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LM79XX Series 3-Terminal Negative Regulators

General Description

The LM79XX series of 3-terminal regulators is available with fixed output voltages of -5V, -8V, -12V, and -15V. These devices need only one external component—a compensation capacitor at the output. The LM79XX series is packaged in the TO-220 power package and is capable of supplying 1.5A of output current.

These regulators employ internal current limiting safe area protection and thermal shutdown for protection against virtually all overload conditions.

Low ground pin current of the LM79XX series allows output voltage to be easily boosted above the preset value with a resistor divider. The low quiescent current drain of

Connection Diagrams



Front View

Order Number LM7905CT, LM7912CT or LM7915CT See NS Package Number TO3B these devices with a specified maximum change with line and load ensures good regulation in the voltage boosted mode.

For applications requiring other voltages, see LM137 data sheet.

Features

- Thermal, short circuit and safe area protection
- High ripple rejection
- 1.5A output current
- 4% tolerance on preset output voltage

Typical Applications



TL/H/7340-3

.M79XX Series 3-Terminal Negative Regulators

*Required if regulator is separated from filter capacitor by more than 3". For value given, capacitor must be solid tantalum. 25 μF aluminum electrolytic may be substituted. †Required for stability. For value given, capacitor must be solid tantalum. 25 μF aluminum electrolytic may be substi-

tuted. Values given may be increased without limit. For output capacitance in excess of 100 μ F, a high current

diode from input to output (1N4001, etc.) will protect the regulator from momentary input shorts.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)		
If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.	Input-Output Differential ($V_0 = -5V$) ($V_0 = -12V$ and $-15V$)	25V 30V
Input Voltage $(V_0 = -5V)$ -25V $(V_0 = -12V \text{ and } -15V)$ -35V	Power Dissipation (Note 2) Operating Junction Temperature Range Storage Temperature Range Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	Internally Limited 0°C to +125°C -65°C to +150°C 230°C

Electrical Characteristics Conditions unless otherwise noted: $I_{OUT} = 500$ mA, $C_{IN} = 2.2 \ \mu$ F, $C_{OUT} = 1 \ \mu$ F, $0^{\circ}C \le T_J \le + 125^{\circ}C$, Power Dissipation ≤ 1.5 W.

Part Number Output Voltage			LM7905C -5V -10V			- Units
Input Voltage (unless otherwise specified)						
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	
V _O	Output Voltage	$\begin{array}{l} T_J = 25^\circ C\\ 5\mbox{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1A,\\ P \leq 15W \end{array}$	-4.8 -4.75	-5.0 (-20 $\leq V_{IN} \leq -$	-5.2 -5.25 -7)	V V V
ΔV _O	Line Regulation	T _J = 25°C, (Note 3)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			mV V mV V
ΔV _O	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C, (Note 3) 5 mA $\leq I_{OUT} \leq 1.5$ A 250 mA $\leq I_{OUT} \leq 750$ mA		15 5	100 50	mV mV
IQ	Quiescent Current	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$		1	2	mA
ΔlQ	Quiescent Current Change	With Line With Load, 5 mA $\leq I_{OUT} \leq 1A$		$(-25 \le V_{IN} \le -$	0.5 -7) 0.5	mA V mA
Vn	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, 10 Hz $\leq f \leq 100$ Hz		125		μV
	Ripple Rejection	f = 120 Hz	54	66 (−18 ≤ V _{IN} ≤ −	-8)	dB V
	Dropout Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_{OUT} = 1A$		1.1		V
IOMAX	Peak Output Current	$T_{\rm J}=25^{\circ}{\rm C}$		2.2		A
	Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$\begin{array}{l} I_{OUT}=5\text{ mA,}\\ 0\text{ C}\leq T_{J}\leq 100^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array}$		0.4		mV/°C



Part Number Output Voltage		LM7912C - 12V		LM7915C - 15V)			
	Input Voltage (unless	otherwise specified)	- 19V - 23V			Units			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Vo	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-11.5	-12.0	-12.5	-14.4	-15.0	- 15.6	V
		$5 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1 \text{A},$	-11.4		-12.6	-14.25		-15.75	V
		$P \le 15W$	(-27 :	$\leq V_{IN} \leq$	- 14.5)	(-30 :	$\leq V_{IN} \leq$	- 17.5)	V
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation	T _J = 25°C, (Note 3)		5	80		5	100	mV
			(-30 :			(-30			V
				3	30		3	50	mV
			(-22	$\leq V_{IN} \leq$	- 16)	(-26	$\leq V_{IN} \leq$	-20)	V
ΔV_O	Load Regulation	T _J = 25°C, (Note 3)							
		$5 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1.5 \text{A}$		15	200		15	200	mV
		$250 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 750 \text{ mA}$		5	75		5	75	mV
l _Q	Quiescent Current	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.5	3		1.5	3	mA
Δl _O	Quiescent Current	With Line			0.5			0.5	mA
	Change		(-30 :	$\leq V_{IN} \leq$	- 14.5)	(-30	$\leq V_{IN} \leq \cdot$	- 17.5)	V
		With Load, 5 mA \leq $I_{OUT} \leq$ 1A			0.5			0.5	mA
Vn	Output Noise Voltage	$T_{\mbox{\scriptsize A}}=$ 25°C, 10 Hz $\leq f \leq$ 100 Hz		300			375		μV
	Ripple Rejection	f = 120 Hz	54	70		54	70		dB
			(-25	$\leq V_{IN} \leq$	— 15)	(-30	$\leq V_{IN} \leq \cdot$	– 17.5)	V
	Dropout Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_{OUT} = 1A$		1.1			1.1		V
I _{OMAX}	Peak Output Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		2.2			2.2		Α
	Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$\begin{array}{l} I_{OUT}=5 \text{ mA,} \\ 0 \text{ C} \leq T_J \leq 100^\circ \text{C} \end{array}$		-0.8			-1.0		mV/°C

Flectrical Characteristics (Continued) Conditions unless otherwise noted: Lour = 500 mA Con = 22 uE

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee Specific Performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics. Note 2: Refer to Typical Performance Characteristics and Design Considerations for details.

Note 3: Regulation is measured at a constant junction temperature by pulse testing with a low duty cycle. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects must be taken into account.

Typical Applications (Continued)



Design Considerations

The LM79XX fixed voltage regulator series has thermal overload protection from excessive power dissipation, internal short circuit protection which limits the circuit's maximum current, and output transistor safe-area compensation for reducing the output current as the voltage across the pass transistor is increased.

Although the internal power dissipation is limited, the junction temperature must be kept below the maximum specified temperature (125° C) in order to meet data sheet specifications. To calculate the maximum junction temperature or heat sink required, the following thermal resistance values should be used:

Package	Typ	Max	Typ	Max
	^θ JC	^θ JC	^θ JA	^θ JA
	°C/W	°C/W	°C/W	°C/W
TO-220	3.0	5.0	60	40

 $P_{D \text{ MAX}} = \frac{T_{J \text{ Max}} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA}} \text{ or } \frac{T_{J \text{ Max}} T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}}$

 $\theta_{CA} = \theta_{CS} + \theta_{SA}$ (without heat sink)

Solving for $\mathsf{T}_J:$

 $\mathsf{T}_\mathsf{J} = \mathsf{T}_\mathsf{A} + \mathsf{P}_\mathsf{D} \left(\theta_\mathsf{JC} + \theta_\mathsf{CA} \right)$ or

 $= T_A + P_D \theta_{JA}$ (without heat sink)

Where:

- T_J = Junction Temperature
- T_A = Ambient Temperature
- P_D = Power Dissipation
- θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance
- θ_{JC} = Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance
- θ_{CA} = Case-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance
- θ_{CS} = Case-to-Heat Sink Thermal Resistance
- θ_{SA} = Heat Sink-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Typical Applications (Continued)

Bypass capacitors are necessary for stable operation of the LM79XX series of regulators over the input voltage and output current ranges. Output bypass capacitors will improve the transient response by the regulator.

The bypass capacitors, (2.2 μF on the input, 1.0 μF on the output) should be ceramic or solid tantalum which have good high frequency characteristics. If aluminum electrolytics are used, their values should be 10 μF or larger. The bypass capacitors should be mounted with the shortest leads, and if possible, directly across the regulator terminals.

















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