



# *Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers*

### General Description

The MAX4198/MAX4199 low-power, rail-to-rail differential amplifiers are ideal for single-supply applications that benefit from a low 0.01% gain error. The MAX4198 is factory trimmed to a fixed gain of +1V/V, and the MAX4199 is trimmed to a fixed gain of +10V/V. Capable of operating from a single +2.7V to +7.5V supply or from dual  $\pm 1.35\text{V}$  to  $\pm 3.75\text{V}$  supplies, they consume only  $42\mu\text{A}$  while achieving -3dB bandwidths of 175kHz (MAX4198) and 45kHz (MAX4199). These amplifiers feature a shutdown mode that reduces the supply current to  $6.5\mu\text{A}$ .

The MAX4198/MAX4199 can drive  $5\text{k}\Omega$  loads to within 100mV from each rail. The standard differential amplifier configurations provide common-mode rejection of 90dB for the MAX4198 and 110dB for the MAX4199. The input common-mode voltage range for the MAX4198 extends 100mV Beyond-the-Rails™.

The MAX4198/MAX4199 are offered in a space-saving 8-pin µMAX package. For complete micropower, rail-to-rail instrumentation amplifiers, see the MAX4194–MAX4197 data sheet.

## *Applications*

## Instrumentation Amplifier Building Block

## Differential Voltage Amplifiers

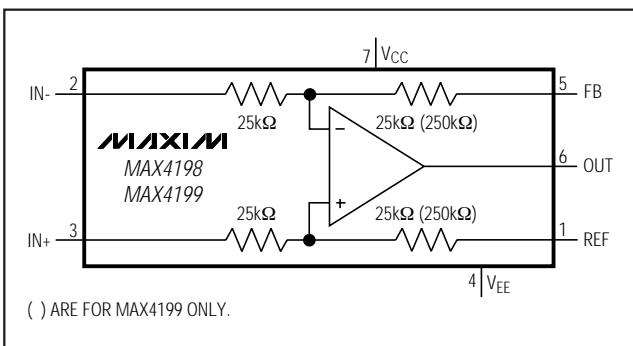
# Data-Acquisition Systems

#### Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment

## Transducer Interface

## Current-Sense Amplifiers

## *Functional Diagram*



*Beyond-the-Rails* is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

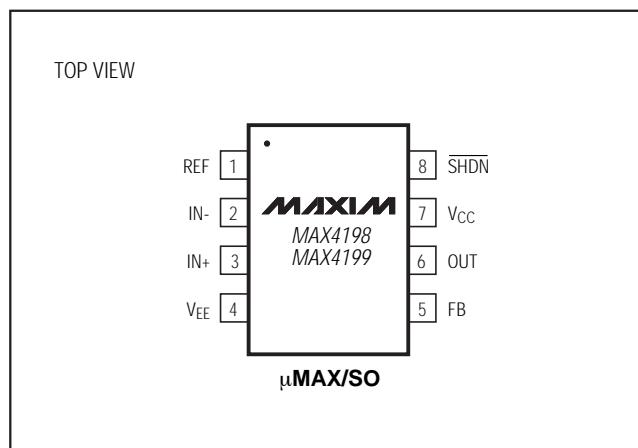
## Features

- ◆ Low 0.01% Gain Error
  - ◆ High Common-Mode Rejection: 110dB (MAX4199)
  - ◆ 10µV Input Offset Voltage (MAX4199)  
30µV Input Offset Voltage (MAX4198)
  - ◆ +2.7V to +7.5V Single-Supply Operation
  - ◆ 42µA Supply Current
  - ◆ 175kHz (MAX4198) and 45kHz (MAX4199)  
-3dB Bandwidth
  - ◆ 6.5µA Shutdown Current
  - ◆ Rail-to-Rail Outputs Drive 5kΩ Loads
  - ◆ Input Voltage Range Extends 100mV Beyond-the-Rails (MAX4198)
  - ◆ Available in Space-Saving 8-Pin µMAX Package

## Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	GAIN (V/V)
<b>MAX4198EUA</b>	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX	1
MAX4198ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	1
<b>MAX4199EUA</b>	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX	10
MAX4199ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	10

## Pin Configuration



# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$ )	+8V
All Other Pins to GND	( $V_{EE} - 0.3V$ ) to ( $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ )
Output Short-Circuit Duration (to $V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$ )	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^\circ C$ )	
8-Pin SO (derate 9.09mW/ $^\circ C$ above $+70^\circ C$ )	471mW
8-Pin $\mu$ MAX (derate 4.1mW/ $^\circ C$ above $+70^\circ C$ )	330mW

Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4198 (+5V Supply)

( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = 0V$ ,  $R_L = 25k\Omega$  tied to  $V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range (Note 2)	$V_{CC}$	Single supply		2.7	7.5		V
		Dual supply		±1.35	±3.75		
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$	MAX4198ESA		±30	±500	$\mu$ V
			MAX4198EUA		±100	±1000	
		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$ , $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$	MAX4198ESA		±750		
			MAX4198EUA		±2300		
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$TCO$	MAX4198ESA		±0.5	±5		$\mu$ V/ $^\circ C$
		MAX4198EUA		±1	±20		
Input Resistance	$R_{IN}$	IN+ differential-mode		50			$k\Omega$
		IN- differential-mode		25			
		Common-mode		50			
Input Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by CMR test		$V_{EE} - 0.1$	$V_{CC} + 0.1$		V
DC Common-Mode Rejection	$CMR_{DC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{EE} - 0.1V$ to $V_{CC} + 0.1V$	MAX4198ESA	74	90		dB
			MAX4198EUA	70	90		
AC Common-Mode Rejection	$CMR_{AC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{EE} - 0.1$ to $V_{CC} + 0.1V$ , $f = 60Hz$ , $f = 120Hz$		90			dB
Power-Supply Rejection	$PSR$	$+2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq +7.5V$ , $V_{CM} = +1.5V$ , $V_{REF} = +1.5V$ , $R_L = 25k\Omega$ to +1.5V		90	115		dB
Input Noise Voltage		$f = 10Hz$		120			$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
		$f = 100Hz$		60			
		$f = 10kHz$		58			
		$f = 0.1Hz$ to $10Hz$		7.8			
Output Voltage Swing		$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , ±10mV input overdrive		$V_{EE} + 0.1$ to $V_{EE} + 0.03$ to to $V_{CC} - 0.1$ to $V_{CC} - 0.03$			V
		$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , ±10mV input overdrive		$V_{EE} + 0.2$ to $V_{EE} + 0.1$ to to $V_{CC} - 0.2$ to $V_{CC} - 0.1$			
Short-Circuit Current		Sink/source		±5.5			mA
Gain Error		$V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$	$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , $V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq$ $V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$		±0.01	±0.1	%
			$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , $V_{EE} + 0.2V \leq$ $V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.2V$		±0.01	±0.1	
Gain Temperature Coefficient		$V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq$ $V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$	MAX4198ESA		±0.2	±3	$ppm/^\circ C$
			MAX4198EUA		±0.65	±6	
Nonlinearity		$V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$		±0.0003			%

# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4198 (+5V Supply) (continued)

( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = 0V$ ,  $R_L = 25k\Omega$  tied to  $V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Capacitive-Load Stability	$C_L$		690			pF
-3dB Bandwidth	$BW_{-3dB}$	$V_{OUT} \leq 0.1V_{P-P}$ , $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$	175			kHz
Slew Rate	$SR$	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ step	0.07			V/ $\mu$ s
Settling Time to 0.1%	$t_s$	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ step	34			$\mu$ s
Total Harmonic Distortion	$THD$	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ , $f = 1kHz$	0.001			%
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$ , $V_{IN+} = V_{IN-}$	45	55		$\mu$ A
Shutdown Supply Current	$I_{SHDN}$	$V_{SHDN} = V_{IL}$	6.5	12		$\mu$ A
Input Logic Voltage High (Note 3)	$V_{IH}$		$V_{CC} - 1.5$			V
Input Logic Voltage Low (Note 3)	$V_{IL}$		$V_{CC} - 2.5$			V
SHDN Input Bias Current		$V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ or $V_{SHDN} = V_{EE}$	-0.1	0.1		$\mu$ A
Enable/Disable Settling Time	$t_{ON/OFF}$	$V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 2.5V$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , $V_{OUT} = 3.5V$ , settled to within 0.1%	28			$\mu$ s
Power-Up Delay		$V_{OUT} = 3.5V$ , settled to within 0.1%	800			$\mu$ s

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4198 (+3V Supply)

( $V_{CC} = +3V$ ,  $V_{EE} = 0V$ ,  $R_L = 25k\Omega$  tied to  $V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$	MAX4198ESA	$\pm 35$	$\pm 600$	$\mu$ V
			MAX4198EUA	$\pm 100$	$\pm 1100$	
		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$ , $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$	MAX4198ESA	$\pm 850$		
			MAX4198EUA	$\pm 2400$		
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$TCO$	MAX4198ESA		$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 5.0$	$\mu$ V/ $^\circ$ C
		MAX4198EUA		$\pm 1.0$	$\pm 20$	
Input Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by CMR test	$V_{EE} - 0.1$	$V_{CC} + 0.1$		V
DC Common-Mode Rejection	$CMR_{DC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{EE} - 0.1$ to $V_{CC} + 0.1$	MAX4198ESA	74	90	dB
			MAX4198EUA	70	90	
Output Voltage Swing		$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , $\pm 10mV$ input overdrive	$V_{EE} + 0.1$ to $V_{CC} - 0.1$	$V_{EE} + 0.03$ to $V_{CC} - 0.03$		V
		$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , $\pm 10mV$ input overdrive	$V_{EE} + 0.2$ to $V_{CC} - 0.2$	$V_{EE} + 0.1$ to $V_{CC} - 0.1$		
Short-Circuit Current		Sink/source		$\pm 4.5$		mA
Gain Error		$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , $V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$		$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 0.1$	%
		$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , $V_{EE} + 0.2V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.2V$		$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 0.1$	
Gain Temperature Coefficient		$V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$	MAX4198ESA	$\pm 0.2$	$\pm 3$	$ppm/^\circ C$
			MAX4198EUA	$\pm 0.65$	$\pm 6$	
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$ , $V_{DIFF} = 0V$	42			$\mu$ A
Shutdown Supply Current	$I_{SHDN}$		6.5			$\mu$ A
Input Logic High Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{IH}$		$V_{CC} - 1.5$			V
Input Logic Low Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{IL}$		$V_{CC} - 2.5$			V

MAX4198/MAX4199

# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4199 (+5V Supply)

( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = 0V$ ,  $R_L = 25k\Omega$  tied to  $V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range (Note 2)	$V_{CC}$	Single supply		2.7	7.5		V
		Dual supply		$\pm 1.35$	$\pm 3.75$		
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$		MAX4199ESA	$\pm 10$	$\pm 300$	$\mu V$
		MAX4199EUA			$\pm 100$	$\pm 600$	
		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$ ,		MAX4199ESA		$\pm 500$	
		$V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$		MAX4199EUA		$\pm 1475$	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$TCO$	MAX4199ESA			$\pm 0.25$	$\pm 3$	$\mu V/^\circ C$
		MAX4199EUA			$\pm 0.75$	$\pm 15$	
Input Resistance	$R_{IN}$	IN+ differential mode			275		$k\Omega$
		IN- differential mode			25		
		Common-mode			275		
Input Voltage Range (Note 2)	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by CMR test		$V_{EE} - 0.1$	$V_{CC} - 1.0$		V
DC Common-Mode Rejection	$CMR_{DC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{EE} - 0.1V$ to $V_{CC} - 1.0V$		MAX4199ESA	76	110	dB
		MAX4199EUA			76	110	
AC Common-Mode Rejection	$CMR_{AC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{EE} - 0.1V$ to $V_{CC} - 1.0V$ , $f = 60Hz$			110		dB
Power-Supply Rejection	$PSR$	$+2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq +7.5V$ , $V_{CM} = +1.5V$ , $V_{REF} = +1.5V$ , $R_L = 25k\Omega$ to $+1.5V$		90	120		dB
Input Noise Voltage		$f = 10Hz$			60		$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
		$f = 100Hz$			40		
		$f = 10kHz$			38		
		$f = 0.1Hz$ to $10Hz$			6.6		$\mu V_{RMS}$
Output Voltage Swing		$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , $\pm 10mV$ input overdrive		$V_{EE} + 0.1$	$V_{EE} + 0.02$ to to $V_{CC} - 0.1$	$V_{CC} - 0.02$	V
		$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , $\pm 10mV$ input overdrive		$V_{EE} + 0.2$	$V_{EE} + 0.1$ to to $V_{CC} - 0.2$	$V_{CC} - 0.1$	
Short-Circuit Current		Sink/source			$\pm 5.5$		mA
Gain Error		$V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$		$RL = 25k\Omega$ , $V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq$ $V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$	$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 0.3$	%
				$RL = 5k\Omega$ , $V_{EE} + 0.2V \leq$ $V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.2V$	$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 0.3$	
Gain Temperature Coefficient		$V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq$ $V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$		MAX4199ESA	$\pm 1$	$\pm 5$	$ppm/^\circ C$
				MAX4199EUA	$\pm 2$	$\pm 10$	
Nonlinearity		$V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$			$\pm 0.0003$		%
Capacitive-Load Stability	$C_L$				600		pF
-3dB Bandwidth	$BW_{-3dB}$	$V_{OUT} \leq 0.1V_{P-P}$ , $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$			45		kHz
Slew Rate	$SR$	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$			0.1		$V/\mu s$
Settling Time to 0.1%	$t_s$	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ step			37		$\mu s$
Total Harmonic Distortion	$THD$	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ , $f = 1kHz$			0.001		%
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$ , $V_{IN+} = V_{IN-}$			45	55	$\mu A$
Shutdown Supply Current	$I_{SHDN}$	$V_{SHDN} = V_{IL}$			6.5	12	$\mu A$

# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4199 (+5V Supply) (continued)

( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = 0V$ ,  $R_L = 25k\Omega$  tied to  $V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Logic Voltage High (Note 3)	$V_{IH}$		$V_{CC} - 1.5$			V
Input Logic Voltage Low (Note 3)	$V_{IL}$			$V_{CC} - 2.5$		V
SHDN Input Bias Current		$V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ or $V_{SHDN} = V_{EE}$	-0.1	+0.1		$\mu A$
Enable/Disable Settling Time	$t_{ON/OFF}$	$V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 2.5V$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , $V_{OUT} = 3.5V$ , settled to within 0.1%		35		$\mu s$
Power-Up Delay		$V_{OUT} = 3.5V$ , settled to within 0.1%		800		$\mu s$

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4199 (+3V Supply)

( $V_{CC} = +3V$ ,  $V_{EE} = 0V$ ,  $R_L = 25k\Omega$  tied to  $V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$		$\pm 15$	$\pm 400$	$\mu V$
				$\pm 100$	$\pm 700$	
		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$ , $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$		$\pm 600$		
					$\pm 1675$	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$TCO$	$MAX4199ESA$		$\pm 0.25$	$\pm 5$	$\mu V/\text{ }^\circ C$
		$MAX4199EUA$		$\pm 0.75$	$\pm 15$	
Input Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by CMR test	$V_{EE} - 0.1$		$V_{CC} - 1.1$	V
DC Common-Mode Rejection	$CMR_{DC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{EE} - 0.1$ to $V_{CC} - 1.1$	$MAX4199ESA$	76	110	$dB$
			$MAX4199EUA$	76	110	
Output Voltage Swing		$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , $\pm 10mV$ input overdrive	$V_{EE} + 0.1$ to $V_{CC} - 0.1$	$V_{EE} + 0.02$ to $V_{CC} - 0.02$		V
		$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , $\pm 10mV$ input overdrive	$V_{EE} + 0.2$ to $V_{CC} - 0.2$	$V_{EE} + 0.1$ to $V_{CC} - 0.1$		
Short-Circuit Current		Sink/source			$\pm 4.5$	mA
Gain Error		$V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$	$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , $V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$		$\pm 0.01$	$\%$
			$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , $V_{EE} + 0.2V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.2V$		$\pm 0.01$	
Gain Temperature Coefficient		$V_{EE} + 0.1V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1V$	$MAX4199ESA$		$\pm 1$	$ppm/\text{ }^\circ C$
			$MAX4199EUA$		$\pm 2$	
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$ , $V_{DIFF} = 0V$			42	$\mu A$
Shutdown Supply Current	$I_{SHDN}$				6.5	$\mu A$
Input Logic High Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{IH}$		$V_{CC} - 1.5$			V
Input Logic Low Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{IL}$				$V_{CC} - 2.5$	V

**Note 1:** The MAX4198EUA and the MAX4199EUA are 100% production tested at  $+25^\circ C$ . All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

**Note 2:** Guaranteed by PSR test.

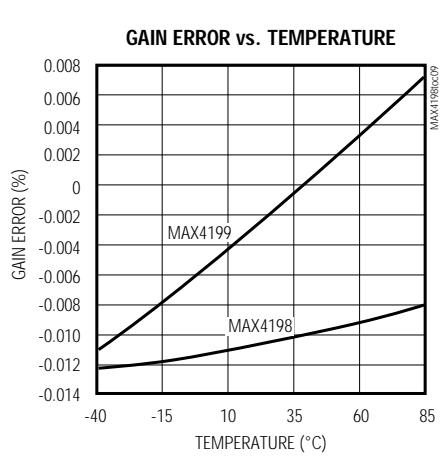
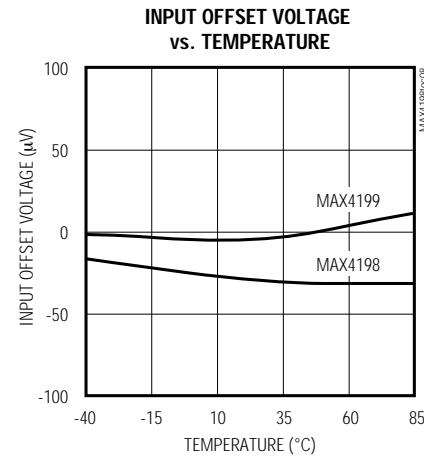
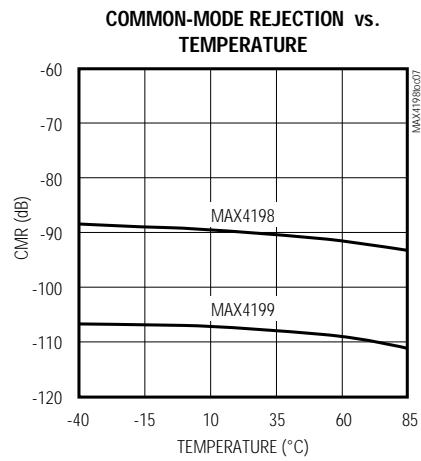
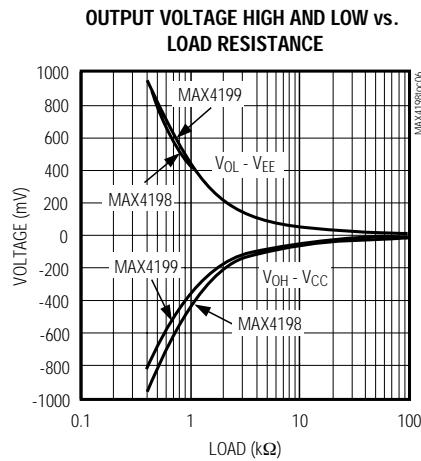
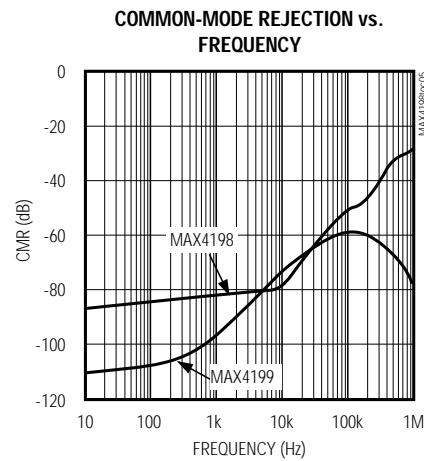
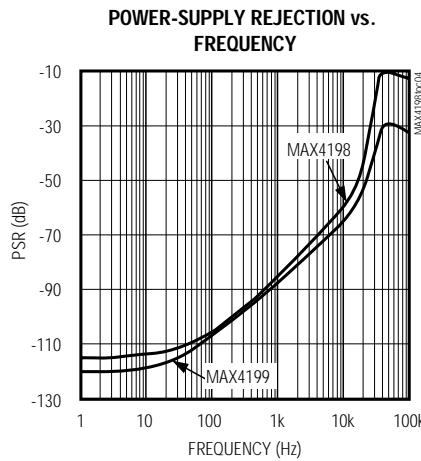
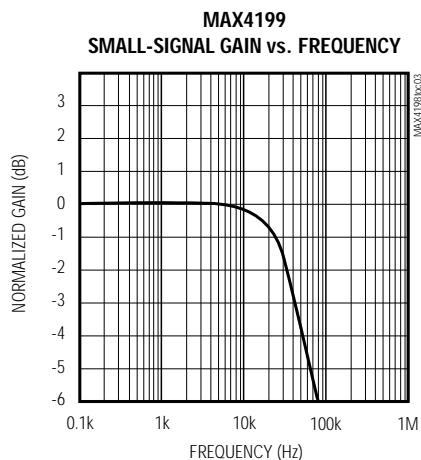
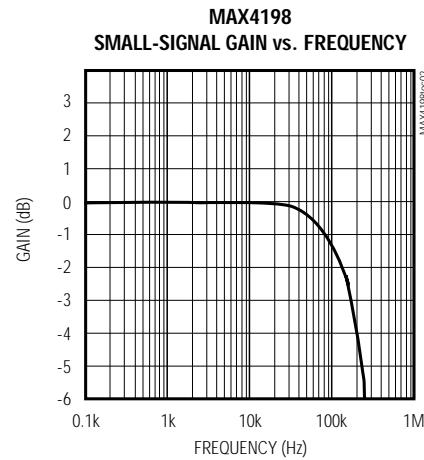
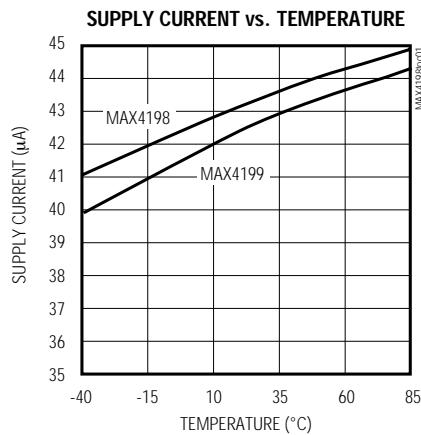
**Note 3:** When shutdown input is at logic high, the part is active; when at logic low, the part is in shutdown.

MAX4198/MAX4199

# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## Typical Operating Characteristics

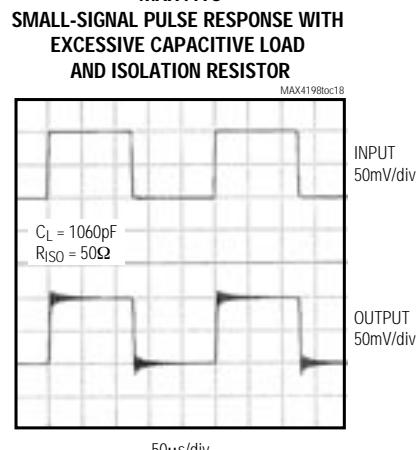
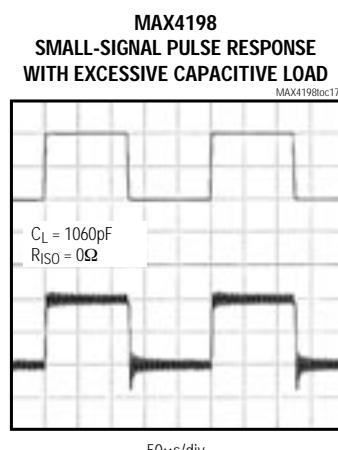
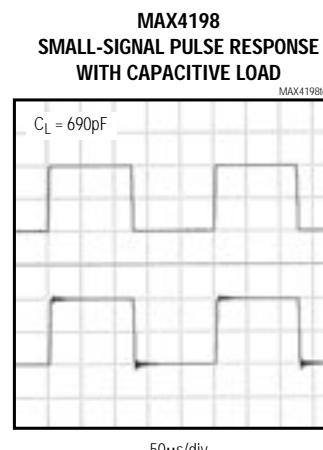
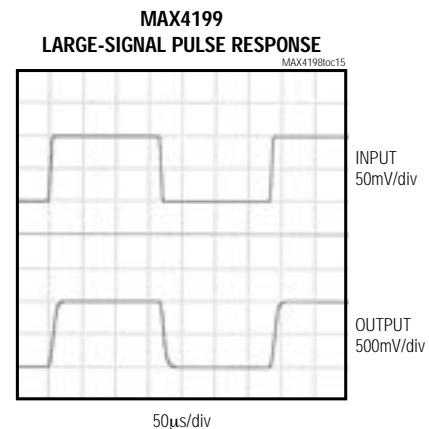
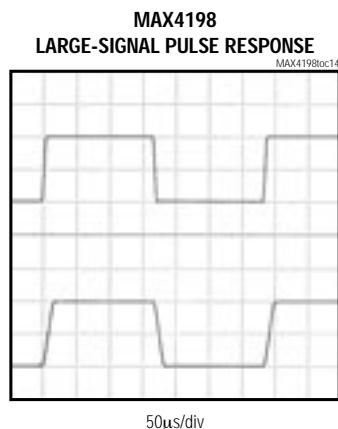
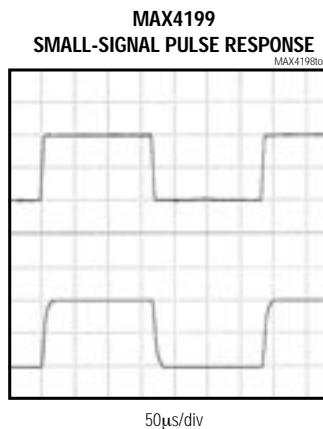
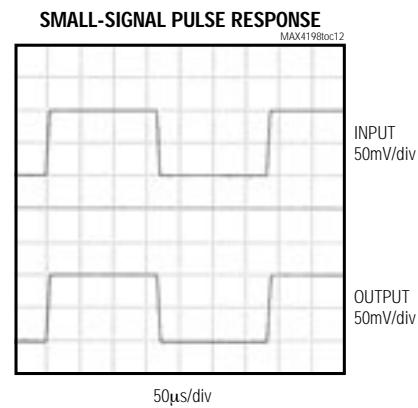
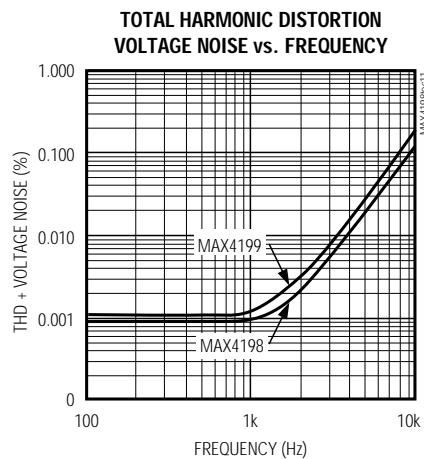
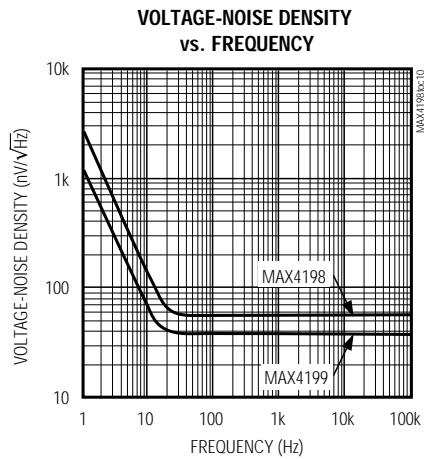
( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = 0V$ ,  $R_L = 25k\Omega$  to  $V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , small-signal  $V_{OUT} = 100mV_{P-P}$ , large-signal  $V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



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## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

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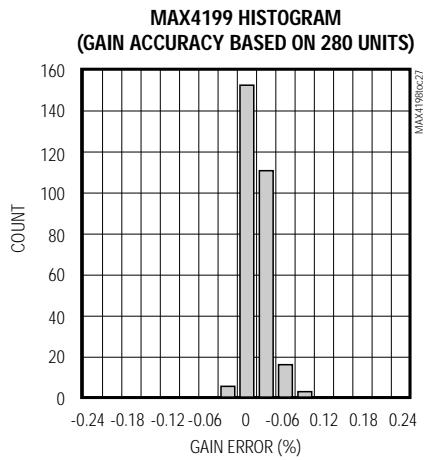
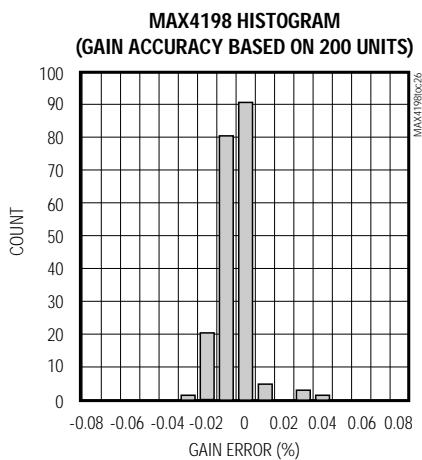
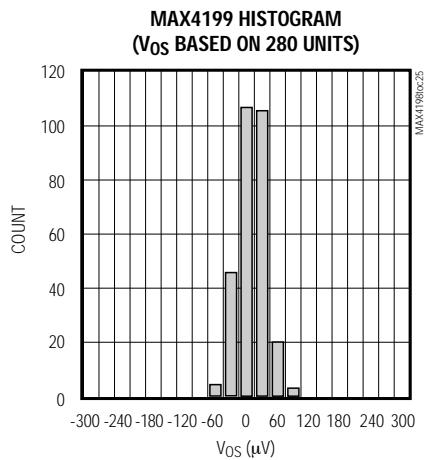
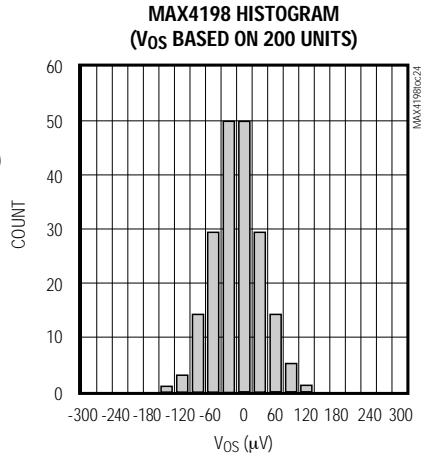
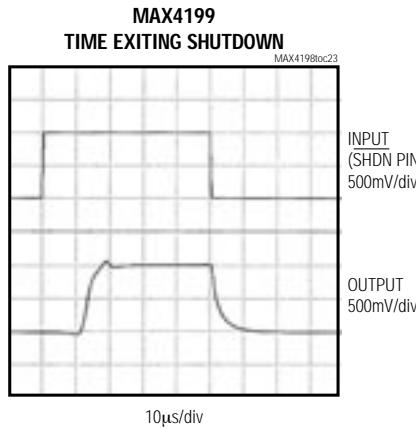
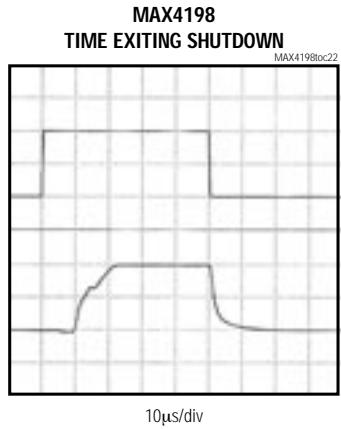
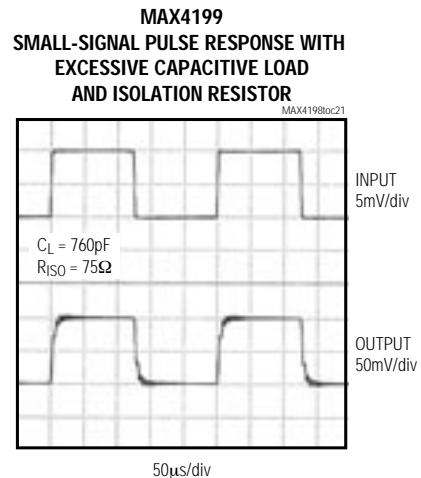
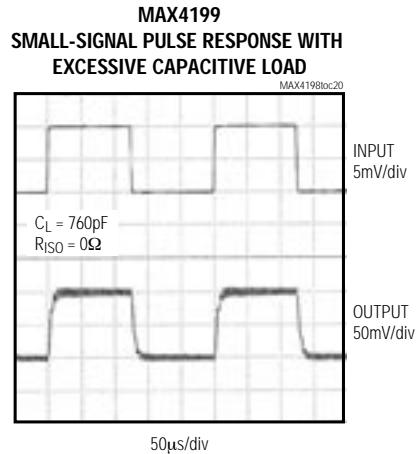
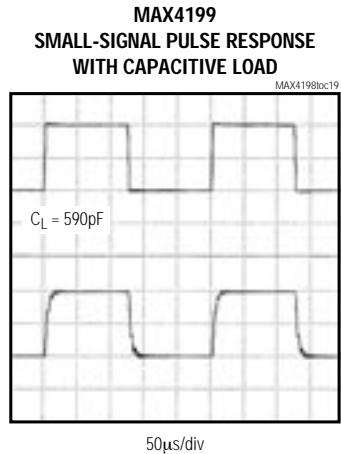
MAX4198/MAX4199

# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = 0V$ ,  $R_L = 25k\Omega$  to  $V_{CC}/2$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , small-signal  $V_{OUT} = 100mV_{P-P}$ , large-signal  $V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

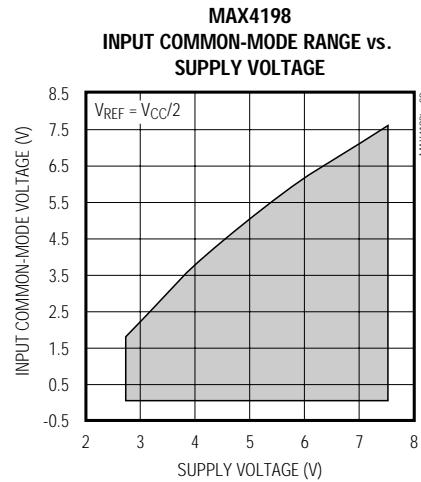
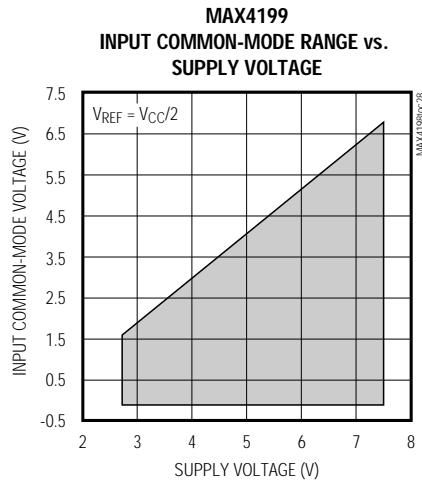
MAX4198/MAX4199



# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

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## Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	REF	Reference Voltage Input. Offsets output voltage.
2	IN-	Inverting Input
3	IN+	Noninverting Input
4	$V_{EE}$	Negative Supply Voltage
5	FB	Feedback Resistor. Can be used as a sense input.
6	OUT	Amplifier Output
7	$V_{CC}$	Positive Supply Voltage
8	SHDN	Shutdown Control. Shutdown threshold is referenced to $V_{CC}$ . When pulled 2.5V below $V_{CC}$ , part is in shutdown.

## Detailed Description

The MAX4198/MAX4199 are precision low-power differential amplifiers with factory-trimmed internal gain-setting resistors. The MAX4198 is trimmed to a gain of  $+1V/V$  and the MAX4199 is trimmed to a gain of  $+10V/V$ .

### Input Stage

The Functional Diagram shows the internal structure of the MAX4198/MAX4199. Although the resistors are precision matched, their absolute value varies by  $\pm 25\%$ . The typical input impedance for the MAX4198 is  $50k\Omega$  for the noninverting input and  $25k\Omega$  for the inverting input. The typical input impedance for the MAX4199 is  $275k\Omega$  for the noninverting input and  $25k\Omega$  for the inverting input.

The common-mode inputs of the internal op amp can range from  $V_{EE}$  to  $(V_{CC} - 1.1V)$ . Although the inputs to the internal op amp are not rail-to-rail, the internal resistors form a voltage divider that extends the input common-mode range beyond-the-rails for the MAX4198. The overall input range of the MAX4198 extends 100mV beyond-the-rails without adversely affecting common-mode rejection or undergoing phase reversal ( $V_{CC} = 5V$ ). The MAX4199 input common-mode range extends from 100mV below the negative rail to  $(V_{CC} - 1V)$  (see the Input Common-Mode Voltage Range vs. Supply Voltage graph in the Typical Operating Characteristics).

# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## Rail-to-Rail Output Stage

The MAX4198/MAX4199 output stage incorporates a common-source rail-to-rail structure which maximizes the dynamic range of the differential amplifier. The output can swing to within 100mV from each rail with a  $5\text{k}\Omega$  load to  $\text{VCC}/2$  (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

## Shutdown Mode

The MAX4198/MAX4199 have an active-low shutdown input.  $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  input logic thresholds are referenced to  $\text{VCC}$ , not to GND. Pulling  $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  2.5V below the positive rail places the amplifiers in a  $12\mu\text{A}$  (max) shutdown mode. The MAX4198/MAX4199 exit or enter shutdown in  $35\mu\text{s}$ . In shutdown, the OUT pin is high-impedance.

## Applications Information

### Driving Capacitive Loads

The MAX4198/MAX4199 are relatively immune to oscillations caused when driving large capacitive loads. Although heavy load capacitance increases transient ringing, sustained oscillations typically do not occur for loads under  $600\text{pF}$  (see Pulse Response with Capacitive Load in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*). Applications that require driving higher capacitive loads can isolate the output capacitance using a  $15\Omega$  to  $100\Omega$  resistor between the amplifier output and the load (Figure 1). Although adding an isolation resistor dampens the response enough to prevent oscillations, it does so at the expense of bandwidth and DC accuracy.

### Power Supply Considerations

The MAX4198/MAX4199 operate from single  $+2.7\text{V}$  to  $+7.5\text{V}$  supplies or from dual  $\pm 1.35\text{V}$  to  $\pm 3.75\text{V}$  supplies, and they consume only  $45\mu\text{A}$  of supply current. Excellent power-supply rejection permits the amplifiers to be operated directly from a decaying  $3\text{V}$  cell without excessive error. To maximize AC performance, the supply must be bypassed with a  $0.1\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitor to ground that must be as close as possible to the pin. If dual supplies are used, bypass both supply pins with  $0.1\mu\text{F}$  to ground.

### Application Circuits

Differential amplifiers can be used in single-ended and other amplifier applications. Figures 2 through 6 show the MAX4198/MAX4199 in different configurations. The internally trimmed and matched resistors offer convenience and have a distinct advantage over external resistors. These amplifiers are not compensated for single-ended unity gain; therefore, IN- should not be connected to OUT or left unconnected.

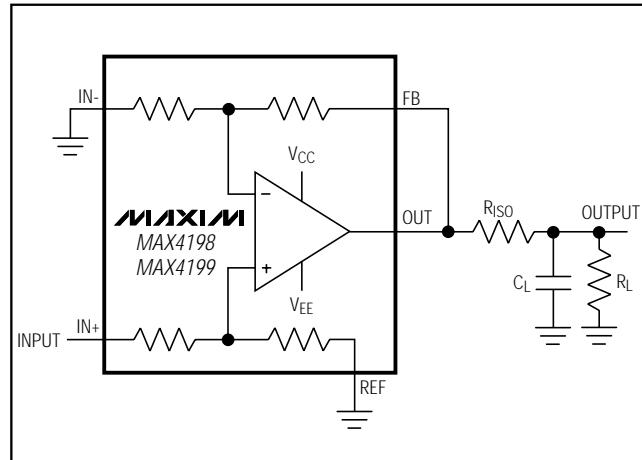


Figure 1. Dual-Supply, Capacitive-Load Driving Circuit

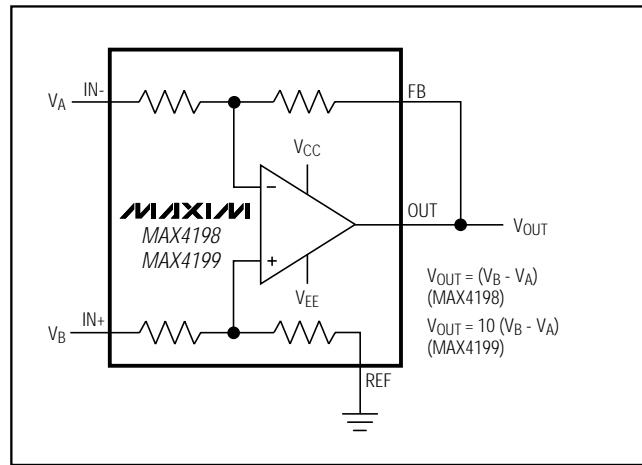


Figure 2. Standard Difference Amplifier

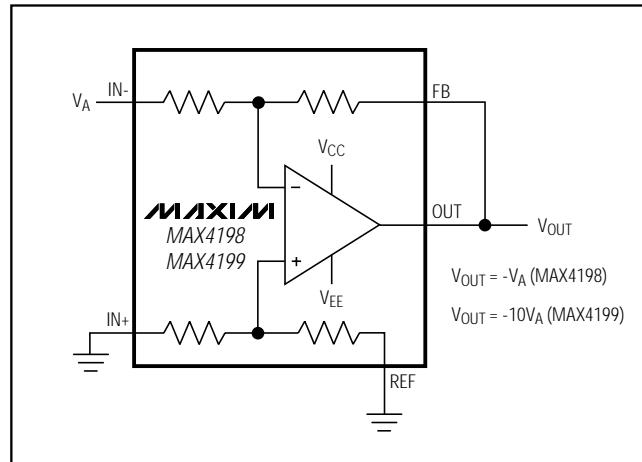


Figure 3. Precision Inverting Buffer

# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## Instrumentation Amplifier Applications

For applications that require a complete low-power instrumentation amplifier, refer to the MAX4194–MAX4197 data sheet. Some differential to single-ended voltage amplifier applications that do not require a high input impedance can use the MAX4198/MAX4199 for gains of +1V/V or +10V/V. The MAX4198/MAX4199 can

also be used as an instrumentation amplifier building block. The circuit of Figure 7 takes advantage of the 10pA (max), 0.1pA (typ) bias current of the MAX406A to form an instrumentation amplifier similar to the MAX4194 family, except with lower input bias currents. The MAX406A's low 1.2 $\mu$ A supply current maintains a low overall supply current.

**MAX4198/MAX4199**

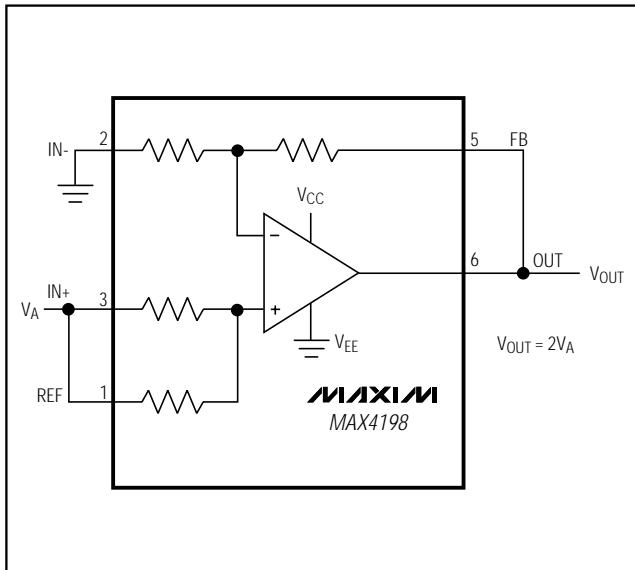


Figure 4. Precision Gain of Two Amplifiers

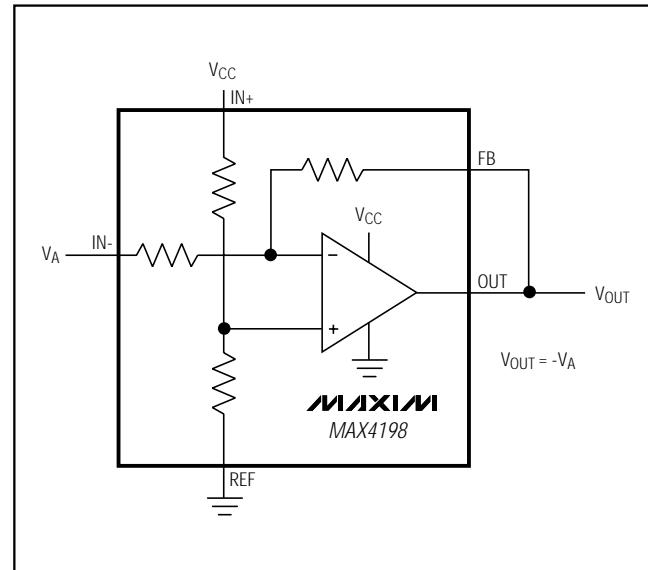


Figure 5. Single-Supply Inverting Amplifier Biased at  $V_{CC} / 2$

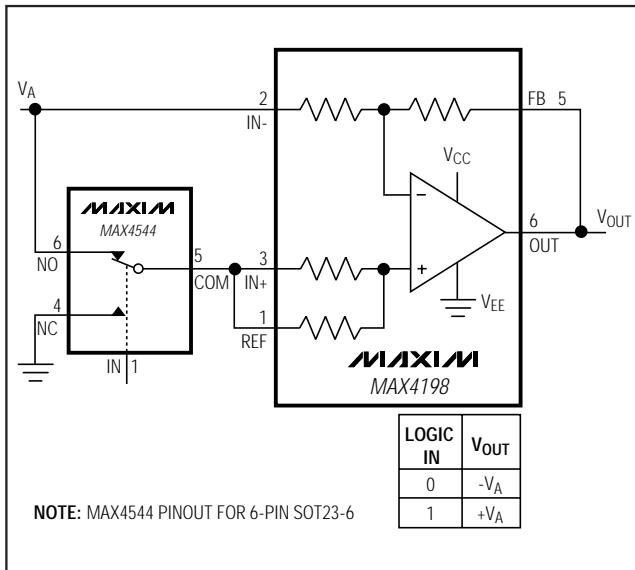


Figure 6. Digitally Controlled Precision Gain of  $\pm 1$  Amplifier

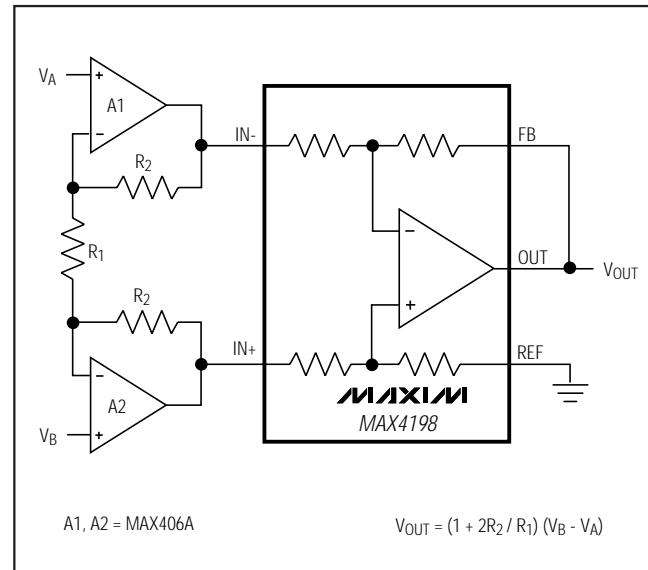


Figure 7. Ultra-Low Input Bias Current (0.1pA) Instrumentation Amplifiers with 47 $\mu$ A Supply-Current Consumption

# Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Precision Differential Amplifiers

## Chip Information

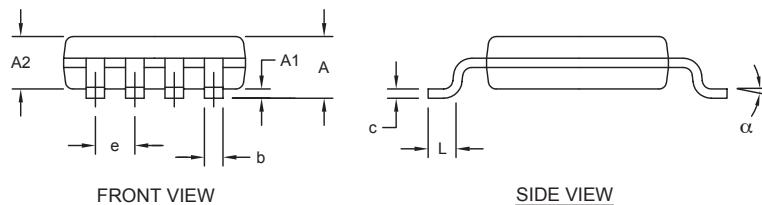
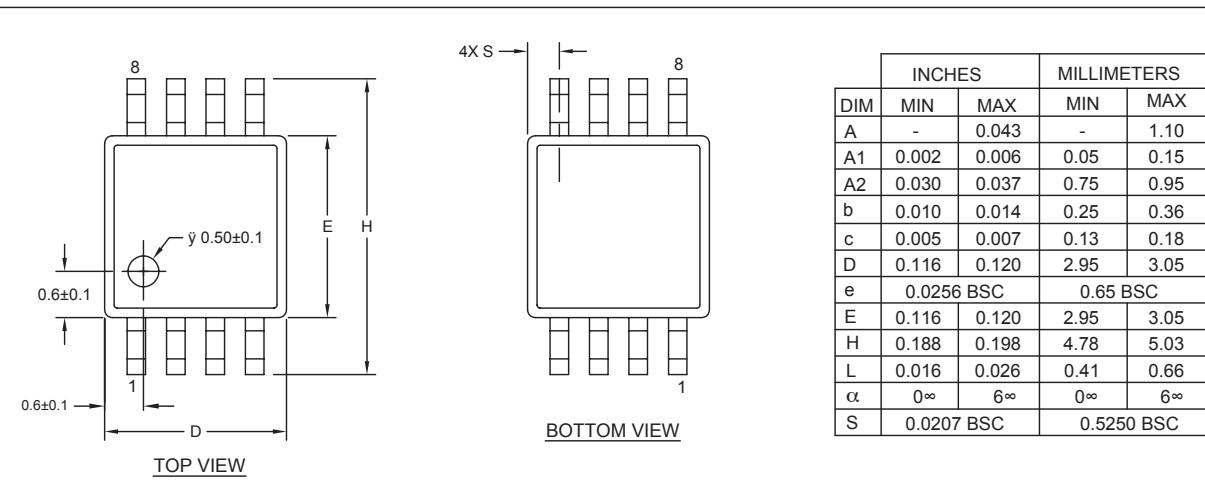
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 250

SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO VEE

## Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)

BLUMAXD.EPS



### NOTES:

1. D&E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
2. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.15MM (.006").
3. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
4. MEETS JEDEC MO-187C-AA.



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