynchronous | | Asynchronous | 32 | |
| 07 | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 22.05 |
| 08 | 16-bit | Mono | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 22.05 |
| 09 | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 16 |
| 0A | 16-bit | Mono | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 16 |
| 0B | 8-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 16 |
| 0C | 8-bit | Mono | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 16 |
| 0D | 8-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 8 |
| 0E | 8-bit | Mono | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous | 8 |
| 0F | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous | 11.025 |
| 10 | 16-bit | Mono | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous | 11.025 |
| 11 | 8-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous | 11.025 |
| 12 | 8-bit | Mono | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous | 11.025 |

Interface #3

Interface #3 is the interrupt data-in interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #3. Interface #3 consists of the HID consumer control device and reports the status of these three key parameters:

- Mute (0xE209)
- Volume up (0xE909)
- Volume down (0xEA09)

End-Points

The PCM2906C has the following four end-points:

- Control end-point (EP #0)
- Isochronous-out audio data stream end-point (EP #2)
- Isochronous-in audio data stream end-point (EP #4)
- HID end-point (EP #5)

The control end-point is a default end-point. The control end-point is used to control all functions of the PCM2906C by the standard USB request and USB audio class specific request from the host. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point is an audio sink end-point, which receives the PCM audio data. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point accepts the adaptive transfer mode. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point is an audio source end-point that transmits the PCM audio data. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point uses the asynchronous transfer mode. The HID end-point is an interrupt-in end-point. The HID end-point reports HID0, HID1, and HID2 pin status every 32 ms.

The human interface device (HID) pins are defined as consumer control devices. The HID function is designed as an independent end-point from both isochronous-in and -out end-points. Therefore, the result obtained from the HID operation depends on the host software. Typically, the HID function is used as the primary audio-out device.

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Clock and Reset

The PCM2906C requires a 12-MHz (± 500 ppm) clock for the USB and audio functions. The clock can be generated by a built-in oscillator with a 12-MHz crystal resonator. The 12-MHz crystal resonator must be connected to XTI (pin 21) and XTO (pin 20) with one high-value (1-M Ω) resistor and two small capacitors, the capacitance of which depends on the load capacitance of the crystal resonator. An external clock can be supplied to XTI (pin 21). If an external clock is used, XTO (pin 20) must be left open. Because there is no clock disabling signal, use of the external clock supply is not recommended. SSPND (pin 28) is unable to use clock disabling.

The PCM2906C has an internal power-on reset circuit, which triggers automatically when V_{BUS} (pin 3) exceeds 2.5 V typical (2.7 V to 2.2 V). Approximately 700 μ s is required until internal reset release.

Digital Audio Interface

The PCM2906 employs S/PDIF for both input and output. Isochronous-out data from the host are encoded to the S/PDIF output and the DAC analog output. Input data are selected from either the S/PDIF or ADC analog input. When the device detects S/PDIF input and successfully locks the received data, the isochronous-in transfer data source automatically selected is S/PDIF; otherwise, the data source selected is the ADC analog input.

This feature is a customer option. It is the responsibility of the user to implement this feature.

Supported Input/Output Data

The following data formats are accepted by S/PDIF for input and output. All other data formats are unusable as S/PDIF.

- 48-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 44.1-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 32-kHz 16-bit stereo

Any mismatch of the sampling rate between the input S/PDIF signal and the host command is not acceptable. Any mismatch of the data format between the input S/PDIF signal and the host command may cause unexpected results, with the following exceptions:

- Recording in monaural format from stereo data input at the same data rate
- Recording in 8-bit format from 16-bit data input at the same data rate

A combination of these two conditions is not acceptable.

For playback, all possible data-rate sources are converted to the 16-bit stereo format at the same source data rate.

Channel Status Information

The channel status information is fixed as consumer application, PCM mode, copyright, and digital/digital converter. All other bits are fixed as 0's except for the sample frequency, which is set automatically according to the data received through the USB.

Copyright Management

Isochronous-in data are affected by the serial copy management system (SCMS). When the control bit indicates that the received digital audio data are original, the input digital audio data are transferred to the host. If the data are indicated as first generation or higher, the transferred data are routed to the analog input.

Digital audio data output is always encoded as original with SCMS control.



INTERFACE SEQUENCE

Power-On, Attach, and Playback Sequence

The PCM2906C is ready for setup when the reset sequence has finished and the USB device is attached. After a connection has been established by setup, the PCM2906C is ready to accept USB audio data. While waiting for the audio data (idle state), the analog output is set to bipolar zero (BPZ).

When receiving the audio data, the PCM2906C stores the first audio packet, which contains 1-ms audio data, into the internal storage buffer. The PCM2906C starts playing the audio data when detecting the next start-of-frame (SOF) packet, as illustrated in Figure 32.

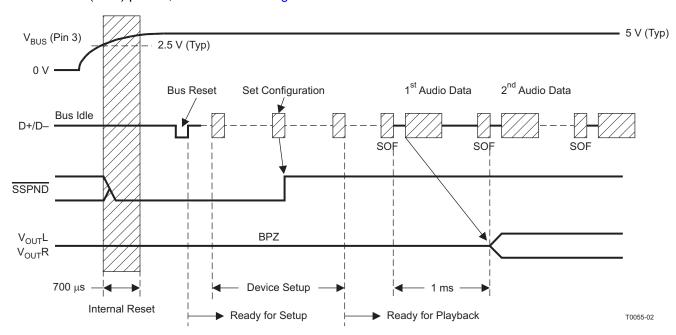


Figure 32. Initial Sequence

Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

When the host finishes or aborts the playback, the PCM2906C stops playing after the last audio data have played, as shown in Figure 33.

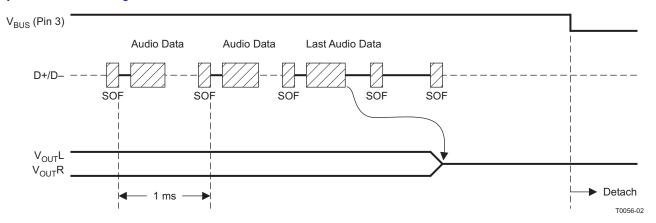


Figure 33. Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

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Record Sequence

The PCM2906C starts audio capture into the internal memory after receiving the SET_INTERFACE command, as shown in Figure 34.

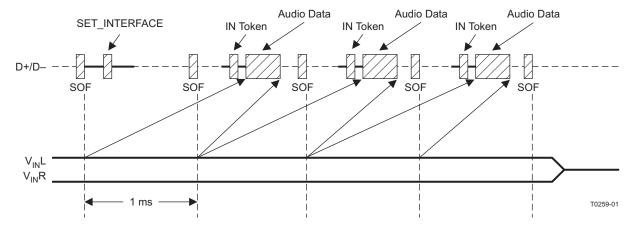


Figure 34. Record Sequence

Suspend and Resume Sequence

The PCM2906C enters the suspend state after a constant idle state on the USB bus (approximately 5 ms), as shown in Figure 35. While the PCM2906C enters the suspend state, the SSPND flag (pin 28) is asserted. The PCM2906C wakes up immediately upon detecting a non-idle state on the USB.

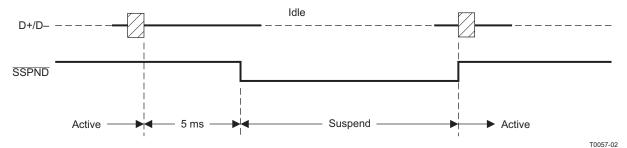


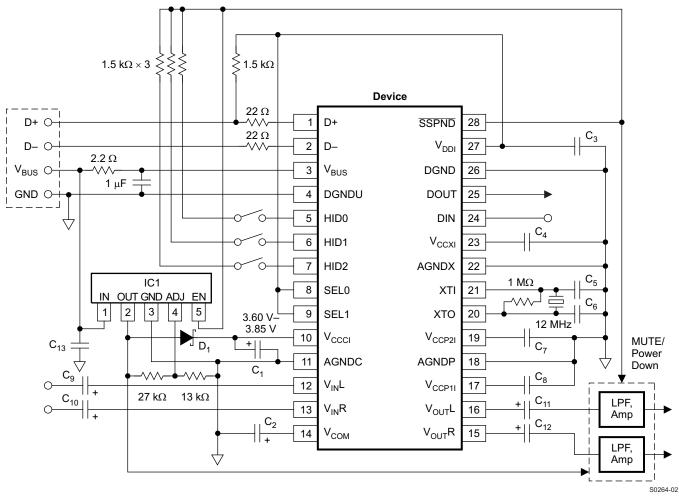
Figure 35. Suspend and Resume Sequence



APPLICATION INFORMATION

TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 1

Figure 36 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The entire board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

 $C_3,\,C_4,\,C_7,\,C_8,\,C_{13}\!\colon 1~\mu F$ (These capacitors must be less than 2 $\mu F.)$

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

 $C_9,\,C_{10},\,C_{11},\,C_{12}$: The capacitance may vary depending on design.

IC1: REG103xA-A (TI) or equivalent. Analog performance may vary depending on IC1.

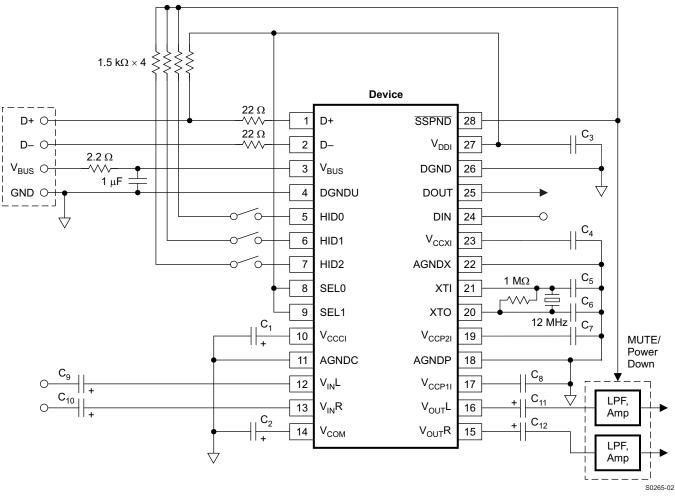
D₁: Schottky barrier diode ($V_F \le 350 \text{ mV}$ at 10 mA, $I_R \le 2 \mu A$ at 4 V)

Figure 36. Bus-Powered Configuration for High-Performance Application

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TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 2

Figure 37 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The entire board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

 $C_3,\,C_4,\,C_7,\,C_8{:}$ 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 $\mu F.)$

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design. In this case, the analog performance of the ADC may be degraded.

Figure 37. Bus-Powered Configuration

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

For current information on the PCM2906C operating environment, see the *Updated Operating Environments for PCM270X, PCM290X Applications* application report, SLAA374.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



26-Mar-2012

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan ⁽²⁾ | Lead/ Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾ | Samples (Requires Login) |
|------------------|------------|--------------|--------------------|------|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PCM2906CDB | ACTIVE | SSOP | DB | 28 | 50 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | |
| PCM2906CDBR | ACTIVE | SSOP | DB | 28 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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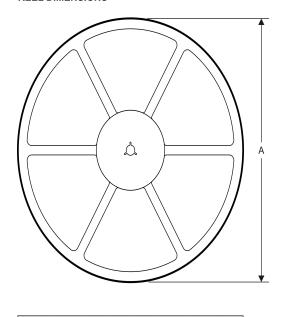
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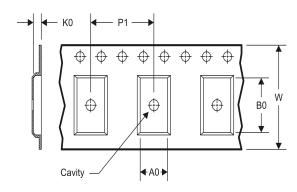
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS



TAPE DIMENSIONS



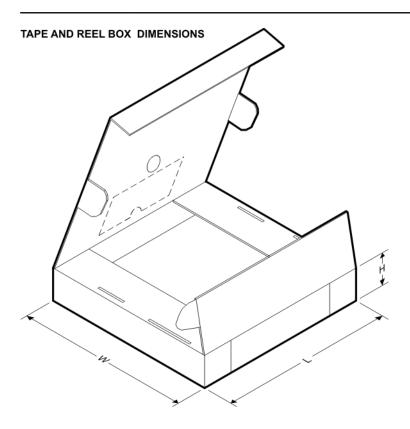
| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width |
|----|---|
| В0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W | Overall width of the carrier tape |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers |

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | | | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| PCM2906CDBR | SSOP | DB | 28 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 8.2 | 10.5 | 2.5 | 12.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |

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*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) | |
|--------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| | PCM2906CDBR | SSOP | DB | 28 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 | |

DB (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

28 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

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