



- RF Bandwidth: 8.45 GHz to 9.55 GHz
- Fractional or Integer Modes
- Ultra Low Phase Noise
9.0 GHz; 50 MHz Ref.
-107 / -102 dBc/Hz @ 10 kHz (Int / frac)
-138 dBc/Hz @ 1 MHz (Open Loop)
- Figure of Merit (FOM)
-230 / -227 dBc/Hz (int / Frac)
- 24-bit Step Size, Resolution 3 Hz typ
- 350 MHz, 14-bit reference path input
- Frequency And Phase Modulation
- Integrated Frequency Sweeper
- Triggered Frequency Hopping
- External Triggering
- 40 Lead 6 x 6 mm SMT Package: 36 mm²

- VSAT Radio
- Microwave Point-To-Point Radios
- Test Equipment & Industrial Control
- Military End-Use
- Phased Array Applications
- FMCW Radar Systems

The block diagram illustrates the internal architecture of the AD9545, a 10-bit programmable clock divider. The core components include a **CONTROL** block, a **MODULATOR**, a **SWEEP** block, an **N Counter**, an **R Counter**, and a **PFD/CP** (Phase-Frequency Detector/Charge Pump) block. The **CONTROL** block is connected to pins 36 (TRIG), 33 (LD_SDO), 30 (SDI), 29 (SCK), 28 (SEN), and 27 (CEN). It also controls the **MODULATOR** and **SWEEP** blocks. The **MODULATOR** and **SWEEP** blocks are connected to the **N Counter** and **R Counter**, respectively. The **N Counter** and **R Counter** are connected to the **PFD/CP** block, which outputs to pin 18 (CP). The **PFD/CP** block is also connected to pin 19 (AVDD) and pin 20 (BIAS). The **CONTROL** block is also connected to pin 34 (VCCPS) and pin 32 (VDDIO). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 25 (VDDPD) and pin 24 (XREFP). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 23 (NC) and pin 22 (NC). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 21 (RVDD). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 17 (VPPCPA) and pin 16 (VDDL). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 15 (VCCHF) and pin 14 (GND). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 13 (NC) and pin 12 (NC). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 11 (NC) and pin 10 (NC). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 9 (NC) and pin 8 (VCCVC02). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 7 (GND) and pin 6 (VTUNE). The **CONTROL** block is connected to pin 5 (GND) and pin 4 (GND). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 3 (GND) and pin 2 (GND). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 1 (NC) and pin 39 (GND). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 38 (RFOUT) and pin 37 (GND). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 36 (TRIG) and pin 35 (NC). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 34 (VCCPS) and pin 33 (LD_SDO). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 32 (VDDIO) and pin 31 (DVDD). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 30 (SDI) and pin 29 (SCK). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 28 (SEN) and pin 27 (CEN). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 26 (NC) and pin 25 (VDDPD). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 24 (XREFP) and pin 23 (NC). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 22 (NC) and pin 21 (RVDD). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 20 (BIAS) and pin 19 (AVDD). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 18 (CP) and pin 17 (VPPCPA). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 16 (VDDL) and pin 15 (VCCHF). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 14 (GND) and pin 13 (NC). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 12 (NC) and pin 11 (NC). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 10 (NC) and pin 9 (NC). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 8 (VCCVC02) and pin 7 (GND). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 6 (VTUNE) and pin 5 (GND). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 4 (GND) and pin 3 (GND). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 2 (GND) and pin 1 (NC). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 39 (GND) and pin 38 (RFOUT). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 37 (GND) and pin 36 (TRIG). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 35 (NC) and pin 34 (VCCPS). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 33 (LD_SDO) and pin 32 (VDDIO). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 31 (DVDD) and pin 30 (SDI). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 29 (SCK) and pin 28 (SEN). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 27 (CEN) and pin 26 (NC). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 25 (VDDPD) and pin 24 (XREFP). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 23 (NC) and pin 22 (NC). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 21 (RVDD) and pin 20 (BIAS). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 19 (AVDD) and pin 18 (CP). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 17 (VPPCPA) and pin 16 (VDDL). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 15 (VCCHF) and pin 14 (GND). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 13 (NC) and pin 12 (NC). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 11 (NC) and pin 10 (NC). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 9 (NC) and pin 8 (VCCVC02). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 7 (GND) and pin 6 (VTUNE). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 5 (GND) and pin 4 (GND). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 3 (GND) and pin 2 (GND). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 1 (NC) and pin 39 (GND). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 38 (RFOUT) and pin 37 (GND). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 36 (TRIG) and pin 35 (NC). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 34 (VCCPS) and pin 33 (LD_SDO). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 32 (VDDIO) and pin 31 (DVDD). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 30 (SDI) and pin 29 (SCK). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 28 (SEN) and pin 27 (CEN). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 26 (NC) and pin 25 (VDDPD). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 24 (XREFP) and pin 23 (NC). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 22 (NC) and pin 21 (RVDD). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 20 (BIAS) and pin 19 (AVDD). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 18 (CP) and pin 17 (VPPCPA). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 16 (VDDL) and pin 15 (VCCHF). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 14 (GND) and pin 13 (NC). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 12 (NC) and pin 11 (NC). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 10 (NC) and pin 9 (NC). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 8 (VCCVC02) and pin 7 (GND). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 6 (VTUNE) and pin 5 (GND). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 4 (GND) and pin 3 (GND). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 2 (GND) and pin 1 (NC). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 39 (GND) and pin 38 (RFOUT). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 37 (GND) and pin 36 (TRIG). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 35 (NC) and pin 34 (VCCPS). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 33 (LD_SDO) and pin 32 (VDDIO). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 31 (DVDD) and pin 30 (SDI). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 29 (SCK) and pin 28 (SEN). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 27 (CEN) and pin 26 (NC). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 25 (VDDPD) and pin 24 (XREFP). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 23 (NC) and pin 22 (NC). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 21 (RVDD) and pin 20 (BIAS). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 19 (AVDD) and pin 18 (CP). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 17 (VPPCPA) and pin 16 (VDDL). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 15 (VCCHF) and pin 14 (GND). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 13 (NC) and pin 12 (NC). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 11 (NC) and pin 10 (NC). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 9 (NC) and pin 8 (VCCVC02). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 7 (GND) and pin 6 (VTUNE). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 5 (GND) and pin 4 (GND). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 3 (GND) and pin 2 (GND). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 1 (NC) and pin 39 (GND). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 38 (RFOUT) and pin 37 (GND). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 36 (TRIG) and pin 35 (NC). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 34 (VCCPS) and pin 33 (LD_SDO). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 32 (VDDIO) and pin 31 (DVDD). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 30 (SDI) and pin 29 (SCK). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 28 (SEN) and pin 27 (CEN). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 26 (NC) and pin 25 (VDDPD). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 24 (XREFP) and pin 23 (NC). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 22 (NC) and pin 21 (RVDD). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 20 (BIAS) and pin 19 (AVDD). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 18 (CP) and pin 17 (VPPCPA). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 16 (VDDL) and pin 15 (VCCHF). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 14 (GND) and pin 13 (NC). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 12 (NC) and pin 11 (NC). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 10 (NC) and pin 9 (NC). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 8 (VCCVC02) and pin 7 (GND). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 6 (VTUNE) and pin 5 (GND). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 4 (GND) and pin 3 (GND). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 2 (GND) and pin 1 (NC). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 39 (GND) and pin 38 (RFOUT). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 37 (GND) and pin 36 (TRIG). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 35 (NC) and pin 34 (VCCPS). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 33 (LD_SDO) and pin 32 (VDDIO). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 31 (DVDD) and pin 30 (SDI). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 29 (SCK) and pin 28 (SEN). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 27 (CEN) and pin 26 (NC). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 25 (VDDPD) and pin 24 (XREFP). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 23 (NC) and pin 22 (NC). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 21 (RVDD) and pin 20 (BIAS). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 19 (AVDD) and pin 18 (CP). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 17 (VPPCPA) and pin 16 (VDDL). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 15 (VCCHF) and pin 14 (GND). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 13 (NC) and pin 12 (NC). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 11 (NC) and pin 10 (NC). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 9 (NC) and pin 8 (VCCVC02). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 7 (GND) and pin 6 (VTUNE). The **SWEEP** block is connected to pin 5 (GND) and pin 4 (GND). The **N Counter** is connected to pin 3 (GND) and pin 2 (GND). The **R Counter** is connected to pin 1 (NC) and pin 39 (GND). The **PFD/CP** block is connected to pin 38 (RFOUT) and pin 37 (GND). The **MODULATOR** is connected to pin 36 (TRIG) and pin 35 (NC). The **SW**

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FRACTIONAL-N PLL WITH INTEGRATED VCO, 8.45 - 9.55 GHz

General Description

The HMC767LP6CE is a fully functioned Fractional-N Phase-Locked-Loop (PLL) Frequency Synthesizer with an integrated Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO). The input reference frequency range is DC to 350 MHz while the advanced delta-sigma modulator design in the fractional synthesizer allows both ultra-fine step sizes and very low spurious products. The highly integrated structure provides excellent phase noise performance over temperature, shock and process. In addition, the HMC767LP6CE offers frequency sweep and modulation features, external triggering, double-buffering, exact frequency control, phase modulation and more. The HMC767LP6CE is packaged in a leadless QFN 6 x 6 mm surface mount package.

For theory of operation and register map refer to the "PLLs w/ Integrated VCO - Microwave VCOs" Operating Guide. To view the [Operating Guide](#), please visit www.hittite.com and choose HMC767LP6CE from the "Search by Part Number" pull down menu.

**Electrical Specifications, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$; V_{CCVCO} , V_{DDL5} , $V_{PPCPA} = +5V$;
 R_{VDD} , A_{VDD} , V_{CCPS} , V_{CCHF} , V_{DDPD} , D_{VDD} , $V_{DDIO} = +3.3V$**

Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
RF Output Characteristics					
VCO Output Frequency Range		8.45	9.0	9.55	GHz
VCO Output Power ^[1]			12		dBm
VCO Tuning Voltage		2		13	V
VCO Tuning Sensitivity	$V_{TUNE} = 6V$		150		MHz/V
Frequency Pulling	into a 2:1 VSWR		6		MHz pp
Frequency Pushing	$V_{TUNE} = 5V$		20		MHz/V
Frequency Drift Rate			0.8		MHz/°C
Sub Harmonic (1/2)			40		dBc
Harmonic (2 nd)			15		dBc
Harmonic (3 rd)			40		dBc
VCO SSB Phase Noise @ 100 kHz Offset (Open Loop)	$V_{TUNE} = +5V$ $F_{VCO} = 9.0\text{ GHz}$		-115		dBc/Hz
Synthesizer In-Band SSB Phase Noise @ 10 kHz Offset (Integer / Fractional)	$F_{ref} = 50\text{ MHz}$ $F_{VCO} = 9.0\text{ GHz}$ Loop BW = 100 kHz		-107/-102		dBc/Hz
Synthesizer Noise Floor, Figure Of Merit (Integer / Fractional)			-230 / -227		dBc/Hz
Synthesizer Fractional Spurs ^[2]			-65	-38	dBc
Synthesizer Frequency Settling Time (100 MHz Step)	9.0 GHz to 9.1 GHz Loop BW = 100 kHz, 10°		433		μs
RF/2 Divider Range					
> 4GHz Integer Mode	16 bit, even values only	32		131,070	
< 4GHz Integer Mode	16 bit, all values	16		65,535	
> 4GHz Fractional Mode	16 bit	40		131,065	
< 4GHz Fractional Mode	16 bit	20		65,531	

[1] See power output vs. tuning voltage graph for power slope.

[2] Actual spur level is dependent on loop parameters and will increase at division ratios closest to integer boundaries.

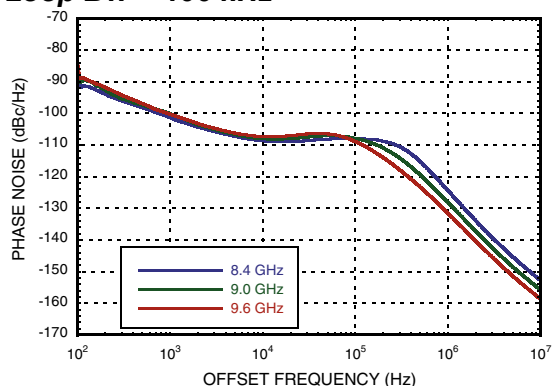

**FRACTIONAL-N PLL WITH
INTEGRATED VCO, 8.45 - 9.55 GHz**
Electrical Specifications (Continued)

Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
REF Input Characteristics					
Frequency Range (3.3V)		DC	50	350	MHz
Power From 50Ω Source	With off chip 100Ω termination		6		dBm
Return Loss		-16		-8	dBm
Ref Divider Range (14-Bit)		1		16,383	
Phase Detector Rate					
Integer Mode		DC	50	115	MHz
Fractional Mode A		DC	50	80	MHz
Fractional Mode B		DC	50	100	MHz
Charge Pump					
CP Output Current	20μA steps CP_gain = CP_current ÷ 2Π (amps/rad)	0.02		2.5	mA
CP HIK	see "Charge Pump Gain" section of "Operation Guide"		3.5	6	mA
Logic Inputs					
Switching Threshold (Vsw)	VIH/VIL within 50mV of Vsw	38	47	54	%VDDIO
Logic Outputs					
VOH Output High Voltage			VDDIO		V
VOL Output Low Voltage			0		V
Output Impedance: Pull Up	VDDIO = 3.3V	115	150	180	Ω
Output Impedance: Pull Dn	VDDIO = 3.3V	130	135	210	Ω
DC Load				1.5	mA
Digital Output Driver Delay SCK to Digital Output Delay	1.7 ns with a 3 pF load		0.5ns + 0.2ns/pF 8.2ns + 0.2ns/pF		ns
Power Supply Voltages					
VCCVCO - VCO Supply		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
RVDD, AVDD, VCCPS, VCCHF, VDDPD - Analog Supply	all must be equal	2.7	3.3	3.5	V
DVDD, VDDIO - Digital Supply	both must be equal	2.7	3.3	3.5	V
VDDLs, VPPCPA - Charge pump	both must be equal	4.7	5.0	5.2	V
Power Supply Currents					
5.0V - VCO Current Consumption		230	250	270	mA
3.3V - PLL Current Consumption	all modes	34	54	95	mA
5.0V - Charge Pump Current Consumption	all modes	3	7	16	mA
Power Down Current	except VCO			100	μA
Bias Reference Voltage (Pin 20)	Measured with 10 GΩ meter	1.88	1.92	1.96	V

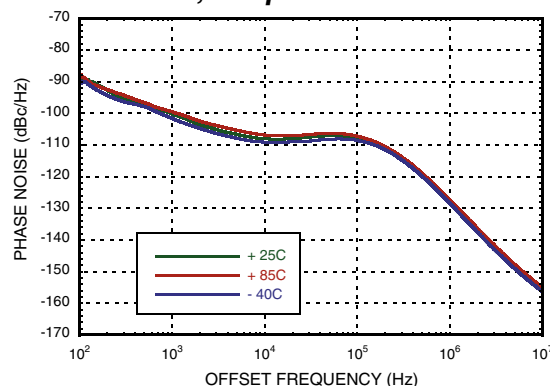


FRACTIONAL-N PLL WITH INTEGRATED VCO, 8.45 - 9.55 GHz

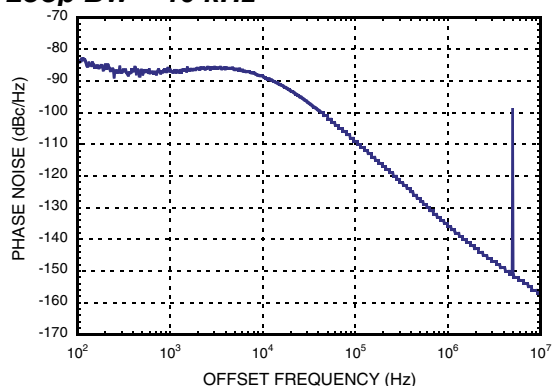
**SSB Phase Noise vs. Frequency,
Integer Mode, Fref = 50 MHz,
Loop BW = 100 kHz**



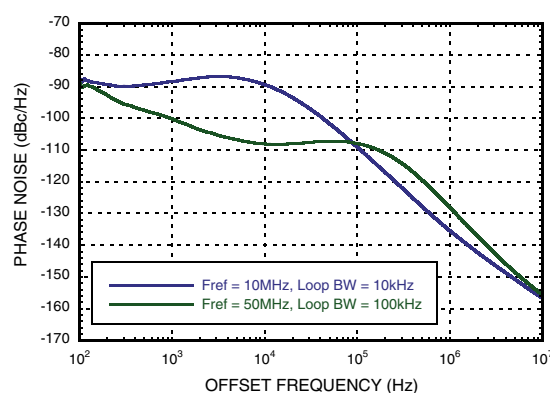
**SSB Phase Noise vs. Temperature
@ 9.0 GHz, Integer Mode,
Fref = 50 MHz, Loop BW = 100 kHz**



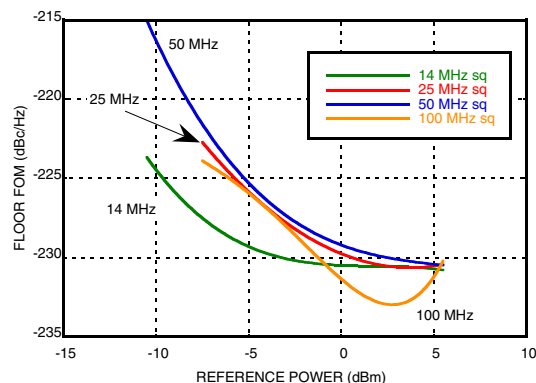
**SSB Phase Noise Fractional Spurs @
9.01 GHz, Fref = 10 MHz,
Loop BW = 10 kHz**



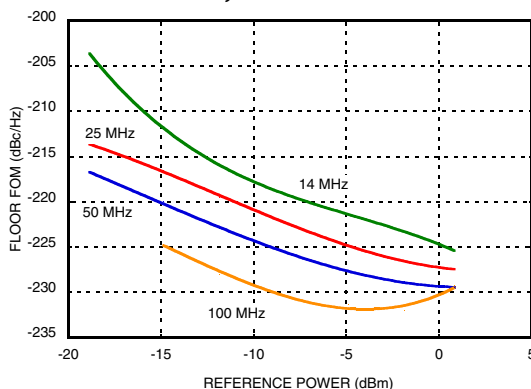
**SSB Phase Noise vs. Reference Freq. &
Loop BW @ 9.0 GHz, Integer Mode**



**Reference Input Sensitivity,
Square Wave, 50Ω**



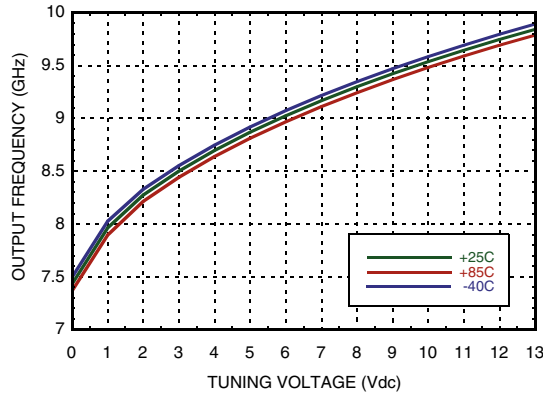
**Reference Input Sensitivity,
Sinusoid Wave, 50Ω**



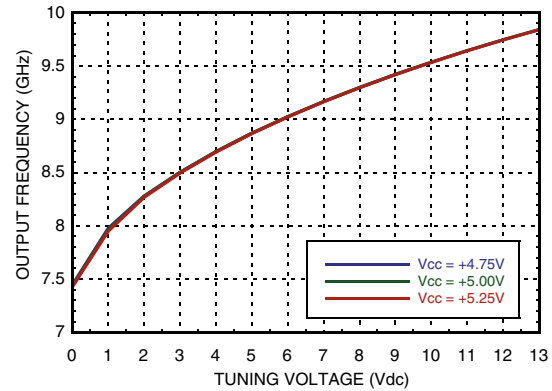


**FRACTIONAL-N PLL WITH
INTEGRATED VCO, 8.45 - 9.55 GHz**

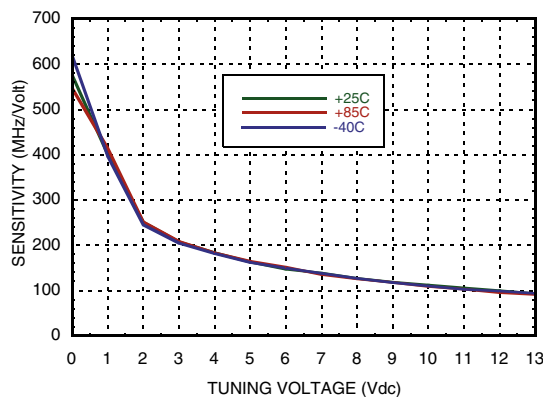
**Frequency vs. Tuning Voltage,
Vcc = +5V**



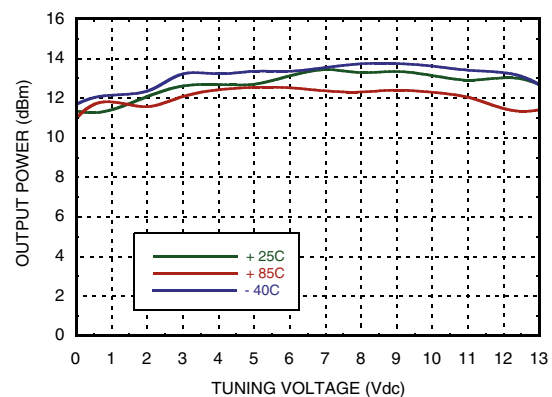
**Frequency vs. Tuning Voltage,
T = 25°C**



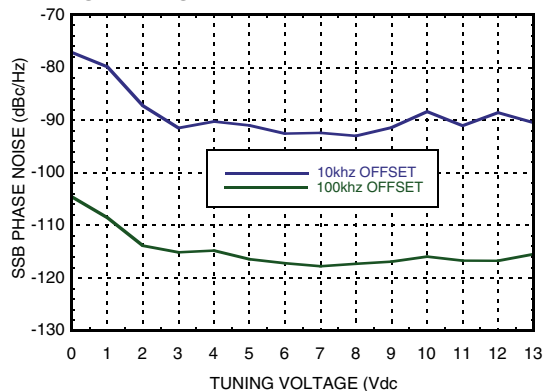
**Sensitivity vs. Tuning Voltage,
Vcc = +5V**



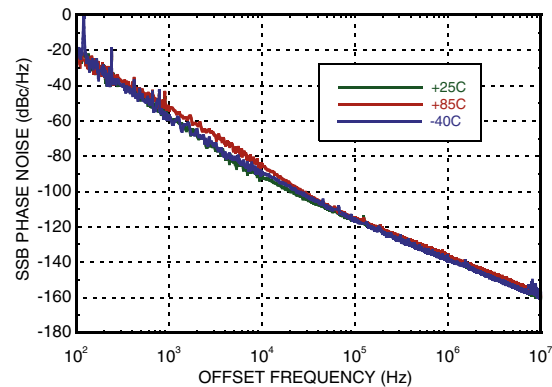
**Output Power vs. Tuning Voltage,
Vcc = +5V**



**Open Loop VCO SSB Phase Noise vs.
Tuning Voltage**



**Open Loop VCO SSB Phase Noise,
Vtune = +5V**





FRACTIONAL-N PLL WITH INTEGRATED VCO, 8.45 - 9.55 GHz

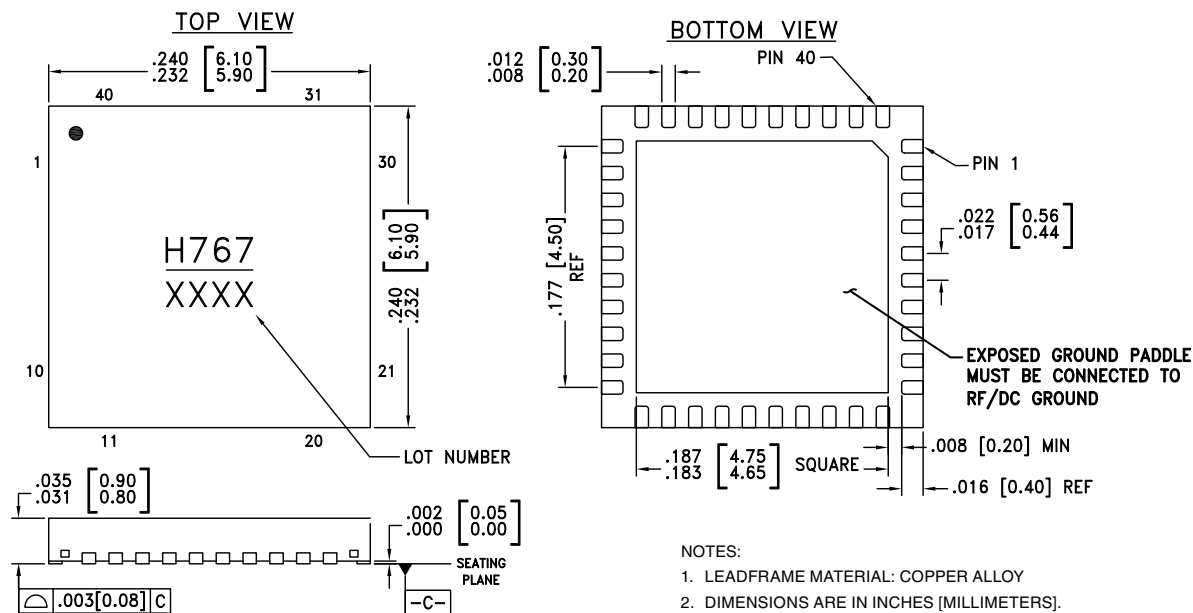
Absolute Maximum Ratings

VCCVCO1, VCCVCO2	+5.5V
Vtune	0 to +15V
RVDD, AVDD, VCCPS, VCCHF, VDDPD	-0.3V to +3.6V
DVDD, VDDIO	-0.3V to +3.6V
VDDL, VPPCPA	-0.3V to +5.5V
Digital Load	1 K Ω min.
Digital Input 1.4V to 1.7V min. rise time	20 ns
Digital Input Voltage Range	-0.25V to VDDIO + 0.5V
Storage Temperature Range	-65° C to +125° C
ESD Sensitivity (HBM)	Class 1A

Reliability Information

Junction Temperature To Maintain 1 Million Hours MTTF	135 °C
Nominal Junction Temperature (T = +85°C)	121.3 °C
Thermal Resistance (Junction to GND Paddle, 5V Supply)	24.8 °C/W
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85°C

Outline Drawing



Package Information

Part Number	Package Body Material	Lead Finish	MSL Rating	Package Marking ^[1]
HMC767LP6CE	RoHS-compliant Low Stress Injection Molded Plastic	100% matte Sn	MSL3	H767 XXXX

[1] 4-Digit lot number XXXX



FRACTIONAL-N PLL WITH INTEGRATED VCO, 8.45 - 9.55 GHz

Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Function	Description
1, 9 - 14, 22, 23, 26, 35	N/C	No connection. These pins may be connected to RF/DC ground. Performance will not be affected.
2 - 5, 37, 39	GND [1]	Pins must be connected to RF/DC ground
7	GND	This pin and package bottom must be connected to RF/DC ground
6	VTUNE	Control voltage input. Modulation port bandwidth dependent on drive source impedance.
8	VCCVCO2	+ 5V power supply for VCO.
15	VCCHF	Analog power supply for RF buffer. Nominal + 3.3V, 6 mA max.
16	VDDL5	Power supply for PFD to CP level shifters. Nominal + 5V, 5 mA max., Fpd dependent.
17	VPPCPA	Power Supply for the charge pump. Nominal + 5V, 10 mA Max.
18	CP	Charge pump output
19	AVDD	Power Supply for analog bias generation. Nominal + 3.3V, 2 mA Max.
20	BIAS [2]	External bypass decoupling for precision bias circuits, 1.920V $\pm$ 2 mV is generated internally
21	RVDD	Power Supply for Reference Path. Nominal + 3.3V, 15 mA Max., reference dependent
24	XREFP	Reference input. DC bias is generated internally. Normally AC coupled externally.
25	VDDPD	Power supply for phase detector. Nominal + 3.3V. Decoupling for this supply is critical. 5 mA max., Fpd dependent.
27	CEN	CMOS input, hardware chip enable.
28	SEN	CMOS input, serial port latch enable.
29	SCK	CMOS input, serial port clock.
30	SDI	CMOS input, serial port data.
31	DVDD	Power supply for digital. Nominal + 3.3V, 25 mA max., Fpd dependent.
32	VDDIO	Power supply for digital I/O. Nominal + 3.3V, 8 mA max. (only when driving LD_SDO)
33	LD_SDO	CMOS output. General purpose output; lock detect, serial data out, others, selectable
34	VCCPS	Power supply for RF divider. Nominal + 3.3V, 35 mA max.
36	TRIG	CMOS input. External trigger.
38	RFOUT	RF output (AC coupled).
40	VCCVCO1	Power Supply for VCO. Nominal +5V, High Current, VCO dependent

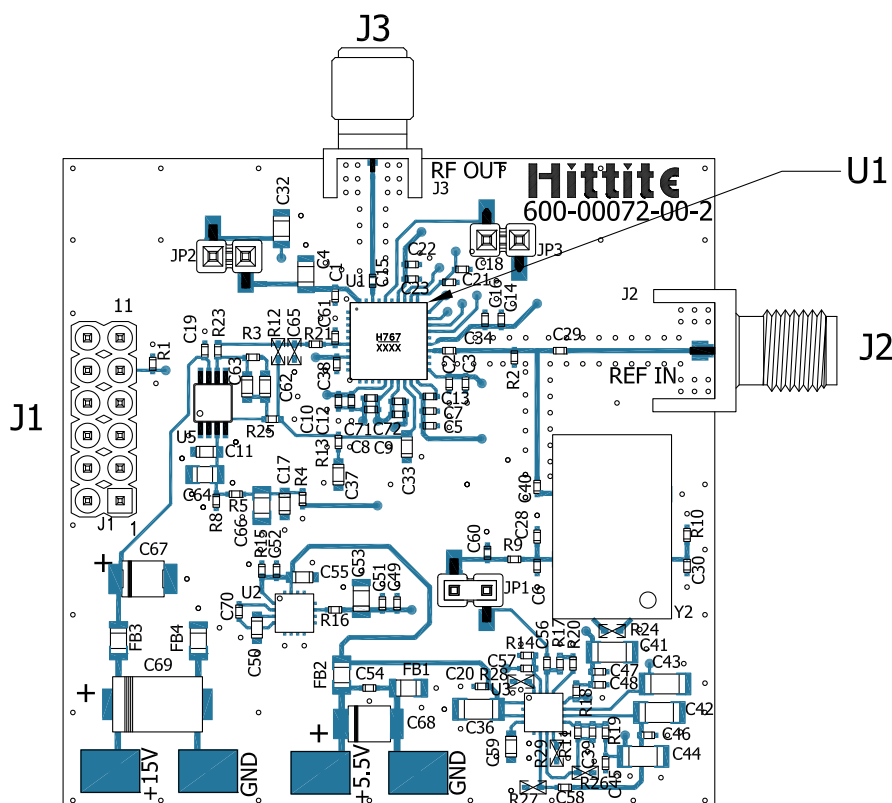
[1] Pin is not connected internally, however, pin must be connected to GND to maintain product family pin for pin compatibility.

[2] BIAS ref voltage (pin 20) cannot drive an external load, and must be measured with a 10 GOhm meter such as Agilent 34410A; a typical 10 Mohm DVM will read erroneously.



**FRACTIONAL-N PLL WITH
INTEGRATED VCO, 8.45 - 9.55 GHz**

Evaluation PCB



The circuit board used in the application should use RF circuit design techniques. Signal lines should have 50 Ohm impedance while the package ground leads and exposed paddle should be connected directly to the ground plane similar to that shown. A sufficient number of via holes should be used to connect the top and bottom ground planes. The evaluation circuit board shown is available from Hittite upon request.

Evaluation PCB Schematic

To view this Evaluation PCB Schematic please visit www.hittite.com and choose HMC767LP6CE from the "Search by Part Number" pull down menu to view the product splash page.

Evaluation Order Information

Item	Contents	Part Number
Evaluation PCB Only	HMC767LP6CE Evaluation PCB	130369-HMC767LP6CE
Evaluation Kit	HMC767LP6CE Evaluation PCB USB Interface Board 6' USB A Male to USB B Female Cable CD ROM (Contains User Manual, Evaluation Software, Hittite PLL Design Software)	EKIT01-HMC767LP6CE