

## Smart Highside Power Switch

### Features

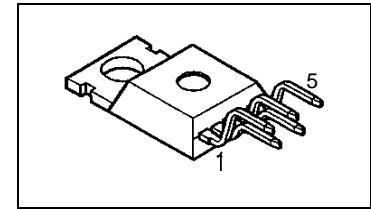
- Clamp of negative voltage at output
- Short-circuit protection
- Current limitation
- Thermal shutdown
- Diagnostic feedback
- Open load detection in ON-state
- CMOS compatible input
- **Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection**
- Loss of ground and loss of  $V_{bb}$  protection<sup>1)</sup>
- Reverse battery protection
- Undervoltage and overvoltage shutdown with auto-restart and hysteresis

### Product Summary

$V_{bb} - V_{OUT}$ Avalanche Clamp	50	V
$V_{bb}$ (operation)	4.5 ... 32	V
$V_{bb}$ (reverse)	-32	V
$R_{ON}$	38	$m\Omega$
$I_L(\text{lim})$	36	A
$I_L(\text{ISO})$	11	A

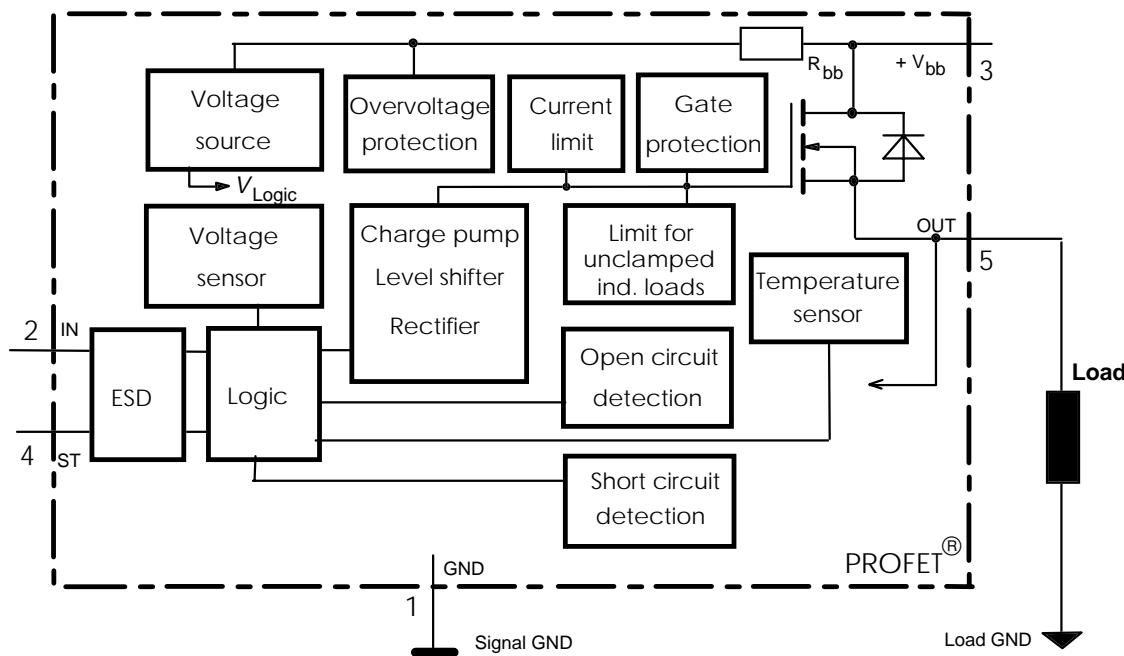
### Application

- $\mu$ C compatible power switch with diagnostic feedback for 12 V and 24 V DC grounded loads
- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads
- Replaces electromechanical relays and discrete circuits



### General Description

N channel vertical power FET with charge pump, ground referenced CMOS compatible input and diagnostic fault feedback, integrated in Smart SIPMOS® chip on chip technology. Fully protected by embedded protection functions.



<sup>1)</sup> Additional external diode required for charged inductive loads

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Function</b>
1	GND -	Logic ground
2	IN I	Input, activates the power switch in case of logical high signal
3	Vbb +	Positive power supply voltage, the tab is shorted to this pin
4	ST S	Diagnostic feedback, low on failure
5	OUT O (Load, L)	Output to the load

**Maximum Ratings** at  $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Values</b>	<b>Unit</b>
Supply voltage (overvoltage protection see page 3)	$V_{bb}$	54	V
Load current (Short-circuit current, see page 4)	$I_L$	self-limited	A
Operating temperature range	$T_j$	-40 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-55 ... +150	
Power dissipation (DC)	$P_{tot}$	125	W
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation	$E_{AS}$	1.7	J
Electrostatic discharge capability (ESD)	$V_{ESD}$	2.0	kV
Input voltage (DC)	$V_{IN}$	-10 ... +16	V
Current through input pin (DC)	$I_{IN}$	$\pm 5.0$	mA
Current through status pin (DC) see internal circuit diagrams page 6...	$I_{ST}$	$\pm 5.0$	
Thermal resistance chip - case: chip - ambient:	$R_{thJC}$ $R_{thJA}$	$\leq 1$ $\leq 75$	K/W

### Electrical Characteristics

Parameter and Conditions at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	

### Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics

On-state resistance (pin 3 to 5)					
$I_L = 2\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ : $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$R_{ON}$	--	30 55	38 70
Nominal load current (pin 3 to 5)	ISO Proposal: $V_{ON} = 0.5\text{ V}$ , $T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{L(ISO)}$	9	11	--
Output current (pin 5) while GND disconnected or GND pulled up, see diagram page 7		$I_{L(GNDhigh)}$	--	--	1
Turn-on time	to 90% $V_{OUT}$ :	$t_{on}$	50	160	260
Turn-off time	to 10% $V_{OUT}$ :	$t_{off}$	10	--	60
$R_L = 12\Omega$					
Slew rate on 10 to 30% $V_{OUT}$ , $R_L = 12\Omega$		$dV/dt_{on}$	0.4	--	2
Slew rate off 70 to 40% $V_{OUT}$ , $R_L = 12\Omega$		$-dV/dt_{off}$	1	--	4
					$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

### Operating Parameters

Operating voltage	$T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{bb(on)}$	4.5	--	32	V
Undervoltage shutdown	$T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{bb(under)}$	2.4	--	4.5	V
Undervoltage restart	$T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{bb(u\ rst)}$	--	--	4.5	V
Undervoltage restart of charge pump see diagram page 12		$V_{bb(ucp)}$	--	6.5	7.5	V
Undervoltage hysteresis $\Delta V_{bb(under)} = V_{bb(u\ rst)} - V_{bb(under)}$		$\Delta V_{bb(under)}$	--	0.2	--	V
Oversupply shutdown	$T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{bb(over)}$	32	--	46	V
Oversupply restart	$T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{bb(o\ rst)}$	32	--	--	V
Oversupply hysteresis	$T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$\Delta V_{bb(over)}$	--	0.2	--	V
Oversupply protection <sup>2)</sup> $I_{bb}=4\text{ mA}$	$T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{bb(AZ)}$	50	57	--	V
Standby current (pin 3)		$I_{bb(off)}$				$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{IN}=0$	$T_j = -40 \dots +25^\circ\text{C}$ :		--	12	25	
	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ :		--	18	60	
Operating current (Pin 1) <sup>3)</sup> , $V_{IN}=5$		$I_{GND}$	--	1.1	--	mA

<sup>2)</sup> see also  $V_{ON(CL)}$  in table protection functions and circuit diagram page 7. Measured without load.

<sup>3)</sup> Add  $I_{ST}$ , if  $I_{ST} > 0$

Parameter and Conditions at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	

### Protection Functions

Overload current limit (pin 3 to 5) $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{L(\text{lim})}$	19	36	57	A
Short circuit shutdown delay after input pos. slope $V_{ON} > V_{ON(\text{SC})}$ , $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ : min value valid only, if input "low" time exceeds 30 $\mu\text{s}$	$t_{d(\text{SC})}$	80	--	400	$\mu\text{s}$
Output clamp (inductive load switch off) at $V_{OUT} = V_{bb} - V_{ON(CL)}$	$V_{ON(CL)}$	--	50	--	V
Short circuit shutdown detection voltage (pin 3 to 5)	$V_{ON(\text{SC})}$	--	8.3	--	V
Thermal overload trip temperature	$T_{jt}$	150	--	--	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal hysteresis	$\Delta T_{jt}$	--	10	--	K
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation <sup>4)</sup> , $T_j \text{ Start} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$ : $V_{bb} = 24\text{ V}$ :	$E_{AS}$ $E_{Load12}$ $E_{Load24}$	--	--	1.7 1.3 1.0	J
Reverse battery (pin 3 to 1) <sup>5)</sup>	$-V_{bb}$	--	--	32	V
Integrated resistor in $V_{bb}$ line	$R_{bb}$	--	120	--	$\Omega$

### Diagnostic Characteristics

Open load detection current (on-condition, )	$T_j = 25 \dots 150^\circ\text{C}$ : $T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ :	$I_{L(\text{OL})}$	10 10	--	500 600	mA
Leakage output current (off-condition)		$I_{L(\text{off})}$	--	6	--	$\mu\text{A}$

4) While demagnetizing load inductance, dissipated energy in PROFET is  $E_{AS} = \int V_{ON(CL)} * i_L(t) dt$ , approx.

$$E_{AS} = \frac{1}{2} * L * I_L^2 * \left( \frac{V_{ON(CL)}}{V_{ON(CL)} - V_{bb}} \right), \text{ see diagramm page 8}$$

5) Reverse load current (through intrinsic drain-source diode) is normally limited by the connected load. Reverse current  $I_{GND}$  of  $\approx 0.3\text{ A}$  at  $V_{bb} = -32\text{ V}$  through the logic heats up the device. Time allowed under these condition is dependent on the size of the heatsink. Reverse  $I_{GND}$  can be reduced by an additional external GND-resistor ( $150\ \Omega$ ). Input and Status currents have to be limited (see max. ratings page 2 and circuit page 7).

Parameter and Conditions at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	

### Input and Status Feedback<sup>6)</sup>

Input resistance see circuit page 6	$R_I$	--	10	--	$\text{k}\Omega$
Input turn-on threshold voltage $T_j = -40..+150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{IN(T+)}$	1.5	--	2.4	$\text{V}$
Input turn-off threshold voltage $T_j = -40..+150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{IN(T-)}$	1.0	--	--	$\text{V}$
Input threshold hysteresis	$\Delta V_{IN(T)}$	--	0.5	--	$\text{V}$
Off state input current (pin 2) $V_{IN} = 0.4\text{ V}$ :	$I_{IN(off)}$	1	--	30	$\mu\text{A}$
On state input current (pin 2) $V_{IN} = 3.5\text{ V}$ :	$I_{IN(on)}$	10	25	50	
Status valid after input slope (short circuit) $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$t_{d(ST SC)}$	80	200	400	$\mu\text{s}$
Status valid after input slope (open load) $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$t_{d(ST)}$	350	--	1600	$\mu\text{s}$
Status output (open drain)					
Zener limit voltage $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{ST} = +1.6\text{ mA}$ :	$V_{ST(\text{high})}$	5.4	6.1	6.9	$\text{V}$
ST low voltage $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{ST} = +1.6\text{ mA}$ :	$V_{ST(\text{low})}$	--	--	0.4	
Status voltage while $V_{bb} < 2.4\text{ V}$ $T_j = 25 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ : $I_{ST} = 500\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $T_j = 40^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{ST}$	--	--	1.0 1.2	$\text{V}$

<sup>6)</sup> If a ground resistor  $R_{GND}$  is used, add the voltage drop across this resistor. Internal Z-diode typ. 6.1 V, see maximum ratings page 2, circuit page 7

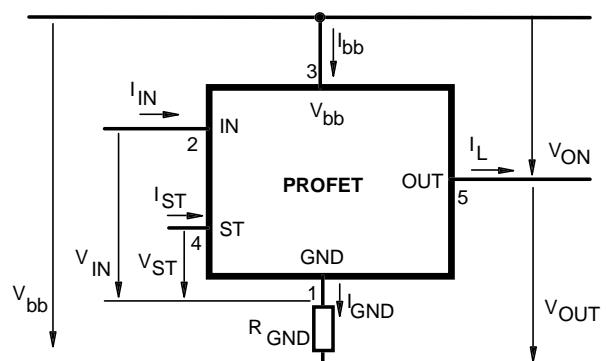
### Truth Table

	Input-level	Output level	Status			
			432 D2	432 E2/F2	432 I2	430 K2
Normal operation	L	L	H	H	H	H
	H	H	H	H	H	H
Open load	L	7)	H	H	L	H
	H	H	L	L	H	L
Short circuit to GND	L	L	H	H	H	8)
	H	L	L	L	L	L
Short circuit to V <sub>bb</sub>	L	H	H	H	L	H
	H	H	H (L <sup>9)</sup> )	H (L <sup>9)</sup> )	H	H (L <sup>9)</sup> )
Overtemperature	L	L	L	L	L	L
	H	L	L	L	L	L
Under-voltage	L	L	L <sup>10)</sup>	H	L <sup>10)</sup>	L <sup>11)</sup>
	H	L	L <sup>10)</sup>	H	L <sup>10)</sup>	L <sup>11)</sup>
Ovvoltage	L	L	L	H	L	L
	H	L	L	H	L	L

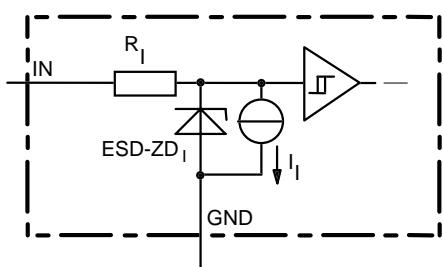
L = "Low" Level

H = "High" Level

### Terms

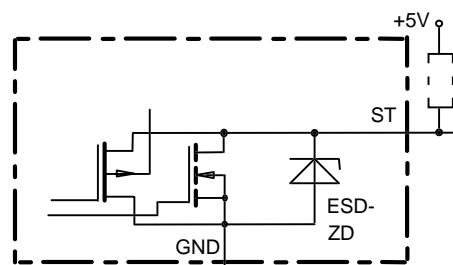


### Input circuit (ESD protection)



ESD zener diodes are not designed for continuous current

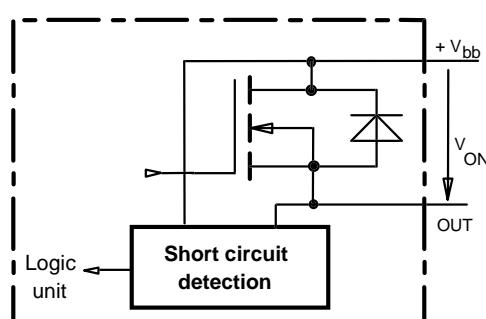
### Status output



ESD zener diodes are not designed for continuous current

### Short Circuit detection

Fault Condition:  $V_{ON} > 8.3 \text{ V typ.}$ ; IN high



7) Power Transistor off, high impedance

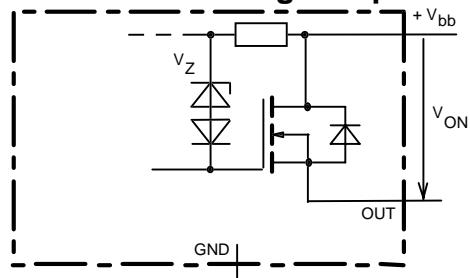
8) The short circuit signal from last ON state is latched until next turn-on, see timing diagram page 10

9) Low resistance short  $V_{bb}$  to output may be detected by no-load-detection

10) No current sink capability during undervoltage shutdown

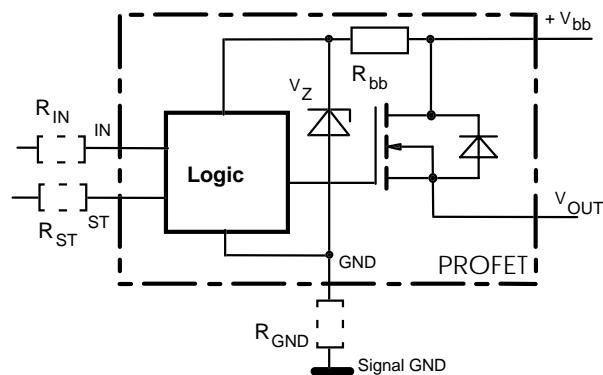
11) Current sink capability see page 5

### Inductive and overvoltage output clamp



$V_{ON}$  clamped to 50 V typ.

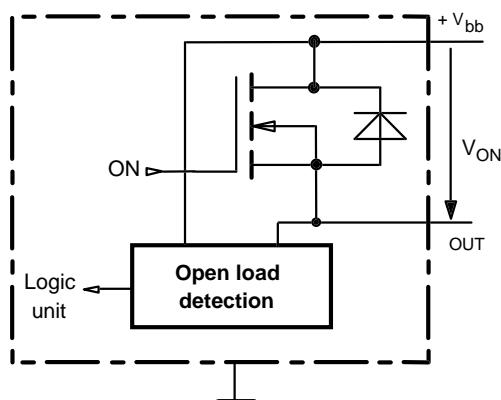
### Overvolt. and reverse batt. protection



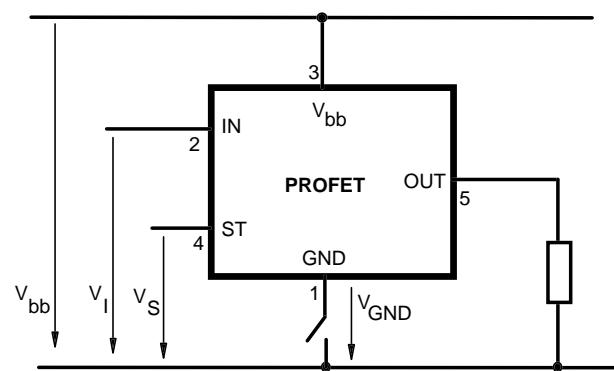
$R_{bb}$  120  $\Omega$  typ.,  $V_Z$  57 V typ., add  $R_{GND}$ ,  $R_{IN}$ ,  $R_{ST}$  for extended protection

### Open-load detection

Fault Condition:  $V_{ON} < R_{ON} * I_{L(OL)}$ ; IN high

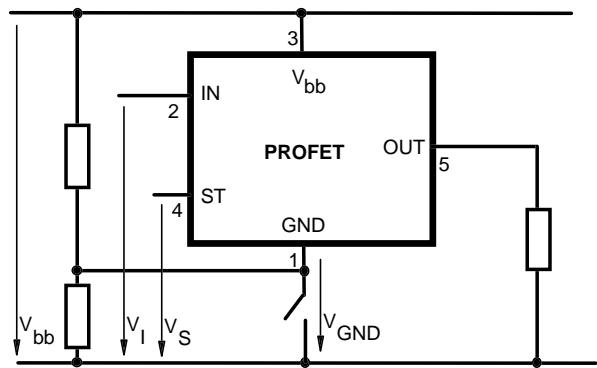


### GND disconnect



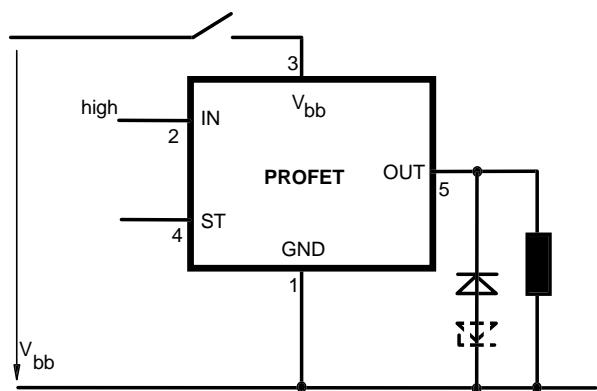
Any kind of load. In case of Input=high  $V_{OUT} \approx V_I - V_{IN(T+)}$   
Due to  $V_{GND} > 0$ , no  $V_S$  = low signal available.

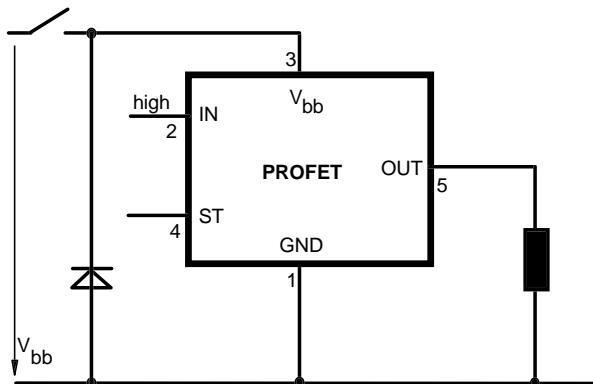
### GND disconnect with GND pull up



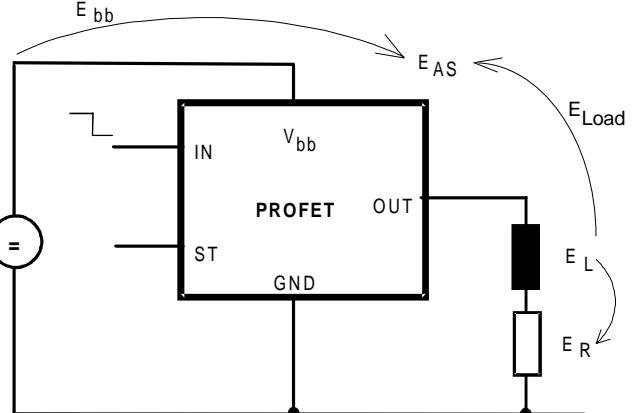
Any kind of load. If  $V_{GND} > V_I - V_{IN(T+)}$  device stays off  
Due to  $V_{GND} > 0$ , no  $V_S$  = low signal available.

### V<sub>bb</sub> disconnect with charged inductive load





### Inductive Load switch-off energy dissipation



Energy dissipated in PROFET  $E_{AS} = E_{bb} + E_L - E_R$ .

$$E_{Load} < E_L, E_L = \frac{1}{2} * L * I_L^2$$

### Options Overview

**all versions: High-side switch, Input protection, ESD protection, load dump and reverse battery protection**

Type	BTS	432D2	432E2	432F2	432I2	430K2
Logic version	D	E	F	I	K	
Overtemperature protection $T_j > 150^\circ\text{C}$ , latch function <sup>12)13)</sup>	X		X	X		
$T_j > 150^\circ\text{C}$ , with auto-restart on cooling		X				X
Short-circuit to GND protection switches off when $V_{ON} > 8.3 \text{ V typ.}^{12)}$ (when first turned on after approx. 200 $\mu\text{s}$ )	X	X	X	X		X
Open load detection in OFF-state with sensing current 30 $\mu\text{A typ.}$ in ON-state with sensing voltage drop across power transistor	X	X	X		X	X
Undervoltage shutdown with auto restart	X	X	X	X		X
Ovvervoltage shutdown with auto restart	X	X	X	X		X
Status feedback for overtemperature short circuit to GND short to $V_{bb}$ open load undervoltage overvoltage	X X -14) X X	X X -14) X -	X X -14) X -	X X X X	X X -14) X X	X X X
Status output type CMOS Open drain	X		X		X	X
Output negative voltage transient limit (fast inductive load switch off) to $V_{bb} - V_{ON(CL)}$		X	X	X	X	X
Load current limit high level (can handle loads with high inrush currents) medium level low level (better protection of application)	X	X		X	X	X

<sup>12)</sup> Latch except when  $V_{bb} - V_{OUT} < V_{ON(SC)}$  after shutdown. In most cases  $V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V}$  after shutdown ( $V_{OUT} \neq 0 \text{ V}$  only if forced externally). So the device remains latched unless  $V_{bb} < V_{ON(SC)}$  (see page 4). No latch between turn on and  $t_d(SC)$ .

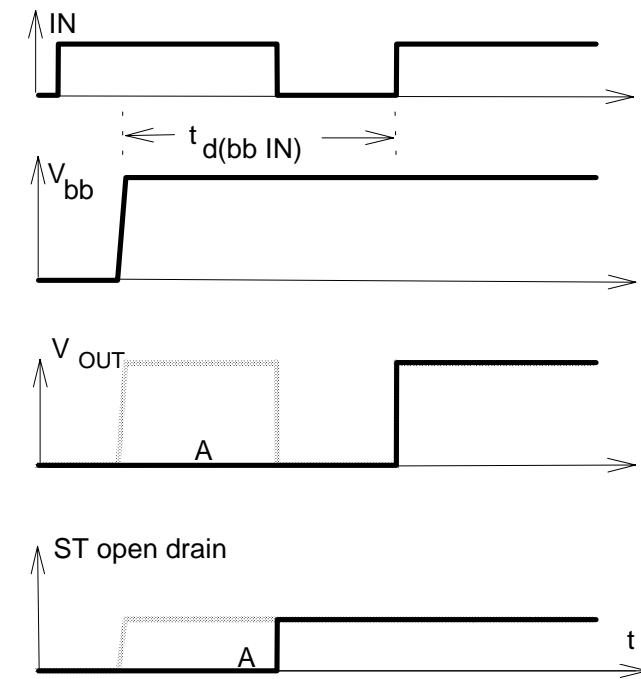
<sup>13)</sup> With latch function. Reseted by a) Input low, b) Undervoltage, c) Overvoltage

<sup>14)</sup> Low resistance short  $V_{bb}$  to output may be detected by no-load-detection

<sup>15)</sup> with status latch until next turn on

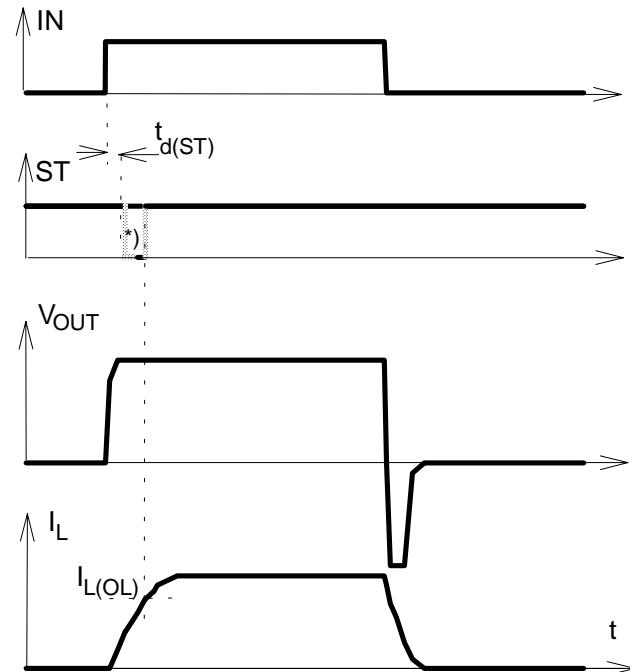
### Timing diagrams

**Figure 1a:**  $V_{bb}$  turn on, :



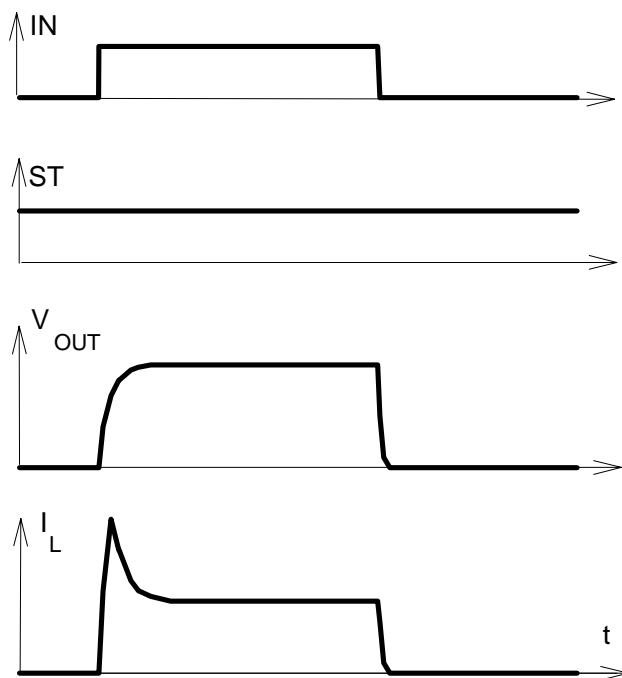
in case of too early  $V_{IN}=\text{high}$  the device may not turn on (curve A)  
 $t_{d(bb\ IN)}$  approx. 150  $\mu\text{s}$

**Figure 2b:** Switching an inductive load

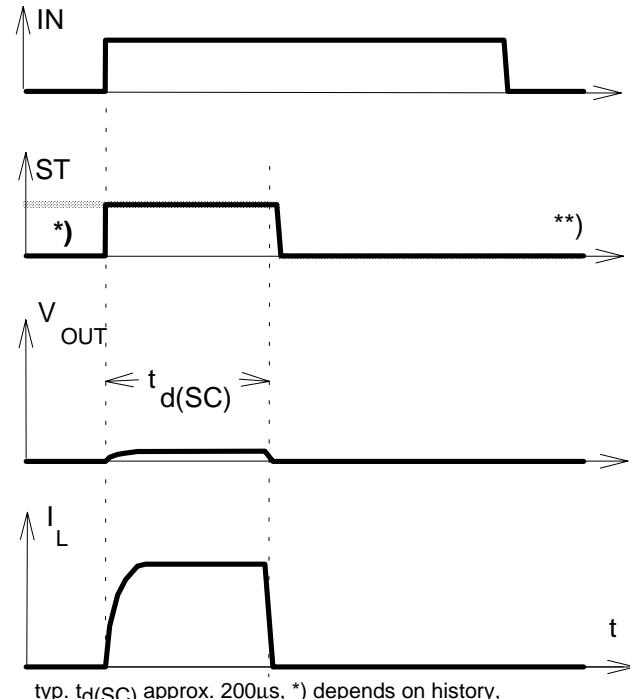


\*) if the time constant of load is too large, open-load-status may occur

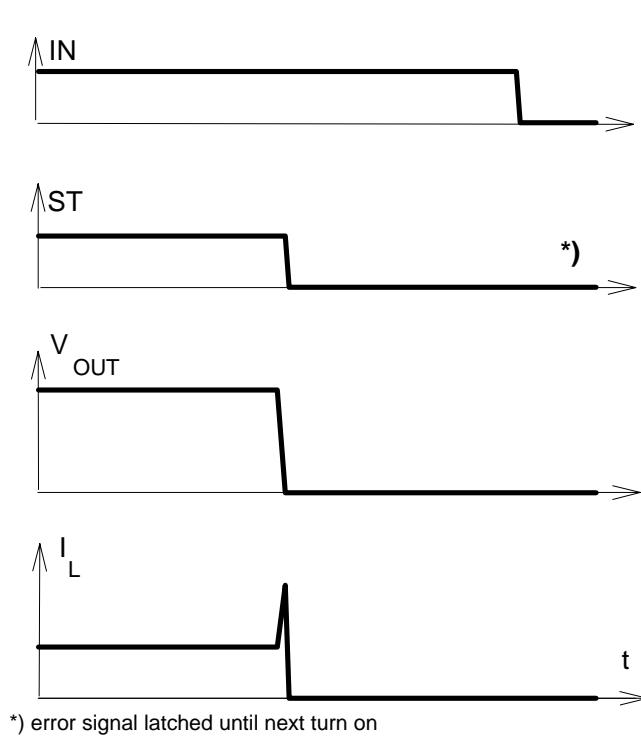
**Figure 2a:** Switching a lamp,



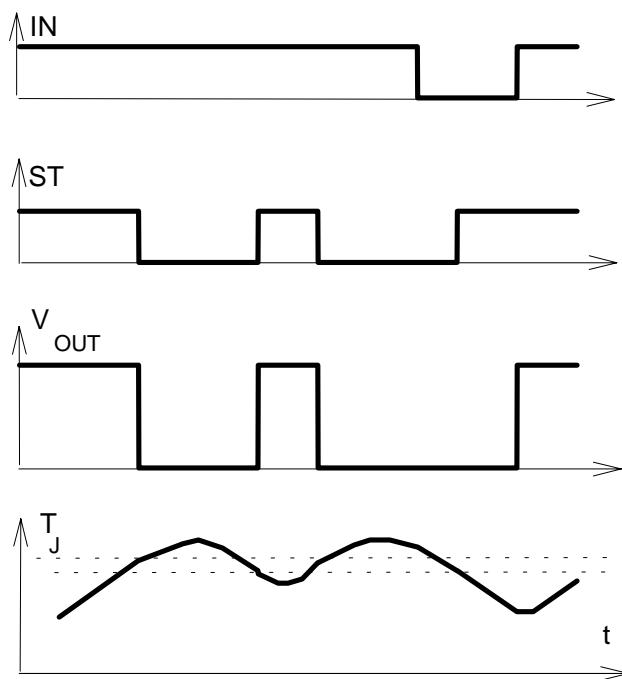
**Figure 3a:** Turn on into short circuit,



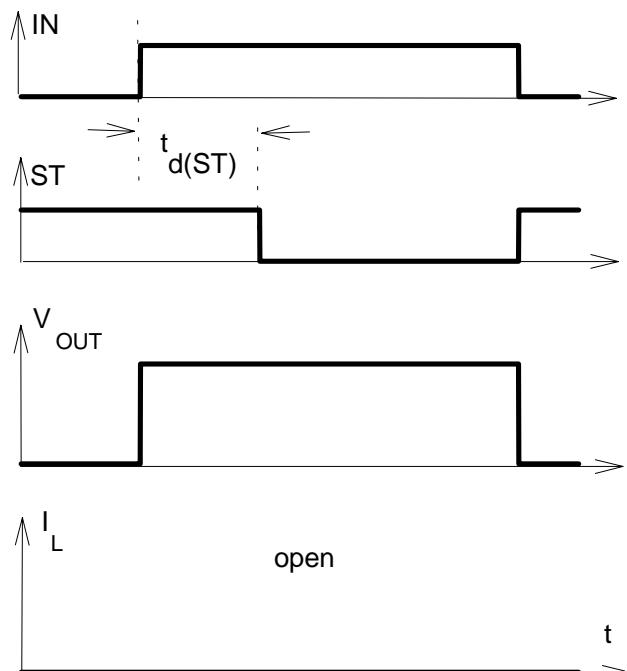
**Figure 3b:** Short circuit while on:



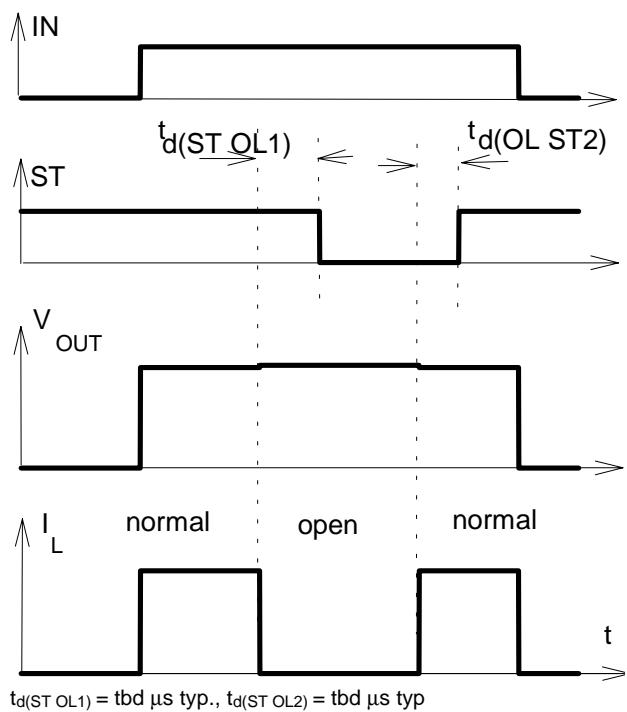
**Figure 4a:** Overtemperature:  
Reset if  $T_j < T_{jt}$



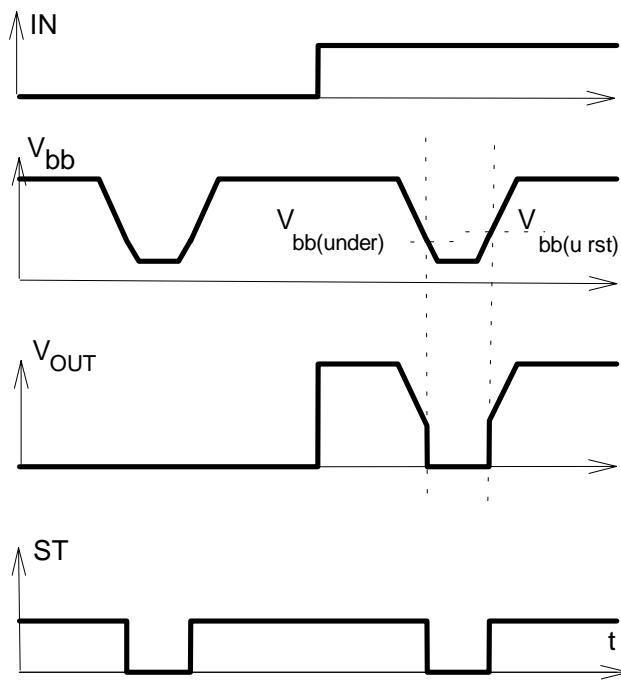
**Figure 5a:** Open load: detection in ON-state, turn on/off to open load



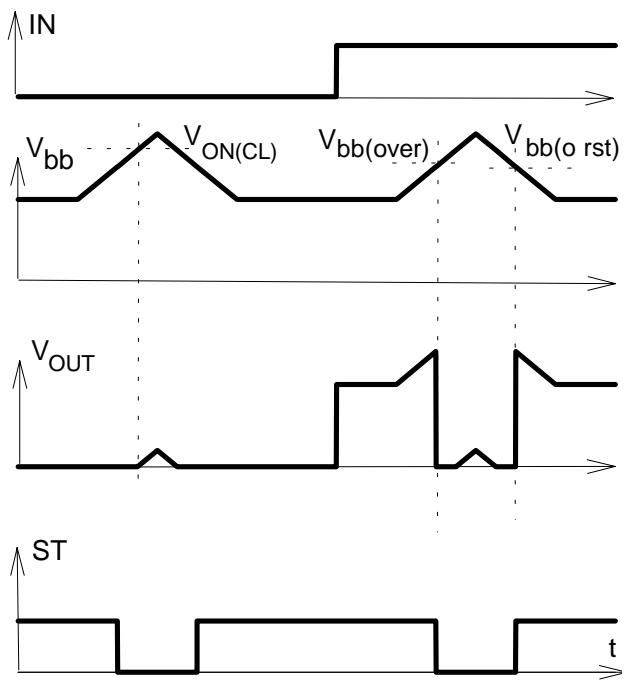
**Figure 5b:** Open load: detection in ON-state, open load occurs in on-state



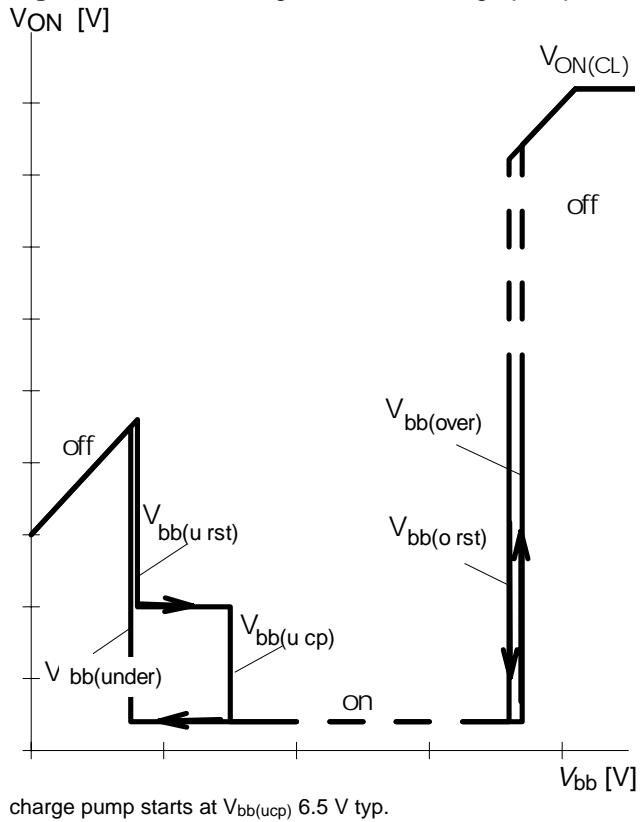
**Figure 6a:** Undervoltage:



**Figure 7a:** Overvoltage:



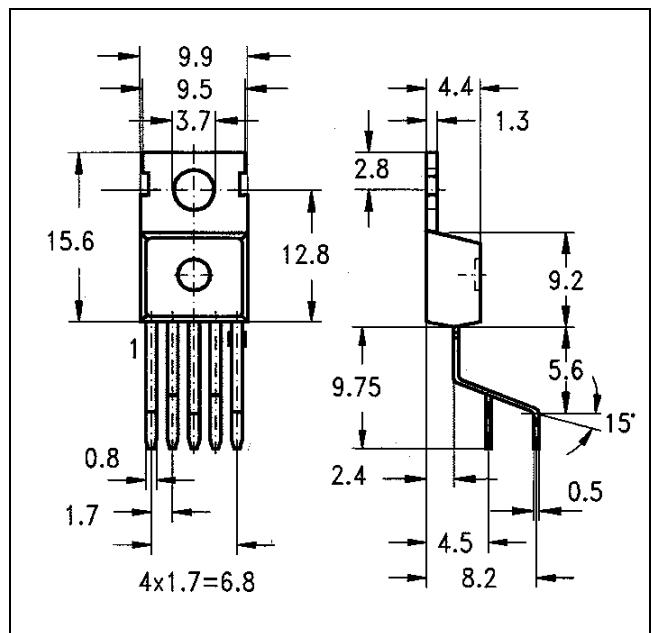
**Figure 6b:** Undervoltage restart of charge pump



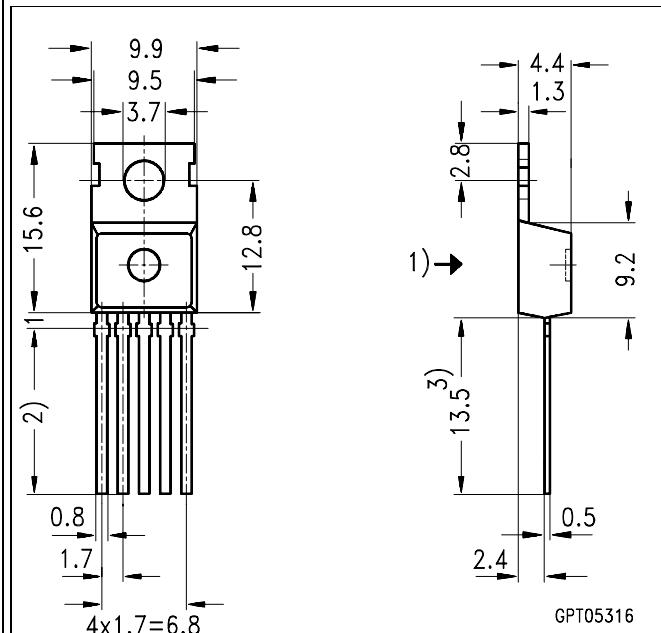
## Package and Ordering Code

All dimensions in mm

<b>Standard TO-220 AB/5</b>	Ordering code
BTS430K2	Q67060-S6200-A2



TO-220 AB/5, OPTION E3043 Ordering code	
BTS430K2 E3043	Q67060-S6200-A3

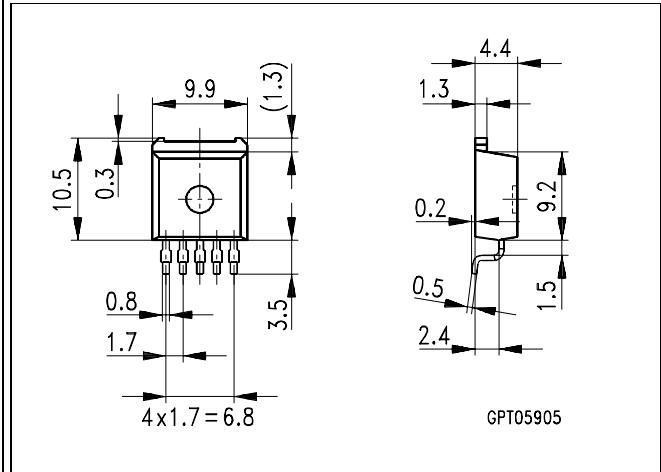


- 1) punch direction, burr max. 0.04
  - 2) dip tinning
  - 3) max. 14.5 by dip tinning press burr max. 0.05

## SMD TO-220 AB/5, OPTION E3122

## Ordering code

BTS430K2 E3122A T&R: Q67060-S6200-A4



**Changed since 04/96**

Case E3122A drawing changed