19-0113; Rev. 2; 1/95



# 3.3V/5V/Adjustable-Output, Step-Up DC-DC Converters

#### \_General Description

The MAX756/MAX757 are CMOS step-up DC-DC switching regulators for small, low input voltage or battery-powered systems. The MAX756 accepts a positive input voltage down to 0.7V and converts it to a higher pinselectable output voltage of 3.3V or 5V. The MAX757 is an adjustable version that accepts an input voltage down to 0.7V and generates a higher adjustable output voltage in the range from 2.7V to 5.5V. Typical full-load efficiencies for the MAX756/MAX757 are greater than 87%.

The MAX756/MAX757 provide three improvements over previous devices. Physical size is reduced—the high switching frequencies (up to 0.5MHz) made possible by MOSFET power transistors allow for tiny (<5mm diameter) surface-mount magnetics. Efficiency is improved to 87% (10% better than with low-voltage regulators fabricated in bipolar technology). Supply current is reduced to 60µA by CMOS construction and a unique constant-off-time pulse-frequency modulation control scheme.

#### \_Applications

3.3V to 5V Step-Up Conversion
Palmtop Computers
Portable Data-Collection Equipment
Personal Data Communicators/Computers
Medical Instrumentation
2-Cell & 3-Cell Battery-Operated Equipment
Glucose Meters



## \_Typical Operating Circuit

#### \_\_Features

- Operates Down to 0.7V Input Supply Voltage
- 87% Efficiency at 200mA
- ♦ 60µA Quiescent Current
- 20µA Shutdown Mode with Active Reference and LBI Detector
- 500kHz Maximum Switching Frequency
- + ±1.5% Reference Tolerance Over Temperature
- Low-Battery Detector (LBI/LBO)
- 8-Pin DIP and SO Packages

# \_\_\_\_\_Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX756CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX756CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX756C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX756EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX756ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX757CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX757CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX757C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX757EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX757ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO

\* Dice are tested at  $T_A = +25$  °C only.

#### Pin Configurations



ΜΙΧΙΜ

Maxim Integrated Products 1

Call toll free 1-800-998-8800 for free samples or literature.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage (OUT to GND)0.3V, +7V Switch Voltage (LX to GND)0.3V, +7V
Auxiliary Pin Voltages (SHDN, LBI, LBO, REF,
3/5, FB to GND)0.3V, (V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.3V)
Reference Current (I <sub>REF</sub> )2.5mA
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )
Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)727mW
SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C)471mW

#### Operating Temperature Ranges:

MAX75_C		0°C to +70°C
MAX75_E		-40°C to +85°C
Junction Tempera	ture	+150°C
Storage Temperat	ure Range	-65°to +160°C
Lead Temperature	e (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C
	-	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Circuits of Figure 1 and Typical Operating Circuit,  $V_{IN}$  = 2.5V,  $I_{LOAD}$  = 0mA,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNITS
		MAX756, $3\overline{5} = 0V$ , $0mA < I_{LOAD} < 200mA$	4.8	5.0	5.2	
Output Voltage	$2V < V_{IN} < 3V$	MAX756, $3\overline{5} = 3V$ , $0mA < I_{LOAD} < 300mA$	3.17	3.30	3.43	V
		MAX757, $V_{OUT}$ = 5V, 0mA < I <sub>LOAD</sub> < 200mA	4.8	5.0	5.2	1
Minimum Start-Up Supply Voltage	$I_{LOAD} = 10 \text{mA}$			1.1	1.8	V
Minimum Operating Supply Voltage (once started)	I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 20mA			0.7		V
Quiescent Supply Current in 3.3V Mode (Note 1)	$I_{LOAD} = 0$ mA, $3/\overline{5} = 3$ V, LBI = 1.25V, $V_{OUT} = 3.47$ V, FB = 1.3V (MAX757 only)				60	μA
Battery Quiescent Current Measured at $V_{IN}$ in Figure 1	Output set for 3.3V			60		μA
Shutdown Quiescent Current (Note 1)	SHDN = 0V, LBI = 1.25V, 3/5 = 3V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.47V, FB = 1.3V (MAX757 only)			20	40	μΑ
Reference Voltage	No REF load, $C_{REF} = 0.1 \mu F$		1.23	1.25	1.27	V
Reference-Voltage Regulation	$3\overline{/5} = 3V$ , $-20\mu A < REF load < 250\mu A$ , $C_{REF} = 0.22\mu F$			0.8	2.0	%
LBI Input Threshold	With falling edge		1.22	1.25	1.28	V
LBI Input Hysteresis				25		mV
LBO Output Voltage Low	$I_{SINK} = 2mA$				0.4	V
LBO Output Leakage Current	LBO = 5V				1	μA
SHDN, 3/5 Input Voltage Low					0.4	V
SHDN, 3/5 Input Voltage High			1.6			V
SHDN, 3/5, FB, LBI Input Current	LBI = 1.25V, $3/\overline{5} = 0V \text{ or } 3'$	FB = 1.25V, SHDN = 0V or 3V, V			±100	nA
FB Voltage	MAX757		1.22	1.25	1.28	V
Output Voltage Range	MAX757, I <sub>LOA</sub>	<sub>AD</sub> = 0mA (Note 2)	2.7		5.5	V

Note 1: Supply current from the 3.3V output is measured with an ammeter between the 3.3V output and OUT pin. This current correlates directly with actual battery supply current, but is reduced in value according to the step-up ratio and efficiency.
 Note 2: Minimum value is production tested. Maximum value is guaranteed by design and is not production tested.

**MIXIM** 



MAX756/MAX757



HORIZONTAL =  $50\mu s/div$ 5V Mode



#### Pin Description

PIN MAX756 MAX757		NAME		
		NAME	FUNCTION	
1	1	SHDN	Shutdown Input disables SMPS when low, but the voltage reference and low-battery com- parator remain active.	
2	-	3/5	Selects the main output voltage setting; 5V when low, 3.3V when high.	
-	2	FB	Feedback Input for adjustable output operation. Connect to an external voltage divider between OUT and GND.	
3	3	REF	1.25V Reference Voltage Output. Bypass with 0.22µF to GND (0.1µF if there is no external reference load). Maximum load capability is 250µA source, 20µA sink.	
4	4	LBO	Low-Battery Output. An open-drain N-channel MOSFET sinks current when the voltage at LBI drops below +1.25V.	
5	5	LBI	Low-Battery Input. When the voltage on LBI drops below +1.25V, LBO sinks current. Connect to $V_{\text{IN}}$ if not used.	
6	6	OUT	Connect OUT to the regulator output. It provides bootstrapped power to both devices, and also senses the output voltage for the MAX756.	
7	7	GND	Power Ground. Must be low impedance; solder directly to ground plane.	
8	8	LX	1A, 0.5Ω N-Channel Power MOSFET Drain	

#### Detailed Description

#### **Operating Principle**

The MAX756/MAX757 combine a switch-mode regulator with an N-channel MOSFET, precision voltage reference, and power-fail detector in a single monolithic device. The MOSFET is a "sense-FET" type for best efficiency, and has a very low gate threshold voltage to ensure start-up under low-battery voltage conditions (1.1V typ).

#### Pulse-Frequency Modulation Control Scheme

A unique minimum off time, current-limited, pulse-frequency modulation (PFM) control scheme is a key feature of the MAX756/MAX757. This PFM scheme combines the advantages of pulse-width modulation (PWM) (high output power and efficiency) with those of a traditional PFM pulse-skipper (ultra-low quiescent currents). There is no oscillator; at heavy loads, switching is accomplished through a constant peak-current limit in the switch, which allows the inductor current to self-oscillate between this peak limit and some lesser value. At light loads, switching frequency is governed by a pair of one-shots, which set a minimum off-time (1µs) and a maximum on-time (4µs). The switching frequency depends on the load and the input voltage, and can range as high as 500kHz.

The peak switch current of the internal MOSFET power switch is fixed at 1A  $\pm$ 0.2A. The switch's on resistance is typically 0.5 $\Omega$ , resulting in a switch voltage drop (V<sub>SW</sub>) of about 500mV under high output loads. The value of V<sub>SW</sub> decreases with light current loads.

Conventional PWM converters generate constant-frequency switching noise, whereas this architecture produces variable-frequency switching noise. However, the noise does not exceed the switch current limit times the filter-capacitor equivalent series resistance (ESR), unlike conventional pulse-skippers.

#### Voltage Reference

The precision voltage reference is suitable for driving external loads such as an analog-to-digital converter. It has guaranteed 250 $\mu$ A source-current and 20 $\mu$ A sink-current capability. The reference is kept alive even in shutdown mode. If the reference drives an external load, bypass it with 0.22 $\mu$ F to GND. If the reference is unloaded, bypass it with at least 0.1 $\mu$ F.

#### **Control-Logic Inputs**

The control inputs (3/5, SHDN) are high-impedance MOS gates protected against ESD damage by normally reverse-biased clamp diodes. If these inputs are driven from signal sources that exceed the main supply

MAXIM

voltage, the diode current should be limited by a series resistor (1M $\Omega$  suggested). The logic input threshold level is the same (approximately 1V) in both 3.3V and 5V modes. Do not leave the control inputs floating.

#### \_Design Procedure

#### **Output Voltage Selection**

The MAX756 output voltage can be selected to 3.3V or 5V under logic control, or it can be left in one mode or the other by tying 3/5 to GND or OUT. Efficiency varies depending upon the battery and the load, and is typically better than 80% over a 2mA to 200mA load range. The device is internally bootstrapped, with power derived from the output voltage (via OUT). When the output is set at 5V instead of 3.3V, the higher internal supply voltage results in lower switch-transistor on resistance and slightly greater output power. Bootstrapping allows the battery voltage to sag to less than 1V once the system is started. Therefore, the battery voltage range is from  $V_{OUT}$  +  $V_D$  to less than 1V (where  $V_D$  is the forward drop of the Schottky rectifier). If the battery voltage exceeds the programmed output voltage, the output will follow the battery voltage. In many systems this is acceptable; however, the output voltage must not be forced above 7V.

The output voltage of the MAX757 is set by two resistors, R1 and R2 (Figure 1), which form a voltage divider between the output and the FB pin. The output voltage is set by the equation:

$$V_{OUT} = (V_{REF}) [(R2 + R1) / R2]$$

where  $V_{REF} = 1.25V$ .

To simplify resistor selection:

 $R1 = (R2) [(V_{OUT} / V_{REF}) - 1]$ 

Since the input bias current at FB has a maximum value of 100nA, large values ( $10k\Omega$  to  $200k\Omega$ ) can be used for R1 and R2 with no significant loss of accuracy. For 1% error, the current through R1 should be at least 100 times FB's bias current.

#### Low-Battery Detection

The MAX756/MAX757 contain on-chip circuitry for lowbattery detection. If the voltage at LBI falls below the regulator's internal reference voltage (1.25V), LBO (an opendrain output) sinks current to GND. The low-battery monitor's threshold is set by two resistors, R3 and R4 (Figure 1), which forms a voltage divider between the input voltage and the LBI pin. The threshold voltage is set by R3 and R4 using the following equation:

 $R3 = [(V_{IN} / V_{REF}) - 1] (R4)$ 

**MAX756/MAX757** 



Figure 1. Standard Application Circuit

where  $V_{IN}$  is the desired threshold of the low-battery detector, R3 and R4 are the input divider resistors at LBI, and  $V_{REF}$  is the internal 1.25V reference.

Since the LBI current is less than 100nA, large resistor values (typically  $10k\Omega$  to  $200k\Omega$ ) can be used for R3 and R4 to minimize loading of the input supply.

When the voltage at LBI is below the internal threshold, LBO sinks current to GND. A pull-up resistor of  $10k\Omega$  or more connected from LBO to  $V_{OUT}$  can be used when driving CMOS circuits. Any pull-up resistor connected to LBO should not be returned to a voltage source greater than  $V_{OUT}.$  When LBI is above the threshold, the LBO output is off. The low-battery comparator and reference voltage remain active when the MAX756/MAX757 is in shutdown mode.

If the low-battery comparator is not used, connect LBI to  $V_{\text{IN}}$  and leave LBO open.

#### Inductor Selection

The inductors should have a saturation (incremental) current rating equal to or greater than the peak switchcurrent limit, which is 1.2A worst-case. However, it's generally acceptable to bias the inductor into saturation by 20%, although this will reduce the efficiency.

The 22 $\mu$ H inductor shown in the typical applications circuit is sufficient for most MAX756/MAX757 application circuits. Higher input voltages increase the energy transferred with each cycle, due to the reduced input/output differential. Minimize excess ripple due to increased energy transfer by reducing the inductor value (10 $\mu$ H suggested).

6

The inductor's DC resistance significantly affects efficiency. For highest efficiency, limit L1's DC resistance to  $0.03\Omega$  or less. See Table 1 for a list of suggested inductor suppliers.

#### Table 1. Component Suppliers

PRODUCTION METHODINDUCTORSCAPACITORSSurface-MountSumida CD54-220 (22µH) CoilCraft DT3316-223 Coiltronics CTX20-1AVX TPS seriesMiniature Through-HoleSumida RCH654-220Sanyo OS-CON OS-CON series low-ESR organic semiconductorLow-Cost Through-HoleCoilCraft PCH-27-223Nichicon PL series low-ESR electrolyicLow-Cost Through-HoleCoilCraft PCH-27-223Nichicon PL series low-ESR electrolyicAVXUSA: (207) 282-5111, FAX (207) 283-1941 (800) 282-9975United Chemi-Con LXF seriesAVXUSA: (207) 241-7876, FAX (407) 241-9339Collmer SemiconductorUSA: (214) 233-1589MotorolaUSA: (208) 244-3576, FAX (602) 244-4015 NichiconNichiconUSA: (109) 661-6835 Japan: +81-75231-8461, FAX (+81-) 7-5256-4158NihonUSA: (619) 661-6835 Japan: +81-720-70-1005, FAX (+81-720) 70-1174SpragueUSA: (603) 224-1961, FAX (603) 224-1430SumidaUSA: (708) 956-0666 Japan: +81-3-3607-5111, FAX (+81-3) -3607-5428United Chemi-ConUSA: (708) 696-2000, FAX (708) 640-6311							
CD54-220 (22µH) CoilCraft DT3316-223 Coiltronics CTX20-1         TPS series Sprague 595D series           Miniature Through-Hole         Sumida RCH654-220         Sanyo OS-CON OS-CON series low-ESR organic semiconductor           Low-Cost Through-Hole         CoilCraft PCH-27-223         Nichicon PL series low-ESR electrolyic           AVX         USA:         (207) 282-5111, FAX (207) 283-1941 (800) 282-9975           CoilCraft USA:         USA:         (207) 282-5111, FAX (207) 283-1941 (800) 282-9975           CoilCraft USA:         USA:         (214) 233-1589           Motorola         USA:         (214) 233-1589           Motorola         USA:         (602) 244-3576, FAX (602) 244-4015           Nichicon         USA:         (602) 244-3576, FAX (407) 241-9339           Collmer Semiconductor         USA:         (602) 244-3576, FAX (602) 244-4015           Nichicon         USA:         (602) 244-3576, FAX (602) 244-4015           Nichicon         USA:         (603) 244-1941, FAX (+81-) 7-5256-4158           Nihon         USA:         (619) 661-6835 Japan: +81-33494-7411, FAX (+81-) 3-3494-7414           Sanyo OS-CON         USA:         (603) 224-1961, FAX (403) 224-1430           Sumida         USA:         (603) 224-1961, FAX (+81-3) 3607-5428           United Chemi-Con         USA:         (708) 696-2000, FAX (708) 640-6311 </th <th colspan="2"></th> <th colspan="2">INDUCTORS</th> <th colspan="2">CAPACITORS</th>			INDUCTORS		CAPACITORS		
Through-Hole         RCH654-220         OŠ-CON series low-ESR organic semiconductor           Low-Cost Through-Hole         CoilCraft PCH-27-223         Nichicon PL series low-ESR electrolyic           AVX         USA:         (207) 282-5111, FAX (207) 283-1941 (800) 282-9975         United Chemi-Con LXF series           CoilCraft         USA:         (207) 282-5111, FAX (207) 283-1941 (800) 282-9975         United Chemi-Con LXF series           CoilCraft         USA:         (708) 639-6400, FAX (708) 639-1969         Coiltronics           Coilmer         USA:         (214) 233-1589         Motorola           Motorola         USA:         (602) 244-3576, FAX (602) 244-4015           Nichicon         USA:         (603) 867-2555, FAX (805) 867-2556           Japan: +81-75231-8461, FAX (+81-1) 7-5256-4158         Nihon           USA:         (619) 661-6835           Japan: +81-720-70-1005, FAX (+81-720) 70-1174           Sanyo OS-CON         USA:         (603) 224-1961, FAX (603) 224-1430           Sumida </td <td colspan="2">Surface-Mount</td> <td colspan="2">CD54-220 (22µH) CoilCraft DT3316-223 Coiltronics</td> <td>TPS series Sprague</td>	Surface-Mount		CD54-220 (22µH) CoilCraft DT3316-223 Coiltronics		TPS series Sprague		
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	United			(708) 696-2000, FAX (708) 640-6311			

#### **Capacitor Selection**

A 100 $\mu$ F, 10V surface-mount (SMT) tantalum capacitor typically provides 50mV output ripple when stepping up from 2V to 5V at 200mA. Smaller capacitors, down to 10 $\mu$ F, are acceptable for light loads or in applications that can tolerate higher output ripple.



#### **Rectifier Diode**

The ESR of both bypass and filter capacitors affects efficiency. Best performance is obtained by using specialized low-ESR capacitors, or connecting two or more filter capacitors in parallel. The smallest low-ESR SMT tantalum capacitors currently available are Sprague 595D series, which are about half the size of competing products. Sanyo OS-CON organic semiconductor through-hole capacitors also exhibit very low ESR, and are especially useful for operation at cold temperatures. Table 1 lists suggested capacitor suppliers.

For optimum performance, a switching Schottky diode, such as the 1N5817, is recommended. 1N5817 equivalent diodes are also available in surface-mount packages from Collmer Semiconductor in Dallas, TX, phone (214) 233-1589. The part numbers are SE014 or SE024. For low output power applications, a pn junction switching diode, such as the 1N4148, will also work well, although efficiency will suffer due to the greater forward voltage drop of the pn junction diode.



Figure 2. MAX756 Block Diagram

ΜΙΧΙΜ

**MAX756/MAX757** 

# MAX756/MAX757

#### PC Layout and Grounding

3.3V/5V/Adjustable-Output, Step-Up DC-DC Converters

The MAX756/MAX757 high peak currents and high-frequency operation make PC layout important for minimizing ground bounce and noise. The distance between the MAX756/MAX757's GND pin and the ground leads of C1 and C2 in Figure 1 must be kept to less than 0.2" (5mm). All connections to the FB and LX pins should also be kept as short as possible. To obtain maximum output power and efficiency and minimum output ripple voltage, use a ground plane and solder the MAX756/MAX757 GND (pin 7) directly to the ground plane.

#### \_\_Chip Topography



SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO OUT



#### Package Information