



### **General Description**

The MAX2058 high-linearity digital-variable-gain amplifier (DVGA) is designed to provide 62dB of total gain range and typical output IP3 and output P1dB levels of +32.3dBm and +19dBm, respectively. The device is ideal for a variety of applications, including RFID handheld and portal readers, as well as single and multicarrier 700MHz to 1200MHz GSM/EDGE, cdma2000®, WCDMA, and iDEN® base stations. The MAX2058 yields a high level of component integration, which includes two 5-bit, 31dB digital attenuators, a two-stage driver amplifier, a loopback mixer, and a serial interface to control the attenuators.

The MAX2058 is pin compatible with the MAX2059 1800MHz to 2200MHz DVGA, facilitating an easy design-in for applications where a common PC board layout is used for both frequency bands.

The MAX2058 is available in a 40-pin thin QFN package with an exposed paddle. Electrical performance is guaranteed over a -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

### **Applications**

GSM 850/GSM 900 2G and 2.5G EDGE Base-Station Transmitters and Power Amplifiers

Cellular cdmaOne™, cdma2000, and Integrated Digital Enhanced Network (iDEN) Base-Station Transmitters and Power Amplifiers

WCDMA 850MHz and Other 3G Base-Station Transmitters and Power Amplifiers

Transmitter Gain Control

Receiver Gain Control

**Broadband Systems** 

Automatic Test Equipment

Digital and Spread-Spectrum Communication Systems

Microwave Terrestrial Links

RFID Handheld and Portal Readers

SPI is a trademark of Motorola, Inc. MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp. cdma2000 is a registered trademark of Telecommunications Industry Association.

iDEN is a registered trademark of Motorola, Inc. cdmaOne is a trademark of CDMA Development Group.

#### **Features**

- ♦ +32.3dBm Typical Output IP3
- ♦ +19dBm Typical Output 1dB Compression Point
- ♦ 700MHz to 1200MHz RF Frequency Range
- ◆ 1800MHz to 2200MHz RF Frequency Range (MAX2059)
- ◆ 10.5dB Typical Small-Signal Gain
- ♦ Includes Two Independent 31dB Attenuator Stages, Yielding 62dB of Total Gain-Control Range with 1dB Steps
- **♦** 3-Wire SPI™/MICROWIRE™-Compatible
- ♦ Integrated Loopback Mixer for Tx/Rx Self-**Diagnostics**
- **♦** +5V Single-Supply Operation
- **♦** External Current-Setting Resistors for Scalable **Device Power**
- **♦ Lead-Free Package Available**

### **Ordering Information**

| PART         | TEMP RANGE     | PIN-PACKAGE                     | PKG<br>CODE |
|--------------|----------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| MAX2058ETL   | -40°C to +85°C | 40 Thin QFN-EP**<br>(6mm x 6mm) | T4066-3     |
| MAX2058ETL-T | -40°C to +85°C | 40 Thin QFN-EP**<br>(6mm x 6mm) | T4066-3     |
| MAX2058ETL+  | -40°C to +85°C | 40 Thin QFN-EP**<br>(6mm x 6mm) | T4066-3     |
| MAX2058ETL+T | -40°C to +85°C | 40 Thin QFN-EP**<br>(6mm x 6mm) | T4066-3     |

<sup>\*\*</sup>EP = Exposed paddle.

Pin Configuration/Functional Diagram appears at end of data sheet.

<sup>+</sup>Denotes lead-free package.

T = Tape-and-reel.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| V <sub>CC</sub> to GND0.3V to +5.5V<br>RSET1, RSET2+1.2V to +4.0V | Operating Temperature Range (Note A)40°C to +85°C Junction Temperature+150°C |
|---|--|
| LBBIAS(V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.5V) to +5.5V                           | θJC10°C/W  |
| LB_EN, DATA, <del>CS</del> , CLK0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)  | θJA38°C/W  |
| ATTEN_INA, ATTEN_INB, ATTEN_OUTA, ATTEN_OUTB                      | Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C                                      |
| Input Power+24dBm   | Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C                                      |
| AMPIN, Differential LO Input Power+12dBm                          | , , ,  |
| Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )             |  |
| 40-Pin TQFN (derated 26.3mW/°C above +70°C)2100mW                 |  |

**Note A:** T<sub>C</sub> is the temperature on the exposed paddle of the package.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(MAX2058 Typical Application Circuit,  $V_{CC} = +4.75V$  to +5.25V,  $R1 = 1.2k\Omega$ ,  $R2 = 3.92k\Omega$ ,  $R3 = 2k\Omega$ ,  $T_{C} = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ . Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = +5.0V$  and  $T_{C} = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

| PARAMETER  | SYMBOL          | CONDITIONS   | MIN  | TYP  | MAX  | UNITS |
|--|-----------------|--|------|------|------|-------|
| Supply Voltage   | VCC             | Reference to V <sub>CC</sub> , VCCLB, VCCLOGIC, VCCBIAS1, VCCBIAS2, VCCAMP | 4.75 | 5.0  | 5.25 | ٧     |
| Total Supply Current                                     | loo             | LB mixer disabled (LB_EN = 1)  |      | 134  | 156  | mA    |
| Total Supply Current                                     | Icc             | LB mixer enabled (LB_EN = 0)   |      | 158  | 186  | IIIA  |
| LOGIC INPUTS (DATA, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ , CLK, LB_EN) |                 |  |      |      |      |       |
| Input High Voltage                                       | VIH             |  | 2.4  |      |      | V     |
| Input Low Voltage  | V <sub>IL</sub> |  |      |      | 8.0  | V     |
| Input Current with Logic-High                            | Iн              |  |      | 0.01 |      | μΑ    |
| Input Current with Logic-Low                             | lıL             |  |      | 0.01 |      | μΑ    |

#### **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(MAX2058 Typical Application Circuit,  $V_{CC}$  = +4.75V to +5.25V, digital attenuators set for maximum gain, 700MHz  $\leq$  f<sub>RF</sub>  $\leq$  1200MHz, 40MHz  $\leq$  f<sub>LO</sub>  $\leq$  100MHz, T<sub>C</sub> = -40°C to +85°C. Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 5.0V,  $P_{IN}$  = 0dBm, f<sub>RF</sub> = 940MHz,  $P_{LO}$  = -6dBm, f<sub>LO</sub> = 45MHz, f<sub>LBOUT</sub> = f<sub>RF</sub> - f<sub>LO</sub>, and T<sub>C</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

| PARAMETER                             | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS   |                            | MIN  | TYP    | MAX  | UNITS   |  |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--|----------------------------|------|--------|------|---------|--|
| RF Frequency (Note 2)                 |        | MAX2058  |                            | 700  |        | 1200 | MHz     |  |
| nr riequelicy (Note 2)                |        | MAX2059  |                            | 1800 |        | 2200 | IVIITIZ |  |
| Small-Signal Gain                     | Av     | $f_{RF} = 940MHz, T_{C} =$   | = +25°C                    | 8.4  | 10.5   | 12.8 | dB      |  |
| Coin Variation us Tomorousture        |        | All attenuation  | $T_C = -40$ °C to $+25$ °C |      | -0.014 |      | 4D/0C   |  |
| Gain Variation vs. Temperature        |        | settings $T_C = +25^{\circ}C$ to -   |                            |      | -0.021 |      | dB/°C   |  |
| Output Power                          | Pout   | P <sub>IN</sub> = 0dBm, f <sub>RF</sub> = 940MHz, T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C           |                            | 8.4  | 10.5   | 12.8 | dBm     |  |
| Output Power Flatness                 |        | Du. OdDm   | 800MHz to 900MHz           |      | 0.13   |      | dB      |  |
| Output Power Flatness                 |        | $P_{IN} = 0dBm$  | 900MHz to 1000MHz          |      | -0.52  |      | uБ      |  |
| Attenuation Range                     |        |  |                            |      | 62     |      | dB      |  |
| Output Third-Order Intercept<br>Point | OIP3   | Two tones: $f_{RF1} = 940MHz$ , $f_{RF2} = 941MHz$ , $P_{OUT1} = P_{OUT2} = +5dBm$ |                            |      | 32.3   |      | dBm     |  |

### **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

(MAX2058 *Typical Application Circuit*,  $V_{CC} = +4.75V$  to +5.25V, digital attenuators set for maximum gain,  $700MHz \le f_{RF} \le 1200MHz$ ,  $40MHz \le f_{LO} \le 100MHz$ , 100MHz, 100MH

| PARAMETER  | SYMBOL            | CONDITIONS  |  | MIN               | TYP    | MAX          | UNITS   |    |
|--|-------------------|---|--|-------------------|--------|--------------|---------|----|
| Output -1dB Compression Point (Note 3)             | OP <sub>1dB</sub> |   |  | 19                |        | dBm          |         |    |
| RMS Error Vector Magnitude                         | EVM               | Pout = +12dBm, El   | DGE modulation                                 | 0.5               |        | %            |         |    |
|  |                   |   | 200kHz offset                                  |                   | -39.2  |              | -ID -   |    |
| Spurious Emissions in 30kHz                        |                   | $P_{OUT} = +12dBm,$   | 400kHz offset                                  |                   | -73.5  |              |         |    |
| Bandwidth (Note 4)                                 |                   | EDGE modulation   | 600kHz offset                                  |                   | -82.7  |              | dBc     |    |
|  |                   |   | 1.2MHz offset                                  |                   | -85.7  |              | İ       |    |
| Noise Figure                                       | NF                |   |  | 6.8               |        |              | dB      |    |
| Input Return Loss                                  |                   | 50Ω source, minimu  | ım attenuation setting                         | 18                |        | dB           |         |    |
| Output Return Loss                                 |                   | 50Ω load, minimum   | attenuation setting                            | 20                |        | dB           |         |    |
| 5-BIT DIGITAL ATTENUATORS                          | •                 |   |  |                   |        |              | •       |    |
| Insertion Loss                                     |                   | Attenuator measure $50\Omega$   | d separately Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = |                   | 3.3    |              | dB      |    |
| Input Third-Order Intercept Point                  | IIP3              | Attenuator measured separately $Z_S = Z_L = 50\Omega$ , two tones: f <sub>RF1</sub> = 940MHz, f <sub>RF2</sub> = 941MHz, P <sub>IN1</sub> = P <sub>IN2</sub> = +5dBm  |  |                   | 44     |              | dBm     |    |
| Control Range                                      |                   |   |  | 31                |        | dB           |         |    |
| Attenuation Step Size Variation                    |                   | 800MHz to 900MHz  |  |                   | ±0.08  |              | 15      |    |
| vs. Frequency                                      |                   | 900MHz to 1000MH  | Z  |                   | ±0.06  |              | dB      |    |
| Attenuation Variation vs.                          |                   | 800MHz to 1000MHz,<br>T <sub>C</sub> = -40°C to +25°C<br>800MHz to 1000MHz,<br>T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C to +85°C  |  |                   | ±0.002 |              | ID /0.0 |    |
| Temperature  |                   |   |  | 1 +()()(),3       |        |              | dB/°C   |    |
| Step Size  |                   |   |  |                   | 1      |              | dB      |    |
| Relative Step Accuracy                             |                   | 800MHz to 1000MHz   |  | 800MHz to 1000MHz |        | -0.2<br>+0.4 |         | dB |
| Absolute Step Accuracy                             |                   | 800MHz to 1000MHz   |  | -0.2<br>+0.5      |        |              | dB      |    |
| Spurious Emissions in 300kHz<br>Bandwidth (Note 5) |                   | No RF input, attenuator A stepped from 0 to 2dB, 7dB to 9dB, 15dB to 17dB, 0 to 31dB, 31dB to 0dB, with attenuator B at 0dB; attenuator B stepped from 0 to 2dB, 7dB to 9dB, 15dB to 17dB, 0 to 31dB, 31dB to 0dB, with attenuator A at 0dB |  |                   | dBm    |              |         |    |
| Switching Speed                                    |                   | From chip select transitioning high to the output settling to within 1dB of steady state output   |  | 0.3               |        | μs           |         |    |

### **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

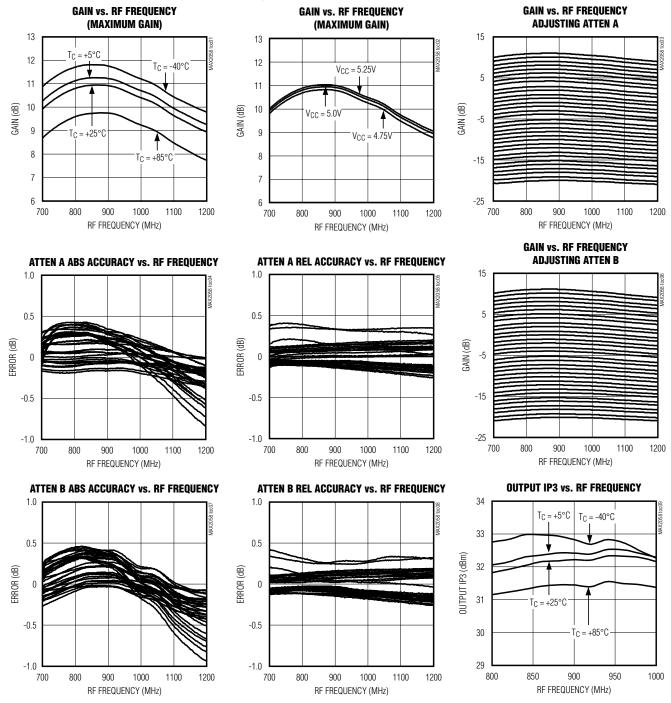
(MAX2058 *Typical Application Circuit*,  $V_{CC} = +4.75V$  to +5.25V, digital attenuators set for maximum gain, 700MHz  $\leq f_{RF} \leq 1200$ MHz, 40MHz  $\leq f_{LO} \leq 100$ MHz, 40MHz, 4

| PARAMETER                                      | SYMBOL          | CONDITIONS  |                                  | MIN   | TYP   | MAX   | UNITS  |  |
|--|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--|
| LOOPBACK MIXER                                 |                 |   |                                  |       |       |       |        |  |
| LO Frequency (Note 2)                          | fLO             |   |                                  | 40    |       | 100   | MHz    |  |
| LO Input Power                                 | PLO             |   |                                  |       | -6    | 0     | dBm    |  |
| Output Power (Note 6)                          |                 | $P_{IN} = +5dBm, f_{RF} =$  | = 940MHz, T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C | -14.7 | -12.7 | -10.8 | dBm    |  |
| Gain Accuracy                                  |                 | $P_{IN} = +5dBm, T_{C}$   | 800MHz to 900MHz                 |       | ±1.7  |       | ٩D     |  |
| Gairr Accuracy                                 |                 | = $-40$ °C to $+25$ °C  | 900MHz to 1000MHz                |       | ±1.7  |       | dB     |  |
| Output Third-Order Intercept<br>Point (Note 6) | OIP3            | Two tones: f <sub>RF1</sub> = 940MHz, f <sub>RF2</sub> = 940.2MHz,<br>P <sub>IN1</sub> = P <sub>IN2</sub> = +2dBm, T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C |                                  |       | 10.6  |       | dBm    |  |
| Output Noise Floor                             |                 | $P_{IN} = +5dBm$  |                                  |       | -137  |       | dBc/Hz |  |
| ONLOGE Cuitabia a Tima                         |                 | LB_EN enable time   |                                  | 0.12  |       | μs    |        |  |
| ON/OFF Switching Time                          |                 | LB_EN disable time  |                                  | 0.12  |       |       |        |  |
| LBOUT to ATTEN_OUTB Isolation                  |                 | Mixer enabled, attenuators A and B both set to 31dB, P <sub>IN</sub> = +5dBm  |                                  |       | 67    |       | dB     |  |
| ATTEN_OUTB to LBOUT Isolation                  |                 | Mixer disabled, P <sub>IN</sub> = 0dBm  |                                  |       | 50    |       | dB     |  |
| Outrant Datama Lana                            |                 | Mixer enabled, 50Ω  | 2 load                           |       | 22    |       | -ID    |  |
| Output Return Loss                             |                 | Mixer disabled, 500   | 2 load                           | 23    |       |       | dB     |  |
| LO Port Return Loss                            |                 | 50Ω source  |                                  |       | 32    |       | dB     |  |
| SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFAC                     | E (SPI)         |   |                                  |       |       |       |        |  |
| Maximum Clock Speed                            |                 |   |                                  |       | 38    |       | MHz    |  |
| Data to Clock Setup Time                       | tcs             |   |                                  |       | 1     |       | ns     |  |
| Data to Clock Hold Time                        | t <sub>CH</sub> |   |                                  |       | 9     |       | ns     |  |
| Clock to CS Setup Time                         | tES             |   |                                  |       | 4     |       | ns     |  |
| CS Positive Pulse Width                        | tEW             |   |                                  |       | 18    |       | ns     |  |
| CS Negative Pulse Width                        | tewn            |   |                                  |       | 24    |       | ns     |  |
| CLOCK Pulse Width                              | tcw             |   |                                  |       | 13    |       | ns     |  |

- Note 1: All limits include external component losses. Output measurements taken at RFOUT or LBOUT ports of the *Typical Application Circuit*.
- Note 2: Operating outside this range is possible, but with degraded performance of some parameters.
- Note 3: Compression point characterized. It is advisable not to continuously operate the VGA RF input above +15dBm.
- Note 4: Input RF source contribution to spurious emissions (Agilent ESG 4435B, PSA E4443A): 200kHz = -39.2dBc, 400kHz = -73.5dBc, 600kHz = -83.2dBc, 1.2MHz = -85.7dBc
- Note 5: No SPI clock input applied.
- Note 6: Guaranteed by design and characterization.

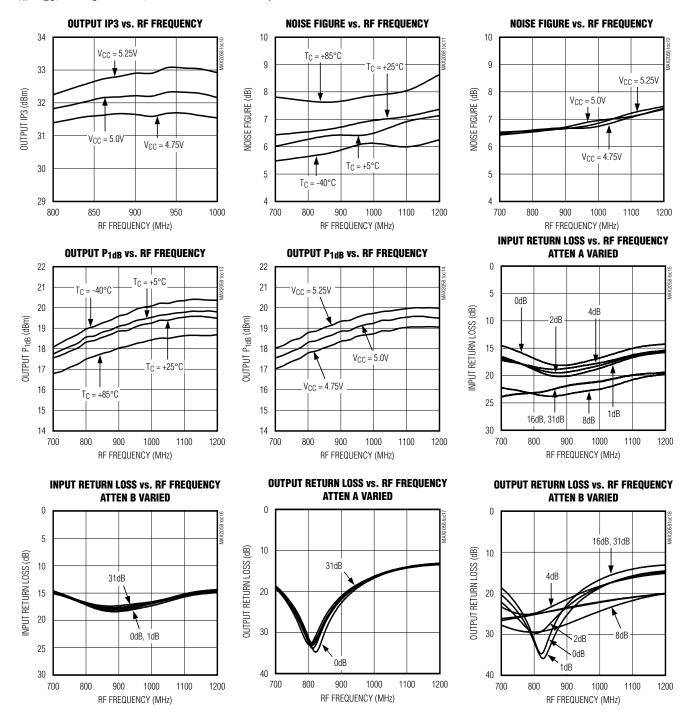
### Typical Operating Characteristics

(MAX2058 *Typical Application Circuit*,  $V_{CC} = +4.75V$  to +5.25V, digital attenuators set for maximum gain,  $700MHz \le f_{RF} \le 1200MHz$ ,  $40MHz \le f_{LO} \le 100MHz$ ,  $40MHz \le f_{LO} \le 100MHz$ ,  $40MHz \le f_{LO} \le 100MHz$ , 40MHz, 40M



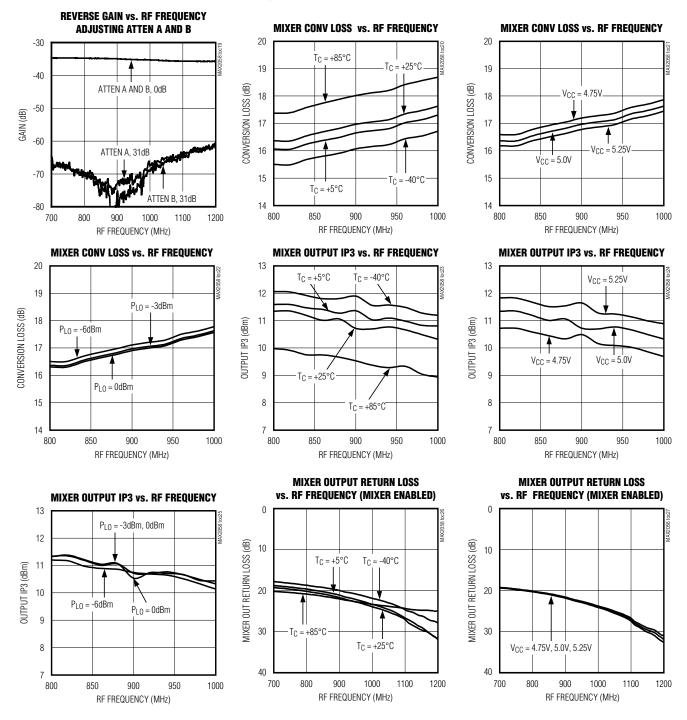
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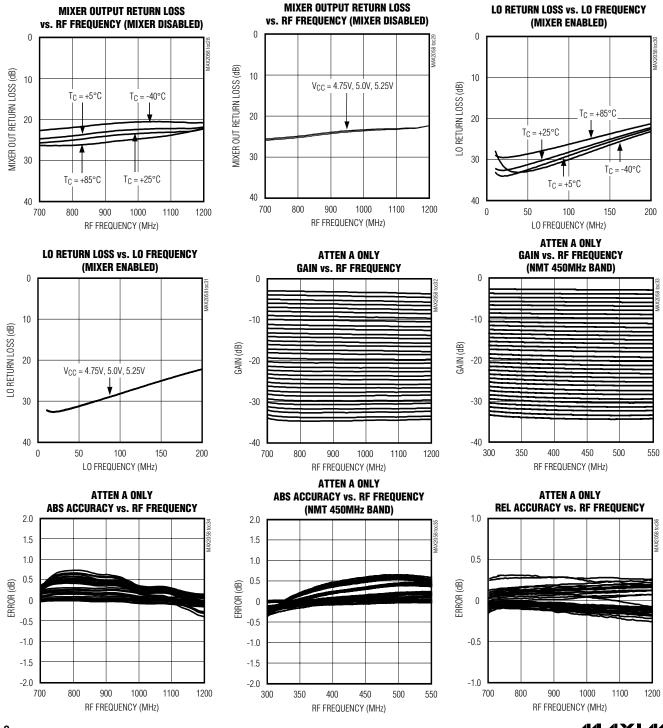
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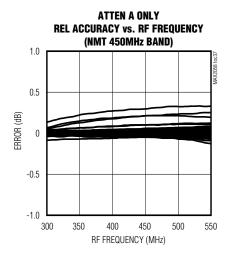
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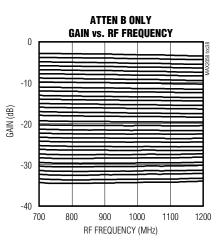
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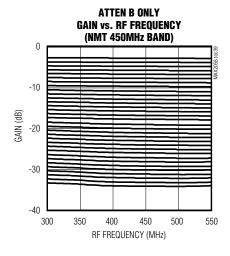


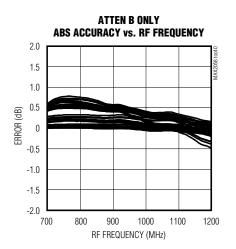
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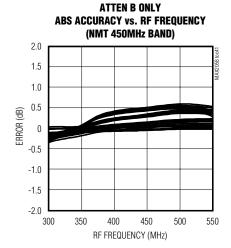
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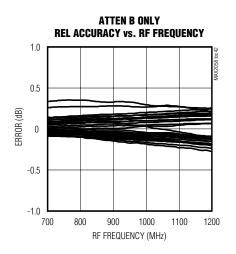


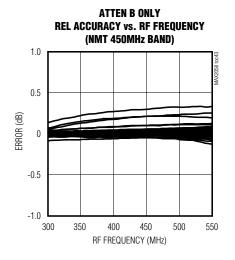


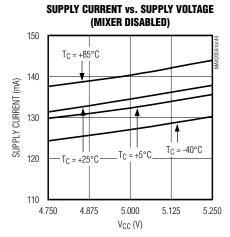


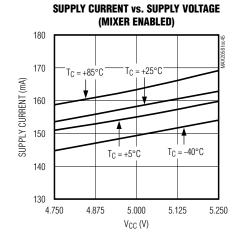
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10 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_/N/XI/M

## **Pin Description**

| PIN   | NAME       | FUNCTION  |
|---|------------|---|
| 1   | LO+        | Loopback Mixer Local Oscillator Positive Input  |
| 2   | LO-        | Loopback Mixer Local Oscillator Negative Input  |
| 3   | VCCLB      | Loopback Mixer Supply Voltage. +5V supply for the internal loopback mixer. Bypass to GND with 100pF and 0.1µF capacitors as close as possible to the pin. |
| 4   | LBOUT      | Loopback Mixer RF Output. Internally matched to $50\Omega$ . AC-couple with a capacitor.  |
| 5   | LB_EN      | Loopback Mixer Logic Input. Set to logic-low 0 to enable the mixer. Set to logic-high 1 to disable the mixer.   |
| 6   | DATA       | SPI Digital Data Input  |
| 7   | CLK        | SPI Clock Input   |
| 8   | CS         | SPI Chip-Select Input   |
| 9   | VCCLOGIC   | Logic Supply Voltage. +5V supply for the internal logic circuitry. Bypass to GND with 100pF and 0.1µF capacitors as close as possible to the pin.         |
| 10, 11, 13,<br>14, 16, 17,<br>19, 22, 24,<br>25, 26, 30,<br>32, 34, 35,<br>37, 38 | GND        | Ground  |
| 12  | ATTEN_OUTB | Attenuator B Output. Internally matched to $50\Omega$ .   |
| 15  | Vcc        | Attenuator B Supply. +5V supply for attenuator B. Bypass to GND with 100pF and 0.01µF capacitors as close as possible to the pin.                         |
| 18  | ATTEN_INB  | Attenuator B Input. Internally matched to $50\Omega$ .  |
| 20  | RSET2      | Output Amplifier Bias-Current-Setting Resistor. Sets the bias current for the output amplifier stage. Connect a $3.92k\Omega$ resistor to ground.         |
| 21  | VCCBIAS2   | Bias Circuit Supply Voltage. +5V supply for the internal bias circuitry. Bypass to GND with 1000pF and 0.1µF capacitors as close as possible to the pin.  |
| 23  | AMPOUT     | RF Amplifier Output. Internally matched to $50\Omega$ .   |
| 27  | VCCAMP     | RF Amplifier Supply Voltage. +5V supply for the RF amplifier. Bypass to GND with 1000pF and 0.1µF capacitors as close as possible to the pin.             |
| 28  | AMPIN      | RF Amplifier Input. Internally matched to $50\Omega$ .  |
| 29  | VCCBIAS1   | Bias Circuit Supply Voltage. +5V supply for the internal bias circuitry. Bypass to GND with 1000pF and 0.1µF capacitors as close as possible to the pin.  |
| 31  | RSET1      | Input Amplifier Bias-Current-Setting Resistor. Sets the bias current for the input amplifier stage. Connect a $1.2k\Omega$ resistor to ground.            |
| 33  | ATTEN_OUTA | Attenuator A Output. Internally matched to $50\Omega$ .   |
| 36  | Vcc        | Attenuator A Supply Voltage. +5V supply for attenuator A. Bypass to GND with 100pF and 0.01µF capacitors as close as possible to the pin.                 |
| 39  | ATTEN_INA  | Attenuator A Input. Internally matched to $50\Omega$ .  |
| 40  | LBBIAS     | Loopback Mixer Bias-Current-Setting Resistor. Sets the bias current for the mixer. Connect a $2k\Omega$ resistor to ground.                               |
| EP  | GND        | Exposed Ground Paddle. Solder the exposed paddle to GND using multiple vias.  |
|   | !          | <u>.                                      </u>  |

### Detailed Description

The MAX2058 high-linearity DVGA consists of two 5-bit, 31dB digital attenuators, a fixed-gain two-stage driver amplifier, a loopback mixer, and a serial interface to control the attenuators. This high level of component integration makes the MAX2058 ideal for base-station transmitter applications. The MAX2058 is designed to operate in the 700MHz to 1200MHz frequency ranges. The overall cascaded performance of the MAX2058 produces a typical 10.5dB gain, a +32.3dBm OIP3, a 19dBm OP1dB, and a total 62dB gain-control range.

#### 5-Bit Attenuators

The MAX2058 integrates two 5-bit digital attenuators to achieve a high dynamic range. Each attenuator has a 31dB control range, a 1dB step size, and is programmed with the 3-wire SPI. See the *Applications Information* section and Table 1 for attenuator programming details. The attenuators can be used for both static and dynamic power control.

**Table 1. Attenuator Programming** 

| ATTENUATOR A (5 MSBs) | ATTENUATOR B (5 LSBs) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Bit 9 = 16dB step     | Bit 4 = 16dB step     |
| Bit 8 = 8dB step      | Bit 3 = 8dB step      |
| Bit 7 = 4dB step      | Bit 2 = 4dB step      |
| Bit 6 = 2dB step      | Bit 1 = 2dB step      |
| Bit 5 = 1dB step      | Bit 0 = 1dB step      |

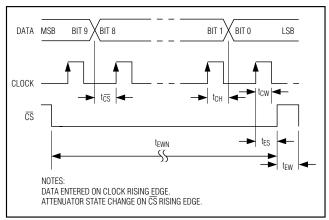


Figure 1. SPI Timing Diagram

#### **Driver Amplifier**

The MAX2058 includes a two-stage medium power amplifier with a fixed 17.5dB gain. The driver amplifier circuit is optimized for high linearity and medium output power capability for the 800MHz to 1000MHz frequency range. The driver amplifier is intended to amplify a modulated signal and drive a high-power amplifier in base-station transmitters. In a typical application, the driver amplifier is cascaded in between the two digital attenuators. See the *Typical Application Circuit*.

The two-stage amplifier stage can be disabled for applications where only the digital attenuators and/or loopback mixer are used. To disable the two-stage amplifier, ground or leave unconnected the amplifier supplies VCCBIAS2, VCCAMP, VCCBIAS1, and also the inputs for setting the amplifier bias currents RSET1, RSET2. This reduces the supply current by approximately 132mA under typical conditions.

#### **Loopback Mixer**

The MAX2058 loopback mixer uses a double-balanced active architecture designed to operate with a 700MHz to 1200MHz RF frequency range, and a 40MHz to 100MHz LO frequency range. The RF port of the mixer is connected internally (with an on-chip switch) to the input of the first attenuator stage. The mixer's IF port is matched for a single-ended  $50\Omega$  impedance, while the LO port requires a differential input impedance of  $100\Omega$ .

The loopback mixer facilitates a self-diagnostic mode for cellular transceivers, whereby the Tx band signal at the input of the mixer can be translated up or down to the corresponding Rx band. This translated signal can then be fed back to the radio's receiver for complete Tx/Rx loop diagnostics. The loopback mixer is enabled and disabled with LB\_EN. Set LB\_EN to a logic-low 0 to enable the mixer, set LB\_EN to a logic-high 1 to disable the mixer.

### \_Applications Information

#### **SPI Interface and Attenuator Settings**

The two 5-bit attenuators are programmed with the 3-wire SPI/MICROWIRE-compatible serial interface using 10-bit words. Bit 9 of the 10-bit data is shifted in first, along with all remaining data bits, on the rising edge of the clock regardless of  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  being high or low. Once all the data bits are shifted in, all will be sent to the attenuators on the rising edge of  $\overline{\text{CS}}$ , thus changing the attenuation state. For standard SPI operation, pull  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  low for the duration of a valid 10-bit data set (tewn). This  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  negative pulse width includes the setup time of the rising clock edge to  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  transitioning high (tes). See Figure 1.

The 5 MSBs of the 10-bit word program attenuator A, and the 5 LSBs of the 10-bit word program attenuator B. Each bit sets the attenuators to a corresponding attenuation level. For example, logic-low 0 for bit 5 and bit 0 of attenuator A and B, respectively, sets both attenuators at 1dB. 00000 configures both attenuators for 31dB attenuation and 11111 sets for 0dB attenuation. See Table 1 for programming details.

#### **External Bias**

Bias currents for the two-stage amplifier and the loop-back mixer are set and optimized with external resistors. Resistor R1 (pin 31) sets the bias current for the input amplifier, R2 (pin 20) sets the bias current for the output amplifier, and R3 (pin 40) sets the bias for the loopback mixer. The external biasing resistor values can be increased for reduced current operation at the expense of performance. Contact the factory for details.

#### **Board Layout**

The pin configuration of the MAX2058 has been optimized to facilitate a very compact physical layout of the device and its associated discrete components.

The exposed paddle (EP) of the MAX2058's thin QFN-EP package provides a low thermal-resistance path to the die. It is important that the PC board on which the MAX2058 is mounted be designed to conduct heat

from the EP. In addition, provide the EP with a low-inductance path to electrical ground. The EP **MUST** be soldered to a ground plane on the PC board, either directly or through an array of plated via holes.

Table 2. Component List Referring to the Typical Application Circuit

| COMPONENT                | VALUE  | DESCRIPTION                                     |
|--------------------------|--------|---|
| C1, C4, C10, C13,<br>C16 | 0.1µF  | Microwave capacitors (0603)                     |
| C2, C5, C8, C17          | 100pF  | Microwave capacitors (0402)                     |
| C3, C6, C14, C19         | 47pF   | Microwave capacitors (0402)                     |
| C7, C18                  | 0.01µF | Microwave capacitors (0402)                     |
| C9, C12, C15             | 1000pF | Microwave capacitors (0402)                     |
| C11                      | 3.9pF  | Microwave capacitor (0402)                      |
| R1                       | 1.2kΩ  | ±1% resistor (0402)                             |
| R2                       | 3.92kΩ | ±1% resistor (0402)                             |
| R3                       | 2.0kΩ  | ±1% resistor (0402)                             |
| R4                       | 110Ω   | ±1% resistor (0402)                             |
| T1                       | 2:1    | RF transformer (100:50)<br>Mini-Circuits TC2-1T |
| U1                       | _      | MAX2058 MAXIM IC                                |

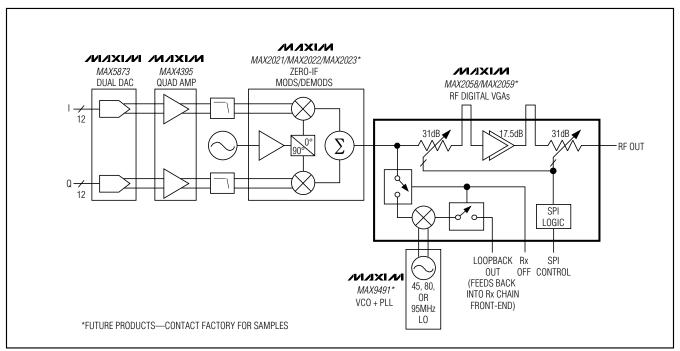


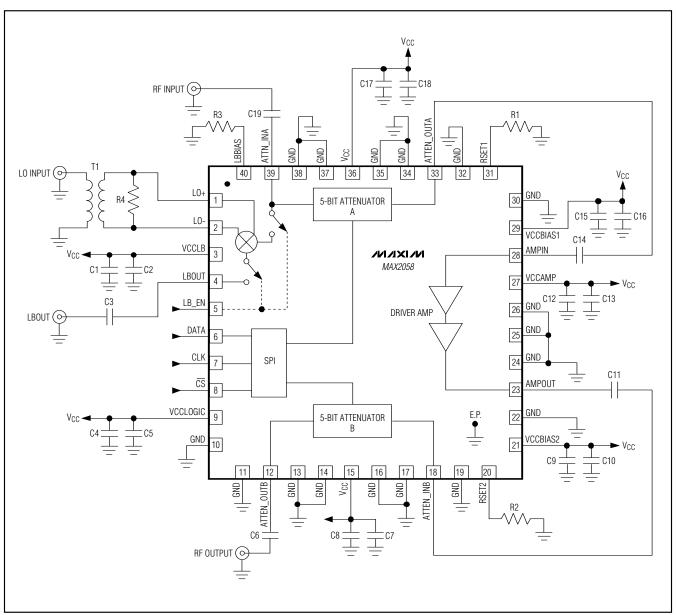
Figure 2. Direct Conversion Transmitter for GSM/EDGE Basestations

#### Direct-Conversion Base-Station Transmitter

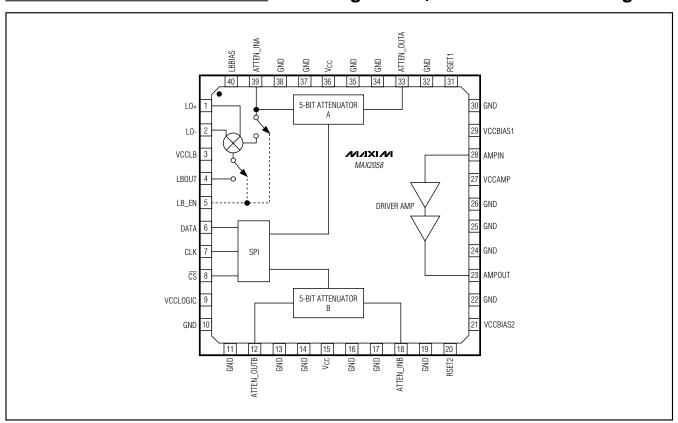
The MAX2058/MAX2059 are designed to interface directly with Maxim's direct-conversion quadrature modulators and high-speed DACs to provide a complete solution for GSM/EDGE base-station transmitter applications. See Figure 2. The MAX2058/MAX2059,

together with the MAX2021/MAX2022/MAX2023\* direct-conversion modulators/demodulators, the MAX5873 dual-channel DAC, and the MAX4395 quad amplifier, form an ideal total transmitter lineup. This overall system is highly efficient and low cost, while maintaining high linearity and low noise performance.

### Typical Application Circuit



### Pin Configuration/Functional Block Diagram



**Chip Information** 

Package Information

PROCESS: SiGe BiCMOS

For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.

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