

5V, 1 Mbit (128Kb x8) Low Power SRAM with Output Enable

ULTRA LOW DATA RETENTION CURRENT

- 10nA (typical)
- 2.0µA (max)
- OPERATION VOLTAGE: 5V ±10%
- 128Kb x 8 VERY FAST SRAM with OUTPUT ENABLE
- EQUAL CYCLE and ACCESS TIMES: 55ns
- LOW V_{CC} DATA RETENTION: 2V
- TRI-STATE COMMON I/O
- LOW ACTIVE and STANDBY POWER
- AUTOMATIC POWER-DOWN WHEN DESELECTED
- INTENDED FOR USE WITH ST ZEROPOWER[®] AND TIMEKEEPER[®] CONTROLLERS

DESCRIPTION

The M68Z128 is a 1 Mbit (1,048,576 bit) CMOS SRAM, organized as 131,072 words by 8 bits. The device features fully static operation requiring no external clocks or timing strobes, with equal address access and cycle times. It requires a single $5V \pm 10\%$ supply, and all inputs and outputs are TTL compatible.

Table	1.	Signal	Names
-------	----	--------	-------

A0-A16	Address Inputs
DQ0-DQ7	Data Input/Output
E1	Chip Enable 1
E2	Chip Enable 2
G	Output Enable
W	Write Enable
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage
V _{SS}	Ground
NC	Not Connected Internally

March 2000



Figure 1. Logic Diagram



Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
TA	Ambient Operating Temperature	0 to 70	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
V _{IO} ⁽²⁾	Input or Output Voltage	–0.3 to V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
I _O ⁽³⁾	Output Current	20	mA
PD	Power Dissipation	1	W

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾

Note: 1. Except for the rating "Operating Temperature Range", stresses above those listed in the Table "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality documents.

2. Up to a maximum operating V_{CC} of 5.5V only.

One output at a time, not to exceed 1 second duration.

Figure 2. TSOP Connections



This device has an automatic power-down feature, reducing the power consumption by over 99% when deselected.

The M68Z128 is available in TSOP32 (8 x 20mm) package.

READ MODE

The M68Z128 is in the Read mode whenever Write Enable (\overline{W}) is High with Output Enable (\overline{G}) Low, and both Chip Enables ($\overline{E1}$ and E2) are asserted. This provides access to data from eight of the 1,048,576 locations in the static memory array, specified by the 17 address inputs. Valid data will be available at the eight output pins within t_{AVQV} after the last stable address, providing \overline{G} is Low, $\overline{E1}$ is Low and E2 is High. If Chip Enable or Output Enable access times are not met, data access will be measured from the limiting parameter (t_{E1LQV}, t_{E2HQV}, or t_{GLQV}) rather than the address. Data out may be indeterminate at t_{E1LQX}, t_{E2HQX} and t_{GLQX}, but data lines will always be valid at t_{AVQV}.

WRITE MODE

The M68Z128 is in the Write mode whenever the \overline{W} and $\overline{E1}$ pins are Low, with E2 High. Either the Chip Enable inputs ($\overline{E1}$ and E2) or the Write Enable input (\overline{W}) must be de-asserted during Address transitions for subsequent write cycles. Write begins with the concurrence of both Chip Enables being active with \overline{W} low. Therefore, address setup time is referenced to Write Enable and both Chip Enables as t_{AVWL}, t_{AVE1L} and t_{AVE2H} respectively, and is determined by the latter occurring edge.

The Write cycle can be terminated by the earlier rising edge of $\overline{E1}$, \overline{W} , or the falling edge of E2.

If the Output is enabled ($\overline{E1}$ = Low, E2 = High and \overline{G} = Low), then \overline{W} will return the outputs to high impedance within t_{WLQZ} of its falling edge. Care must be taken to avoid bus contention in this type of operation. Data input must be valid for t_{DVWH} before the rising edge of Write Enable, or for t_{DVE1H} before the rising edge of $\overline{E1}$ or for t_{DVE2L} before the

57

Table 3. Operating Modes

Operation	E1	E2	W	G	DQ0-DQ7	Power
Read	VIL	VIH	VIH	VIH	Hi-Z	Active
Read	VIL	VIH	VIH	VIL	Data Output	Active
Write	VIL	VIH	VIL	Х	Data Input	Active
Deselect	V _{IH}	Х	Х	Х	Hi-Z	Standby
Deselect	Х	VIL	Х	Х	Hi-Z	Standby

Note: 1. $X = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} .

Table 4. AC Measurement Conditions

Input Rise and Fall Times	≤ 15ns
Input Pulse Voltages	0 to 3V
Input and Output Timing Ref. Voltages	1.5V

Note: Output Hi-Z is defined as the point where data is no longer driven.

falling edge of E2, whichever occurs first, and remain valid for t_{WHDX} , t_{E1HDX} or t_{E2LDX} .

OPERATIONAL MODE

The M68Z128 has a Chip Enable power down feature which invokes an automatic standby <u>mode</u> whenever either Chip Enable is de-asserted ($\overline{E1}$ = High or E2 = Low). An Output Enable (\overline{G}) signal provides a high speed tri-state control, allowing fast read/write cycles to be achieved with the common I/O data bus. Operational <u>modes</u> are determined by device control inputs \overline{W} , $\overline{E1}$, and E2 as summarized in the Operating Modes table.

Table 5. Capacitance ⁽¹⁾ ($T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$, f = 1 MHz)

Ī	Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
	C _{IN}	Input Capacitance on all pins (except DQ)	$V_{IN} = 0V$		9	pF
Î	C _{OUT} ⁽²⁾	Output Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0V		9	pF

Note: 1. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

2. Outputs deselected.

Figure 3. AC Testing Load Circuit



Figure 4. Block Diagram



Table 6. DC Characteristics

1 able 6. L	JC Characteristics
$(T_A = 0 to$	70°C; V _{CC} = 5V ±10%)
1	

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ILI	Input Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$			±1	μA
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$			±1	μA
Icc1 (1)	Supply Current	V _{CC} = 5.5V, (-55)		30	70	mA
I _{CC2} ⁽²⁾	Supply Current (Standby) TTL	$V_{CC} = 5.5V$, $\overline{E1} = V_{IH}$ or $E2 = V_{IL}$, f =0		0.1	2	mA
I _{CC3} ⁽³⁾	Supply Current (Standby) CMOS	$\label{eq:VCC} \begin{split} V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{V}, \overline{E1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3 \text{V} \\ \text{or } E2 \leq 0.3 \text{V}, \ \text{f} = 0 \end{split}$		0.4	20	μA
VIL	Input Low Voltage		-0.3		0.8	V
VIH	Input High Voltage		2.2		V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1mA			0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -1mA	2.4			V

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Note: 1. Average AC current, Outputs open, cycling at t_{AVAV} minimum.} \\ 2. \mbox{ All other Inputs at $V_{IL} \leq 0.8$V or $V_{IH} \geq 2.2$V.} \\ 3. \mbox{ All other Inputs at $V_{IL} \leq 0.3$V or $V_{IH} \geq V_{CC}$ -0.3$V.} \end{array}$



Table 7. Read and Standby Modes AC Characteristics (T_A = 0 to 70°C; V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%)

		M68	Z128	
Symbol	Parameter		-55	
		Min	Max	
t _{AVAV}	Read Cycle Time	55		ns
t _{AVQV} ⁽¹⁾	Address Valid to Output Valid		55	ns
t _{E1LQV} ⁽¹⁾	Chip Enable 1 Low to Output Valid		55	ns
t _{E2HQV} (1)	Chip Enable 2 High to Output Valid		55	ns
t _{GLQV} ⁽¹⁾	Output Enable Low to Output Valid		20	ns
t _{E1LQX} ⁽³⁾	Chip Enable 1 Low to Output Transition	5		ns
t _{E2HQX} ⁽³⁾	Chip Enable 2 High to Output Transition	5		ns
t _{GLQX} ⁽³⁾	Output Enable Low to Output Transition	0		ns
t _{E1HQZ} (2,3)	Chip Enable 1 High to Output Hi-Z		20	ns
t _{E2LQZ} (2,3)	Chip Enable 2 Low to Output Hi-Z		20	ns
t _{GHQZ} ^(2,3)	Output Enable High to Output Hi-Z		20	ns
t _{AXQX} ⁽¹⁾	Address Transition to Output Transition	5		ns
t _{PU}	Chip Enable 1 Low or Chip Enable 2 High to Power Up	0		ns
t _{PD}	Chip Enable 1 High or Chip Enable 2 Low to Power Down		55	ns

Note: 1. C_L = 100pF.
2. C_L = 5pF.
3. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{EIHQZ} + t_{EZHQZ} is less than t_{EILQX} and t_{EZLQX}, t_{GHQZ} is less than t_{GLQX} for any given device.

Figure 5. Address Controlled, Read Mode AC Waveforms



Note: $\overline{E1}$ = Low, E2 = High, \overline{G} = Low, \overline{W} = High.





Note: Write Enable (\overline{W}) = High.





57

6/12

Table 8. Write Mode AC Characteristics (T_A = 0 to 70°C; V_{CC} = 5V ±10%)

		M68	Z128	Unit
Symbol	Parameter	-5	55	
		Min	Max	
t _{AVAV}	Write Cycle Time	55		ns
t _{AVWL}	Address Valid to Write Enable Low	0		ns
t _{AVWH}	Address Valid to Write Enable High	45		ns
t _{AVE1H}	Address Valid to Chip Enable 1 High	45		ns
t _{AVE2L}	Address Valid to Chip Enable 2 Low	45		ns
t _{WLWH}	Write Enable Pulse Width	45		ns
t _{WHAX}	Write Enable High to Address Transition	0		ns
tWHDX	Write Enable High to Input Transition	0		ns
t _{WHQX} ⁽²⁾	Write Enable High to Output Transition	5		ns
t _{WLQZ} (1,2)	Write Enable Low to Output Hi-Z		20	ns
t _{AVE1L}	Address Valid to Chip Enable 1 Low	0		ns
t _{AVE2H}	Address Valid to Chip Enable 2 High	0		ns
te1Le1H	Chip Enable 1 Low to Chip Enable 1 High	45		ns
t _{E2HE2L}	Chip Enable 2 High to Chip Enable 2 Low	45		ns
t _{E1HAX}	Chip Enable 1 High to Address Transition	0		ns
t _{E2LAX}	Chip Enable 2 Low to Address Transition	0		ns
t _{DVWH}	Input Valid to Write Enable High	25		ns
t _{DVE1H}	Input Valid to Chip Enable 1 High	25		ns
t _{DVE2L}	Input Valid to Chip Enable 2 Low	25		ns

Note: 1. $C_L = 5pF$. 2. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{WHQX} is less than t_{WLQZ} for any given device.

57





Note: Output Enable $(\overline{G}) = Low$.





Note: 1. Output Enable (\overline{G}) = High. 2. If $\overline{E1}$ goes High or E2 goes Low simultaneously with \overline{W} high, the output remains in a high-impedance state.

57

Table 9. Low V_{CC} Data Retention Characteristics ($T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{CCDR}	Supply Current (Data Retention)	$V_{CC} = 3V, \overline{E1} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3V$ or $E2 \le 0.3V, f = 0$		0.01	2	μA
V _{DR}	Supply Voltage (Data Retention)	$\overline{E1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3V$ or E2 $\leq 0.3V,$ f = 0	2			V
t _{CDR}	Chip Disable to Power Down	$\overline{\text{E1}} \ge \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3\text{V} \text{ or } \text{E2} \le 0.3\text{V}, \text{ f} = 0$	0			ns
t _{ER} (1)	Operation Recovery Time		t _{AVAV}			ns

Note: 1. See Figure 10 for measurement points. Guaranteed but not tested. t_{AVAV} is Read cycle time.





Table 10. Ordering Information Scheme

Example:	M68Z128	-55 N 1
Device Type		
M68Z		
Speed		
-55 = 55ns		
Package		
N = TSOP32 (8 x 20mm)		
Temperature Range		
1 = 0 to 70 °C		

For a list of available options (Speed, Package, etc...) or for further information on any aspect of this device, please contact the STMicroelectronics Sales Office nearest to you.

Table 11. Revision History

Date	Revision Details				
May 1999	First Issue				
03/20/00	TSOP32 Package Mechanical Data changed (Table 12)				



Symbol	mm			inch		
	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Мах
A			1.200			0.0472
A1		0.050	0.150		0.0020	0.0059
A2		0.950	1.050		0.0374	0.0413
В		0.150	0.270		0.0059	0.0106
С		0.100	0.210		0.0039	0.0083
D		19.800	20.200		0.7795	0.7953
D1		18.300	18.500		0.7205	0.7283
е	0.500	-	-	0.0197	-	-
E		7.900	8.100		0.3110	0.3189
L		0.500	0.700		0.0197	0.0276
α		0°	5°		0°	5°
CP			0.100			0.0039
N		32			32	

Table 12. TSOP32 (Type I) - 32 lead Plastic Thin Small Outline, 8 x 20 mm, Package Mechanical Data

Figure 11. TSOP32 (Type I) - 32 lead Plastic Thin Small Outline, 8 x 20 mm, Package Outline



Drawing is not to scale.

Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, STMicroelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of STMicroelectronics. Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. STMicroelectronics products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval of STMicroelectronics.

All other names are the property of their respective owners.

STMicroelectronics GROUP OF COMPANIES Australia - Brazil - China - Finland - France - Germany - Hong Kong - India - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco -Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - U.S.A.

http://www.st.com

12/12

